CIRCULATION Yesterday, Saturday 46,812

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

CIRCULATION LAST SUNDAY. 49,601

Vol. XLVIII.—No. 19. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1915.—FORTY-TWO PAGES. Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands 5 cents.

HUERTA IS JAILED BY UNITED STATES ON FRESH CHARGES

Former Dictator and Five Other Men Arrested at El Paso After the Flight of Gen. Pascual Orozco.

DEEP ANGER SHOWN BY GENERAL HUERTA

He Made Bitter Speech in Court and Declared That He Wanted to Shoot U. S. Deputy Marshal.

El Paso, July 3.—Victoriano Huerta, one time dictator of Mexico, was in jail here tonight in company with five other men arrested with him today, on fresh charges of conspiracy to violate the neutrality of the United States. Six other men, arrested earlier in the week on similar charges, were at liberty on bonds, but the whereabouts of one, General Pascual Orozco, was a source of anxiety to federal officials.

Orozco Eluded Guards.

Orozco eluded six guards at his local residence and disappeared early in the day. He is supposed to have climbed through a back window, dodged into shrubbery, then made his way to an automobile. Reports early tonight had him at various points on both sides of the border, ready to lead armed Huerta followers against the Villa garrison at Juarez. Federal officials pointed out that they really had no information that Orozco would not appear in court here July 12, when his case is called for arraignment. Their chagrin at his disappearance, nevertheless, was patent.

General Huerta's incarceration was caused by inability to furnish $15,000 bail in addition to the bonds of like amount under which he was released after his first arrest. R. E. Crawford, assistant federal attorney, failed in an attempt to have Huerta's bond set at $100,000.

Lack of bail of $15,000 tonight kept behind the bars also Generals Ignacio Bravo and Jose Delguado—taken with Huerta—and General Eduardo Carus, J. B. Ratner, Huerta's interpreter, and Enrique Gorostita, his secretary, arrested earlier in the day. The other alleged conspirators who were released on bonds earlier in the week are Ike Alderete, Frank Alderete, Jose Zozaya and Marcello Caraveo.

Huerta Showed Anger.

Today's proceedings were not at all to Huerta's liking, and he unburdened himself in a speech in the court of Commissioner Oliver. He told the commissioner that had circumstances been different, he would have shot one of the deputy marshals today. The general also sent this telegram to Chief Justice White, of the supreme court:

"I have the honor to inform you on the following affairs: That the representatives of the judicial department of the government in this city have, without just reason, molested me and my family here. I am already under arrest here under certain charges and have furnished bond with the local authorities. Now I have been rearrested.

"I respectfully ask an order from your court that your representatives here be instructed to tell me of the duties I am to perform and the conduct I must pursue in order that henceforth they may leave me and my family unmolested."

Huerta reiterated and added to this protest when he appeared before Commissioner Oliver. Mr. Crawford had asked that Huerta's bond be fixed at $100,000, when Huerta asked to be heard.

"While I respect the laws of this country," said he, "I must protest aganist the methods that have been used here since I was arrested. I gave the bond demanded. Then I was guarded like a prisoner who had not given bond."

He Wanted to Shoot.

Huerta's eye flashed as he turned toward Edward Bryant, a deputy marshal, and personally directed to him an accusation of failure to treat Huerta's family with respect.

"Having held high position," continued Huerta, "it is natural that I should have enemies, and these are the ones who are making the trouble. I came here to visit my daughter and then go to San Francisco. But, no, I am a revolutionist; I am a trouble-maker; I must be arrested and my home turned into a prison. I cannot eat, cannot sleep and cannot talk without espionage. I am mortified and my family is shamed."

Huerta criticised Bryant for "undue vigilance." "Had I not been placed in the circumstances in which I was," said Huerta, "I would have shot him."

In his speech Huerta did not disclose the cause of this declaration. Later, in conversation, Huerta said that his anger was aroused when Bryant pushed the general's little son from the running board of an automobile as they started for the courthouse. Huerta's voice shook as he added:

"That is the first time I have permitted my temper to run away with me."

HUERTA MAY BE HELD AT FORT BLISS.

Washington, July 3.—General Victoriano Huerta was rearrested today at El Paso by agents of the department of justice, it became known tonight, to prevent the possibility that he might follow the footsteps of Pascual Orozco, who apparently has forfeited his bond in escaping the espionage of federal agents.

The war department had authorized General Funston to imprison General Huerta at Fort Bliss if the former dictator were rearrested today, and in view of the sympathetic feeling displayed in El Paso toward Huerta, the possibility of his removal to some city distant from the border was considered certain tonight.

Officials here were much disappointed when Huerta was promptly released on bond when first arrested. The belief prevailed tonight, although officials at the department of justice would not admit it, that the new bond had been made so high as to be practically prohibitive.

The position of the Washington government is that Huerta's return to Mexico would complicate the situation with a new revolutionary movement at a time when President Wilson is working out plans for a pacification of the country through the factions already in the field.

No Action on Extradition.

General Carranza through Eliseo Arredondo, his representative here, has

Continued on Page Four.

Independence Day---1915

MAYOR TELLS WHY HE VETOED CLUBS

"One Class of Our People as Much Entitled to Club Facilities as the Other," He Says in Message.

Although there are twenty-one locker club licenses to be considered, a chief of the fire department and two tax assessors to be chosen, in addition to many minor matters that are pending, it is probable that general council will hold only a short session Monday afternoon and adjourn to meet Tuesday for the transaction of business. The postponement will be caused by the fact that the Fourth of July will be celebrated this year on Monday.

The status of the locker club situation is about the same as it was two weeks ago, when general council was first called to take action on the report of the police committee, which was favorable on all applications for locker club licenses.

Mayor Woodward has vetoed five licenses granted by general council last week and prepared a short message bearing on the subject, in which he claims that only the "upper classes" have been granted licenses, and that "one class of our people is as much entitled to club facilities as the other." He further says that "what is good for one is good for the other, and what is bad for one is bad for the other."

Will File New Applications.

Rather than take a chance on general council overriding the mayor's veto, it is said that the five clubs will filed new applications to be considered at a special meeting of the police committe Monday. The five clubs are the Capital City, Transportation, University, Turn Verein and Standard clubs. A favorable report by the police committee is expected.

Last Monday council sent back to

Continued on Page Four.

SHOP IN THE CONSTITUTION BEFORE YOU SHOP IN THE STORE.

This is the play time of the automobilist and the week-enders.

Little runs out of town keep the body refreshed for the day-by-day work.

This transitory season is one in which many small needs reveal themselves.

These must be supplied quickly and surely.

Constitution advertising is a pleasant guide under such circumstances.

Sometimes The Constitution advertisement and the telephone will solve your whole problem.

Read the Advertising before you go down town.

LOS ANGELES WAITS COMING OF THE ELKS

Californians Will Back Atlanta in Fight to Secure the Next Grand Lodge Meeting.

By Fred Houser.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 3.—(Special.) The Atlanta Convention bureau opened headquarters at the Hotel Clark here on July 1 preparatory to boosting Atlanta for the next convention of Elks that meets here on the 11th. The entire city has taken on holiday appearance.

"Hello, Bill! Welcome, B. P. O. E." is emblazoned in glittering letters from the hotels, stores and office buildings. Everything is bedecked in purple and white, with the American flag. Atlanta is a leading favorite. Our buttons are in evidence everywhere. If Los Angeles could decide this great convention we would win hands down.

I believe every hotel clerk in Los Angeles is boosting for Atlanta as hard as I am. They are anxious to return some of the favors extended them during the recent Greeters' convention.

Burt Roberts Clem, of the Registration and Transportation company, today assigned Atlanta a space at headquarters to distribute souvenirs. Our mammoth 17-foot photo of Atlanta will greet every visitor upon arrival. Spaces will also be given San Francisco and Los Angeles to distribute exposition literature.

A great ovation will be extended the Atlanta special. They will be met at the depot by the white squadron of the crack drill team of Los Angeles. All hotels are booked for enormous crowds and features, are announced for each day.

Monday, Pasadena-Glendale day; Tuesday, Santa Monica Bay day; Wednesday, midsummer floral dream; Thursday, San Diego day; Saturday, Redondo Beach day.

A special feature will be to give all the guests an automobile ride at any time during the day, thereby giving the visitors a view of the beauties of the Atlanta of the southwest. Trains en route to Los Angeles passing through Santa Barbara, Riverside, Redlands and Pasadena will be met by brethren from these lodges and provided with souvenirs, fruits and flowers in profusion.

Six delegates from the Atlanta lodge of Elks left Saturday on a special train for the annual convention of the "Antlered Tribe," which meets in Los Angeles, Cal., July 12.

The departure of local delegates has a significance to Atlantans, in that they are going with one idea in view—that of securing the 1916 Elks convention for Atlanta. A hot fight will be urged between the different cities represented, as the annual convention is considered one of great benefit to the city which secures it. It is believed that Alanta has a fine chance of winning over all other cities.

Albert L. Dunn will invite the convention to visit this city.

Those going from here are Albert L. Dunn, George C. James, R. A. Gordon, J. P. Billups, Walter Dunn and E. C. Trotter. They will be joined by other delegations at the special train, and will also receive recruits en route at many stops on the way.

CAPT. R. F. KOLB LOSES HIS SUIT FOR $25,000

Montgomery, Ala., July 3.—Captain Reuben F. Kolb, former commissioner of agriculture, lost his suit for $25,000 against the publishers of The Montgomery Journal. The jury in the city court after being out less than an hour returned a verdict for the defense. Captain Kolb sued on the ground that the Journal's publication of proceedings of the legislature investigating committee on April 6 brought a libel against his character.

GUARDSMAN IS HELD FOR FRIEND'S DEATH

Lee Redmond Killed in a Gainesville Store—F. L. Smallwood, Placed in Jail, Declares He Is Innocent.

Gainesville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.) Lee Redmond lies dead in an undertaker's chapel with a pistol ball through his abdomen and his friend, F. L. Smallwood, is in jail charged with the killing as the result of a fatal shooting mystery here tonight which the police have so far been unable to unravel.

A corner's inquest was held, but adjourned without a verdict at a late hour after examining a number of witnesses.

Both Redmond and Smallwood were known as substantial citizens of Gainesville, both members of the Candler Horse Guards and supposedly good friends.

Redmond was found dying in the rear of Brice & Co.'s store a little before 7 o'clock. Smallwood denies the shooting, saying that Redmond came into the store and staggered up against him, saying that he had been shot. Smallwood gave the alarm, and sent clerks in the store for physicians, but the wounded man was nearly dead when medical assistance arrived and breathed his last soon after.

A pistol, said to have been Smallwood's, with one exploded cartridge in it, was found in a safe in the store. On the dead man were found an automatic pistol and a pair of metal knucks. The pistol was loaded, the magazine full of cartridges and one cartridge in the barrel of the gun.

Smallwood is considered a young man of good character and has a wife and child. Redmond also bore a good reputation. He leaves a wife and two children. Both men are well known in the city.

A large crowd gathered outside the coroner's office and was disappointed when it was learned that no verdict had been reached.

Goodwin Left $25,000,000.

New York, July 3.—The entire estate of James J. Goodwin, a cousin and former partner of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, is given to his widow and children under terms of his will filed for probate today. Mr. Goodwin died on June 23. The estate is estimated at approximately $25,000,000.

DECISIVE DEFEAT SEEMS INEVITABLE FOR THE RUSSIANS

Unless the Armies of the Entente Powers Initiate a Powerful Diversion on the Italian or Western Front.

RUSSIANS RETREATING ON AN EXTENDED FRONT

Grand Duke Nicholas Must Soon Do Some Hard Fighting or the Approaches to Warsaw Will Be Left Unprotected.

London, July 3.—Although the retreating Russian armies must be considered as yet to be practically intact, the growing impetus of the Austro-German advance is such that a decisive Russian defeat seems inevitable, according to military experts, unless the entent powers initiate a powerful diversion on the Italian or the western front. Some of the most conservative British newspapers assert this alone can compel Germany to withdraw men from the east, barring, perhaps, a sudden shortage of high explosives, the supply of which will flow to the front more irregularly as the railways become less available.

WARSAW MENACED BY TEUTON DRIVE.

Neither north of Lemberg, Galicia, nor southeast, do the Russians appear to be trying to offer serious resistance, but unless the approaches to Warsaw are to be left unprotected, military observers say, the forces of Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander-in-chief, must soon do some stubborn fighting over the southern Poland frontier, while his extreme left in Galicia must match this in rapid retirement if it is to avoid a critical predicament.

Today's official statements from Vienna and Berlin chronicle nothing but successes for their arms.

The Teutonic troops, according to the German statement, have gained possession of the lowlands of Labunka, in the Russian province of Lublin, and also have advanced in pursuit of the fleeing Russians in the Zlota Lipa section of Galicia.

Petrograd admits the retirement of the Russians across the Gnila Lipa and explains that the retrograde movement further to the north was caused by strong flanking operations of the Austro-Germans against the Russian positions in the Tanew region, making them untenable. Russian military experts profess to believe that the Galician campaign now is ended.

HARD FIGHTING ON WEST FRONT.

Fighting on the western front has been especially severe in the Argonne forest, where the German crown prince is in command of the Teutonic forces. The French assert that they have inflicted heavy losses on the Germans in the combats in this region. From Berlin comes the admission that the Germans have been forced to give up the gains made by them on the Hilgenridge of the Vosges mountains.

The British front in Flanders remains remarkably quiet, a fact which may presage some important movement on either side. The French and Germans are at grips again in the Argonne region and elsewhere. The French are now using a deadly gas, according to German claims.

RUSSIA PREPARES AGAINST INVASION.

Petrograd, July 3.—(Via London.)—The present alignment of the tremendous forces engaged in Galicia and southern Russia is roughly divisible into two 75-mile fronts, one running north from Halicz and the Gnila Lipa, the other east from the junction of the San and Vistula rivers. Although the Germans recently gained new positions to the north of Halicz, where they fortified the left bank of the Gnila Lipa, a preponderance of the forces and the chief energy of the Austro-Germans were employed at the north end to advance into the provinces of Lublin and Kholm along a front extending from the Vistula to the Bug river.

In this region, especially in the eastern half, between the River Vieprz and the Bug the Germans are making steady, if not spectacular, progress. The encounters in this section have not been characterized by pitched battles, but they consist chiefly of rear guard actions, followed by Russian counter attacks and orderly retirement.

Russian commentators describe the retreat from Tanew as so "artistic and secret" that there were scarcely any rear guard battles. This retreat was caused, military experts say, by the progress of the Austro-Germans toward Lublin and Kholm and the presence of considerable forces along the Vistula. Being flanked on both sides, the Russian Tanew position became untenable.

The Galician campaign is regarded

Continued on Page Two.

Read "The Broken Coin" In Today's Constitution

The greatest story Emerson Hough ever wrote, "The Broken Coin," will be presented in serial form to readers of The Sunday Constitution beginning today.

Elaborately illustrated, each installment will appear in The Constitution's feature section. Shortly afterward, picture lovers will be able to see it in photo-drama form at the prominent downtown theaters.

It is an intensely dramatic narrative of love, mystery and intrigue. Its characters are brimming with life and action. It is woven around a plot of human appeal, and the inimitable style of Emerson Hough, one of the foremost of American authors, is at its best.

"The Broken Coin" excels such works of Emerson Hough as "The Mississippi Bubble," "54-40 or Fight" and "The Last Christian." Kitty Gray, a girl newspaper reporter, is the heroine.

The search for the missing part of the mysterious broken coin furnishes material for the most enthralling, the most intensely interesting novel of the year—a wonderful story, written in charming style—a story that will please you and all the family.

Read the first installment today. It appears in the feature section of this issue.

Man Who Shot Morgan For the Sake of Peace Also Placed the Bomb In the U. S. Capitol

BOTH THE BULLETS FIRED AT MORGAN PENETRATED HIP

His Physicians Say That Neither Pierced the Abdomen and That Condition of Financier Is Favorable.

MRS. MORGAN WITNESSED SHOOTING OF HUSBAND

British Ambassador Also Present—After Being Wounded Morgan Grappled With Would-Be Assassin—Desperate Struggle on Floor of Dining Room.

Glen Cove, July 3.—At 11 o'clock tonight it was definitely established that both bullets fired at Mr. Morgan had penetrated his hip, and that neither had pierced the abdomen.

The first shot struck the right hip and went through in a line almost horizontal, deflecting and slightly downward. The second shot struck nearer the groin, and was deflected much more sharply downward. This shot came out of the upper leg.

The following bulletin was issued by the physicians:

"A further examination of Mr. Morgan's wounds shows that the bullets did not involve any vital organ. The condition of the patient continues excellent.

"J. W. MARKEE,
"H. H. M. LYLE.

PISTOL IN HAND, DYNAMITE IN POCKET.

After Holt shot Mr. Morgan he was overpowered by Morgan and Henry Fiske, the butler in the Morgan household, who grappled with him in the hallway. He was locked up in jail here, and from his cell issued a written statement saying that he had intended no harm to Mr. Morgan, but had come to Glen Cove to persuade the banker to stop the shipment abroad of munitions of war in this country. He went into the Morgan home, he said, with a pistol in his hand a stick of dynamite in his pocket, intending to remain there till Mr. Morgan "did something."

Another loaded pistol was found in Holt's pocket and more dynamite was in a suit case which he had taken to the Morgan house. In addition there were numerous newspaper clippings in the suit case, all bearing on the European war.

STATEMENT MADE ABOUT SHOOTING.

An authoritative statement of the shooting, obtained here late today after many conflicting reports had been circulated, says:

"Holt called at the Morgan home at 9 o'clock, while Mr. and Mrs. Morgan were at breakfast. Fiske, the butler, answered Holt's ring at the door. Holt handed the butler his card, telling him to inform Mr. Morgan it was from a friend. As the butler started back through the hallway, Holt slipped a pistol from his pocket and pressed it against the butler's stomach.

"See this gun?" he demanded. "I have another one."

The butler, pressed by the muzzle of the weapon, backed into the hallway, Holt following. As the front door closed behind them, the butler realized the determination of the assassin, and spoke in a loud voice, so that Mr. Morgan might hear, "Mr. Morgan is in the library."

Holt was not diverted by this, but continued to press the butler backward down the hallway toward the dining room. As they neared the dining room door, the butler spoke again:

"Upstairs, Mr. Morgan; upstairs!" he shouted.

MORGAN WALKED UP TO ASSASSIN.

Alarmed by the shout, Mr. Morgan and his wife left the dining room by another door, entered a rear hallway and went upstairs. They found nothing amiss there and started back, using the front stairway. Unwittingly they walked almost into the assassin's

Continued on Page Two.

Free Tea To Constitution Want Ad Readers

Turn to Page 5 Today and read how you may receive a half-pound package of Heekin's Iced Tea, absolutely FREE

Keep your eye on The Constitution Want Ads!

Under the "Third Degree," Frank Holt, Who Has Been Instructor at Cornell, Vanderbilt and Other Colleges, Makes a Full Confession.

PUT BOMB IN CAPITOL AND ATTACKED MORGAN BECAUSE HE HATES WAR

Holt Is of German Descent and He Sympathizes With Germany—He Opposes Exports of Munitions to the Allies and Claims to Believe That the Methods He Adopted Would Tend to Stop Exports and Thereby Shorten the War—He Has Some Doubt as to His Own Sanity.

Glen Cove, N. Y., July 3.—Frank Holt, former Cornell university instructor, who attempted to assassinate J. P. Morgan at East Isle, Mr. Morgan's summer home near here today, confessed tonight that he was the man who set the bomb which exploded in the capitol at Washington last night.

Mr. Morgan, the victim of the bullets which Holt fired today, was said by specialists at his bedside to be resting well tonight. No vital organ, the physicians announced, had been involved in his injury. The physicians, however, declined to state the precise location of Mr. Morgan's wounds. Junius Spencer Morgan, eldest son of the financier, was asked to define the exact nature of the injuries. After conferring with the physicians, young Mr. Morgan asserted they had decided to add nothing to their previous bulletins.

EXPERT IN USE OF EXPLOSIVES.

Holt, by his confession and the detailed description of the bomb he used in the capitol outrage, stamped himself as an expert in the use of explosives, the police assert. Immediately after his confession was obtained, the chief of the Washington police, a squad of secret service operators and New York city detectives and Bertillon and finger print experts were summoned to Glen Cove.

Belief prevailed that Holt had been connected with other bomb outrages which have baffled the police, notably the finding recently of a bomb on the grounds of the Andrew Carnegie's Fifth avenue residence in New York city. Detectives prepared to ply Holt with questions all night if necessary.

Thomas Tunney, captain of the bomb and anarchists' squad of New York detectives, and William E. Luyster, the justice of the peace before whom Holt was arraigned late today, obtained the confession. To do so, they intimated, they had to employ so-called third-degree methods.

DYNAMITE STICKS BOUND TOGETHER.

Three sticks of dynamite bound together; some match heads placed in a

Continued on Page Three.

Weather Prophecy

LOCAL SHOWERS.

Washington—Forecast: Georgia: Local showers Sunday and Monday.

Local Report.

Lowest temperature	67
Highest temperature	76
Mean temperature	72
Normal temperature	77
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.11
Deficiency since 1st of month, inches	.33
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches	3.69

Reports from Various Stations.

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature. 7 p.m.	High.	Rain 24 h'rs Inches.
ATLANTA, cloudy	73	76	.00
Birmingham, cldy	76	78	.46
Boston, cloudy	62	72	.00
Buffalo, cloudy	62	72	.58
Charleston, cldy	82	90	.00
Chicago, cloudy	70	74	.00
Denver, cloudy	56	78	.34
Des Moines, rain	62	74	.01
Dodge City, cldy	76	78	.00
Duluth, rain	52	62	.12
Galveston, cloudy	78	86	.20
Hatteras, cloudy	78	82	.00
Jacksonville, cldy	76	90	.14
Kan. City, cloudy	70	78	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	70	78	.01
Louisville, pt. cldy	68	74	.20
Memphis, cloudy	70	80	.12
Miami, pt. cldy	84	86	.00
Mobile, cloudy	76	78	3.76
Montgomery, cldy	78	80	.32
Nashville, pt. cldy	76	80	.44
New Orleans, rain	76	80	2.68
New York, cldy	76	82	.00
Oklahoma, clear	76	78	.00
Pittsburg, cloudy	66	76	.01
Portland, Or., clear	78	78	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	76	88	.12
San Francisco, cldy	56	62	.00
St. Louis, clear	74	80	.02
Salt Lake City, cldy	78	82	.00
Shreveport, cloudy	80	84	.01
Spokane, cloudy	84	84	.00
Tampa, cloudy	78	90	.02
Toledo, clear	66	70	.12
Vicksburg, cloudy	74	84	.56
Washington, rain	70	86	.02

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Section Director.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

Vol. XLVIII.—No. 19. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1915.

METHODISTS TO HOLD DISTRICT CONFERENCE

Sessions Will Be Held Thursday at Bonnie Brae Church to Hear Reports of Work.

The first session of the annual district conference of the Methodist church will be held next Thursday morning at the Bonnie Brae Methodist church, at which time matters pertaining to work of the current year in churches represented, will be discussed.

Rev. J. M. Quillian will deliver the principal address of the opening session. Progress in mission work, the financial standing of the various churches and election of delegates to attend the annual conference will be up for consideration of the district delegates.

Committees have been appointed to take action necessary on the various branches of the work. They are as follows:

Committee on Missions—Rev. J. S. Jenkins, chairman; Rev. W. H. LaPrade, Rev. R. F. Eakes and H. Y. McCord.

Committee on Local Preachers—Rev. C. O. Jones, chairman; Rev. H. M. Quillian, Rev. L. G. Johnson and Rev. A. H. S. Bugg.

Committee of One on Bishops' Funds—H. D. Pace.

Committee on Orders—J. O. Brand, chairman; G. W. Duvall, Rev. L. W. Rivers and Rev. N. W. Brinsfield.

Committee on License—G. M. Eakes, chairman; Rev. Wallace Rogers, Rev. H. H. Harris and Rev. A. E. Sansburn.

Committee on Recommendations—Rev. W. R. Hendrix, chairman; Rev. H. B. Mays and Rev. W. H. Clark.

Committee on Quarterly Conference Records—Rev. C. V. Weathers, chairman; Rev. W. B. Carmichael, Rev. M. L. Underwood, Rev. H. H. Jones and Rev. N. W. Gaines.

Committee of Laymen on Emory University—Asa G. Candler, chairman; Walter McElreath, I. S. Hopkins, Addison Maupin, E. P. Burns, Alonzo Richardson, R. J. Guinn, Bass Gibson, C. W. Smith, F. A. Quillian, E. W. Morton and Dr. J. C. White.

Committee of Laymen on Lay Activities—J. M. Skinner, chairman; C. S. Robison, R. N. Holland, W. B. Deckner, H. J. Cranshaw, E. P. Hunt, Dr. Paul McDonald, G. C. Knott, H. B. Shannon, B. A. Furrh, H. Printue, B. B. Crew, J. W. Plantain, H. O. Reece, J. S. Sims, George Dowman, Rev. C. E. Newborn, B. R. Mountcastle, T. E. Harber, W. S. Loftis, Roy Moore, W. A. Cash, J. J. Baker, H. H. Penn, W. H. Preston, Virgil McSwain, J. W. Austin, Rev. J. L. Loftis, E. W. Martin, C. I. Bonan and J. T. Rose.

Submarine Crew Alive, But Left to Slow Death In Their Sunken Craft

Amsterdam, July 3.—(Via London.)—According to the newspaper Tyjd, divers, who inspected the German submarine sunk recently off the mouth of the Ems, found the crew still alive. It was impossible for the divers to raise the craft, however, and the men had to be left to their fate.

DOUBLE ANNIVERSARY WILL BE CELERBATED

There will be a double anniversary at the First Congregational church, colored, today on the anniversary of the nation. It will be the forty-eighth anniversary of the church and the twenty-first of the pastorte of Rev. H. H. Proctor. This church has grown from ten members to nearly nine hundred, and new members are being constantly added.

This is the first pastorate held by Dr. Proctor, who came here immediately upon his graduation at Yale. Under his leadership the church was transformed into an institutional church, which, through its sixteen facilities, reaches upward of 16,000 people annually.

Appropriate exercises will mark the celebration today. At 11 o'clock Dr. Proctor will give his anniversary sermon on "Twenty-One Years in Atlanta." At 8 p. m. the anniversary address will be delivered by Dr. P. O'Connell, of Gammon Theological seminary. The Tuskegee quintet will sing. Committees of the church, under the leadership of C. C. Cater, will present a gift of $1,000 to the church.

"TIGER" PLEADS GUILTY AND DRAWS HEAVY FINE

John Daniel, a negro, pleaded guilty in the police court Saturday afternoon to operating a "blind tiger," but he did not do so until the police showed the recorder that they had found 176 bottles of whisky concealed in his place of business at No. 79½ Decatur street.

It took seven corn sacks to convey Daniel's liquor supply to the police station.

"I am jest guilty, Jedge," stated Daniel, 'an' de perlice sho done cotched me."

He was fined $50.75.

Invokes God's Reward For Pellagra Cure

Jumbo, Va.—J. H. Satterwhite writes: "I want to thank you for what you have done for me. You have cured my wife. God bless you in your work. I hope some day to see you; if I never see you I hope to meet you in heaven. God will reward you for your grand and noble work."

There is no longer any doubt that pellagra can be cured. Don't delay until it is too late. It is your duty to consult the resourceful Baughn.

The symptoms—hands red like sunburn, skin peeling off, sore mouth, the lips, throat and tongue a flaming red, with mucus and choking; indigestion and nausea, either diarrhoea or constipation.

There is hope; get Baughn's big Free book on Pellagra and learn about the remedy for Pellagra that has at last been found. Address American Compounding Co., Box 2003, Jasper, Ala., remembering money is refunded in any case where the remedy fails to cure.—(adv.)

CROUP-ASTHMA

Colds, coughs, whooping coughs, hay fever, grippe, relieved at once by taking a few doses of PEERLESS CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT The good old-fashioned 24-hour cough cure. Soothes the lining of the throat. TRY IT. 25c, at Druggists

Dressed in All-Cotton Clothes W. M. Kendrick Takes First Prize

When W. M. Kendrick, southern representative of the A. W. Harris Oil company, of Providence, R. I., strolled Friday morning into the lobby of the Marion hotel, where he is stopping for a few days, diked all out from head to foot in a cotton suit, including his high hat at the top and his cotton shoes at the bottom, he didn't create exactly a sensation, but he was quickly surrounded by a curious and interested crowd, and all throughout the day he was kept busy showing his suit and telling his many traveling friends all about how he had just won a handsome prize by his unique method of dress.

Mr. Kendrick is one of the best known travelers of the south. He has been on the road for nearly thirty years in the same line. Calling on cotton mill men, he was naturally interested in the meeting recently held in Asheville, N. C., by the Southern Textile association. This annual meeting was attended by cotton mill superintendents, overseers, master mechanics and the like, and was largely attended. The Mill News, of Charlotte, offered prizes for the best dressed man at the meeting wearing all cotton clothes—the cotton grown in the suoth, the cloth woven here and the clothes produced likewise.

The picture above shows Mr. Kendrick in the suit which won the first prize. The pants, vest and hat are made of cream corduroy, while the Prince Albert is of a beautiful steel gray. The goods were taken from the regular stock weaves of the Kincaid Manufacturing company, of Griffin, under the supervision of Allen Little, and made up into a suit as shown, are as nifty and swell as can be. The tailoring was done by John B. Jones, of Augusta. Mr. Kendrick also wore cotton shoes, made by the J. K. Orr Shoe company, of this city; he wore a handsome cotton necktie, and carried a cotton handkerchief, while twined about his neck was a beautifully woven cotton watch chain. There were a number of contestants at the textile meeting for the prizes, but Mr. Kendrick carried off the first honor.

"It is really remarkable how nicely and how cheaply you can dress up in cotton goods," said Mr. Kendrick. "I wanted to show the people of the south, particularly my friends in the cotton mill industry, just what the possibilities are for swell dressing, and all goods grown and made right here under our nose. The material didn't cost me but $5.90, and it is really beautiful goods. A prize was also offered for the most handsomely gowned woman in evening dress, and Mrs. A. B. Carter, wife of the secretary of the association, of Greenville, S. C., won that prize in one of the most stunning and beautiful gowns I have ever seen—made of any material. She said the material only cost her about 75 cents."

Mr. Kendrick stated that the meeting of the textile men was the most interesting and important ever held. It was agreed by the association to hold a cotton exposition at Greenville, S. C., from November 2 to the 6th this year, and plans are already being made to make it one of the most complete demonstrations of the various uses of cotton and to show its manufacture into goods, ever pulled off in the south.

Mr. Kendrick's home is in Mayfield, Ga. He will return to his home on Monday.

W. M. KENDRICK.
Stylishly dressed in all-cotton clothes, he makes hit at Textile convention.

Federal Reserve Bank's Value To Small Institutions Shown

Although organized less than one year, nearly two hundred banks throughout the sixth reserve bank district have taken advantage of the flexible currency system which is permitted them through membership with the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. A compiled statement just issued of the obligations representing money borrowed from the local reserve institution by these banks on May 1, shows results which are highly gratifying to the board of directors.

In this connection Joseph A. McCord, governor of the Atlanta Reserve bank, points out that not only has a large per cent of the total borrowings of these banks been derived from this source, but it has furnished its greatest assistance to the banks of the small towns and the country rather than to the wealthy banks of the cities.

Borrow From Reserve Bank.

Mr. McCord shows that there are 145 banks borrowing from the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta. Of this number 26 are borrowing from the reserve bank alone. Of the total of 185 banks borrowing from various sources, only 66 banks are not borrowing from the federal reserve.

The sixth reserve bank district, of which the reserve bank of Atlanta is the central unit, is composed of banks of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi and Tennessee. The member banks in these states are divided into three groups, divided upon a basis of capital and surplus. Those banks having a capital and surplus above $130,000 are of the first group: those having above $60,000 are in the second group, and those having less than $61,000 are of the third group.

In capital and surplus the member banks of Georgia lead with a total of $24,262,873. The member banks of the other states in capital and surplus are rated, according to the recapitulation sheet in the following order, Alabama, $18,025,111; Tennessee, $16,423,640; Florida, $10,524,961; Mississippi, $3,911,500. The five banks of Louisiana belonging to the sixth district are in the first group with a capital and surplus of $6,965,000. On May 1 the total capital and surplus of the member banks of the sixth district was, therefore, $80,113,085.

The total borrowings of the member banks from other banks, May 1, amounted to $7,884,992, while the total that they had borrowed from the reserve bank at that time was $4,821,109. The total required reserved in the federal reserve bank on that date was $4,530,539. These figures show that the total amount borrowed from the reserve bank was 40 per cent of the total borrowed by these banks from other banks.

Total Amount Borrowed.

The total borrowed from other banks by the member banks of the first group, May 1, was $5,064,774; from the reserve bank, $3,341,412. The total amount required reserved in the reserve bank for them was $3,848,686. The total borrowed from other banks by the member banks of the second group was $1,784,766; from the reserve bank, $964,240. The total sum required to be reserved in the reserve bank for the banks of this class was $473,246. The total amount borrowed from other banks by the member banks of the third group was $1,035,452; from the reserve bank, $515,457. The total amount required reserved for the banks of this class was $208,607.

The significance of these figures is that, while the federal reserve bank has been of great assistance to the banks of the cities, the largest amounts loaned in proportion to the amounts required to be reserved went to the small banks. The banks of the first group did not borrow quite the amount required reserved for them, while the banks of the first and second group, respectively, borrowed nearly twice and three times the amounts held for the banks of these classes in the reserve bank of Atlanta.

ATLANTA GREYS WILL HOLD CAMP ON TYBEE ISLAND

Following an annual custom, and on account of there being no state militia encampment this year, Company K, of the Fifth regiment, Georgia national guard, known as the Atlanta Greys, will leave this city Tuesday night, July 6, for a week's encampment on Tybee island. The troops' expenses will be paid out of the company treasury.

Captain Charles A. Stokes, commanding officer of the Greys, states that forty-five men will make the trip, remaining a week on the island, returning to Atlanta the morning of July 13.

EMERGENCY FUND FOR EPISCOPALIANS

The Episcopal Diocese of Atlanta has set aside today as the day to be observed throughout the diocese for collecting offerings on behalf of the "emergency fund" campaign being waged all over the country by the church for missions at home and abroad.

It is announced that $250,000 of a $400,000 set amount has already been raised. The $250,000 was secured from 1,700 parishes.

BOOKER WASHINGTON SPEAKS HERE TODAY

Through misunderstanding it has been announced that Booker T. Washington would speak to both white and colored people at the Baptist Tabernacle Sunday afternoon. The noted negro educator will speak only to white people at that time, but will later speak at the Friendship Baptist church to members of his race.

HOLD SPECIAL SERVICE IN HONOR OF LARENDON

The tablet to the memory of Walter Scott Larendon will be formally accepted at the Sunday morning service of the Church of the Epiphany, at which time special services commemorating the former vestryman and warden of the parish will be held.

Exceptional Bargains Offered Next Monday By the Bass Company

The Bass Dry Goods company, West Mitchell streets' big department store, contrary to the decision of the majority of the Atlanta stores, finds that on account of the enormous patronage which they receive on Mondays from their out-of-town customers, that it will be impossible to close Monday, and will keep open house the entire day.

Being a holiday, the public naturally expects something unusual, and something unusual has been prepared. Counters and shelves have been piled to the limit with the most exceptional bargains. Heaps and heaps of money-saving items will be offered to those who shop tomorrow. When Bass announces something big, he means what he says, and tomorrow will be no exception to the rule.

MISS HOFFMAN WINS BAGWELL PRIZE OFFER

In a recent free offer of the Bagley Business college, a ten-day course in typewriting was given and in response over fifty pupils entered. The majority were high school scholars and all were greatly interested in competing for the prizes, the first being a $100 life scholarship in bookkeeping, shorthand and typewriting, and the second a $50 scholarship in the same studies.

The contest was a very close one, but decision has been made as follows: The first prize goes to Miss Bertha May Hoffman, 50 Orme street; the second to Miss Lina Brown, 42 Crew street.

FIDDLERS ARE COMING FOR THREE DAYS' MEET

Under the auspices of P. A. Ludwig Association of Old Fiddlers, a fiddlers' convention will be held at the Bijou theater for three days, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 5, 6 and 7.

Among those who will be at the convention are Fiddling John Carson, of Blue Ridge, Ga.; Slim Jim, of Red Bank, Tenn.; Gid Tanner, P. A. Ludwig and Riley Puckett.

BASS DRY GOODS CO. OPEN ALL DAY MONDAY

IN CELEBRATION OF "JULY 4TH," WE OFFER THESE UNHEARD OF BARGAINS FOR MONDAY

★ ★ ★ THIS STORE OPEN ALL DAY MONDAY ★ ★ ★

$10 Metal Beds $2.98

This large, two-inch continuous post, Chiliess Iron Bed with ten large fillers, in white enamel or Vernis-Martin "gold" finish, is a good $10.00 value at $2.98 for Monday only.

Limit One

$2.98

Babies' Beds

$7.50 Values $3.90

$7.50 Value

Large size Metal Beds for babies, exactly like cut above, in Vernis-Martin and white enamel, fitted with best National Springs; good $7.50 values, Monday only at $3.90.

Mission Porch Swings

$3.50 Values $1.39

Solid oak, Mission Porch Swings, exactly like cut above, worth $3.50 everywhere, complete with chain and hooks; Mill-End price, for Monday only, at $1.39. Limit one.

New Mattresses
Full 45 Pounds Mattresses

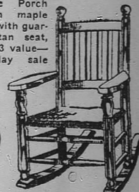
$5 Value

$5.00 Value, at $1.98

Just fifty of these 45-pound all-cotton Mattresses to sell Monday at $1.98. These are the best yet.

Porch Rockers

This large Porch Rocker, in maple and green, with guaranteed rattan seat, is a good $3 value—this Monday sale only $1.69.



$3.00 Value at $1.69

Feather Pillows

Large size feather pillows, made of clean, odorless feathers, weigh five pounds to the pair, and worth $1.50 pair. A. C. A. or Art Ticking at each 29c.

29c

Palm Beach Suits

Genuine Palm Beach Suits, made in the new Norfolk, Tuxedo, English Box, Double-breasted, Velvet Collar and Cuff styles, etc., belted back, belted front, and scores of other "nifty" touches; choice at

$4.95

5c New Curtain Scrims New Patterns 5c
Full 36-inch curtain scrims, plain and fancy patterns, a great Mill End Special at 5c yard.

59c English Longcloth Ten-Yard Bolts 59c
Two cases, full ten-yard bolts English Longcloth, a great Mill End Special at 59c bolt.

25c Hemmed Sheets 72x90 Inches 25c
Full 72x90-inch size, bleached, hemmed sheets. These are extra good ones. Limit four at 25c each.

5c Sale Good Percale Full Yard Wide 5c
Full yard-wide, good quality, French percale, stripes, figures and dots, a Mill End Special at 5c yard.

5c Standard Staple Ginghams, Yard 5c
Three cases best standard staple ginghams, all the new stripes, checks, etc., are included in these, a Mill End Special at 5c yard.

Awning Stripes 40 Inches Wide 12c
Black and white, 40 inches wide, awning striped voiles, a great Mill End Special at 12c yard.

New Waists 98c

Beautiful Waists, made of crepe de chine, China silk, handsome white organdies and silk barber stripe waists, at

Only 98c

39c New Silk Crepe De Chine, at 39c
Full thirty-six-inch fine silk crepe de chine, in every new color, black and white, to sell Monday at 39c yard.

39c Sale Tub Silks Full Yard Wide 39c
Thirty-six-inch wide tub silks, all colors, white and black, a great Monday special in this Mill End Sale at 39c yard.

39c Shantung Silks, Yard Wide, at 39c
Thirty-six-inch wide Shantung silk, every new color, Mill End Special at 39c yard.

39c Silk Shirtings 36-inch Wide 39c
New silk shirtings, full yard wide, a great Mill End Special at 39c yard. All the new stripes.

47c Bed Spreads Full Size, at 47c
Eighty-eight full double-bed size counterpanes. These would retail at $1.50 and $2.00; for this Monday sale, choice at 47c each.

69c Steel Razors Worth $3, at 69c
One hundred best German Steel Razors, worth $3.00, a Mill End Special to close out at 69c each.

12c Curtain Laces and Scrims, at 12c
Fine Curtain Laces and Scrims, 25c, 39c, 49c and 69c values; choice at 12c yard.

Table Damask Good $1 Value 39c
Full 66-inch bleached table damask, extra fine quality. $1.00 value, a Mill End Special at 39c yard.

Table Linens 72-in. Wide 55c
Good $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 fine linen table damask, full 72 inches wide, in this Mill End Sale at 55c yard.

White Lawns and Nainsouk 5c
New white lawns and checked nainsook, extra good quality, a Mill End Sale Special at 5c yard.

White Goods Values 25c 5c
One thousand yards plain and fancy white goods, all styles and all kinds, slightly soiled, choice for values to 25c, at 5c yard.

Chambrays & Madras, at 10c
Five thousand yards new chambrays and madras in plains and fancy weaves, at 10c yard.

Summer Corsets R. & G. Make 47c
New R. & G. make summer Corsets, all sizes, Mill End Special at 47c.

Fine Sea Island 40 Inches Wide 5c
Full 40 inches wide, extra good quality Sea Island, a great Monday special in this Mill End Sale at 5c yard.

Best $1 Corsets Genuine R. & G. 69c
Best and genuine R. & G. Standard $1.00 Corsets in this Mill End Sale at 69c.

Allover Laces $1 Quality at 29c
Best $1.00 quality allover Laces, white and cream, a special at 29c yard.

Silk Thread, 100-Yard Spools, at 4c
Full 100-yard spool Silk Thread, black and colors; a great Mill-End Special at 4c spool.

Huck Towels, 25c Values, Only 9c
One hundred dozen fine linen huck towels, good 25c values, a special for this Monday sale, at 9c each.

Wash Skirts

Beautiful Palm Beach, ratine and fancy white crepe Skirts, newest styles, including the new suspender skirt. A great Mill End bargain

At 98c

"BAMBOO" Porch Shades

6x8 ft. Size	$1.98
8x8 ft. Size	$2.48
10x8 ft. Size	$2.98

Drop Side Bed Couches

$6.00 Values $2.98

Large Drop-side Couch. Makes full-size bed when sides are raised. Monday only. Just like picture—at $2.98.

BASS DRY GOODS CO.

SUBMARINES SINK SIX MORE VESSELS

Five British Steamers and One Belgian Ship Sent to the Bottom—No Loss of Life Reported.

London, July 3.—The Belgian steamship Boduognat was torpedoed and sunk today by a German submarine. The crew was landed at Falmouth.

The Boduognat, 1,441 tons gross, was 250 feet long. She was owned by the Antwerp Shipping company.

German submarines also sunk two British steamships, the Larchmore, 4,355 tons gross, and the Renfrew, of 2,248 tons.

London, July 3.—The British steamship Richmond, of 3,214 tons gross, bound from Queenstown for Boulogne and laden with railway ties, was sunk today by a German submarine off the Scilly islands. The crew was landed at Plymouth, England.

London, July 3.—The British steamship Gadsby, 3,497 tons gross, was sunk today by a German submarine. The crew was landed at Moville, Ireland. The Gadsby sailed from Sydney, C. B., June 18, for a European port.

London, July 3.—The British steamer Craigard, 3,286 tons gross, was sunk today by a torepdo fired by a German submarine. The crew was landed at Plymouth. The Craigard sailed from Galveston June 3 and Newport News June 11 for Havre, and the first suggestion that she had met with some mishap was when an empty lifeboat and another boat marked "Craigard Leith" were towed into Penzance.

The steamer Craigard was 325 feet long, 48 feet beam and had a depth of 23 feet. She was built in 1901, and was owned by the Craig Line Steamship company, Ltd., of Leith.

COUNT DE ROCHAMBEAU KILLED BY THE GERMANS

Paris, July 3.—Lieutenant Count Jean de Rochambeau, a great-great-grandson of Marshal Jean de Rochambeau, commander of the French forces at the surrender of Yorktown, was killed on the battlefield at Hartmanns-Weiler, in upper Alsace, June 14.

The lieutenant was 23 years old. He was commanding a section of the machine guns in front of a line of trenches on the crest of the mountain which since January has been the scene of some of the most obstinate fighting of the war.

Young Rochambeau took part in all the engagements, winning promotion and mention in the orders of the day.

As he had been a brilliant cadet at Saint Cyr and Saumur, he was transferred to the staff of the general commanding that part of the Vosges in which Hartmanns-Weiler is located, but the lieutenant at his own request went into the trenches again.

WAR SCANDAL CHARGED BY SIR HENRY DALZIEL

London, July 3.—Sir Henry Dalziel, liberal member of parliament, and newspaper proprietor, whose arraignment of the ordnance department in the house of commons last Thursday startled the British nation, announced today his determination to continue on the warpath until, in his own words, "the men directly guilty for the failures of the past year are cleared out, bag and baggage."

Sir Henry early next week will ask Premier Asquith to give the house of commons facilities for full discussion "on the lack of guns and ammunition."

"I am determined," he said, "that the lawful facts shall be dragged to the light of day. This scandal is due to two main facts, censorship and public indifference—and largely because the real state of affairs is not disclosed."

JAMES SANATORIUM 935 S. BELLEVUE BLVD. MEMPHIS, TENN.

A Private Sanatorium for the Treatment of Drug Addictions, Alcoholism, Nervous Diseases, Tobacco and Cigarettes.

To reach sanatorium take Linden Avenue car, get off at Bellevue and walk three blocks north, or take a taxicab and come direct to the sanatorium.

PATIENTS' TESTIMONIALS.

Having received their freedom from Morphine, Whiskey and Tobacco, they are loud in their praise of the James Treatment. Read their testimonials:

CURED OF DRUG HABIT.

Chas. B. James, care Chas. B. James Sanatorium Co., Memphis, Tenn.:

Dear Sir—I am feeling so much better and so much more like living this morning that I concluded I would write you, telling you of my improvement and how much happier we all are. When I went to your sanatorium for treatment I was using 15 grains of morphia (hypodermically) per day. The first dose of the drug was given me by the family physician when I had typhoid fever—later I had pneumonia and morphia was again used, and as a result I was left a helpless drug user (could not sleep and only weighed about 140 pounds), and continued to use it until I was relieved at your sanatorium. Now I weigh 190 pounds, sleep well, have a good appetite and the family is so much happier. I now feel it my duty to advise all such unfortunates to take treatment and rid themselves of this soul-sapping, life-destroying drug. Strange to say, I never knew when I took the last dose of morphine. I suffered no pain on account of its withdrawal and have suffered none since. As a matter of fact, my stay at your sanatorium was both pleasant and profitable. I found your sanatorium more like a pleasant home, where the patients are well fed and allowed to answer letters from persons interested. We have a good many unfortunates in my section, and I hope they will read this letter and go to you for relief. Wishing you and all connected with your sanatorium a happy and prosperous New Year, I am, yours truly,

W. S. FOLEY.

Cotton Plant, Miss., Jan. 1, 1914.

Gentlemen—On the fourth of this month, five years ago, I entered your sanatorium for the treatment of alcoholism, and on the 9th I took my last drink. I have never had any desire to return to my former habit. After having drank all my life and sometimes very hard, I am thankful for what you did for me. I am satisfied I would not have lived had I kept on drinking, and I believe you can cure any one who wants to be cured. Thanking you again for what you did for me, and wishing you a great year for your good work. I am, yours truly,

W. T. BURROUGHS.

Hushpuckena, Miss., Jan. 12, 1915.

For further information and booklet containing testimonials in regard to sanatorium treatment, address Chas. B. James Sanatorium, 935 S. Bellevue Blvd., Memphis, Tenn. Correspondence confidential.

JAMES' HOME REMEDIES

Cost of treatment for alcoholism, tobacco and cigarette habits and neurasthenia is dependent upon age and physical condition, kind and quantity of drug used, etc.—(adv.)

NAVAL BATTLE WON BY THE RUSSIANS

One German Cruiser Driven Ashore and Four Others Put to Flight--Slight Damage to Russ Ships.

Petrograd, July 3.—(Via London.)—When the Russian naval squadron in the Baltic gave battle to five German cruisers and a flotilla of torpedo boats off the coast of Gothland July 2, one German cruiser was beached and the other warships were put to flight, according to an official statement issued today by the Russian admiralty. The damage to the Russian cruisers, the statement adds, was insignificant.

The statement follows:

"The morning of July 2 along the parallel of the Oestegarn lighthouse on the east coast of the Island of Gothland, our cruisers encountered in a fog two enemy's light cruisers and some torpedo boats and engaged them in battle.

"At 9 o'clock in the morning a German cruiser, badly damaged, lowered her flag and ran ashore. The other cruiser and the torpedo boats fled.

"As 10 o'clock our squadron encountered the armored cruiser Roon, one light cruiser and one torpedo boat and renewed the battle.

"At 10:30 o'clock the enemy began to retire toward the south. During the retreat the enemy was joined by another light cruiser. This vessel was attacked by our cruisers and fled. At 11:30 o'clock the pursuit ceased.

"After the battle our squadron was unsuccessfully attacked by submarines.

"The damage to our cruisers was quite insignificant."

RUSSIAN SUBMARINE SINKS THREE SHIPS.

Petrograd, July 3.—(Via London.)—A Russian submarine in the Black sea, says an admiralty statement, has sunk two Turkish steamers and one sailing ship with cargoes of coal and provisions and exchanged shots with three armored schooners off the mouth of the Bosphorus, driving them ashore.

The statement follows:

"A Russian submarine in the Black sea today torpedoed and sank a steamer of 2,600 tons. It then set fire to and sank a sailing ship of 1,500 tons. Subsequently a small steamer was sent to the bottom. The three vessels were in the neighborhood of Kesken, and were laden with coal and provisions.

The submarine also shelled another steamer anchored in the river and several coal laden barges and a tug were driven ashore.

"Near the mouth of the Bosphorus the submarine came into action with an armored schooner. After an exchange of shots this vessel with two others of a similar type were run ashore."

GERMANS ADMIT LOSS OF SHIP.

Berlin, July 3.—(Via London.)—A statement issued by the German admiralty tonight relative to Friday's engagement in the Baltic sea confirms the report that the German mine-layer Albatross was forced to run aground on the coast of the Island of Gothland, and states that twenty of her crew were killed in the fight and twenty-seven were wounded. The Albatross ran aground in a sinking condition after two hours of heavy fighting with four Russian cruisers.

The text of the statement follows:

"The admiralty reports that a portion of light Baltic naval forces, returning from outpost duty, steaming in extended order, met at about 6 o'clock on the morning of July 2 in somewhat hazy weather, Russian armored cruisers patrolling between Gothland and Windau (Russia). Isolated fighting developed, our weak forces attempting to draw the Russian vessels within range of the other German ships.

"In the course of the fighting the vessel Albatross was unable to regain touch with her own forces. After two hours of heavy fighting against four armored cruisers, which continued firing within Swedish territorial waters, the Albatross, owing to several hits, was compelled to run aground in a sinking condition near Oestgarns, in Gothland. Twenty men were killed and 27 were wounded. The wounded were well attended by the Swedish officials and population."

TOLMINO IS TAKEN BY ITALIAN FORCES

Post Considered Indispensable to Operations Against the Austrians.

Paris, July 3.—The Italians have occupied the village of Tolmino, on the Isonso, north of Gorizia, according to a Rome dispatch to The Herald.

The Austrians still hold neighboring fortifications and are bombarding the village. Italian artillery has been brought up and mounted for use against the forts.

Tolmino, the key to the Isonso valley, has been considered by the Italians indispensable in their operations in that district. It is protected by strong natural and artificial defenses, and it is said to have been garrisoned by 30,000 Austrians.

Each Tuesday on the Gold coast is devoted to the sea god. No fishing takes place, and the fishermen utilize the time in mending their nets.

ARTILLERY ACTION OF INTENSE NATURE.

Rome, July 3.—(Via Paris, July 4, 12:22 a. m.)—This official communication was issued by the Italian war office tonight:

"Along the entire front the situation remains unchanged. The artillery action, of an intense nature, continued against the works at Malborgeth and Predil, causing serious damage and heavy explosions.

"The enemy attempted yesterday afternoon a violent counter attack against our positions on the Carnian plateau, but were repulsed, leaving in our hands about 200 prisoners."

ITALIANS REPULSED, AUSTRIANS REPORT.

Vienna, July 3.—(Via London.)—The Austrian war office tonight issued the following statement:

"In the Italian theater renewed Italian attacks against the Lower Isonzo river have been repulsed with heavy enemy losses.

"Yesterday the Italians suffered a new defeat on the Littoral front. After unsuccessful charges near Sagreado and Polazzo, the Italians attacked with at least two infantry divisions the Doberdo plateau, Polazzo and Monte Corsich. They were everywhere repulsed wtih heavy losses. The enemy's attacks against the Gorizia bridge head, southwest of Monte Sabotine, likewise were repulsed."

CORMONS IS BOMBARDED BY AUSTRIAN AVIATOR

Udine, Italy, July 3.—(Via Paris.)—Two persons were killed and five injured yesterday by bombs dropped from an Austrian aeroplane on Cormons, Austria, near the Italian frontier. Cormons, formerly an Austrian customs post, now is occupied by the Italians, and Austrian aviators frequently throw bombs on the little town.

One of the bombs yesterday fell on the residence of Signora Donda, killing her and wounding five others in her household. Another bomb killed the son of Deputy Mayor Marni.

DEFEAT FOR RUSSIANS SEEMS INEVITABLE

Continued From Page One.

by Russian officers to have come to an end. The new alignment of forces is intended as a defense of Russian territory against invasion.

TEUTONIC FORCES PURSUE RUSSIANS.

Vienna, July 3.—(Via London, July 4, 12:11 a. m.)—The official Austrian official war statement was given out here tonight:

"In east Galicia the Teutonic allied troops are advancing, pursuing the enemy east of Halicz and across the Narajowska, and to the north, attacking successfully on the heights east of Janczyn. On the Bug river the situation is unchanged.

"Between the Vistula and the Bug rivers the Teutonic allied troops are steadily advancing under violent combats. Zamosc has been stormed. West of there the Russian everywhere have been repulsed beyond the Por plain, which is in our possession. At several places we forced a passage of the brook.

"East of Krasnik, for which fighting is still proceeding, Studzianki has been captured. The village of Wysnica, west of Krasnik, also was stormed. Here and elsewhere in this sector the enemy was repulsed.

"Friday, on the Por and near Krasnik, 4,800 prisoners were captured and three machine guns were taken.

"West of the Vistula there were artillery duels."

GERMAN ARTILLERY ACTIVE IN WEST.

Paris, July 3.—The following communication was issued tonight by the war office:

"The day has been marked by renewed activity in the artillery of the enemy, particularly in Belgium, in the region of Neuville, Ecurie and Roclincourt and on the front from the Somme to the Aisne. We have replied against the trenches and the batteries of the enemy.

"On the right bank of the Aisne, in the region of Soupir and Troyon, as well as in Champagne on the Perthes-Beausejour front, mining operations have been carried out.

"In the Argonne the day has been calmer. The enemy, after the check, suffered in his latest attempts, has made no further attack with infantry.

"On the heights of the Meuse, at the Calonne trench and on the La Haye front the cannonade continues. In the Vosges there have been artillery actions at Fontenelle and Hartmanns-Weilerkopf."

The communication issued in the afternoon follows:

"Fighting continued stubbornly all last night in the Argonne. We maintained our positions and inflicted very heavy losses.

"In the Metzeral region two fresh enemy attacks at Crete have been repulsed.

"Along the remainder of the front there has been a very active cannonade by guns of all calibers. Shells thrown into Arras started some fires, which have been brought under control.

"French aviators successfully bombarded the railroad stations at Challerang, Zarren and Langemarck and German batteries at Vimy and at Beaurains."

TEUTONS PRESS RUSSIAN FORCES.

Berlin, July 3.—(Via London.)—The German official statement today announces that the Teutonic armies have gained possession of the low lands of the Labunka river in the Russian Poland provinces of Lublin. The statement admits the loss by the Germans of the gains made yesterday against the French on Hilgenfirst, in the Vosges mountains.

The statement follows:

"Western theater:

"The French attacked northwest of Souchez during the night, but were repulsed.

"At Les Eparges a French attack, prepared for by the enemy with incendiary grenades and bombs containing evil smelling gases, failed.

"The fortifications we captured the day before yesterday on Hilgenfirst were lost again to the enemy yesterday.

"Eastern theater:

"There is nothing of importance to report.

"Southeastern theater:

"North of the Dniester river our troops are advancing under continuous fighting in pursuit of the enemy and penetrating by way of the line of Mariampol, Narajoa and Miasto towards the Zlota Lipa section. They have reached the Bug at several places between Kamionka and Struzumilowa, and below Krylow and are quickly advancing in a northerly direction between Bug and the Vistula.

"The lowlands of Labunka now are in our possession after our opponents had offered stubborn resistance at certain places.

"German troops also obtained a firm foothold on the northern bank of the river in the Wysnica section between Krasnik and the mouth of the Labunka.

"Between the left bank of the Vistula and the Pilica river the situation remains generally unchanged.

"A Russian counter attack southeast of Radom was repulsed."

UNITY OF PLANS AID TO TEUTONS.

London, July 3.—The military correspondent of The Times refers to suggestions in the Russian army organ, The Russky Invalid, that the Austro-Germans lately have gained a marked advantage owing to the unity of their plans and actions, and that it might be advisable for the entente allies to co-ordinate their operations and subordinate them to some central authority in whose ability every one would have equal faith.

The correspondent says he considers there is something wanting in the entente allies' strategy. He suggests that though it would be impracticable for a central authority to issue explicit orders to all the allied forces, there might be frequent conferences to insure better touch between all the directing staffs of the army and navy, and that such conferences might be held alternately in the capitals of the various allies.

GEN. GOURAUD WOUNDED.

Paris, July 3.—General H. J. E. Gouraud, commander of the French expeditionary force at the Dardanelles, has been wounded, and is returning to France. This announcement is made in the French official statement issued tonight, which adds that the general, who received his injuries by the explosion of a shell which fell near an ambulance, is not dangerously wounded.

The statement follows:

"General Gouraud, commander of the French forces at the Dardanelles, has been wounded by the explosion of a shell, which fell near an ambulance where the general had gone to visit the wounded. He is returning to France, his life not being endangered.

"General Bailloud (formerly commanding the French troops in Algeria) has taken General Gouraud's place provisionally."

SOUTH AFRICA TO SEND SOLDIERS TO EUROPE

London, July 4.—(1:01 a. m.)—A Reuter dispatch from Johannesburg, South African Republic, says:

"General Jan Christian Smuts (minister of interior, mines and defense of the Union of South Africa) has announced that the South African government has offered to organize a contingent of volunteers for service in Europe, and also a force of heavy artillery. He is momentarily expecting a reply from the imperial government."

The Difference.

Apropos of the sinking of the Falaba by a German submarine and the drowning of over a hundred men and women passengers, A. C. Rose, the English consul to San Francisco, said:

"Such an act is against international law. If England may be said to rule the waves, Germany may with equal truth be said to waive the rules."

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood and build up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

BOTH THE BULLETS PENETRATED HIP

Continued From Page One.

arms. Mrs. Morgan saw him first, screamed and drew back.

Holt turned and fired twice before Mr. Morgan could seize him. Fiske, the butler, no longer menaced by the pistol, grabbed the assassin's right hand. Mr. Morgan, with two bullet wounds in his body, threw himself on his assailant and the three men went down in a struggling heap on the hallway floor.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador to the United States, an overnight guest at the Morgan home, was with Mr. and Mrs. Morgan at the breakfast table when Holt entered the house.

The struggle on the floor was short. The pistol was torn from Holt's fingers and he was beaten by the butler and other servants, who came running at the sound of the shots, until he offered no further resistance. Then the Glen Cove police and a physician was summoned and Holt was placed in one of the Morgan automobiles and hurried at 40 miles an hour to the jail here.

WOUNDED, MORGAN TELEPHONES OFFICE.

Mr. Morgan walked, calmly and collectedly, feeling, he said, that he had been shot, but experiencing no sensation of weakness, up the stairs and went to the telephone. He called up the doctor and afterwards his office in New York city and told the story of the shooting, asserting that he did not regard his wounds as serious. Then he went to his bed and lay down, awaiting the doctor.

While the doctor was hurrying to his bedside from Glen Cove, Mr. Morgan asked that the telephone be brought to him. Personally he obtained long distance connection with Utica, N. Y., and through the exchange with his mother. He told her that she would hear reports that he had been shot, but that she was not to worry.

Holt was locked in a cell in the jail here. To questions of the local police he at first made no reply. For more than an hour he declined to give his name or say anything about himself. Finally he became talkative and told Justice of the Peace William E. Luyster that he had gone to see Mr. Morgan about ending the European war and that Mr. Morgan had not given him a chance to say anything.

FIRED TO SCARE, HOLT DECLARES.

"I fired to scare him," Holt said. "They tell me I hit him. I hope he is not badly hurt."

Soon Holt decided that he would write what he had to make public on the matter. He then prepared a statement addressed to Justice Luyster and intended for the newspapers. In this statement he repeated to great extent what he had told Mr. Luyster verbally.

The extent and nature of Mr. Morgan's injuries were not defined until nearly 4 o'clock in the afternoon when specialists summoned from New York had completed their examination. In the meantime numerous conflicting reports were circulated as to the gravity of his wounds. One report said a bullet had struck Mr. Morgan in the abdomen.

NO VITAL ORGAN STRUCK BY BULLETS.

The exact location of the spots where the bullets went home when Mr. Morgan was shot, the gravity of his wounds and the seriousness of his condition, whether sufficient to cause concern or otherwise, were points which Mr. Morgan's doctors failed to clear up in their bulletins of the patient's progress.

Junius Spencer Morgan, Mr. Morgan's son, was asked by newspaper men to make a statement bearing on these features. It was pointed out to young Mr. Morgan that more than twelve hours had elapsed since his father had been shot and that rumors of serious import and conflicting nature had been published in the meantime; and that the exact location of Mr. Morgan's wounds remained yet a matter that only the physicians and the members of the family knew. One of the rumors, young Mr. Morgan was told, was that Mr. Morgan had been shot in the stomach and that the bullet had penetrated the abdomen.

"I'll see what the doctors say," he replied. He returned a few minutes later and read the bulletin issued at 6:15, which stated that the bullets "did not involve any vital organ" and that Mr. Morgan's condition continued excellent.

"This is all that the doctors care to say at present," Mr. Morgan asserted.

"An earlier bulletin stated Mr. Morgan was shot in the region of the hip," young Mr. Morgan was told. "It might be inferred from that bulletin that the shot entered the abdomen. Do the doctors care to set that question at rest?"

Mr. Morgan replied that the doctors did not care to say anything more than the contents of the latest bulletin. No more bulletins, he added, would be issued tonight.

A line of deputy sheriffs was stretched around the Morgan estate and all callers were excluded. Attendant physicians and surgeons kept in telephone touch with the Morgan offices in New York.

Late today Holt was arraigned before Justice Luyster on a charge of assault with intent at malicious killing. He was brought from his cell into the courthouse with a white bandage around his head, through which showed a dark red stain above a cut on the forehead. He appeared to have been weakened by the loss of blood and tottered as he stood before the justice.

NOT GUILTY PLEA ENTERED BY HOLT.

"You are charged," said Justice Luyster, "with assault with intent at malicious killing. How do you wish to plead?"

Holt swayed forward so far that it appeared he would fall. He threw out his arm and it circled the neck of a county detective. Another detective sprang to Holt's side and between them they supported him during the rest of the proceedings.

"How do you plead?" asked the justice.

"Take out all that about the malicious killing," Holt replied. "It oughtn't to be there."

Justice Luyster informed the prisoner that the wording of the charge was according to the legal code.

"Do you want a preliminary examination?" the justice asked.

"I don't know what you mean," Holt replied, "but I do want to object to that part that tells about malicious killing. That isn't right."

The justice explained the meaning of his question and again asked how he pleaded. Finally Holt said he pleaded not guilty. He appeared undecided whether he wanted a preliminary examination. Assistant District Attorney Weeks stepped forward while Holt appeared to be making up his mind and told the court he would like to ask for a postponement of all further proceedings until next Wednesday, July 7. This was granted, Holt being held without bail in the meantime.

STATEMENT MADE BY THE ASSAILANT.

Holt made the following statement to the Associated Press this afternoon:

"My home is in Dallas, Texas. I have a wife and children, and am forty years old. I was born in this country and so were my father and mother. My ancestors were French and German; it was all mixed up. I received a degree of doctor of philosophy from Cornell in 1914, but before that I was an instructor in French. I formerly was an instructor in Vanderbilt university.

"I came to New York two weeks ago from Ithaca and put up at the Mills hotel at Thirty-sixth street and Seventh avenue. I took no pains to conceal my identity and registered under my own name.

"About a month ago I conceived the idea to see J. P. Morgan and get him to use his influence in stopping the exportation of arms which make you and me responsible for the murder which is going on over there.

"I could not go from manufacturer to manufacturer myself, but I thought that Mr. Morgan's banking connections would render it more easy for him to accomplish this.

"I have not been influenced to do this by anybody else. I think President Wilson's notes were fine, but they did not seem to do anything to stop the war.

"I came down here from New York this morning to put my idea before Mr. Morgan, but I depended upon him to formulate the plan. Of course, I did not mean to shoot Mr. Morgan, but I intended to stay there until something was done. I had a stick of dynamite in my pocket; I thought it might come in handy somehow.

ONLY BENZINE IN SUIT CASE.

"Some fool has said that I had nitroglycerin in my suitcase, but that was only benzine to clean my clothes. I went up to the house and got by the butler and walked up stairs. I had my gun in my hand. In the hall on the second floor I met Mr. Morgan. A woman who I took to be his wife immediately preceded him down the hall.

"She screamed and jumped away from where—I don't know where exactly. Mr. Morgan did not give me a chance to say anything. He jumped at me and grappled with me, and I fired in the air, thinking to scare him. They tell me I hit him. I don't know, for somebody hit me on the head.

"I hope Mr. Morgan is not badly hurt. I admire Mr. Morgan's courage in grappling with me. If he would only use his courage in the right direction and for the right things he will get somewhere and do something worth while."

With a pencil borrowed from a newspaper man, Holt addressed this telegram to his wife at 101 Marseilles street, Dallas:

"Man proposes, God disposes. Don't come here until you get my letter. Be strong."

The telegram was signed "Frank."

INSPIRATION CAME FROM ON HIGH.

When asked who inspired the plot against Mr. Morgan, the prisoner denied that any one had done so.

"It came to me from on high," he declared.

The man seemed to lack complete comprehension of what had happened. He could not be persuaded for some time that he had wounded Mr. Morgan.

"I did not hurt him," he cried. "I shot to frighten him. I hope he isn't hurt. I shot away from him just so that he might be frightened. You can do as you wish with me. I did my duty; you do yours."

When Mr. Morgan's assailant arrived in Glen Cove on a train from New York this morning he hired an automobile from a garage and was driven by the chauffeur, Matthew Cramer, to the Morgan home.

As soon as the man had been overpowered some of the servants in the Morgan home procured a rope and tied him securely. Then they took him out on the lawn near the mansion to await the arrival of officers from Glen Cove, for whom they had telephoned. Judge William Luyster and Constable Frank McGill took him in an automobile to the courthouse at Glen Cove, where the contents of two suit cases he had brought from New York were examined.

Dynamite Was Found.

One was found to contain three large sticks of dynamite and the other a large bottle of nitro-glycerin. There also were two large boxes of cartridges for his revolvers.

The prisoner, a tall, lanky man of the rawboned type, was extremely reticent at first, but afterwards was persuaded to talk, although he would not say much about himself.

Another version of the entrance of the intruder into the Morgan house is that he had no trouble in gaining admission. He went to the door and asked to see Mr. Morgan, saying he was an old friend. Word was taken to Mr. Morgan that someone wanted to see him.

The financier came out of his breakfast room into the main hall. Immediately the intruder shot at him. He had two revolvers and used them both.

Mr. Morgan, with his wife and daughters, went to their summer home in Glen Cove after the marriage recently of his son, Junius Spencer Morgan, in Boston.

Matinicock Point, where the Morgan home is located, is almost surrounded by water and is about two to three miles from the central part of the village of Glen Cove.

It was said the assailant was seen yesterday in the neighborhood of Mr. Morgan's home.

Cowan-Flinn.

Miss Lucy Catherine Barnett, of Opelika, announces the engagement of her niece, Mary London Cowan, to Mr. Charles Foster Flinn, of Tuscaloosa, the wedding to take place in August.

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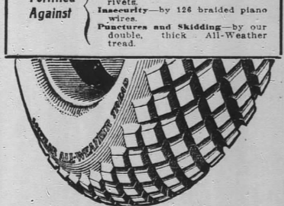

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IT MUST BE DONE QUICKLY.

Although there is no need for departure from a friendly attitude, speedy and somewhat emphatic representations to England with reference to her blockade of neutral European ports against American cargoes is now almost imperative.

Summarizing the situation in a brief card published today, C. B. Howard, of this city, a well-known cotton exporter, but recently back from a trip to Germany, where he saw that country, as well as England, under war conditions, shows both the absurdity and the danger to American interests in the British blockade, particularly in so far as it concerns the American cotton crop.

The absurdity of the proposition grows out of the fact that the blockade is ineffective as to Germany, so far as shipments from Norway and Sweden are concerned; and the further fact that Germany has no need of cotton for the purpose of manufacturing explosives, having already commandeered some 50,000 bales, or sufficient to last on this account for some years to come.

The danger to American interests grows out of the fact that it means a difference of five cents a pound or more to the producer of American cotton. England is well stocked with cotton, while Germany and Austria need it. Here is a market for 3,000,000 bales of the product, as Mr. Howard shows, to which England arbitrarily and illegally denies us entrance.

If this market remains closed it means 6 or 7 cent cotton; if opened it means 12 to 14 cents.

Are we silently to permit England to mulct us to the extent of half the value of the south's biggest money crop, and the second most valuable crop of the United States? Is it England's purpose to maintain this embargo, that she may buy our crop at half its true market value? There is, apparently, no other reason for it.

It is a situation we cannot tolerate. There is a remedy and we can apply it without rupture of friendly relations. England will not, cannot, afford to forego our friendship.

Diplomatic correspondence is, unfortunately, a slow process. Witness the case of our pending correspondence with Germany. In the meantime the new cotton crop will be ripe for the market within two to three months. When it is, we must have the markets of the world open to it. We cannot do it unless we get busy now.

If the matter is forcefully called to the attention of President Wilson we believe he will act, and act with a vigor and a determination that will bring the desired results.

"THE BITTER END."

Regardless of which of the great contending European powers they come from, comments upon the duration of the war, whether official or otherwise, always include in some form the statement that they propose to fight "to the bitter end."

The one great and impelling truth in this assertion is that the end will be a bitter one, no matter when it comes, whether tomorrow, in a month, in a year or several years. The beginning was bitter; the progress of it has spread bitterness throughout the civilized world, not only in millions of homes within the territory of the warring nations, but even to many individual citizens of neutral nations who have experienced losses of relatives or friends or property. The end may bring multiplied bitterness, but it would be difficult to imagine any great increase in the intensity of that already created.

Otherwise the assertion that the war will be fought "to the bitter end" is quite indefinite. The natural conclusion is that there is a long period of waiting and fighting and slaughter still ahead. The inclination is to construe it as meaning that the war will not terminate until exhaustion of men and money and munitions compels it; until one side or the other yields to the inevitable and lays down its arms.

Germany and Austria have, apparently, taken a fresh start and in the eastern war arena, at least, are recording new and remarkable victories. With the superior resources of the allies, it is impossible to conceive of an ultimate Teutonic victory over them.

Must the "bitter end" come only through absolute exhaustion of resources, when nations have filled innumerable millions of graves, wet with the tears of lonely women and orphaned children, and gaunt penury stalks unconquered and unconquerable? If so, the conflict has just begun and there are yet some years more of slaughter and devastation. Meanwhile the rest of the world can only look on in sorrow and deplore.

THE MATTER WITH RUSSIA.

The whole world is wondering at the disastrous failure of Russian arms. Having taken Lemberg and Przemysl, two almost impregnable Galician strongholds, in a series of as brilliant victories as are credited to Cossack daring anywhere in history, and following this with successful marches right into the Carpathian passes overlooking the plains of Hungary, they are now driven back beyond their own borders and hard put to it to defend Warsaw, in Russian Poland, which is the next objective of determined Teutonic assault.

What Russia won brilliantly in six months of strenuous fighting, she has lost ingloriously in two; and the world is asking, what is the matter with Russia?

When the war began it was boasted that Russia, with her possible army of 10,000,000 men, would wade right into Germany and Austria with Berlin and Vienna as their objective points. Their attainment was to be a matter of weeks or, at most, a few months. Desperate assaults followed upon Eastern Prussia and Austrian territory in Galicia. Germany, compelled to keep fully half her army on the western front to hold France and England in check, it seemed would be unable to cope with the Russian hordes.

And yet, with half her army thus occupied elsewhere, Germany, with Von Hindenberg on the north and Von Mackensen to the south, has driven Russia back into her own domains and threatens capture of her own strongholds.

What has become of the czar's proud boast that he would go to Berlin if it cost him his last "moujik?" The world sees the moujiks, the Russian common soldiery, in full retreat and is told in explanation that ammunition is short, well-nigh exhausted.

The explanation is probably true, in a measure, but must we not go deeper than that? Only a few days ago there was a vessel loaded to the water line with war supplies, ready to sail from Seattle to Vladivostok. The consignors, American manufacturers, waited and waited for settlement; it did not come. Finally, the cargo was withdrawn and unloaded because of Russia's failure to pay the bill.

Back of the lack of ammunition then, it would seem there is the more serious problem of a lack of money, which means inability to procure not only ammunition but other supplies which are essential to the maintenance of armies and the preservation of their fighting strength.

Of men, money and munitions, the three essentials of a properly conducted war, Russia apparently is lacking in two of them, without which men, even in millions, can do practically nothing but make food for shrapnel. The Russian hordes, illy equipped if not badly generaled, have marched up the hill but to march down again, a greater disappointment to their allies than to neutral onlookers.

It makes us speculate on what Germany, unhampered by other adversaries, would have done to Russia singlehanded. The Teutonic invasion could scarcely have been checked short of St. Petersburg and Moscow.

England and France, undoubtedly, must come to the rescue of their ally, if they expect her to keep Germany and Austria sufficiently busy on the eastern border to enable them to make progress in the western battle zone. It is a question alone, apparently, of money. To its magic touch war munitions will respond; without it Russia might almost as well quit the game. As heavy a tax as it must prove to the allied nations of the west, they must pay the bill or accept the consequences.

There is little credence to be placed in the report that Russia is planning a separate peace with Austria; the evidence is all against it and she could not afford it at this stage of the game. It is money Russia needs and she needs it badly. Cash and defeat are the horns of the dilemma. Will her allies in the west come across?

RAILROAD CROSSINGS.

With the increased and rapidly increasing use of the public highways, there is a growing desire everywhere to abolish the railroad crossing at grade. With the more general use of the automobile, accidents at grade crossings are becoming more frequent. The only reason more of the grade crossings have not been done away with before now is that large expense is involved, and there is natural difference of opinion as to how this expense should be met.

Senator John D. Walker, of the twentieth, in the senate, and Representative Walter P. Andrews, of Fulton, in the house, have introduced a bill identical in terms in each body, which seems in many respects to meet the requirements of the grade crossing problem by putting the solution of it, both as to what crossings of this character shall be abolished and how the expense shall be met in the discretion and judgment of the railroad commission.

In the first place, this bill provides, and very properly so, that whenever a new railroad is built across an established public road it shall be constructed either above or below the road; and, likewise, whenever a new public road is laid out across an existing railroad, it shall cross either overhead or by underpass. In the first instance the expense naturally falls upon the railroad; in the latter case, upon the county or municipality.

The foregoing provision takes care only of future construction. As to grade crossings already existing, it is provided that, either upon complaint of citizens or upon its own initiative, the railroad commission may investigate any such case and say from the evidence adduced whether or not the crossing in question should be abolished. If the commission decides the crossing at grade must be changed to overhead or underpass, it may then determine whether the railroad company should bear the entire expense, or what part of it should properly be borne by the county or municipality interested. It also gives the commission the right to limit the number of grade crossings which any one railroad company shall be required to abolish within a single year, in order that the burden of expense may be conveniently distributed.

The importance of terminating the grade crossing evil will not be questioned, but we can never do it without making a beginning. As a starting point a measure along these lines will no doubt appeal to all conservative interests as one that is fair and just. The removal of the grade crossing is an improvement in the interest of safety to life and limb, and is one which should be made as soon as possible, regardless of the expense. Where provision is made for a fair division of the cost no one has any right to complain.

If such a law as this is enacted we believe the railroad commission can be trusted to administer it fairly and impartially. The commission, as at present constituted, has given evidence of its fairness in dealing with other important problems, and there is no reason to believe that the people will make the mistake of replacing it with one any less inclined to do justice.

At best it is going to take a good many years to get rid of all the important grade crossings in the state, and the legislature would do well to provide for the beginning of the work during its present session.

HIGHER COST OF EDUCATION.

Investigations made by the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching indicate that the cost of higher education is on the increase; that the average tuition fee in the institution of higher learning almost the country over will show an increase this year or next of about $25.

Of the great eastern universities, Harvard leads, with an increase of from $150 to $200 for the year's tuition. Smaller increases have been made by other institutions such as Yale, Columbia, Princeton, Cornell, Williams, Vanderbilt and others throughout a long list, in which a number of the southern colleges and unversities are included as well as the great majority of those throughout the north and east.

Officials of the Carnegie foundation do not attribute the increase to the European war or business conditions in this country growing out of it, although one element is the natural tendency to increase the salaries of professors and tutors owing to the higher cost of living. The main explanation given, however, is that the increases are a natural consequence of the growth and development of American institutions of learning, and the feeling that college students have not been paying as large a proportion of the cost of their education as they should have paid.

It is true, also, that colleges and universities have not recently received donations of money for endowment to anything like the extent that prevailed even a few years ago. Business conditions and the growth of eleemosynary institutions of other sorts have undoubtedly had a withholding effect on much of the money that formerly went to higher education.

Possibly new conditions justify the increases in many instances, but it is always regrettable to see any further impediment, however slight, placed in the way of attaining an education.

So far as Georgia is concerned, there are no increased tuition fees chronicled in any of her higher educational institutions, nor is there reason to believe that any will be made, notwithstanding the fact that they are in as great or greater need than the more wealthy institutions of the north and east.

It is only natural that the antiquated policy maintained by Georgia of taxing endowments given to public institutions of this character should have a tendency to bring about just such increases as this. The Georgia legislature can render a material service in the cause of education by passing the pending bill to amend the constitution so as to exempt these endowments from the unjust and unreasonable tax tribute.

The way the Russians put it: "Lack of ammunition has again compelled us to retreat for strategic purposes."

War zone baseball must be popular with the Russians. They make so many home runs.

Don't let the exercise be too strenuous. For instance, so many managers of lawn mowers swear themselves into a fiery state.

It is hoped that those platforms the rival Mexican generals are making were not designed merely to run under when it rains.

The Dream of a Dream

By FRANK L. STANTON.

I.

LIFE, with its glory—shadow and gleam,
It is only a dream of a far, sweet Dream;
Hills of triumph, valleys of sighs,
Laugh o' the lips, or the rain o' the eyes;
Hopes and fears, kisses and tears,
Only the lights and the shadows of years!
Wonderful years, sweeter far than they seem
For the dream of a Dream.

II.

FROM heights of the lights in Life's loneliest nights;
From depths o' the dark where the soul fares and fights;
From fathomless seas where the Life-Ship is tossed
And the stars and sweet sounds of the home-bells are lost;
Sure through the sorrow and bright through the strife
Shines the dream, leading Life to the lilies of Life,
And no tears of the years dim the beauty supreme
Of the dream of a Dream.

III.

AND if only 'tis dreaming to think we shall meet
Once more with the Love that made life heaven-sweet
When the red thorns were wounding and keen blew the blast,
Let us live in that dreamlight and dream to the last!
Dream that Life shall meet Life where no storm ever mars
The music of morning, the voice of the stars,
And read, where the lights of Eternity stream,
Love's dream of a Dream.

WOMEN OFTEN INCONSIDERATE OF RIGHTS OF MERCHANTS

It is one of the first and most essential duties of a woman to appear to her best advantage at all times. Shopping and the careful selection of her clothes should be made a well regulated business by her. Everything is done to meet the demands of these women. The world of fashion exists for them.

To keep up with the fashions they have to keep an eye on the market furnished by the large dry goods stores of Atlanta.

They are the purchasers for themselves and their children; the dry goods store is to meet their demands, and their husbands, fathers, etc., are to pay the bills. Nobody has a right to question whether this woman or that one can afford to spend as much as she does, nor whether she should spend more than she does, because that is strictly personal, **but she should respect the rights of the market.**

The market has its rights—and one of them is to protect its wares.

The Rights.

Now, no matter how dainty a woman is, or how good a customer she is, and no matter how substantial, and how dark in color a fabric is, if it has been taken from the store as a purchase and worn even for a few minutes, it should not be sent back to the store, the lady having changed her mind about wanting it. She purchased it; the store delivered it to her; it was hers to wear, tear or do anything she pleased with it. But it is a violation of the rights of the store when the lady for some reason takes the garment back with the statement she has decided she does not wish it.

There is no law pertaining to this; the lady could not be arrested for such an offense; the store would not wish to go to that extreme, but when woman's indecision reaches that degree that from 10 to 15 per cent of goods and garments purchased in the shops of Atlanta one day are returned, sometimes not in good condition, the stores will have to assert their rights and protect their wares by some sort of rule coming under the head of economics as far as the store is concerned, and ethics as far as the woman is concerned.

Frequently a woman buys a garment hurriedly in a bad light. She takes it home, tries it on and finds it is not what she wishes. If she puts it carefully back in the box, returns it as soon as she can, no reputable department store will decline to take it back, nor will any store impose upon a customer in this direction.

Not long ago a lady purchased a jaunty little coat of some dainty becoming color and, after several days' time, returned it to the store, declaring she did not wish to keep it and wished to be credited for it on her bill!

The Responsibility.

The woman responsible for the condition of things in this particular department of the store found the coat not in good condition. There were creases in the arm that indicated it had been worn; the back of the coat had been rumpled as if sat upon, and altogether the garment had every appearance of having been worn. When this was explained to the lady who wore it, she protested. The manager of the store protested, the lady asserting she had not worn the coat. It was taken back, she refusing to receive it, and it was put in stock. The next day another lady came in, admired the coat, tried it on, and, as women will do, stuck her hand in one of the pockets. She pulled out a card case with a lady's card in it, a dollar bill and a ticket bearing the lady's husband's name. That same day the lady who said she had not worn the coat sent for the articles which were left in the pocket!

"Send me out several pretty waists," said a very excellent customer to the manager of a well-known department store last January. The waists, three in number, were sent out. They were winter waists, combining chiffon, lace and velvet, and ranged in price from $12.50 to $20.

The Habit.

The waists were never returned. In June the lady got her bill from the store. Among other items were the three waists. She had only selected one out of the number to keep, and the others—why she thought she had told the 'maid' to return them! They had been put in some closet and left there. When the lady returned the waists in June, the manager of the store tried to explain that they were not marketable now; that he thought she had purchased them, and that he could not take them back!

"Then I will not pay for them," remarked the lady. That is all of that story!

Social Chat.

Another incident described by the owner of the store was a lady standing at a counter where embroideries and laces were being shown, kept her hand on the materials and began talking with a friend who passed. She seemed just enough interested in the purchase to hold the service of the clerk. People crowded around the counter, but this particular clerk was waiting on the lady talking and could do nothing but stand there. Each lady told the other the trouble she was having with servants, what she might wear to the tea-dance that afternoon, etc. Finally the lady purchased in hurried fashion all the embroidery and lace she had been looking at, ordered it sent home and charged.

Weeks afterward she returned with a bundle, stating she could get no one to make the garments she desired; she had decided to buy them already made and had no use for the lace, embroidery, etc. Opening it, the clerk found much of it soiled and crushed. Comparing it with the original bill, it was found that yards had been cut from several pieces and that the original package was not "all there."

The clerk dared to remonstrate; the lady referred it to the floor walker; he in turn to the management, and there was an indignation meeting held which resulted in the lady declaring she would never enter the store again, though the manager did consent to take back his materials.

Unreasonable Women.

"But some women are always unreasonable," the kind-hearted will claim. That is true, but women can get into habits about shopping as well as other things. They go up town, many of them aimlessly. They go into the stores in quest of no particular object. They see something they like; inquire about it, and the clerk, whose business it is to make sales, discusses the merits of the wares.

"Well, send it home," says the lady, who knows the bill does not have to be paid that moment. Sometimes she has time to look at it that day, and sometimes not until many weeks afterwards. Then she decides to return the articles.

Not merely days and weeks, but months elapse, after the purchase of an article, when women return them; sometimes because they have forgotten to do so, or left it to servants, or just decided they did not want it.

The Rules.

The department stores of many of the larger cities are making rules through their associations. Before long Atlanta ladies who buy without thought or who change their minds too long after a purchase, will find that in every department store of Atlanta they will be met with every attention; all the time and service they desire while making the purchase, but with a well placarded statement that no goods once purchased can be returned after a certain length of time, for any reason. The time limit in many stores in the larger cities is four days. As was stated above, there is no desire to be unreasonable on the part of the market; a customer returning, unworn, a fabric or garment, the day after its purchase, for justifiable reasons, will always receive every consideration. It is to the reckless shoppers the rules will have to apply, and to those who are a little negligent about the ethics of wearing a thing before they return it.

With the market, it is a matter of economics—the economics that forces a store to increase its expenses 10 per cent in selling, bookkeeping, delivery, returning, checking, etc., of that 10 per cent of merchandise coming back; and the loss resulting from its unsalable condition.

If a store does $1,000,000 worth of business a year and 10 per cent of its goods are returned, that store is forced to sell that $100,000 worth of goods all over again. In time the public must pay in added cost on other merchandise, the loss the merchant stands in checking in and out, and reselling the wares representing the $100,000.

Tennessee Protests Against R. R. Monopoly Georgia Trade

(From The Knoxville Sentinel.)

With the Georgia legislature now in session, interest is being centered by local business men and especially those concerned in the development of commercial interests to Atlanta and the seaboard in bills which are pending before the Georgia solons which seek to amend the statutes of Georgia so as to prohibit the issuance of a charter to any railroad paralleling the Western and Atlantic. Or any road that would compete with or injure the business of the W. & A., the object being for the state to maintain control over the territory that is now entered by or transversed by this road, which is owned by Georgia. Especially is interest centered in these bills since during the recent session of the Tennessee legislature a bitter fight was waged on the issue of whether or not Tennessee should be given the power of eminent domain under which the city of Chattanooga could condemn the property of the state of Georgia in Chattanooga which is leased by the N., C. & St. L., for terminals.

Chattanooga has been fighting for a quarter of a century to have this property opened so that the heart of the city might be given better street facilities, but when the bill was up at Nashville the attorney general of Georgia and other Georgia officials fought the bills of the Hamilton county delegation to their death.

No sooner had the fight been concluded at Nashville against the state of Tennessee granting Chattanooga authority to open up this property after paying a reasonable and fair price for it, than the Georgia officials began a fight before their own legislature to prevent any railroad company building a line that would traverse the same territory or serve the same interests reached by the W. & A., which, as stated, is owned by Georgia. Knoxville business men who have been studying the situation are as keenly interested in this new move as were Chattanoogans in the effort to pass the Chattanooga bill in Tennessee. They argue that inasmuch as the Tennessee legislature went far enough to grant comity to Georgia to the end that her property in Tennessee might be protected against invasion by Chattanooga, that now Georgia might grant comity whereby Tennessee business men might be permitted to enter Atlanta by a line other than that owned by the state of Georgia. The W. & A. has long been a live issue in Georgia. It is now leased to the N., C. & St. L. This lease will soon expire. Governor Harris, the new chief executive, favors a new lease and for a long period. The question that arises is, will Georgia renew the lease with the N., C. & St. L., and simultaneously enact a law that will prohibit any railroad entering Atlanta from the east Tennessee territory? A number of lines have been projected. They are wanted because the business over the W. & A. is congested and a greater and more expansive outlet is wanted, and one that will respond to the great commercial demands.

Business men of east Tennessee regard as bordering on selfishness and narrowness a position that will prevent other railroads entering Georgia and will cause the state to dominate and control any competition that the W. & A. may have. Just what view the commercial bodies of east Tennessee will take of the situation is not known, but it is believed that some sort of movement will be started asking the Georgia solons to meet Tennessee half way and not seek to control not only her own interests in Georgia, but in Tennessee as well.

England Must Break Blockade Against Our Cotton to Germany-Austria

Editor Constitution: It is almost beyond comprehension to see the apparent lack of realization in the south of what Britain's blockade of the neutral ports will mean to us this fall. In some few quarters there even seems to be a disposition to uphold England's action in shutting our cotton out of Germany and Austria. This disposition, however, I feel quite sure is based upon an erroneous conception of the facts.

A blockade, to be legal, must be effective, and must apply to all neutral countries alike. Great Britain, therefore, is not blockading Germany legally, as she does not not, and cannot, maintain a blockade of the German Baltic ports, or even of Hamburg and Bremen, against the Scandinavian countries, but she does not allow American ships or products to go to these same German ports. Further, we have an undenied and undeniable right to ship cotton to neutral countries for forwarding to Germany and Austria, yet England does not allow it.

Germany and Austria spin annually over 2,500,000 bales of cotton, and Russia 500,000 to 750,000 of American cotton. Through England's action, therefore, our market for over three million bales is cut off. Italy now has about a year's supply; the Liverpool stock is about 1,000,000 bales in excess of the same time last year, and other foreign markets are unusually heavily stocked. We have an enormous carry-over in America with a new crop of probably thirteen or fourteen millions bales coming on the market in two months. A demand for over 3,000,000 bales removed means that the south will have to accept 6 or 7 cents per pound, whereas, with open markets, cotton would likely bring 12 or 14 cents. Bear in mind also that England secures the benefit of the lower prices, nor is it likely that she has overlooked this feature.

I am satisfied that the use of cotton for explosives, which has been played up so heavily, is enormously exaggerated. As an indication of this, when I reached Bremen, the big German cotton port, early last November, the stock of cotton there was not over 1,000 bales. The German government had captured 90,000 bales at Antwerp, and had put aside 40,000 or 50,000 as a reserve for explosives, and was preparing to sell the remainder to spinners. I was there when it was sold at auction. Germany has sufficient cotton to make explosives for years. Any cotton we may ship her now will not help her in a military way.

Eastern manufacturers and workmen have a fat thing making war munitions and I am glad of it; western farmers are getting high prices for their food products, and I am glad of it; but the south, as usual, is threatened with the "hot end" of it and asked to draw others' chestnuts out of the fire—and some people are willing to do it.

It is high time that we wake up to the situation, and our representatives and senators in congress and our state department should be memorialized by every southern legislature, chamber of commerce and business organization stating that we are behind the president in the pressure he is bringing upon Great Britain to have her remove her ruinous blockade.

C. B. HOWARD,
(Sec.-Treas. Southeastern Cotton Buyers' Association.)

DEAD TOWNS

By GEORGE FITCH,
Author of "At Good Old Siwash."

This is a great and growing country, but there are many dead towns in it.

A dead town is one in which the cemetery and the savings bank accounts do all the growing. It can be told readily by the way the citizens tell a stranger what time the next train leaves without waiting to be asked.

They know he is going to escape as soon as possible.

In a dead town the living citizens wear badges to keep the coroner from getting confused. The milk wagon whistles for the crossing, and the children cut dandelion greens in the main street. The paint salesmen go through on the fast train and the traveling men who stop there read the timetable for excitement in the hotel at night. The curfew blows at 6 p. m. to wake the people up for supper, and half the population is suffering from spider bites contracted while trying to break into the stores.

In a dead town crickets are arrested for disorderly conduct, and citizens rest up for a day after an exciting checker game. The town board makes owners of cows hang licenses on them when they run the streets, and the local improvement society meets all summer trying to decide whether the walk to the depot should have been kept free from snow last winter. However, a dead town has one advantage. It gets to see some high-class automobile racing free of charge. Tourists always put on speed when they hit the place in order to get through sooner.

In a dead town a theatrical troupe plays "East Lynne" once a year, and the two Lawyer Marks in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" still form the high-water mark of humor. Only a few citizens believe in aeroplanes and last year's magazines command a ready sale.

People live a long time in a dead town. This is because they use so little life. When they have not paid taxes for three years they are usually considered entirely dead.

Some towns are deceased because the railroad went some other way; some because each citizen is entirely interested in his own affairs; some because no one is interested in tango teas, joy rides, mixed drinks, bright lights and other forms of life. But some dead towns are as useful as live ones. Concord, Mass., never had a factory, but it produced more good literature than Chicago. Galena, Ill., hasn't yelled for fifty years, but U. S. Grant grew up there and imbibed enough ideas to solder a nation together. Let us not laugh too thunderously at the dead town.

A July Song.

I.

Rippled grain, like amber seas,
When plays a wandering July breeze
From dewy meadows over;
Comes a fresh and faint perfume
From fair wild flowers that blow and bloom
And blush with gay red clover.

II.

Glimmer through boughs and quivering vine
Bright broken beams of clear sunshine
In showers of molten sheen,
Flecking clear waters that, dancing, go
O'er pebbles and sands in rhythmic flow,
Where the ferns grow deep and green.

III.

Sails in the burnished July skies,
Cloud-fleets in gorgeous, glowing dyes,
Phantom-like come and go;
Iris and shell-pink, golden-rimmed,
'Gainst sullen and dark with tears o'er-brimmed,
Or purely-white as snow!

IV.

When raindrops fall, splashing and cool,
Bejeweling banks of stream and pool,
And the ripe leaves droop and gleam
In shining radiance, here and there,
Gemming the grasses, 'till everywhere
Seems but an enchanted dream.

V.

Happy birds chorus with one in song,
And waters sing as they dance along;
Sweet the elusive refrain
From meadows where gay red clovers bloom,
And shy wild flowers breathe out perfume,
And breezes ripple the grain.

—AUGUSTA WALL.

'Kill Me Now,' Cried Holt, 'I've Been In Hell Six Months'

HOLT IS SON-IN-LAW OF M. E. PREACHER

His Wife Is Daughter of Rev. O. F. Sensabaugh, of Dallas—Holt of German Descent and Sympathizes With Germany.

Dallas, Texas, July 3.—Frank Holt, of Dallas, who today shot and wounded J. P. Mrogan, was described tonight by his father-in-law, Rev. O. F. Sensabaugh, as a man who "thought deeply on the 'European war," and who was "opposed to all war and all strife."

The Rev. Mr. Sensabaugh is presiding elder of the Dallas district Methodist Episcopal church, south.

"He never advocated violence, however," said Mr. Sensabaugh. "Frank was born in Wisconsin. I cannot remember the name of the town. He was of German descent, and was closely associated with the German element at Cornell, and naturally his sympathies were with Germany, but above all, he desired peace."

Mr. Sensabaugh declared that "temporary insanity must have caused the deed."

"Frank has overworked himself fearfully this summer, preparing for his duties this fall," he said.

To Take Chair in University.

Holt was to become head of the romance department of French at the Southern Methodist university here, which opens its doors for the first time this fall.

Told that Holt had confessed to setting the bomb which wrecked a room in the national capitol last night, Mr. Sensabaugh exclaimed: "That can't be true."

"Oh, I begged him not to go to New York this summer," he added. "He has just overworked himself."

Mrs. Holt late today received the telegram from Glen Cove, which press dispatches said Holt had sent her.

None of Holt's family in Dallas would receive newspaper men, except Mr. Sensabaugh. Mrs. Holt and her two children, one 2 years old, and the other only 8 months, spent the afternoon secluded in Mr. Sensabaugh's home, where they have been residing pending the arrival here of Holt.

Hopeful May Not Be Son-in-Law.

Mr. Sensabaugh tonight still expressed the hope that it might not be his son-in-law who shot Mr. Morgan.

"Frank has not answered any of my telegrams," he said, adding that the telegram to Mrs. Holt "might be the work of some one else."

Mr. Sensabaugh said that Mrs. Holt, his daughter, has been in Dallas eight weeks. He refused to permit newspaper men to see her.

A letter postmarked New York was received this morning by Mrs. Holt. Mr. Sensabaugh said there was nothing in the letter to indicate that Holt intended to attack Mr. Morgan.

"He has been a perfect gentleman in the ten years he has been married to my daughter," said Mr. Sensabaugh, "and if he really did such a thing there can be only one reason. He must be ——." Here he paused.

"It must be mental aberration," was suggested.

"It could be nothing else," said Mr. Sensabaugh, "if it is my son-in-law."

Mr. Sensabaugh declined to give details as to his son-in-law's life. Asked if Mrs. Holt had been told, he replied "I can't discuss my daughter now."

Mr. Sensabaugh said that Holt has never lived in Dallas, but attended Polytechnic college at Fort Worth as a student-tutor, coming there from Mexico City. He met his wife while at college at Fort Worth and they were married in Amarillo in 1910, where Mr. Sensbaugh was then stationed. Holt speaks French, Spanish, Italian, German and Russian and has studied in Berlin, Paris and Mexico City, Mr. Sensabaugh said.

Taught at Vanderbilt.

Nashville, Tenn., July 3.—Frank Holt was engaged at Vanderbilt university one year as instructor in romance languages. He taught French for the session of 1911-12. He left Vanderbilt at the conclusion of his engagement and professors at Vanderbilt who were associated with him were unable to recall today where he went from there. Holt came to Vanderbilt from the University of Oklahoma, about the time that the faculty at the latter institution was disbanded. His former acquaintances at Vanderbilt today recalled that he was regarded as peculiar in his thinking and that sometimes his actions caused comment.

Holt at Cornell.

Ithaca, N. Y., July 3.—Frank Holt is not in Ithaca, and was believed here to be in New York city. He came to Cornell from a university in West Virginia. He is of German descent, but not birth, it is stated.

According to the Cornell German department, Holt had been here three years as student and instructor.

It is believed by the department that overstudy may have caused him to become demented.

Taught in Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Texas, July 3.—Professor Frank Holt taught French and German in Polytechnic college, a Methodist institution of Fort Worth, for about two years. He came here from Mexico in 1908.

MAN WHO SHOT MORGAN ALSO PLACED BOMB

Continued From Page One.

hollow of one of the sticks which Holt had scooped out with his pen knife: a bottle of sulphuric acid in the neck of which there was inserted a cork carefully measured and of a kind previously tested—such was the bomb which Holt placed in the senate wing of the capitol at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Holt had ascertained by tests that the acid would eat its way through the cork in about eight hours. Therefore, he estimated that the bomb would explode about midnight. He wanted to make certain, he said, that it would explode, so he took a stroll about Washington and early in the evening went to the Union station, several blocks away from the capitol, and waited there until he heard the explosion.

Then he boarded a train to New York. Arriving there he lost little time in taking another train for Glen Cove. Several sticks of the dynamite, left over from the making of the Washington bomb, were in his suit case, and these he took with him.

One of the sticks he placed in his pocket, with two loaded revolvers, for use, if necessary, in his mission at the Morgan home. It was not used, and was found when he was locked up.

At first the police thought the dynamite played a minor role in his plan to assassinate Mr. Morgan. When they listened, in undisguised amazement, to the story he told of the Washington bomb's construction, they concluded that he possessed a knowledge of explosives far beyond that of the ordinary bombmaker.

THIRD DEGREE MADE HIM TALK.

Under the third degree Holt talked freely of his bomb designing. Without much persuasion he had openly admitted earlier in the day that he had gone to the Morgan home with the intention of remaining there until Mr. Morgan did something to end the European war. He wanted Mr. Morgan to prevent the further export of American made war munitions.

The man who unfolded this unusual story of bomb-placing and attempted assassination talked coolly and with dramatic frankness. He is an American citizen, native born, about 35 years old and educated far above the average. He had been a student at Cornell, he said, and later an instructor there in French. Records show he taught German instead. Next autumn he had expected to be the head of the department of French at the Southwestern Methodist universiay at Dallas, Texas.

His wife, a daughter of O. F. Sensabaugh, presiding elder of the Dallas district of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is with her father in Dallas. To her he addressed a telegram after his arrest, telling her that man proposed, but God disposed, and bidding her to be brave.

Holt told his story in a cell of the Glencove jail. He had bound across his forehead a white cloth, through which blood showed from a cut on his forehead. His grayish eyes sparkled as he spoke, and he talked at first with great animation.

HE WEAKENED UNDER ORDEAL.

As the day wore on he weakened. The amount of blood he had lost from a terrific blow on the head—a blow that knocked him unconscious as he grappled with Mr. Morgan and his butler in the Morgan home—was great, and the strain told on him.

When night came, and with it his confession of the Washington outrage, Holt was a wreck. He huddled back in a corner of his cell, breathing hard and apparently comatose. However, detectives refused to let him rest. They dragged him out to the corridor, and walked him up and down until his stumbling feet dragged listlessly.

Then they would let him sit down, and surround him. They hurled questions at him so rapidly that at times his half-audible replies were interrupted by succeeding inquiries. Still he refused to answer those questions that he did not want to.

They let him rest a few moments and when he refused to answer, pulled him up and began once more the tedious promenade, talking to him all the time.

After two hours of such treatment, Holt wilted and replied wearily to the questions. Apparently he was close to exhaustion and the wound over his eye was bothering him.

HE PURCHASED TRICK MATCHES.

His story was that he left Jersey City yesterday morning, arrived in Washington at noon and went to a house on Delaware avenue and C street, where he rented a room. Before taking the ferry from New York to Jersey City he purchased a supply of so-called trick matches which he took with him.

These matches, Holt explained, were of the kind that exploded or "popped" after they were lighted. The popping of the matches, he explained, furnished the concussion which exploded the dynamite.

Holt said that he left the house where he rented a room, taking the dynamite with him and walked around the capitol grounds. He then walked up the steps to the main entrance of the capitol and strolled around through the corridors. He spent about half an hour in the building, he added, looking for a spot to place his bomb where its explosion would not injure any one or cause great damage to the building.

"I didn't want to hurt anybody," he said. "I just wanted to call the attention of the nation to the terrible murders being committed in Europe. And I didn't want to damage the capitol any more than was necessary."

HE PLACED BOMB AND WALKED AWAY.

After placing the bomb Holt walked away. He went back to his room, he said, and to the union station. He walked about the streets for a while, then decided to write to the newspapers and the president explaining why he had set the bomb.

He did this, he said, before the bomb exploded and mailed the letters during the early evening. At this point he refused to tell more.

"Didn't you have an accomplice?" he was asked.

"No," he muttered weakly. "None whatever. I did the whole thing myself. I planned it. I executed it, nobody knowing about it but myself."

"Didn't you have an accomplice in the setting of the bomb at Washington?" the detectives persisted.

"I tell you," he replied, "I didn't. Neither at Washington nor Glen Cove."

"Where did you buy the dynamite?"

There was no answer. The detectives caught his arm, dragged him to an upright position and renewed their walk.

It was learned that Mrs. Morgan was a witness to the attempt to assassinate her husband, and that Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, also saw the entire occurrence.

Mrs. Morgan, it was said, ran toward the would-be assassin as if to ward off the attack on her husband.

HOLT BOUND WITH ROPES.

The blow which ended Holt's struggle in the Morgan home knocked him senseless. Before he had recovered consciousness, servants bound him with ropes. Holt was bleeding profusely when the police arrived. A few minutes before that he recovered his senses and looked up at the butler.

"Kill me now, please," he said. "You might as well do it, and end my suffering. For six months I have lived in hell. I could not rest because of the frightful murders in Europe."

At police headquarters Holt was interrogated about this statement.

"Do you think you are crazy?" he was asked.

"I don't know," he replied. "Sometimes I do; sometimes I don't. I have been trying for six months to convince myself of one of two things, either that I am crazy or that I am not. And I haven't been able to settle the question yet."

Holt was asked where he had lived before going to Ithaca. His memory seemed to fail him here. After a long pause he replied that he used to live in Milwaukee.

"Is that where you got your foreign accent?" he was asked. He did not reply.

Holt became so weak toward midnight that it was decided to let him rest in his cell until tomorrow when the examination will be resumed.

Unique Missile of Terror.

In a statement to Justice Luyster and Thomas Tunney, head of the bomb squad of the detective bureau, Holt confessed setting the bomb and described it. As a missile of terror it was said to be unique in the annals of the New York police department.

"I made this bomb," Holt is quoted as having said in his confession," with three sticks of dynamite, some match heads and a bottle of sulphuric acid."

"Pretty slick," commented Tunney. "I don't see how you did it."

"Well, you see," Holt answered, "I had experimented on it before. Not once, you know, but many times. I knew just what I was doing and just how to do it. I really didn't take any chances, for all my observations had been checked up, and I knew when the bomb would go off, almost to the minute. I knew how much time I had, so I hung around while the acid was eating its way through the cork. I pulled out my watch and said to myself that it ought to be going pretty soon. And sure enough it did go pretty soon. Then I hurried away."

Holt's confession of the capitol outrage came fast on the heels of his denial to newspaper men, of the same charge.

"Don't you know anything about this?" they asked him.

"No, I don't," he asserted. "I wasn't in Washington yesterday at all. I was in New York. I had my breakfast and luncheon at the Mills hotel at Thirty-sixth street and Seventh avenue, so you see I couldn't have been in Washington."

"What were you doing all day?"

Walking Around Streets.

"I was walking around the streets in New York, trying to make up my mind to come out here today and do my duty. That was all. I was thinking it over."

When Holt was told that the Mills hotel clerks had not recalled seeing him there yesterday, he still stuck to his story.

"It does look strange, doesn't it," he asked, after reading the Washington story for the second time. "It seems that the man who did that thought about like I did, too, doesn't it? It was rather odd that he used almost the same words as I did. I can't explain it."

When the newspaper reporters left, Justice Luyster and Captain Tunney began to question him. They soon obtained his confession, they asserted.

Captain Tunney intimated that so-called third degree methods were employed when Holt denied the charge, and Justice Luyster said:

"We had to go after him good and strong before he would tell us what he knew."

Strolled About Washington.

According to Holt's confession, he went to Washington from New York yesterday, arriving there about noon. He went to the capitol and set the bomb at 4 o'clock. He had timed the blast at midnight. After setting the explosive he strolled about Washington for several hours. In the evening he went to the Union station, a few blocks from the capitol, and waited for the noise of the explosion.

"I had two or three sticks of dynamite left over that I didn't need on the Washington job," he explained, "so I brought them along to Glencove and intended to use them there if I had to."

"Why did you want to blow up the capitol?" Captain Tunney asked.

"Well," Holt replied, "I thought that was a good way to bring the attention of the American people to the terrible murders being committed in Europe. But what do you want to ask me that for? I explained the whole thing in my letter to the editor of The Washington Times. I understand my letter was printed today. Well, my reasons are all in that letter."

Listened With Amazement.

Captain Tunney and Justice Luyster listened with amazement to the recital. They had remarked that no percussion caps were found with the dynamite in his suit case, or with the stock that was found on the lawn of the Morgan estate—apparently the stick that he had carried in his pocket into the Morgan house and thrown away when the police hurried him to the automobile—and they considered that the dynamite played only a minor role in his plans. Dynamiters almost invariably use a percussion cap, Captain Tunney said.

With Holt's assertion that he was familiar with one of the rarest methods of exploding dynamite, a method which Captain Tunney said was used so seldom as to be almost unknown, the impression was strengthened that the prisoner was gifted with knowledge far beyond what he had seen fit to display in earlier questioning. So they went through his pockets again to determine if they had overlooked anything, and found a scrap of paper on which were written the names of Junius Spencer (Mr. Morgan's eldest son is named Junius Spencer Morgan), Jane Norton Drew, Francis Tracy and Henry Sturgis. Immediately below the name of Junius Spencer was written "Camp Uncers, Hamilton County, New York.

"There is not much doubt in my mind," said Justice Luyster "that the writing on this paper fitted in with Holt's plans to end the European war. Whether he determined to try his pistol and dynamite methods on the persons whose names are on the paper is something which we have not determined."

BOMB IN CAPITOL PLACED AS PROTEST.

Washington, July 3.—The public reception room in the senate wing of the capitol of the United States was wrecked just before last midnight by an explosion probably caused by a bomb or an infernal machine. No one was injured, and today there was only one clue, a letter received by The Washington Times, an evening newspaper here, bearing a postmark timed before the explosion, announcing that it would take place.

Waited for Opportunity.

The letter, although written June 1, was mailed last night at 10 o'clock, nearly two hours before the explosion. It was signed "R. Pearce," was typewritten and indicated that the writer had been waiting for some time for an opportunity to carry out his plan, which, he said, would be "the exclamation point of his career."

The letter was at once turned over to the police. Only one man of that name is in the Washington city directory. A search was begun for him.

Officials, at first inclined to believe the explosion was caused by spontaneous combustion or escaping gas, abandoned that line of investigation and proceeded on the theory that the explosive was planted by a crank seeking to create a sensation or some foreign sympathizer seeking to register his disapproval of the policies of the United States government.

Professor Charles Monroe, an expert on high explosives from the federal bureau of mines, began an investigation with Superintendent Elliott Woods, of the capitol building, himself a scientist.

Both officials spent the early part of the day in the laboratory of Mr. Woods, declining to see inquirers or make any announcements.

Against Exports of Arms.

The letter was a rambling argument against exports of war munitions to Europe.

"By the way," said the writer at the outset of his argument, "don't blame this on the Germans or on Bryan. I am an old-fashioned American with a conscience, if it is not a sin to have a conscience. . . . Let each nation make her own man-killing machines. Sorry I had to use explosives. (For the last time, I trust). It is the export kind and ought to make enough noise to be heard above the voices that clamor for war and blood money. This explosion is the exclamation point to my appeal for peace." He closed his letter with a proposal for a referendum on the question of war exports, which he characterized "a colossal American crime."

Part of the letter was typewritten and part was written with a pen. The handwriting apparently was not that of an uneducated person.

Perpetrated by Crank.

A fragment of a chloride of silver dry cell was found in the capital grounds about one hundred feet from the source of the explosion. Professor Monroe said it might have been used to explode an infernal machine.

"The only theory I have of this affair," said Superintendent Woods, "is that it was perpetrated by some crank. There was no gas in the building to explode. There could have been no sewer gas explosion, for I explored the cellar and there was not the slightest trace of sewer gas."

M. D. Louthan, chief of the capitol police, said it would have been possible for a man to enter the capitol last night through a window. Only one policeman, George Gunn, was on guard in the senate wing.

"Ten minutes before the explosion Officer Gunn had been in the reception room," said Louthan, "and he had closed one of the windows because of a strong draft blowing through. The other window was open."

Piles of Shattered Plaster.

Piles of shattered plaster from the frescoed ceiling and walls, broken crystals from the big chandeliers, pieces of the immense mirror, glass from the windows and splintered woodwork littered the floor early today. Glass was broken and part of the panelling smashed in the door opening from the reception hall into the lobby running along the rear of the senate chamber. A heavy door opening into the vice president's room, but which had not been opened for many years, was blown partly open by the force of the concussion, and the door leading into the room of the sergeant-at-arms on the opposite side from that of the vice president was damaged.

The explosion was heard for many blocks away and guards in all parts of the capitol and excited persons from some distance came running to see what had happened.

While no one was injured, Watchman Jones, who was seated at the senate entrance door, almost immediately beneath the wrecked room, was almost lifted from his chair by the force of the explosion. Watchmen in the far end of the building, a long city block away, thought the dome of the capitol was falling in or that some equally great catastrophe had occurred, so great was the force of the concussion which caused the building to tremble.

Robinson W. Pierce, a machinist, the only R. Pearce the authorities could find, made a statement which convinced them he knew nothing of the letter.

Shot While at Breakfast

Attempt made to assassinate the New York financier by a man calling himself Frank Holt, who says he is a college professor. Holt claims that Morgan is responsible for continuance of the war because he is aiding in the export of munitions to the allies.

SECRET SERVICE MEN ARE GUARDING WILSON

Extra Precautions Taken as Result of Attack on Morgan.

Cornish, N. H., July 3.—Extra precautions were taken by secret service men today to guard President Wilson. The attack upon J. P. Morgan and the explosion of a bomb in the capitol in Washington served to make the president's guards particularly alert.

Eight secret service men are now on duty here and another is on his way to join them. While no particular fear is felt that an attack on the president might be attempted, it was thought best to take every possible precaution.

President Wilson heard with regret of the shooting of J. P. Morgan and of the bomb explosion in the capitol. He has known Mr. Morgan for some time and expressed pleasure tonight when told that attending physicians had said the financier's wounds were not expected to prove serious.

The president plans to spend Independence day very quietly.

Died of His Wounds.

Columbia, S. C., July 3.—Raleigh Boulware, rural policeman, who was one of nine men shot at Winnsboro, June 14, when Clyde Isenhour and others attempted to take from a sheriff's posse a negro prisoner about to be tried for assault upon a white woman, died of his wounds tonight at a Columbia hospital. Boulware's is the fourth death to result from the affray.

WILLING TO DIE TO END THE WAR

Declares Morgan's Assailant—Holt Says He Is of German Descent and Holds Morgan Responsible for War.

Glen Cove, N. Y., July 3.—Mr. Morgan's assailant is declared by officials at the courthouse here where he was taken, to have said he was of German descent and that he was willing to give up his life at any time to end the war. It was added that he declared Mr. Morgan was responsible for the war and for the shipments of arms abroad, and that he could stop the conflict if he wished.

Says He Is a Christian.

Justice of the Peace Luyster questioned the prisoner.

"I am a Christian gentleman," was the only reply the man would give when pressed for his name. He declined also to say where he came from. As to his reasons for shooting Mr. Morgan, however, he was more communicative.

He told the justice that he had no quarrel with Mr. Morgan personally, but felt the time had come for the war to end. It was becoming more and more unbearable, he said, and it was his firm belief that he should go to Mr. Morgan and ask him to end it. This he knew Mr. Morgan could accomplish because of his great influence.

"I wanted to see Mr. Morgan and to reason with him," the man said. "I have nothing against him."

The assailant was cut over the eye by the blow with the coal hod, and had been bleeding freely. He also was limping as the result of his encounter with the Morgan servants.

Statement By Prisoner.

A statement prepared by the prisoner and addressed to William E. Luyster, the justice of the peace, was signed "F. Holt, Dallas, Texas, and Ithaca." The statement reads:

"My motive in coming here was to try to force Mr. Morgan to use his influence with the manufacturers of munitions in the United States and with the millionaires who are financing the war loans to have an embargo put on shipments of war munitions so as to relieve the American people from complicity in the death of thousands of our European brothers.

"If Germany should be able to buy munitions here, we would, of course, positively refuse to sell to her. The reason that the American people have not as yet stopped the shipments, seems to be that we are getting rich out of this traffic; but do we not get enough prosperity out of non-contraband shipments and would it not be better for us to make what money we can without causing the slaughter of thousands of Europeans?

"I am very sorry that I had to cause the Morgan family this unpleasantness, but I believe if Mr. Morgan would put his shoulder to the wheel he could accomplish what I have endeavored to. Of course, I did not want to injure Mr. Morgan, as I wanted him to do the work I could not do. I hope that he will do his share anyhow. We must stop our participation in the killing of Europeans and God will take care of the rest."

SUMMER TRAVEL TO PANAMA EXPOSITION

A conservative estimate is that at least three-quarters of a million persons will visit California from the Rockies and east, during the entire exposition period. To transport that number requires 6,000 trains of 125 persons each, or an average of about 21 trains a day. The various trans-continental lines can handle that much business, on schedule and comfort.

The summer rush of "See-America-first" travelers to the Panama Expositions has begun. The Santa Fe, for example, found it necessary to put on a second solid California Limited every day during April, May, June and July, by way of Grand Canyon. A third California Limited has also been run on certain days, as needed, besides the four other regular daily trains on this line to the coast. And they are all running full.

The Santa Fe also reports a large number of special excursion trains and special car parties during June, July and August.

The tendency is to go west one way and come back another, so as to see as much of the Far West as possible.

Just now the crowd mainly is composed of school teachers, business men and their families, from cities and towns. The farming class mostly will wait until fall before starting.—(adv.)

Clothes for the "Fourth" and Other Vacations

Stylish and comfortable wearables to help you to make your holiday successful.

Proper suits for town or country, including a specialized assortment of sports apparel for summer smartness and comfort.

Palm Beach, New White Suits of Belgium Mummy Cloth, Mohair Suits, Crash Suits, Silk Suits, Blue Serge with White Flannel Trousers for attractive variety—with a convenient price range of

$8.50, $10, $15 to $30

Store Closes Monday at Noon—Observing Fourth of July

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.

—and, Son, Just One More Word

LIKE all red-blooded men you have a natural desire for stimulants. At times, you will actually feel the need of them.

I am fifty-five years young and all my life I have drunk beer—temperately. That fact is largely responsible for my present rugged constitution.

I want you to pattern after me. Whenever you feel the need of a glass of beer, drink it. It's the drink of real temperance. Those people you meet up with in life who tell you total abstinence is temperance are deceiving themselves.

You, like all good men, have a perfect right to drink beer moderately. In the ranks of the men who confine their drinking to mild, healthful beer, you will find the best definition of real temperance.

—Advertisement

Eastman Prepares Big Time For Press Meet Next Week

Largest Gathering in History of Association Is Expected on Monday, July 12.

Eastman, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The probabilities are that the meeting of the Georgia Weekly Press association, to be held in this city on July 12, 13 and 14, will be the most largely attended of any in the history of the association and that Eastman will have a royal welcome for all who come, goes without saying. Never has any convention of the association and the place of meeting caused so much comment in advance among the brethren of the press, and the people of Eastman appreciate the compliment to the progressive city that is thus implied.

Nothing will be left undone to make every one of the visitors feel that each is the subject of especial favor and to make them remember their visit to Eastman as one of the most enjoyable occasions of their lives.

At a meeting held at the home of Mrs. E. W. Bulloch, of the committee of civics and health of the Woman's club, active work was planned for improving the civic condition of the city and getting every part of the city in readiness to receive and entertain the members of the press association.

Town Put in Order.

Eastman is anxious to have in the best condition possible every section of the city. To this end the 5th, 6th and 7th of July have been set apart as Clean-Up day by a proclamation of the mayor and council, and the remainder of the week will be devoted to removing rubbish and putting on the finishing touches. To co-operate with the civic committee, a number of ladies of each ward have been asked to investigate all conditions of their ward and to assist in anyway possible in the work.

At a meeting of the executive committee for the entertainment of the press association, a program, embracing the local features of the association's meeting here, was arranged, as follows:

Monday afternoon, ball game and moving pictures; Monday evening, invocation, Rev. W. E. Towson; addresses of welcome on behalf of the city, by Colonel J. H. Milner, city attorney; on behalf of the press, Editor C. M. Melvin, editor Times-Journal; on behalf of the Eastman Commercial club, Colonel D. D. Smith; on behalf of the Eastman Chamber of Commerce, by the president, W. L. Jessup; on behalf of the Women's club of the city, Mrs. T. H. Edwards; song, Miss Ruth Oppenheim, of Atlanta; reading, Miss Mary Edwards.

Trip to Helena.

Tuesday noon, trip to Helena and McRae with fish and basket dinner by those cities, returning via Jaybird Springs. The above features will be incorporated by President McCutcheon, of the association, in the official program, he having very kindly offered to make his program conform to any arrangements perfected by the local committees.

A business session will be held on Monday night and other sessions will be held Tuesday and Wednesday morning, leaving the balance of the time to be taken up in the entertainment of our visitors.

The press party will leave Wednesday at 12:45 for Brunswick and St. Simons.

B. LEE SMITH JOINS V.-L.-S.-E. ORGANIZATION

Motion pictures has taken another newspaper man into the fold.

B. Lee Smith, who has been actively engaged in the newspaper field for the past thirty years, has accepted a position with the Vitagraph-Lubin-Selig-Essanay, Inc., combination and assumes his new duties Monday.

W. C. Brandon, one of the most popular men in the motion picture game in Atlanta, was selected as the head of the southern branch of the great combination when it was formed, and it was through his influence that Mr. Smith was induced to forsake his chosen profession and enter a new field.

"I have been intensely interested in the motion picture business for a number of years, and have given considerable time and study to the business," said Mr. Smith, "and when the opportunity came to connect, I accepted and will be with Mr. Brandon in Atlanta. I have had many opportunities to engage in the business outside of Atlanta, but, you know what Atlanta means to the native who is filled with the Atlanta spirit. I just would not. As it is, I have just what I want right here at home."

Mr. Smith is one of the best known and most popular newspaper men in the south, and in his new calling he has the best wishes of a large circle of friends.

CHAUTAUQUA TO OPEN AT JEFFERSON TODAY

Jefferson, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Jefferson's boosters' chautauqua begins tomorrow with a sermon delivered by Dr. J. W. Frizzell, of Washington, D. C., and continues through Wednesday.

The committee in charge has secured some of the ablest men in the state and adjoining states, who will address the people each morning on their special subjects, which will be free. In the afternoon and night they have secured through the Ratcliff Chautauqua association some of their best attractions, which will charge nominal rates.

The speakers and other attractions coming will doubtless draw large crowds. The "Boosters' day," on Wednesday, when more than fifty floats will head a parade, will be specially interesting.

Write or Call For Samples of Engraved WeddingStationery

Your wedding is the most important event in your life. Naturally, you want the best engraved invitations or announcements. If you cannot have the best quality and most correct style, it would be better not to have any kind.

We employ only the most expert copper plate engravers and use the highest grade of stock. Our work marks the user as "correct."

100 Script engraved invitations, complete with double envelopes, $10.50; each additional hundred complete, $4.15.

100 Script engraved calling cards, $1.50.

Write also for 160-page illustrated catalogue.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Atlanta Retail Merchants Association TRUE VALUES

Society Engravers

31 Whitehall St.

Established 1887

GOTTSCHALK SINGS AT ORGAN CONCERT THIS AFTERNOON

Robert Gottschalk, a grandson of the great composer of the same name, and who is himself a musician and singer of note, will be the soloist at the free concert this afternoon at the Auditorium-Armory.

Mr. Gottschalk has a tenor voice of extraordinary range and beauty, and has won the highest commendation from musical critics in New York, New Orleans and other cities where he has appeared in oratorio and concert.

He will sing the following numbers at the concert here:

"Le Reve de Des Grieux," from Massenet's "Manon."
"Donna Vorei Morir," by Tosti.
"'Tis All I Ask," by Campbell-Tipton.
"Plaisir d'Amour," by Martini.
"Il Neige," by Bemberg.
"Slumber Song," by Gretchaninow.

Dr. Edwin Arthur Kraft's numbers on the great organ will include a symphonique fantasie by Rosetter G. Cole, a passage from Tschaikowsky's fifth symphony, the overture to "The Merry Wives of Windsor," and Gounod's "Funeral March of a Marionette."

CAPITOL GOSSIP

Governor Visits Home.

Governor Nat E. Harris spent Saturday in Macon, returning to Atlanta last night. This is his first trip home since his inauguration as governor. He was welcomed and congratulated by hundreds of his friends there.

Governor Harris will spend Sunday in Atlanta and will leave early Monday morning by automobile for Rome, where he will speak at the Dixie highway rally.

Conference on Care of Children.

Judge W. W. Tindall, of the Fulton county children's court, has held a conference with Representative Yoemans, of Terrell, on the necessity of having enacted the bill which Mr. Yeomans has introduced in the house providing for the establishment and maintenance of a home for orphans, destitute or neglected children.

Judge Tindall has had a great deal of experience with wayward children in the juvenile court, and Mr. Yeomans has had much similar experience as prosecuting and defending attorney. Both are agreed that crime is reduced in direct ratio to the growth of general education, and will urge the passage of the bill as a means not only of helping the children, but also as a means of reducing the percentage of crime in the state.

New Post for Williams.

It is probable that in the near future Governor Harris will appoint his warrant clerk, Colonel Eb T. Williams, to another position, and the work of the warrant clerk's office will be divided between Executive Secretary Raymond Stapleton and Record Clerk C. A. West.

It is understood that the governor has not yet decided what will be the nature of Colonel Williams' new work.

Cut Out Claim Agents.

The state railroad commission, announces Chairman C. M. Candler, has decided in the future to deal directly with shippers and consignees in the settlement of overcharge complaints against common carriers.

In the past, it is said, many professional claim agents have made it a business of soliciting claims against railroads and collecting them upon a fifty per cent basis. Some of these claims, it is said, have been as much as ten years old.

Return Same Year.

Senators C. A. Ward, of the fifth, and L. R. Akin, of the fourth, are sitting side by side again in the senate. In the session of 1909-10 these two senators sat beside one another, then both left the senate, only to return this year.

Fond of This Verse.

Senator John D. Walker, of the thirteenth, is a strong supporter of the new tax equalization law. He voted against amendments which were being considered in the committee Thursday, and he believes that the law will prove to be a boon to the taxpayers. But Senotor Walker is fond of quoting a little piece of poetry, if it may be called such, which one of his constituents sang to him:

"The hard-luck story
Of the man whose mule went dead
And his horse went lame
And he lost his cow in a poker game;
Then a cyclone came on a summer day
And blew his only house away;
And an earthquake next swallowed the ground
Upon which his house stood on;
Then a tax equalizer, he came around
And charged him up with the hole in the ground."

Busy on Auto Law.

One of the few legislators remaining in Atlanta after adjournment Saturday was Representative Andrews, of Fulton. He was busy at the capitol studying the details of a proposed law for automobiles in the state. He expects to introduce the bill soon.

Representative Andrews has been invited to speak at the good roads meeting and barbecue in Rome, Ga., Monday, when he will explain the purpose and work of his state highway commission bill. Mr. Andrews has been a very busy member of the legislature this year. He has just completed some hard work on his Andrews resolution which was passed to instruct a committee to urge President Wilson to lift the embargo on cotton shipped to neutral ports. Mr. Andrews wrote almost the entire letter which was mailed to the president Friday.

CHATTOOGA WILL VOTE ON GOOD ROADS BONDS

Lyerly, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The question as to whether or not bonds to the amount of $150,000 are to be issued for the purpose of building and maintenance of good roads in Chattooga county will be settled by the voters on Saturday, August 14. The board of county commissioners, at a called session this week, being presented with petitions signed by the majority of the voters of the county, called the election.

The purpose of the bonds are for the building of first-class highways through all parts of the county and a part of the amount will be used to complete the Chattooga link of the Dixie highway. However, this does not mean that should the bond issue fall down that Chattooga would not build her link in the Dixie highway, as private subscriptions would complete the Chattooga link of this highway. The main intention of the bond issue is to put all roads in the county in the best of shape for twelve-months-in-the-year travel.

FOUR-LEGGED CHICKEN EXHIBITED AT ROYSTON

Royston, Ga., June 3.—(Special.)—Dr. George T. Ridgway has been exhibiting free of charge a four-legged chicken which he brought in from the home of John Sandy Jordan. This is the first four-legged chick seen here, and the legs were put there by nature, too, not merely sown on with threads like some in shows.

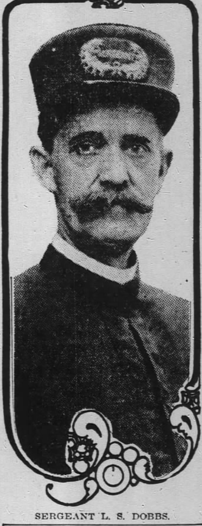
DR. BURNS TO PREACH AT CENTRAL CHURCH

Rev. H. F. Burns, of Oshkosh, Wis., will preach at the Central Congregational church this morning at the regular hour. The public is cordially invited.

POLICE PERSONALS

BY TILLOU FORBES

Sergeant L. S. Dobbs, one of the most popular police officers of the Atlanta force, has received a distinct honor in an appointment by his superior officers as sergeant of the mounted police force, being transferred from sergeant of police of the morning watch of the north side of the city. This appointment of Sergeant Dobbs as head of the mounted squad is a recognition of merit.



SERGEANT L. S. DOBBS.

The funeral of Uncle Jack Tippens, patrolman formerly stationed at Oakland cemetery on the evening watch, and one of the most beloved members of the force, will be held this morning at 11 o'clock from the residence, No. 16 Tifton street. Uncle Jack, as he was affectionately known among his fellow officers, died at Grady hospital Thursday, just thirty minutes after the police board, which was in session that evening, had granted him a life pension at half pay.

The following members of the police department are requested to act as pallbearers:

Sergeant G. T. Butler, Sergeant W. P. Reed, Patrolman Byron Benson, Patrolman G. T. Mann, Patrolman B. C. Covington and Patrolman J. M. Tuggle.

All members of the force who can do so are invited to attend the funeral.

The interment will be in West View.

Call Officer Tom Watson, who was formerly on the day watch, has been transferred to the evening watch, and stationed at headquarters. He is a partner of Call Officer Lon W. Evans.

Call Officer and Mrs. J. G. Arnold announce the birth of a son. Officer Arnold is now working on the day watch.

The following named policemen have been granted life pensions, at half pay, subject to the approval of city council:

George Steint, A. D. Brannan, W. F. Whitley, R. A. Rakestraw, J. W. Norman, H. A. Thompson, J. H. Hooten, T. L. Bayne, Turnkey T. J. Whitley and Robert Braselton.

Most of these men have been in continuous service on the Atlanta police force for twenty years, or more. Due to the infirmities of old age, they are asking for pensions.

Custodian J. C. Carlyle, who has charge of the police buildings and grounds, refused a pension from the police board of commissioners, declaring that he was still active for service. Custodian Carlyle became a member of the Atlanta police force October 4, 1881, and has been in continuous service from that date. He is 78 years old.

Plainclothes Policeman J. A. McKibben, who has been assigned to special duty in the office of Chief J. L. Beavers, is receiving congratulations from his friends on his appointment to Recorder George E. Johnson's police court, in place of E. L. Arthur, who has been assigned to patrol duty on the evening watch, under Captain W. F. Terry.

McKibben will report to Judge Johnson on Monday.

Sergeant of Police R. P. Burnett, recently made a sergeant by the police board, has been honored in his joint selection by Chief Beavers and Chief of Detectives Newport Lanford, subject to the approval of the police board, as sergeant of detectives, a position recently created by the board. Sergeant Burnett was formerly assigned to bicycle duty on the morning watch, under Captain W. M. Mayo.

Sergeant G. C. Bullard has been transferred from duty on the plainclothes squad to the morning watch, and Sergeant B. J. Sells has also been assigned to the morning watch.

First Supernumerary E. D. Meek has been promoted to regular duty in place of Uncle Jack Tippens, deceased, and assigned to duty on the morning watch, under Captain Mayo.

Sergeant C. P. Connally, formerly head of the mounted police squad, has been assigned to duty on the evening watch.

Call Officer B. B. Hastless and Patrolmen Ed P. Ryan and F. M. Powers, who have been suffering from injuries for some time, are all reported as much improved.

Patrolman J. A. Scott, Kimball house policeman, will take his vacation in a few days, taking a trip to Wrightsville Beach.

Wagon Guard L. A. Chiles is on his vacation, visiting friends at Palmetto, Georgia.

Sergeant G. C. Bullard is spending a few days of his vacation at Carrollton, Georgia.

A Foe to Tuberculosis

The Journal of the American Medical Association (August 9, 1913), reviewing an article on "The Influence of Calcium Salts on Constitution and Health," said: "They (the authors) report numbers of concrete instances in which patients gained in vitality and energy after taking calcium."

Doctors agree that in tuberculosis lowered vitality and lost energy must be overcome.

One of the constituents of Eckman's Alterative is calcium (lime), in such combination with other valuable ingredients as to be easily assimilated by the average person. To this, in part, is due its success in the treatment of tuberculosis—a service which even some ethical practitioners have acknowledged to their patients. We make no wholesale claims for it but since it contains no opiates, narcotics or habit-forming drugs, a trial is safe. From your druggist or direct.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.
All Jacobs' drug stores in Atlanta.

Executive Committee Meeting Called By President C. J. Haden

President Charles J. Haden, of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce, has called a special session of the executive committee to meet in the office of the organization in Atlanta on July 5, at 10 a. m. It is probably the most important meeting ever held by the committee, because of the matters that are to be given attention, which has been held since the organization of the work. The Georgia Chamber of Commerce is faced with the necessity of making decisions in regard to large work in which the officers of the organization feel they cannot decide upon without the indorsement of the executive board.

Not since the organization of the Georgia Chamber of Commerce has the work been in such splendid condition as at the present time, and the prestige and power of the organization has spread to every part of the state to the extent that calls for aid and counsel from the organization are coming from all phases of conditions in every part of the state. The volume of the work of the organization has increased to such an extent that the force of the organization has even had to be enlarged.

Matters to Be Discussed.

Among the things to be taken up at the session next Monday will be:

1. A state-wide campaign for diversified farming and cattle and hog raising on the plans of the International Harvester company, as already conducted with wonderfully beneficial results in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Alabama.

2. A nation-wide campaign of publicity for the state of Georgia along the most advanced lines ever attempted by any state in the nation, including a campaign to secure new citizens, new business concerns and large manufacturing enterprises.

3. Several matters of legislation of importance to the welfare of Georgia, to some of which the executive committee is committed, especially that to enlarge the powers of the ordinary or the county commissioners, giving them authority to appropriate money to employ demonstration agents, and for other important work in each county. Also to establish a warehouse system in Georgia by which money advances on products may be obtained on better terms. To consider the proposed plan for a bill that will validate land titles and enable landowners to procure loans on better terms than heretofore, and to prepare to foster legislation, state or federal, to better rural credits.

Meeting to Be Executive.

It is probable that the meeting of the committee will be strictly executive, because of the tremendous importance of the matters to come up for consideration, and the fact that a premature announcement of any of the plans of the organization might prove to be unwise, and a hindrance to the work. Full details of the final action of the organization will be given to the press at the close of the meeting, and it is safe to predict that they will be of tremendous magnitude.

Assurances have been received that the following members of the executive committee will attend the special session:

Charles J. Haden, president, Atlanta; E. W. Stetson, Macon; I. A. Bush, Camilla; R. F. Maddox, Atlanta; W. A. Winburn, Savannah; L. R. Akin, Brunswick; P. M. Atkinson, Madison; E. Y. Clarke, Quitman; R. D. Cole, Newnan; J. A. Davis, Albany; B. H. Groover, Reidsville; H. G. Hastings, Atlanta; L. P. Hillyer, Macon; C. J. Hood, Commerce; St. Elmo Massengale, Atlanta; Wilmer L. Moore, Atlanta; George M. Napier, Decatur; W. H. Shippen, Ellijay; R. P. Spencer, Columbus; Crawford Wheatley, Americus.

Little Items of Interest About City Hall Officials

Bowen Sworn In.

Charles A. Bowen, newly elected member of the park commission from the fourth ward, was administered the oath by Mayor Woodward Saturday morning, and will assume his duties at once. He succeeds L. C. Green, resigned. Mr. Bowen is one of Atlanta's best known young insurance men, and resides at 558 North Boulevard.

Completing Spring Street.

The biggest fill ever made in a street in Atlanta is that now being done on Spring street where it intersects Peachtree, at the rear of the home of A. G. Rhodes. A portion of the county gang is now making a 52-foot fill, which will complete the extensive improvement of Spring street and furnish a new outlet into Peachtree street. Several other smaller fills have been made and a number of hills have been cut down to establish a grade for the street.

To Resurface Gilmer Street.

The Lutz heaters that have been idle several weeks will be put into service again Tuesday placing an asphalt covering on belgian block on Gilmer street, between Ivy and Fulton streets. A majority of the abutting property owners have signed the petition for the work, which will be done at an expense of about 60 cents per yard. The street committee, of which Councilman J. N. Renfroe is chairman, is seeking to have other streets resurfaced, but the property owners have been slow to sign petitions agreeing to pay their portion of the assessment. By using the Lutz heaters it is pointed out that a paving as good as new can be laid for a trifling sum.

To Lower Dwelling.

Chief of Construction Nym Hurt announced Saturday that a gang of workmen would begin next Tuesday excavating under the residence of George Hope, on East Baker, near Peachtree street, so as to lower to the grade the Hope residence that has been ten feet above grade for two years, or since the street was graded. More than 1,000 yards of earth will be removed.

Oppose Charter Amendment.

Councilman Sim Dallas has announced that he will oppose the passage by the legislature of an amendment to the Atlanta city charter to provide for paving streets by assessing property on the ten-year installment plan, on certificates bearing 7 per cent interest. The measure was introduced in council by former Councilman Charles W. Smith. Councilman Dallas contends that it is unfair to the property owners to force them to pay 7 per cent when the city borrows money at 4 1-2 to 5 per cent interest.

Purchase Wood Paving Block.

An order was placed Saturday by the city purchasing department for the wood block paving between the car tracks on Mitchell street, which is now undergoing extensive improvements. Between the car tracks and curb bitulithic paving will be used. The street railway company is adjusting its tracks to the grade and actual paving will begin in about two weeks.

Warden Evans Busy Man.

City Warden Thomas Evans is kept busy these days looking after the needy of the city, and he states that the city will probably exceed in 1915 its work of 1914 in this line of work. Last year he had 8,476 calls and issued orders for groceries and coal to the amount of $10,572.07. He issued 467 transportation orders at a cost of $1,896.93 and sent 159 paupers to the almshouse at a cost of $401 for transportation. He has adopted a policy this year of giving aid to no able-bodied men who can work for their own support. Among those asking for transportation out of Atlanta Saturday were two preachers, a man and his wife who were going to Chattanooga, Tenn. They said collections had been so short they were unable to pay their fare. Mr. Evans has served the city as warden for the past twelve years.

Surfacing Stewart Avenue.

The county convict force is completing the surfacing and oiling of Stewart avenue for a distance of about one mile, and when completed it will give the abutting property owners and others who use the thoroughfare a first-class paved street. In the past the avenue has been rough and residents of that vicinity have been troubled with dust. This is one of the several city streets that the county public works committee has on its program for oiling and surfacing this year.

Mayor May Take Vacation.

Mayor Woodward admitted Saturday that he was considering taking a vacation next month, but declared that he would not advertise the fact in other cities by "hanging around" city halls and talking politics. He said he would like to travel incog, putting aside all thoughts of city affairs and troubles and for the period of his vacation "enjoy life." "If I leave, I don't want any fuss made of it," said the mayor. "I want to slip away without any brass-band declaration of the fact."

Holiday at City Hall.

An order was issued by Mayor Woodward to the effect that the city hall will be closed Monday and that all employees of the city, with the exception of those forced to be on duty, will be given a holiday. Since July 4 is on Sunday, the observance of the day will take place on Monday. The vacation schools will be closed on Monday and many of the retail stores will also declare a holiday for their clerks.

Paving Fifteenth Street.

The city construction force is now at work laying tar macadam paving on Fifteenth street, between Peachtree street and Piedmont avenue, a distance of half a mile. When completed this will give a short and direct route from Ansley Park to the Piedmont Driving club and vicinity. Councilman Ed Inman has been behind the movement to get the work done for some time.

FOURTH OF JULY

Special rates via W. & A. R. R. Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. Return limit July 8, 1915. Apply ticket agents. C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

The Bell Directory

is the list most frequently consulted in every day business and social life.

Advertise your business in this book and reap quick profit.

IT DOES NOT CONFLICT WITH OTHER MEDIUMS

ASK THE MANAGER FOR RATES

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

THESE 2 OFFICERS RECEIVE $4.50 EACH ANSWERING CALLS

Two members of the Atlanta police force received $4.50 each for every call they answered last month. They are the two call officers stationed on call duty at No. 16 fire station, Marietta street. Their territory includes all that part of the city lying between West Hunter street to the city limits and the Western and Atlantic railroad.

The policemen each receive $90 a month salary. During June they answered exactly twenty emergency calls for police assistance, making the two average $9 a call.

The attention of Chief Beavers was called to this by Captain W. F. Terry, who is desirous of having the call officers at No. 16 fire station placed on patrol duty, setting forth the claim that they will be of more value to the fifth ward community if they are on a beat than at the station house.

Chief Beavers recommended the abolition of call officers at this station to the police board at Thursday night's meeting, but was refused permission to do away with this call station.

The officers stationed at No. 16 are M. O. Wiley and S. P. Webb.

You Can SAVE Money

By using our independent telephone service. Our rates are from 30 to 50 per cent lower. Our wires cover all of Greater Atlanta. Our service gives complete satisfaction. Why pay more?

Atlanta Telephone & Telegraph Co.

HORSE GUARD TO HOLD BARBECUE ON SATURDAY

The first reunion and barbecue of the Governor's Horse Guard association will be held Saturday afternoon, July 10, at the Druid Hills Golf club. Every preparation is being arranged to make this a splendid social gathering and entertainment.

The entertainment committee is composed of Major J. S. Dozier, Asa G. Candler, Judge Charles W. Smith, George M. Hope, F. M. Stewart, Howard Candler and P. C. Cashman.

This is a new organization composed of some of the leading business men of Atlanta. Members of the Old Guard are joining rapidly and are very enthusiastic over the organization, which they expect to become a factor in the city's life as well as a benfit to its membership.

AUTHENTIC WAR BOOK FOR OUR READERS

Newspapers Unite in Big Plan to Present the Facts of This Conflict.

The world, as we know it today, is the result of what wars and their attending causes have made it. The present European war is the bloodiest of them all, and will make the greatest noise in history.

Up to the present the public, on whom the burden of war falls, has had only the dispatches and press news of what is happening across the Atlantic. These first reports are often denied or distorted by later reports to such an extent that they cause great confusion in the minds of our people, and wonderment as to just what is authentic.

The Constitution has striven to the best of its ability to give the latest news of this great conflict as fast as it could be gathered. But at best news and authentic history must vary.

Ever awake to the enlightenment of its readers The Constitution in connection with other large dailies sought diligently for the best book it could find which would be absolutely neutral, and setting forth the facts as they will go down in history.

We discovered a remarkably complete book, entitled "The Nations at War," by the well known writer, Willis J. Abbot, author of other standard books on international subjects, who has acquired recognition as an unprejudiced historian.

This volume, just off the press, covers every event which has occurred during the first six months of the European war, and just as it will go into official history.

This magnificently illustrated $3 volume contains several hundred photographic reproductions taken on the scenes of action.

By taking its quota of the entire first edition, however, The Constitution is in a position to distribute this interesting history to its readers practically on a complimentary basis—requiring but a small deposit simply sufficient to pay the expressage, necessary checking expenses and clerk hire incidental to handling such a large proposition.

Our arrangement with the publishers are such that the book can only be had through the daily newspapers.

Every page is beautifully illustrated, showing graphically the deeds of valor, devastation of modern Europe, destruction of historic cathedrals and the diabolical havoc created by the grim clutch of war, with its billions of cost and mighty harvest of death. The pictures have been taken wherever the events occurred by the brave photographers who risked their lives in order that the nations at peace may actually see what the nations at war have done in the gigantic conflict.

Clip the coupon printed on another page of this issue and present it at this office with the small expense bonus amount of 98 cents, which covers the expense of clerk hire, express from factory, etc. Next Wednesday wil lbe the first distribution day.

WOMEN WHO LEAD A SEDENTARY LIFE

Know from experience the horrors and sufferings of headaches, heart weakness, nervousness, catarrh and nasal troubles and that lack of life and energy which too often destroys pleasure in the home. Then follows what the doctors call nervous prostration, with its loss of time and expensive treatment. To prevent it

Take Jacobs' Liver Salt

On arising. It is pleasantly effervescent, acts gently, easily and quickly and eliminates the poisons from poorly digested foods which make the system sluggish and cause depression and disease. No griping, no pain, no nausea. It will put new life into you and into your home. Try it today.

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Clip this Free Library Coupon and bring or send to The Constitution office, together with the expense item of $1.50 for the entire six-volume set of any author named above. This amount we ask you to pay to cover the cost of transportation, customs duty and publishers' charges.

This coupon is good for one or more of the Dickens, Hugo, Rudyard Kipling, Dumas, Stevenson or Shakespeare sets, previously advertised, while the supply lasts, when so specified in the order.

If you wish to have the set sent by parcel post, all charges prepaid, add 15c, or $1.65 in all for each set desired, and fill in the name and address below.

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This Coupon Will Only Appear for a Few Days Longer. Get Your Favorite Author Now.

HIGH SCHOOL PLAN FAVORED BY MAYOR

Woodward Indorses Scheme to Place All Atlanta High Schools Under Control of Supervisor.

Mayor Woodward stated Saturday that he indorsed the plan agreed on by the teachers' committee of the board of education which contemplates co-ordinating the four city high schools and placing them under one head who will hold the position of supervisor of high schools. He also said he would support the proposition when it is put before the board of education for action.

"It will mean another long step toward the ultimate consolidation of the high schools, for which I have been working," said the mayor. "It is unfortunate but true that the high schools have been conducting their work on entirely different and distinct lines, when they should adopt the same policies.

"We need a good strong man for the proposed position of supervisor or high school superintendent to whom all high school principals should report."

The proposed plan, which was laid before the teachers' committee by James L. Key, is to make the principal of the Boys' High school supervisor of all the high schools, and to relieve him of much of the detail work in connection with the operation of the Boys' High. Professor W. F. Dykes is principal of the Boys' High.

Under this plan Mrs. Annie T. Wise, of the Girls' Commercial High school, will be head of the new consolidated commercial high school for boys and girls.

Several members of the board of education have expressed themselves as favoring the proposed plan and they have announced that they will vote for its adoption by the board.

No Special Crusade On Vice Will Follow Police Board Charge

Chief of Police James L. Beavers last night declared that "vice would be pursued as usual," and that "no special crusade would now be instigated against vice, due to the criticisms of the police board that vice was scattered promiscuously over the city."

A number of new men, though, have been added to the police plain clothes squad, which at one time became famous in Atlanta as the "vice squad," but which was abolished several months ago by special order of the police board.

The police board will meet again on next Tuesday night, this meeting being the regular July monthly meeting.

"You May Get My Number, But Not My Name," Says Girl Who Sought Death

"A number, but no name," was the point-blank statement to reporters by a pretty brunette girl who was rushed into the Grady hospital, Saturday afternoon, for treatment after an unsuccessful effort to take her life by iodine poisoning at an apartment, 111-C Spring street.

"You may get my number, but you will not get my name," she said.

"Well, what is your number?" queried a reporter.

"That you won't get, either."

Nor would she give details to Grady internes why she attempted to end her life.

People at the apartment where she was found shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon, stated her name was Arzaline Nelson, age 18, formerly of Charlotte, N. C. She will recover.

FOR A SANE FOURTH BEAVERS MAKES PLANS

Police Chief James L. Beavers has issued a special order asking that the citizens of Atlanta observe a sane Fourth of July, and instructing his patrolmen to enforce the law in regard to shooting of firecrackers on the streets of the city.

"I don't want to see anybody hurt," said Chief Beavers last night, to his patrolmen, "and I want you men to take particular pains to see that the city ordinance in regard to shooting of firecrackers is observed.

CITY FIREMASTERS PRAISE CUMMINGS

Members of Former Boards Seek Chief's Re-election. Say He Is Eminently Qualified in Every Way.

To the Honorable Mayor and General Council—We, the undersigned, members of the board of firemasters for the years 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912 and 1913, heartily indorse Chief Cummings for re-election. His administration during the years mentioned has been efficient and progressive, and we agree with his predecessor when he said "Cummings is the best firefighter I ever saw." His services to the city as chief of the fire department have been conscientious and faithful. His ability and loyalty have never been questioned.

He has the unqualified indorsement of the National Board of Fire Underwriters and a large majority of the people of our city. We commend him as eminently qualified in every way to fill the position as chief of the Atlanta fire department, and we sincerely hope that your honorable body will re-elect him to that position. Respectfully,

C. E. HARMAN.
J. N. McEACHERN.
C. L. CHOSEWOOD.
B. F. PEARCE.
W. A. HANCOCK.
A. J. JOHNSON.
STEVE R. JOHNSTON.
J. C. HARRISON.
JOHN S. CANDLER.
W. J. STOY.
A. H. VAN DYKE.
J. H. ANDREWS.
CARL N. GUESS.
J. D. SISSON.
(adv.) THOMAS T. LYNCH.

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CHEEK IS ARRESTED AND IS IDENTIFIED BY TRAVELING MAN

I. H. Cheek, charged with being connected with the robbery of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Kelley, of Inman Park, last February, has been arrested in Atmore, Ala., having been identified by an Atlanta traveling man by the name of A. M. Cline.

Cheek when first arrested denied that he was the same I. H. Cheek, of Atlanta, and gave the name of Burroughs to the police.

Mr. Kelley, who is manager of the Cash Grocery company, of South Broad street, will leave this morning for Alabama to identify Cheek, who formerly was an employee of the Cash Grocery company.

Cheek when positively identified agreed to return to Atlanta, according to the telegram to Chief Beavers, without requisition papers.

NO PLANS YET MADE FOR FUNERAL OF DIAZ

Paris, July 3.—Members of the family of General Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, who died here yesterday, have not yet determined what arrangements will be made for his funeral, but will be of simple character in keeping with his quiet life in Paris. The ex-president died as the result of a complication of diseases due to advanced age.

General Diaz during his four years here made few acquaintances among the French. He received many Mexicans and always was absorbed in the news from Mexico. He became more and more distressed by the disorders there.

It does not appear that General Diaz ever regretted his resignation from the presidency of Mexico after thirty years of rule, nor that he felt inclined to return. Nothing that he told his friends would indicate it.

Only once, so far as known, did the general endeavor directly to influence Mexican affairs. That was when he allowed two friends to use his name in recommending to General Huerta, then provisional president, that he yield to the desires of President Wilson and resign.

NEW MORMON CHURCH DEDICATED TODAY

Beginning at 2 o'clock this afternoon dedication services of the new Mormon church, corner of Woodward avenue and Connally street, will take place. Elder Clawson, member of the Council of the Twelve Apostles of the Greater Mormon church, Salt Lake City, Utah, is scheduled to arrive in the city this morning to assist in the services.

The dedication services of the church will be an event, inasmuch as it was at the instigation of President Joseph F. Smith, of the Mormon church, that the temple was erected.

SHOWERS PREDICTED FOR FOURTH OF JULY

The weather man made good yesterday in his prediction of occasional showers, since they fell intermittently during the morning and shortly after noon, but later in the day the sky cleared in time to give ideal weather for the aquatic sports at East Lake, which were enjoyed by a big gallery.

Showers were also forecasted for last night, and while there was dampness in the atmosphere no showers fell. Atlanta people are hoping that the proverbial Fourth of July showers will not fall today, despite the weather man's prediction that they will come today. No change in temperature is predicted from that of Saturday, which was mild.

MAYOR TELLS WHY HE VETOED CLUBS

Continued From Page One.

the committee six applications for further investigation, and nine applications were turned down. Since that time the nine which lost have filed new applications and, together with the six, have all been reported favorably by the police committee. In addition, another club has also filed an application which will be favorably reported.

Members of general council are having little to say on the subject of locker clubs.

An effort will be made to have council vote on all the applications at the same time, but opposition to this course will be offered, since it is known that several members will make an effort to throw out the applications of at least three of the clubs.

Message of Mayor.

Since the police committee has already reported favorably on the clubs, Mayor Woodward's message to general council follows:

To the General Council:

Gentlemen—I return to you without my approval the five permits granted to the following clubs:

Capital City club.
Transportation club.
Turn Verein.
Standard club.
University club.

I feel constrained to take this action because of the discriminatory position of your general body. Every club that is enumerated in this list is what you might term for the upper classes of people, and none for the general masses. I take it for granted that one class of our people is as much entitled to club facilities as the other. What is good for one is good for the other. What is bad for one is bad for the other, and it would appear to me that the membership of the clubs you have granted permits to would better lend their influence and example against club life, if there are any ill effects to it. Upon mature consideration, I feel satisfied that a good majority of your honorable body will agree with me in the position I have taken, that it is not fair or proper to discriminate against our people. Respectfully submitted,

J. G. WOODWARD, Mayor.

Candidates Are Busy.

Friends of the four candidates for fire chief have been busy during the past week and all claim a strong following in council. Chief W. B. Cummings, who is a candidate to succeed himself, is opposed by Captain Bill Cody, First Assistant Chief R. H. Pressley and Captain John Terrell.

Two tax assessors are to be named since the terms of J. L. Harrison and C. D. Meator have expired, and in addition to Harrison and Meador, who are standing for re-election, three other candidates are offering for election—George Sims, of the municipal court; James S. Sewell, president of the West End bank, and F. E. Maffett, member of the board of health.

The special council bond committee, which has recommended a bond issue of $3,300,000, will probably make another effort to secure action by general council on the report which has been deferred from time to time.

Mayor Pro Tem. I. N. Ragsdale will announce at the meeting the committee of five provided for in the resolution of Councilman Edwin Johnson, to probe all city departments to determine whether or not a revision cannot be made in the matter of salaries, fees, and number of men employed in the various departments.

LOAN OF HALF BILLION AUTHORIZED BY RUSSIA

Petrograd, July 3.—(Via London.)—The official Journal today published an imperial edict authorizing the Russian minister of finance to make two issues of treasury obligations of $250,000,000 each. The issue is to be in the shape of 5 per cent short term notes, free of income tax.

The issue will be in denominations of from $50 upwards. The low denomination is expected to give the loan a popular aspect, and to appeal to foreign as well as Russian investors. The issue is to run for a six months, beginning today.

HUERTA IS JAILED ON FRESH CHARGES

Continued From Page One.

asked for the extradition of General Huerta and other prominent Mexicans, but it was indicated tonight in official quarters that no action would be taken on this application or on the one received from the Villa governor of the state of Chihuahua. Irrespective of the possible misconstruction of the American government's action as to political recognition should it surrender Huerta to either one of the Mexican factions, the possibility that his return to Mexico might lead to his execution has influenced officials here to abandon this idea of granting requisition.

It was said authoritatively that the attitude of the American government was not personal, but was directed against Huerta's return to a position of political strength wherein he might disturb the situation in Mexico.

A rigid investigation of the circumstances surrounding the escape of Pascual Orozco from the surveillance of government agents at El Paso was ordered today by the department of justice. If conspiracy is shown to spite Orozco into Mexico, promptly prosecution of the offenders is planned.

A message to the Carranza agency here received late today from the border said General Orozco was at Valentine, Texas, not far from Marfa, Mexico. He intended to cross into Mexico tomorrow, the message said.

STEPS ARE TAKEN TO EXTRADITE HUERTA.

San Antonio, Texas, July 3.—An application to the United States for formal extradition of Victoriano Huerta, Felix Diaz, Manuel Mondragon and Aureliano Blanquet was filed with Secretary of State Lansing yesterday afternoon by Eliseo Arredondo, confidential agent for Carranza. The text of the application was received here today by wire. It calls the attention of the American government to alleged crimes committed during the February, 1913, uprising in Mexico City and lays the blame for Madero's death to the alleged combination. It then asserts that they are planning another revolution, and asks that they be detained and sent back to Mexico for trial.

Bloody Events Recited.

The request reads:

"The bloody events which took place in the City of Mexico from February 9 to 23, in 1913, which concluded with the assassination of President Madero and Vice President Pino Suarez, are notorious throughout the world. It is equally well known that these events and the overthrow of the legitimate government of President Madero were brought about by Generals Felix Diaz, Blanquet and the dead General Bernardo Reyes, and saw their consummation through the concerted action of these with General Victoriano Huerta, whom President Madero had named military commander of the plaza, and, finally, it is also well known that General Huerta turned against the legitimate government the sword that it had placed in his hands to defend its institutions and . . . usurped the executive power of the republic and ending with the assassination of the president and vice president by soldiers under orders of these men who have never been prosecuted for these crimes of high treason against the Mexican republic.

"The co-authors with Huerta were Generals Mondragon, Blanquet and Diaz, the civilians who formed the so-called cabinet of Huerta, various senators and deputies of the general congress and various native and foreign capitalists who co-operated. Huerta was placed in power through the medium of this crime and Venustiano Carranza, constitutional governor of the state of Coahuila, protested against this usurpation, refusing to recognize the authority of Huerta and his so-called government."

The fight of Huerta and his supporters is noted and the petition adds:

"A month and a half ago Huerta returned to America and made his residence in New York, giving out a statement that he came to reside in this country in order to partake of its hospitality and for whose people he entertained the grandest sympathies. All the New York press advanced the proposition that Huerta would not take part in a new intervention in the political affairs of Mexico. But on the arrival of Blanquet and Mondragon and the conference in that city of Felix Diaz and a large number of friends and partisans who had been with Huerta, all the American press announced profusely that Huerta, Blanquet, Felix Diaz, Mondragon and other partisans were meeting daily and arranging a new plan of revolution against Mexico."

The request then recites the fact of Huerta's alleged attempt to launch a revolution from El Paso.

Foreign Public Usages.

After making formal request for the surrender to Mexico of the men named, the application reads:

"The reasons on which this request is based are the foreign public usages, and facts which live in the conscience of the American government by reason of the immediate knowledge which it obtained by its closeness to Mexico, as well as the ample information which it received by virtue of direct intervention in these criminal affairs which was taken at that time by the American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson. My government is moved to the profound conviction that the sane and noble principles of justice which inspire the acts of the present administration and at the same time the watchful interest for the existence and security for the Mexican republic establish a precedent to prevent similar subversive acts against the existence of the Mexican nation.

"Again the principal crime for which Huerta appears responsible is provided for in article II, part one, which treats of the extradition of criminals between Mexico and the United States and expressly provides that the character of the crime shall be non-political. The fact is that my government has not been recognized as a government perfectly consolidated, but this circumstance (present Mexican situation) excuses the requisites of formality which under normal circumstances should be observed in a demand for extradition. If to this fault of non-recognition it be held that the treaty of extradition of February 22, 1899, is accidentally suspended, the gravity of the offenses committed by Huerta, the sentiment of indignation of Mexican sovereignty and your desire for the conservation of the integrity of the government of Mexico, justify sufficiently the present request, because this class of infraction of natural and immutable laws of human conscience should be punished with heavy penalties in all times and in all civilized nations.

International Right.

"It is moreover a principle of international right that interior disturbances in one state has no decisive influence over international considerations. There is no exception and a country cannot be deprived of its rights in the sphere of its foreign relations. In this case the petition is just, proceeding from right and emanating from a true government in the international acceptation, in that it exercises control and has authority in almost the whole of the Mexican republic. The delivery of General Huerta to the constitutionalist government would be in accord with international practices and is provided for in the treaty of extradition between the two countries and it will signify morally the justification of the political system of the government represented by President Wilson with respect to the Mexican question, which first denied recognition to Huerta. Huerta's delivery to the proper government to be tried for treason in conformity with the proper laws will be a high act of American justice and an example which will demonstrate to Europe the elevated conception of American morality. So I hope that my request will receive attention."

HUERTA WIRED FOR $20,000.

New York, July 3.—At General Huerta's home in Long Island, it was said tonight no word had been received of his re-arrest. Early today, however, his wife received a telegram from him asking that $20,000 be wired to him immediately. That, it was said, was complied with.

LOSSES OF THE RUSSIANS REPORTED STUPENDOUS

Berlin, July 3.—(By Wireless to Sayville.)—Military writers declare the Russians from May 2 until June 27 left in the hands of the Germans 1,630 officers and 520,000 men prisoners and 300 field guns and 770 machine guns, besides incalculable war material.

Atlantans Are Preparing For Holiday Celebration

All Atlanta will engage in a general observance of the glorious Fourth today and tomorrow.

The hundreds of employees of the many stores and office clerks will spend these two days with their families or friends. No special dinners will be served by the hotels, for a large number of their permanent guests, including the legislators, have gone to other towns. Many men have gone on fishing trips or have taken guests to country homes. The 1,300 children attending the summer schools will enjoy a holiday on Monday.

In Sunday's sermons many pastors will refer to the historical significance of the date, and during the afternoon concerts, rendering patriotic airs, will be given in Piedmont and Grant Parks.

Several department stores have agreed to close their doors for the day Monday. This is an innovation, as heretofore they have been closed for only half the day. All the paint stores of the city will close, and O. T. Camp, president of the Retail Grocers' association, announces that the retail grocery stores will remain open during the morning hours only. They will be opened during these hours to give the housewife the provisions she cannot get today. The leading shoe companies of Atlanta will also close for the day.

The department stores closing Monday are M. Rich & Bros. company, J. P. Allen & Co., Davison-Paxon-Stokes company, J. Frohsin, the J. Regenstein company, C. & C. Rosenbaum company, the J. M. High company, Keely company, Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose company, the two Kress stores and the McClure Ten-Cent store.

The several departments of the city will close, and general council is expected to tarry but a few minutes.

The federal building, the capitol, the reserve bank, and the other banks of Atlanta will close on Monday.

There will be two deliveries of mail Monday in the business section of the city and one delivery in the residential section. The general delivery and stamp windows, the registry sections, the money order departments and the cashier's office will close at 12 o'clock noon.

The dinner-dance Monday evening from 6 to 12 o'clock will be the real feature of the East Lake club's "Fourth" celebration. The clubhouse will be decorated with national colors.

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

Small Tommy was interested in a caller's gold-filled tooth. Finally, he said: "Mamma, I know what makes Mrs. Blank's tooth so shiny; she talks so fast her tongue keeps it polished."

* * *

"Johnny," asked the tired mother, "what is the baby crying for?"

"'Cause he don't know things," answered Johnny. "I had to take his candy and show him how to eat it."

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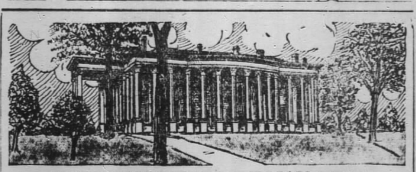

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IN ATLANTA'S SOCIAL REALM NEWS OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Conducted By ISMA DOOLY

Engagements

TAYLOR—BAGLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gunn, of Macon, announce the engagement of their sister, Mrs. Margaret Gunn Taylor, to Mr. Henry Clay Bagley, of Atlanta. The marriage will take place early in August, and will be witnessed only by the members of the immediate families. No cards. The wedding will be one of broad social interest. Mrs. Taylor has many friends throughout the state, and Mr. Bagley is one of Atlanta's most prominent citizens. He has large interests here and in Oglethorpe, Ga.

CAWTHON—ROGERS.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude M. Frederick announce the engagement of their sister, Miss Dixie Cawthon, to Mr. D. Fred Rogers, the wedding to take place August 11.

MASON—HARDIN.

Mr. Leoto Mason announces the engagement of his sister, Miss Jessie Mason, to Mr. Hammond Hardin, of New York city, formerly of Atlanta. The wedding will take place early in September at home. No cards. Miss Mason is a charming young woman who has endeared herself to a large circle of friends. Mr. Hardin holds a responsible position with the New York Central railroad, and is a graduate of the Technological school in Atlanta.

SQUIRES—GOODMAN.

Mr. and Mrs. James Howard Squires announce the engagement of their daughter, Lily May, to Mr. Luther Burton Goodman, the wedding to take place in August.

JONES—ILER.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Porter Jones announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Gertrude, to Mr. George Arthur Iler, of Tallulah Falls, Ga., the wedding to take place in September, at home in Thomson, Ga.

LOVELACE—SIMMONS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lovelace announce the engagement of their daughter, Katherine May, to Mr. Walter Marion Simmons, the wedding to take place at an early date.

ROBERTS—WOODWARD.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Pettus Roberts announce the engagement of their daughter, Lucy, to Mr. Daniel Hook Woodward, the marriage to take place the latter part of July. No cards.

BOONE—M'DONALD.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Boone, of Americus, announce the engagement of their daughter, Alma Irene, to Mr. George C. McDonald, of Sumter, the wedding to take place in August.

CRUM—LUMMUS.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Percy Crum, of Montgomery, Ala., announce the engagement of their daughter, Isabel, to Mr. Kenneth Roscoe Lummus, of Columbus, Ga., the wedding to take place in the early fall.

FORTSON—PEACOCK.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Glenn Fortson, of Columbus, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Glennie Mae, to Mr. John Banks Peacock, the wedding to take place on Wednesday evening, July 14.

HARRIS—BRETZ.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Crowder Harris, of Rockmart, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Katye, to Mr. John Arden Bretz, of Chicago, the wedding to take place in the early fall, at home.

HODGES—MILLER.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Hodges, of Rockmart, Ga., announce the engagement of their daughter, Inez, to Mr. Grover Cleveland Miller, of Hickory, N. C., the wedding to take place in August, at home.

A RECENT BRIDE

Home Photo by Lenney.

MRS. WILLIAM H. MERRILL,

Of Eufaula, formerly Miss Bertha Moore, of Atlanta. The wedding was a beautiful event of Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh L. McKee.

Hyperion Club Dance.

One of the most successful entertainments in the history of the Hyperion club was the Fourth of July dance given by the members at the club rooms in West End last night.

Elaborate preparations had been made for the occasion and the result was unique and attractive. A professional landscape gardener was engaged to beautify the club rooms, carrying out in the decorations a novel blending of the patriotic and pastoral idea.

The main reception hall was converted into a summer garden. Goldfish played in the fountain which occupied the center of the room. The walls were banked with ferns and waving grasses, and cozy corners were arranged here and there. Inverted lights shed a soft radiance over the entire scene.

In the main ball room red, white and blue bunting intertwined the pillars and silk American flags draped the walls. Appropriate favors carrying out the patriotic spirit were distributed.

A large orchestra, concealed behind a bank of ferns and palms, furnished music. Refreshments were served and dancing was enjoyed until a late hour.

Among the chaperons of the evening were Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bearden, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bean, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Disbro, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Garey.

Among the young people dancing were many out-of-town visitors and many friends of the club to whom special invitations had been issued.

Williams-Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard James Williams have issued cards announcing the marriage of their daughter, Ruby, to Dr. Harmon Smith, of New York, on Wednesday, June 30, 1915, at Atlantic, New Jersey.

Mr. Smith is a former Georgian, and has many friends in the south.

42 Club.

On account of the illness of Mrs. Whitaker, the 1915 Forty-two club will meet with Mrs. J. B. Brooks, 62 Hurt street, on Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Sensible Suggestions to Make Your Vacation a Pleasant One

If you are going away don't forget the little things which will add to your sum of comfort.

The following list may remind you of something you may require:

Traveling Cups, Fountain Pens, Monogram or Plain Belts, Walking Canes, Traveling Sets, Flasks, Cigarette Cases, Bracelet Watches, Bottle Openers, Clothes Hangers, Writing Cases, Umbrellas, Safety Razor Sets, Collar Bags, Card Cases, Ingersoll Watches, Toilet Goods, Pipes, Bridge Whist Sets, etc.

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In the Social Whirl

By Isma Dooly.

"I do not know whether it is worse for young women to do too much grooming and primping, or whether it is worse for them to be careless in such matters," was the comment of a woman who saw a young girl, scarcely out of her teens, whose face was visibly chalked; and another one a few moments afterward, whose hair needed a shampoo, and whose complexion was rather weather-beaten.

Either extreme is bad, all will agree, but it is a very serious habit for a girl to neglect her appearance. If she is careless when she is young, it is apt to grow upon her, and nobody can forgive a dowdy, untidy woman! Removing it from the modifying term of "lady-like," it is unwomanly to be either untidy or dowdy. A woman can look neat and smart in the cheapest cotton gown. She can comb her hair and keep that neat, too, and she makes a mistake when she so far lets go her own personal interest that she forgets how to make herself look well.

Women who are careless in their appearance are not necessarily economical. On the contrary, they frequently are extravagant, and try with fresh new garments to make up for lack of freshness in themselves. They do not mend their garments when they are in need of it, and they do not act on the old saying that "a stitch in time saves nine."

Since women, these days, spend so much money on their clothes, and more and more the knowldege of economics pertaining to all things are being pushed, I wonder why there can't be some suggestion put into the practical course school girls are supposed to take pertaining of their general life equipment.

HAS HAD SIXTEEN NEW GOWNS.

I know of a young woman who, since last April, has had sixteen new gowns, all expensive, and all pretty and becoming. But if she has ever had on any one of those gowns at the right time, or worn the right hat with the right gown, nobody has seen her. She believes that clothes are a great factor in her life, and they are, but she has no idea about the eternal fitness of things. For her and those like her a course in economics pertaining to textiles and fabrics of all kinds, their adaptability and a supplementary course as to how women should attire themselves generally on certain occasions, would be a great saving to her father, first, and her husband, later.

Somebody may suggest that those are things young women should learn at home. Maybe some do, but then there are others—those who wear diaphanous unlined chiffon waists, with very little under them, to church; those who wear trimmed cotton gowns with thread lace; those who wear outing shoes with silk frocks, and those who wear feather-trimmed hats with shirtwaists.

For those who spend money indiscriminately it would be helpful if, when they were learning to read or write, learning rhetoric and grammar and the household arts, they could learn something about how to spend so much of the money that goes for clothes, hats, shoes, etc.

This suggestion comes after hearing a party of clever women, deploring the amount they had spent on their summer wardrobes, declare they believed women should be taught more about their business in life—a feature of which is to look well and dress well.

Atlanta women have the reputation of dressing beautifully. One has only to go to afternoon or evening entertainment to see that proven, but there are those who could make a better appearance on half the money they spend if they knew a little more about the "fitness of things."

A few garments of good material, made well, go much farther toward making a woman always appear to good advantage than the quantity of makeshift things some women buy with their ideas of dressiness.

*****

TO THE EXPOSITION.

What to take on a trip to the exposition is agitating more than one woman today, and it is something of a problem. An Atlanta woman who has made the trip declares that besides her coat suit, in which she traveled, she took in her valise with her on the train, a one-piece silk gown of taupe color, which was a relief when occasionally a stop was made which warranted her taking a meal at a hotel en route. She took two extra blouses besides the one she had on, an automobile coat, which she used frequently, and her traveling hat was small and easily veiled.

She had more gowns with her in her trunk, but she found on arriving in the west that a coat suit with chiffon blouse to blend is the most useful, though she had with her a black taffeta gown, also a simple one in dark blue. She wore her same black dinner gown nearly every evening for dinner, and noted that the handsomest gowns she saw were in black.

She noted also that in the late afternoon and at al fresco teas, or those in cafes, women wore one-piece white gowns a great deal: the material voile, chiffon cloth and the always popular taffeta. Smart hats of either black or white were worn with these.

"One warning I give," she said, "to women especially, that is that they get comfortable shoes for walking—not only to the exposition, but everywhere."

*****

THE VALUE OF SWIMMING.

And now come the lovers of water sports to declare that swimming is more wholesome, more conducive to health, strength and beauty than any other sport—that it strengthens the muscles and the skin; it relaxes every part of the body and develops wonderful lung power. What, with golf and long walks and swimming, what an athletic age for woman it is! Whatever may be the comparative benefits of these out-of-door pleasures, there can be no doubt that the most refreshing one would logically be swimming.

Swimming parties are very stylish now, not only at the private pools, but at the lake at Brookhaven and the one at East Lake. The bathing suits are very smart creations this season, made of two-toned silk, or of black satin or black trimmed in bright colors. There is a certain shade of green between the mignonette and the reseda shade, which in silk makes a very becoming bathing suit. It brings out the whiteness of the skin and the color of the eye and hair. Red is striking and pretty as a touch to the entire costume, but it is trying near the face or on the head.

A pretty suit fashioned for a debutante who swims perfectly is of black trimmed in bands of silk showing the peacock colors.

*****

AT JOYEUSE.

The wedding of Miss Passie May Ottley and Mr. George McCarty, which takes place the evening of July 9 at Joyeuse, will be the brilliant social event of the week. The ceremony will be followed by a reception and supper, the latter to be served al fresco. The popularity of the young couple and their prominence centers in the event a broad social interest.

****

GOWNS FOR AL FRESCO PARTIES.

Many beautiful gowns are being fashioned for the al fresco entertainments of mid-summer, lace net, silk and handwork marking them.

For one of the weddings of the week a charming costume is of flesh-colored satin, over which is built a gown combining silver threaded lace and net, and pale tinted turquoise silk. A deep band of silk separates the bottom flounce of lace and the lace skirt above, and there are bow knots of the silk further introduced in trimming the skirt, and the waist of silver threaded lace is finished with a touch of blue.

For the same occasion a gown of white net has an overdress under which shows applications of heavy lace at intervals on the skirt. Bands of white taffeta silk are used as a trimming, and the waist is combined with shadow lace and white taffeta.

A dinner gown being finished for a bridal trousseau is of flesh-colored satin, the skirt ornate with a band of pointed de Venise lace. An overdrapery in black tulle shows here and there a tracery of black crystal. The corsage of the net is veiled in tulle, and a Frenchy finish is given in pale blue.

A black evening gown combining the old and the new in old black guipure lace and black net is exquisitely fashioned. The low cut corsage is almost entirely of the lace, softened by tulle, and the skirt has bands of the lace introduced with the net tunic, the whole built over soft silk.

The Utopian Club Dance.

On Wednesday evening the Utopian club entertained at an enjoyable dance.

Those dancing were: Miss Margaret Bridges, Miss Victoria Williams, Miss Lorena Brotherton, Miss Katie Moore, Miss Bessie Withers, Miss Mildred Asbury, Miss Lorena Pierce, Miss Kathleen Muller, Miss Margaret Ennis, Miss Beulah Dell Harrison, Miss Ordra Thayer, Miss Gladys Sands, Miss Mildred Florence, Miss Sue Kathryn Oden, Miss Benee Terrell, Miss Vivian Clayburn, Miss Mary Agricola, and Messrs. William Suttles, Fred N. McEachern, W. S. Williams, Leland L. Marquardt, Norman L. George, Arva C. Floyd, Jack Peteet, Joseph T. Launius, W. S. Murphy, Frank B. Jones, Walter Withers, W. Thomas Laird, Edgar Orr, E. Stewart, D. A. Tucker, Warren W. Davis, Robert V. Watterson, Irwin W. Wilson, H. C. Mitchell, Arthur W. McDonald, W. S. Gardner, Herbert H. Gorman, Eugene C. Jones, Mell Delay, Ralph Barker, Shannen McCreight and Morris P. Andrews.

The chaperons were Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Muller, Mr. and Mrs. Ted F. Gary, Mr. and Mrs. Myers Loveless, Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Upchurch, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Wilkerson and Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Shore.

Misses Prichard Entertain.

Misses Maybeth and Maybelle Prichard entertained Tuesday evening at their home in West End for Miss Dorothy Yeager and Miss Helen Hyres, of Williamsburg, Pa.

The decorations were in yellow and green. In a contest game the prizes were a silver vanity case and a silver drinking cup. The Misses Prichard were both gowned in yellow crepe de chine and the guests of honor wore yellow taffeta.

Those present were: Misses Bessie Lovingood, Lucy Thornton, Emma Thornton, Elva Breham, Reble Barker, Martha Wyatt, Mary White, Cornelia Jones, Louise Thompson, Vanie Carroll, Erwin Carroll, Annie Honour, Gladys Hawkins, Alberta Honour, Cynthia Page, Messrs. O. Weeks, Black, John Outley, George Jones, Robert Lanham, Arthur Warner, Charles Coleman, Rudolph Jones, Joe Launius, Mitchell Benton, George Sawtell, Benjamin Breham, Williams, W. E. Huie, W. P. Huie, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Lanham, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Layton.

Dancing Party.

Miss Nancy Rand will entertain at an informal dancing party Wednesday evening for her visitors, Miss Eleanor Mitchell and Miss Wilmer Prentiss, of Greenville, S. C.

The Argentine Club Dance.

The Fourth of July dance to be held by the Argentine club at the club rooms in West End Monday evening will be a bright event of the season for the younger dancing set. The hall will be appropriately decorated; the latest music will be rendered by an orchestra; there will be favors for the guests and a number of novelties have been planned.

The regular club chaperons will be present as follows: Mr. and Mrs. George Vernon Savitz, Mr. and Mrs. John Irving Gossett, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Brotherton, Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Upchurch, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. England, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Bricken, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Marion Richard Dickson, Mr. and Mrs. John Ware Holliday, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Jarvis, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. L. Dean McMath, Mr. and Mrs. Judge W. Fowler, Mrs. Bessie Fletcher, Mr. Polk Archer, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Muller, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Cunningham, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. English and Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Gibbs.

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Jackson-Seamans.

A beautiful wedding last night was that of Miss Bessie Jackson and Dr. James O. Seamans, which took place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Myra Orr Jackson, on West Peachtree street.

The ceremony at 6 o'clock was performed by Rev. A. H. Gordon, of Ponce de Leon Avenue Baptist church, and a delightful reception followed.

Miss Lillian Jackson was her sister's maid of honor; Miss Martha Orr Zellars was flower girl, and Dr. F. H. Vandiver was best man.

The bridal party was grouped for the ceremony in the front parlor, which had artistic decoration in white and green. The mantel, banked with palms, was lighted by candles in silver candelabra, and at each side were baskets of white smilax, the baskets resting on pedestals entwined with smilax.

The bride was charming in ivory white satin charmeuse, its trimming of lace and pearl embroidery. Her Brussels net veil was bordered with rose point lace, and she carried a shower bouquet of bride roses and lilies of the valley.

The maid of honor was gowned in white net over pink satin, and the flower girl wore a dainty lingerie dress over pink.

Mrs. Jackson was gowned in black satin, and her sister, Mrs. Peter Zellars, of Palmetto, wore light blue taffeta. Mrs. Seamans, the groom's mother, was gowned in black net.

Mrs. T. B. Bullard played the wedding march, and an orchestra provided music for dancing during the reception.

Miss Lucile Smith, of Palmetto, had charge of the bride's book. Misses Lyda Nash, Priscilla Rose, Susie Parks and Elizabeth Dudley served punch, the punch bowl set in the midst of ferns and garden flowers.

The house was tastefully decorated throughout with ivy and wild smilax, palms and yellow flowers, and dainty refreshments were served.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Orr, Mrs. R. W. Maddox, Mr. Philip Mecaslin of Newnan, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Zellars, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Bullard, Mr. Furman Bullard, Miss Lucile Smith of Palmetto, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Sutherland, Mrs. Betty Orr Maddox of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Orr of Kansas City.

Dr. and Mrs. Seamans will go west with the Yaarab patrol, of which he is captain, and, returning, they will make their home with the bride's mother.

The bride is one of Atlanta's prettiest and most attractive young women, and Dr. Seamans is popular in fraternal life and in his profession.

Miscellaneous Shower.

On Friday evening the Epworth league of the First Methodist church, of East Point, tendered Mr. and Mrs. Robert Russell Ingram a miscellaneous shower at their home in Oakland City.

Mrs. Ingram was formerly Miss Lillian Harrison and treasurer of the league, and Mr. Ingram the highly esteemed president. Quite a number of leaguers formed the party and took many beautiful and useful presents. After each gift had been opened and an appropriate verse read, a delightful picnic supper, which had been prepared by the leaguers, was served.

The following were in the party: Garland Jones, Ruth Thompson, Rose Spencer, Emily Schell, Evelyn Holcombe, Elmina Schell, Ruby Pierce, Annie Lemon Holcombe, Elizabeth Ramsey, Jewell Harrison, Kathleen Mixon, Mildred Mixon, Mrs. F. F. Mixon, Annie Lou Mixon, Mrs. Harry Brown, Mrs. T. B. Digby, Mrs. E. M. Robinson, Lillie Foster, C. V. Weathers, Mary F. Spencer, Mrs. J. F. Robertson, Mozelle Upchurch, Lulu G. Mackey, Mrs. R. T. Thompson, P. S. Thompson, Mrs. O. C. Simmons, May Ola S. Senter, Mrs. Ang. McDuffie, Harry A. Brown, C. D. Center, J. R. Bailey, Mrs. J. R. Bailey, Norwood Key, Fannie May Schell, A. M. Upchurch, Vinnie Bunn, May Rivers, Ellen Harrison, Mrs. W. B. Harrison, Allen Dupree, Mrs. Allen Dupree.

Lotaphun Club.

Miss Florence Noyes was hostess to the Lotaphun club Thursday evening at her home on North Jackson street. A story was told in a charming manner by Mr. Dan Horn, after which an interesting game of anagrams was played. The prize for top score was won by Miss Florence Anderson, and the gentleman's prize was won by Mr. Warren Adair.

Informal dancing followed the contest.

Miss Lola Noyes served punch in the drawing room.

Miss Noyes was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Noyes and Miss Lola Noyes.

The guests were Miss Ruth Solomon, Miss Leola Wallace, Miss Ethel Megee, Miss Florence Anderson, Miss Davis of Florida, Miss Annie Mae Jenkins, Miss Lola Noyes, Mr. Jack Sergeant, Mr. Parks Williams, Mr. Warren Adair, Mr. Ralph Reynolds, Mr. James Noyes, Mr. Dan Horn and Mr. Bob Leech.

The president, Mr. Warren Adair, will entertain the club at his sister's home on North Jackson street Thursday, July 15.

Fancy Work Club.

The Leola Fancy Work Club of Lakewood Heights met with Mrs. J. J. Mashburn on Gould street the past week.

Those present were Mrs. W. T. Smith, Mrs. W. S. Milwood, Mrs. W. Y. Norman, Mrs. J. W. Brannan, Miss Gillie Manning, Miss Vena Smith, Miss Annie Schrimper, Miss Lottie Crockett, Miss Nannie Neal, Miss Nannie Mae Howell, Misses Ruth and Louise Moss.

After the meeting refreshments were served. The next meeting will be with Mrs. W. Y. Norman, at the junction of the Jonesboro road and Lakewood car line, Lakewood Heights.

Vesper Club Dance.

One of the most delightful dances during the week was the annual Fourth of July dance given by the Vesper club to its members and friends. The occasion assembled fifty couples and was one of the most enjoyable events of the year. The club rooms were beautifully decorated in the national colors and different colored lights. Palms were placed around the orchestra nad punch bowl. The honor guests of the evening were Misses Bessie Dent, of Newnan; Sue Jelks Ware, of Macon, and Miss Eva Beatie, of New York. Refreshments were served. A delightful feature of the evening was the musical program which was arranged by Mr. Earl Wylie.

Those present were Miss Sue Jelks Ware of Macon, Miss Bessie Dent of Newnan, Miss Eva Beatie of New York, Miss Willie Cummings, Miss Lorena Brotherton, Miss Minnie Leroy Smith, Miss Ruth Atkinson, Miss Edwina Harper, Miss Jeannette Johnson, Miss Mona Goodwin, Miss Glascow, Miss Eleanor Williams, Miss Marie Turner, Miss Loraine Patterson, Miss Mamie Morris, Miss Lucy Boyd, Miss Tommie Perdue, Miss Francis Akin, Miss Edith Hudson, Miss Lilloise Reid, Miss Katherine Webster, Miss Marjorie Reynolds, Miss Edmondson, Miss Martha Edmondson, Miss Lucy Hinman and Miss Jamie Arnold, Mr. Forrest Adair, Mr. Robert Atkinson, Mr. Clarence Trottie, Mr. Cary Chapman, Mr. Clem Callahan, Mr. Leonard Graves, Mr. Ralph Barker, Mr. Herbert Gorman, Mr. John A. Logan, Mr. Frank Stevens, Mr. John White, Mr. Oscar Gordon, Mr. Joe Latimer, Mr. F. S. Cochran, Mr. Raymond Ball, Mr. L. C. Jekles, Mr. W. L. Pitchett, Mr. B. K. Godfrey, Mr. Holman Newborn, Mr. Lewis Ledsinger, Mr. Henry S. Smith, Mr. Wilbur Johnson, Mr. John Wood, Jr., Mr. John Cherry, Mr. E. L. Jones, Mr. Howard Thornburgh, Mr. Jester Weems, Mr. E. A. Beall, Mr. L. W. Cheney, Mr. W. C. Comer, Dr. J. Frank Rhodes, Mr. Irwin Wilson, Jr., Mr. Marian Swanson, Mr. E. B. Blease, Jr., Mr. Ben Wallis, Mr. Eugene Haynes, Mr. Carl Taylor, Mr. Frank McGaughey, Jr., Mr. H. H. Carr, Mr. J. E. Bivins, Mr. Gary Payne, Mr. Avary Dimmock, Professor Frank Holt, Jr., Mr. L. L. Law, Dr. Fred Curtis, Mr. Montgomery Larkins of New York, Mr. James Dunwoody, Mr. Cuyler Trussell, Mr. J. E. Johnston, Mr. Guy Harper, Mr. Henry L. Sherrod, Mr. Allen V. Gray, Mr. H. S. Baird, Mr. R. B. Greene, Mr. R. O. Holton, Mr. L. S. Elkin, Mr. A. W. Lloyd, Mr. P. W. Duffy, Mr. James Coleman, Mr. Albert Loyd, Mr. Robert Cooper, Mr. R. S. Abbott, Mr. Wisdom Goree, Mr. Jasper, Mr. and Mrs. Jack Farr, Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Nicholson, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Bean.

On July 1 6the Vesper club will again entertain.

At the Wigwam.

Among the Atlantans registered the past week at the Wigwam hotel, Indian Springs, are Messrs. H. Lee Harvey and C. W. Trabur, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Sims, Atlanta; Mr. C. R. Parsley, Atlanta; Mr. W. O. Stamps and party, Mr. E. D. Kennedy and wife, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Nunnally, Mr. and Mrs. Norris, Mrs. Maud Maddox, Mr. J. B. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Harless and son, Mr. F. G. Lake and son, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Shivers, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Giles, Atlanta; Mr. Peter Hill, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Brine, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Tilson, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Redding, Atlanta; Mr. F. W. McKee and party, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. Walker Dunson and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. and J. H. Elder, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. George Ware, Atlanta; Mrs. R. M. Stewart, Jr., Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Heard, Mr. and Miss Godfrey, Covington; Mr. H. M. Copeland, Atlanta.

To Rev. H. S. Hilley.

A pretty reception was that given Thursday evening in the auditorium of the East Point Christian church, by the Christian Endeavor society, in honor of the newly-appointed pastor, Rev. Howard S. Hilley. A fine literary and musical program was rendered.

Those taking part were: Miss Ruth Lambert, Miss Edna Heade, Miss Sadie Chambers, Mrs. John R. Chambers, Mr. Wright Moore, Mr. T. O. Hathcock.

M. P. S. Club.

Mrs. W. C. Beddingfield entertained the members of her sewing club one afternoon last week at her home on Orleans street. The house was attractively decorated for the occasion with cut flowers and growing plants.

An interesting hour of fancy work was enjoyed, after which a delicious ice course was served by the hostess, assisted by Mrs. E. T. Gibbs and Mrs. Geoge Craig. Punch was served by Mrs. E. T. Gibbs.

The club members in attendance were: Mrs. J. J. Simmons, Mrs. W. H. Burgess, Mrs. T. M. Freeman, Mrs. W. E. Hudson, Mrs. J. W. Rountree, Mrs. D. P. Hods, Mrs. C. W. Arnold, Mrs. J. G. Hale, Mrs. T. N. Abernathy and Mrs. W. C. Beddingfield. Those invited were: Mrs. E. T. Gibbs, Mrs. George Craig and Mrs. Jack Evans.

The next meeting will be with Mrs. W. H. Burgess in West End.

For Visitors.

Miss Helen Harte entertained at a conversational party Tuesday evening, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. K. Harte, at 411 Forrest avenue, in East Point, in honor of Miss Madge Wallace, of Waverley Hall, and Miss Josephine Kerr, of Decatur.

Those invited to meet the honor guests were Misses Grace Armstrong, Carolyn Simmons, Mary Spencer, Tommie Stanley, Sallie Fannie Carroll, Messrs. Tom Spencer, Standish and Thurman Thompson, George Sparks, Wells Taylor, Rich Wethington.

Refreshments were served at small tables on the front porch.

Picnic at Jonesboro.

A pleasant occasion of Friday evening was the moonlight picnic at Jonesboro, enjoyed by the following from East Point:

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McKenzie, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Brotherton, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Callahan, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Spalding, Miss Lurnie Thompson, Mr. George Dykes, Miss Mae Shepard, Miss Carrie May Allen, Mrs. T. P. Johnson of Hopkinsville, Ky., Miss Osee Willis of Winder.

Bridge Club.

The East Point Matrons' Bridge club, met with Mrs. Harold Brotherton Thursday afternoon.

The following members were present: Mrs. Harry Johnson, Mrs. Wayne Moore, Mrs. J. E. McMillan, Mrs. J. C. McKenzie, Mrs. A. T. Spalding, Jr., Mrs. S. J. Brown, Mrs. Erwin Wilson.

Mrs. Spalding won the prize, which was a pair of guest towels.

Be absolutely sure that when your laundry is returned to you that it is clean. Not merely that it looks clean, but is sanitarily clean. There's a difference.

Let us have your washing here where every precaution is taken in a hygienic manner. Furthermore, your garments will not come in contact with an objectionable class of work.

We operate our "Perfect Service" Dry Cleaning in connection with our laundry plant.

Piedmont Laundry & Dry Cleaning Co.

Both Phones 83 Trinity Ave.

LIBERTY BELL GOES ACROSS CONTINENT

Precious Relic of Revolution Will Start Tomorrow From Philadelphia for the Panama-Pacific Exposition

Philadelphia, July 3.—The Liberty Bell, precious relic of the American revolution, will start Monday on its eighth and longest journey from Philadelphia since it was first hung in the old state house of the Province of Pennsylvania in 1752. It goes to the Panama-Pacific International exposition and before it is returned to its big glass case in Independence hall next November or December, it will have traveled more than ten thousand miles and will have been seen by millions of people.

On its journey to San Francisco the Liberty Bell special train will traverse Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California.

Elaborate arrangements have been made for the journey and everything that will aid in safe-guarding the bell from injury has been done. Four policemen from the Philadelphia traffic squad will guard the relic until it is again returned to its home.

At sunrise on Monday workmen will remove the bell from its case and put it on the special hanger that will support it across the country. It will be wheeled on a truck into Independence Square, where patriotic exercises will be held. At noon the first brigade, Pennsylvania National guard, will escort the bell to the West Philadelphia station of the Pennsylvania railroad, where it will be hoisted on a special car. The first troop, Philadelphia City cavalry, which organization escorted George Washington state functions in Philadelphia, will be the special escort of the bell as on previous occasions. At 3 p. m., the bell train with a party of twenty-six city councilmen will start on the journey.

The Bell Train.

The train will consist of a baggage car, diner, three sleepers, a special car for the reception of guests en route, and a car for the bell which will be at the rear. This is a specially constructed flat car, with an iron railing at the sides and ends. American flags will wave from staffs at each corner and there will be other decorations in American colors.

The councilmanic committee in charge of the journey announced that in hanging the bell, the crack in it will be on the right hand side of the car as it journeys west.

Even cities traversed in the night will get a glimpse of the relic, a system of illumination having been devised that will throw a blaze of light on the bell as it passes through in the darkness.

Shock absorbers have been installed on the flat car to keep the bell from being jolted. The train crews will be specially picked for their carefulness in starting and stopping trains. The speed limits across the continent will not be less than 18 miles an hour nor more than 35 miles. The schedule will be rigidly observed so that crowds may not be kept waiting beyond the time appointed for the train to go through their communities.

Another absolute rule the committee has made is that the bell will not under any circumstances be taken from the car for the purpose of parading it through the streets. Many municipalities have been advised to build movable platforms the height of the flat car with an incline at each end so that children may go up one incline, pass the bell, touch it if they care to, and then pass down the incline at the other end of the platform. Where these platforms are provided the railing on one side of the car will be removed.

During stops, booklets containing the history of the bell, cards with a picture of the relic and buttons also containing a picture of the bell and the American flag, will be distributed to children. It will take hundreds of thousands of these souvenirs to supply the demand. To the governors and mayors, the history of the bell in small bound volume will be presented. Governors have been invited to journey with the bell through their respective states.

Souvenirs of the Journey.

There will be no official souvenirs of the journey except those distributed free by the escorting committee. The committee also refused to make any concessions to moving picture concerns, virtually every such enterprise in the country having applied for the privilege of sending representatives on the trip. The committee, however, purchased a special moving picture machine for its own use. Pictures will be taken through the journey and films will be furnished to public schools without expense. In short the city council has placed a strict ban upon commercialism in connection with the trip.

The train will arrive in San Francisco Friday night, July 16, and Saturday, July 17, will be Liberty Bell day at the exposition. Early in the morning the relic will be conveyed to its place in the Pennsylvania building on the exposition grounds where exercises will be held.

The bell will leave San Francisco in November and will return by the southern route, through Los Angeles, San Diego, Arizona and Texas. The details of the return trip have not yet been completed, but it is virtually certain that the special train will go through St. Louis, Indianapolis and Cincinnati.

After each return of the bell there has been a movement started to prevent the precious metal from leaving the city again. The crack in it has been slowly extending and there has been fear that in its journey the bell might split in two. Opposition to its leaving the city on this trip was bitter, but city council voted that it belonged to the American people and that opportunities to view it should be given, whenever possible.

Sending the bell to the western coast will cost the city of Philadelphia $75,000. The escorting committee of twenty-six councilmen will pay their own expenses.

Policemen Guard Bell.

The four policemen who will constantly guard the bell were specially picked for their fitness. Each is more than six feet in height. The head of the police department in designating the four men called them to the front and impressed upon them the following dont's:

Don't taste any intoxicating liquor while away from Philadelphia.

Don't lose your temper at any time.

Don't fail to uphold the reputation of Philadelphia policemen for courtesy.

Don't fail to answer every question however foolish.

Don't fail to at once read the history of the bell so that you can answer questions accurately.

The first time the bell left Philadelphia was under different circumstances from those which caused the later pilgrimages from the "Cradle of Liberty." That was when the British army occupied the city of Philadelphia in 1777-1778 and George Washington with his continental army spent the winter at Valley Forge. As the British approached the city in September, it was hurriedly taken to Allentown, Pa., and was kept in the Zion Lutheran church of that place until June, 1778, when it was returned to Philadelphia. Its subsequent journeys were:

1885—To the World's Industrial and Cotton exposition, New Orleans.

1893—World's Columbian exposition, Chicago.

1895—Cotton States and International exposition, Atlanta.

1902—Charleston exposition.

1903—Battle of Bunker Hill celebration, Boston.

1904—Louisiana Purchase exposition, St. Louis.

BUSY SUMMER PLANNED FOR THE ATLANTIC FLEET

Washington, July 3.—The Atlantic fleet's summer program, announced today, will keep the battleship and auxiliary squadron and destroyer and submarine flotillas busied with active exercises on a large scale until the fleet war game, September 19 to 30, without going to the Panama canal. The battleships will be off the New England coast during July and August and then go south.

There will be occasional mobilization of the fleet, but the submarines will be under overhauling and repairs until July 31, then will be engaged in torpedo firing and training of the officers and crews. The effort will be to bring all the submarines up to their highest efficiency.

The battleship squadron, comprising the first, second, third and fourth divisions, with the Wyoming as flagship, will be engaged from July 6 to August 28 in torpedo practice, landing operations, sub-caliber drills, divisional exercises and fleet maneuvers at various points along the New England coast.

August 29-September 18, on the southern drill grounds, outside the Virginia capes, the battleships will have elementary and experimental target practice. They will take on coal and stores at Hampton Roads, overhaul machinery, and their officers will have conferences preliminary to the war game. The game will occupy September 19 to 30.

The destroyer flotilla will be occupied in New England waters until August 28 in various tactical exercises. From August 29 to September 18, on the southern drill grounds, the flotilla will have elementary target practice, with rendezvous at Hampton Roads.

The submarine flotilla will be overhauled until July 31, then have torpedo firing and training of personnel.

The auxiliary squadron until August 28 will practice off the New England coast. From August 29 to September 18 it will be on the southern drill grounds, engaged in elementary target practice. It will be with the remainder of the fleet in the war game.

The cruiser squadron will have target practice on the southern drill grounds "as opportunity presents" after doing patrol duty in various places and target practice at Guantanamo.

LESSON FROM GERMANY

Developed Water Power and Gets Nitrates From Air.

(From Wesley's Weekly.)

If Germany had not developed her water power, with a view to obtaining nitrates from the air, the European war would be over today and Germany would be a wrecked nation. Three very large factories, operated economically by water power, are now turning out sufficient nitrates for the manufacture of all the explosives needed by Germany to carry on the war. If Germany had not developed her water power, she would have been dependent on the supply of nitrogen available from the deposits of sodium nitrate in Chile. This supply has been cut off from Germany by the blockade established by Great Britain.

More and more the wars of modern times are found to depend on the supply of ammunition. If the United States had to go to war today, she would find herself in an uncomfortable position, owing to the fact that there are no nitrate factories in the United States. The nearest one is in Canada.

Nitrogen is the necessary basis of all explosives. Up to a few years ago the United States had no reserve supply. A statement of the gravity of the situation was made to the military committees of the house and senate by General Crozier. So alarming was this statement that it has always been kept confidential. It resulted in provision being made for the erection of storehouses and the accumulation of a supply of sodium nitrate from Chile. The ultimate intention is to secure a store of 65,000,000 pounds. The present accumulation is about 50,000,000 pounds. The army and navy use about 7,000,000 pounds of sodium nitrate annually in target practice, saluting, etc. On a war basis, our present reserve of nitrogen would last only a few months.

In the year 1913 nitrogen compounds to the value of $42,000,000 were imported into this country. All could have been produced here under a rational water power policy. The nitrogen manufacturing industry of Europe represents an aggregate investment of $300,000,000. The industry employs 50,000 people. The value of the product was $220,000,000 last year. Nitrogen plants are located in the following countries: Germany, 3; Norway, 3; Sweden, 2; Switzerland, 1; France, 1; Italy, 3; Austria, 1 Japan, 1; Canada, 2.

A great nitrogen industry representing an expenditure of $39,000,000 was arranged and financed and made ready for development during the winter of 1914-15. The great plant was to be located in this country, and it would have been of sufficient capacity to make this country independent of foreign nations for explosives. When the sixty-third congress expired without enacting water-power legislation, all plans for the big establishment of that industry in the United States were torn up and the attention of the organizers was diverted to the Saguenay river in Canada.

An Error.

(Mark Sullivan, in Collier's.)

In Collier's two weeks ago it was stated that Justice Hughes and Senator Borah "represent the liberal wing of the progressive party." What was meant, of course, was that they represent the liberal wing of the republican party. Senator Borah never affiliated with the progressive party, and Justice Hughes was on the bench at the time of the break.

Arthur Wardwell, of Skohagen, Maine, is said to have the largest elm tree in the country. It measures 18 feet in circumference, more than 75 feet in height and the branches spread nearly 50 feet.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" when Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't lose a day's work.

Liven up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

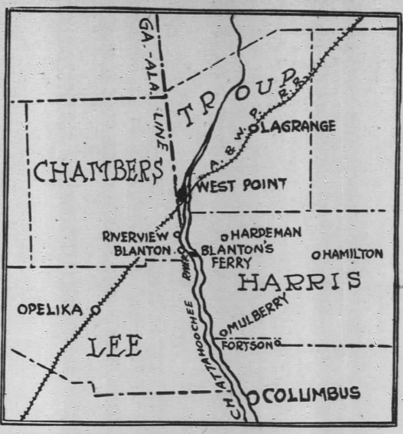
Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50-cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working; headache and dizziness gone; stomach will be sweet and bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.

Scene of Triple Tragedy



Drawn from version of eye-witness.

Map showing Blanton's Ferry, where bodies were discovered; Riverview, the home of the Melton boys and their family; Hardeman and Mulberry, homes of the Teal families and sympathizers; Hamilton, the county seat of Harris, the county which has taken charge of the investigation. Feud sentiment prevails in Harris and Chambers counties in vicinity of Hardeman, Blanton's Ferry, Mulberry, Riverview and Blanton.

District Attorney Sought To Conduct Thorough Probe Of Triple Murder at River

BY BRITT CRAIG,
Special Staff Correspondent.

West Point, Ga., July 3.—(Special.) The first active steps toward prevention of feud uprisings and toward the assurance of a fearless investigation into the mystery of the triple tragedy of the Chattahoochee, were taken tonight when Walter McKinney, the prosecuting attorney, journeyed to Columbus to confer with District Attorney George Palmer.

WALTER M'KINNEY,
Attorney who is investigating triple murder near West Point. He has been warned by anonymous letter to quit investigation of case.

Although the result of the conference has not yet been made public, it is probable that the district attorney will accompany the West Point lawyer to Blanton's ferry, where the first sessions of the inquest have already been held and, himself, take charge of the investigation.

Citizens of the communities in which the slain men lived, and sympathizers with their families, are determined that their slayers shall be brought to justice, and that nothing hinder the investigation. Mr. McKinney will return to West Point tonight.

No New Developments.

Saturday presented no new developments in the mystery. No arrests have been made. The probe is practically at a standstill until the investigating authorities are enabled to get to work upon the evidence expected to be adduced by the coroner's inquest.

A stirring phase of the case, however, arose this afternoon in a visit to West Point of John Ware, the ferryman at Blanton's ferry, who told of the exciting incidents of Friday morning when the two crowds gathered upon separate river banks for the purpose of holding the inquest, but were prevented because of the river's swollen state that made navigation perilous.

Precaution Is Advised.

Conservative authorities of West Point and other centers approve the action of the prosecuting attorney, and advise precaution. The measures to be taken have not been definitely suggested. Many advise squads of deputy sheriffs, while others go so far as to suggest the militia from Columbus. The Georgia militia, in this event, would necessarily be called upon, the inquest having been proposed on the Georgia shore by a Georgia coroner and composed of a Harris county, Georgia, jury.

There have been no arrests made. Sheriff Hadley, of Hamilton, the county seat of Harris, has stated, it is said, that he will not act until the findings of the coroner are submitted to him.

The community in which the stirring incidents have been enacted is mountainous. Huge hills rise up from both shores of the Chattahoochee at the point where the third body was given up by the river, and where the inquest will be attempted Monday morning.

Scene Is Picturesque.

Blanton, the central zone of activities of the family and friends of the Melton brothers and Johnny Leake, is a small settlement nestling in the mountainside and traversed by the Chattahoochee Valley railroad, over which runs a passenger train of two cars twice a day.

There are only two or three buildings—the postoffice and general grocery, the railroad station and a residence or two, including a cabin—and a crowd like that which met the train Friday morning when officials came from West Point to hold the inquest overflows the town.

Two miles below runs the river. The road leading to it is perilous, winding around the mountainside, and very narrow, overlooking beautiful scenery in the valleys below and hills beyond. The river at Blanton's ferry is perhaps two hundreds or more yards wide in its normal flow.

Customarily the only signs of life except the transient teams ferrying across is the small home of John Ware, the ferryman, a man whose life has been spent on the river. Friday morning his sunken ferry lay beneath the surface, mute evidence of the mad river's perils. John Ware, being an intermediary agent and the connecting link between the two states and counties, is a neutral.

If he has any sympathies he has kept them to himself. It is even hard to get him to listen to expressions of sentiment. John Ware has business of ferrying folks across: not to endanger patronage and his own skin with sentimental affiliations. He lives on the Alabama side, but as his business involves the Georgia shore as much as the opposite shore, he tells the factional seekers of sympathy:

"Boys, you can find me in the middle of the river."

Place Sparsely Settled.

The territory is sparsely settled. One can travel for miles along the river banks and seldom see a home, except now and then a deserted shack, or the tiny, two-room outhouses of the ferrymen at various points.

Only a few miles below Blanton's ferry, the Chattahoochee is navigable, and river vessels ply it from Columbus to the sea. In fact, lighter craft steam even to Blanton's ferry and beyond. Until heavy floods washed tons of sand and soil into the river bottom in later years, small freight boats used to put in at West Point.

But a short distance from Blanton's ferry is an island, covered by dense growth, its interior completely concealed from the shore. It stands out in sharp contrast with the towering mountains on both sides, and it is a popular haven for outings and boating trips.

Consequently, the people are a combination of mountaineers and rivermen. They are a strong, sturdy sort, tall, broad-shouldered, lithe and sunburned. Most of them bear Scotch names. Kinship seems to have linked all the men in the communities divided by the Chattahoochee into large family groups.

The Great Obstacle to Progress

(Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University, in Leslie's.)

It would be well for us to recognize and confess that the great obstacle to the progress of our people in the development of national vigor and rectitude is the growth of a selfish individualism which has no thought for the common good and the public weal. No nation has ever been conquered by a foe from without unless there has been developed some inherent weakness within. If we can withstand the dangers of peace we need never fear the danger of war.

NO LACK OF "DOPE" FOR THE MIDSHIPMEN

Ensign Harrison Explains the Wide Distribution of Advance Information.

Annapolis, Md., July 3.—Ensign H. H. Harrison, one of the defendants before the court of inquiry investigating irregularities in examinations at the naval academy, today explained to the court the wide distribution of advance information on the modern languages examination.

Harrison said he heard that Midshipman Wessell, one of the original defendants recommended for dismissal, had some good information which Harrison thought he had received from an instructor because Wessell had been confined to the hospital for some time. This information was copied by Harrison, and, he said, testified that Wessell had made use of first and second classes. It has been testified that Wessel had made use of the papers that Midshipman James E. Moss claimed to have received from an anonymous source and which the authorities charge were stolen examination papers.

Among early witnesses were Midshipmen Glick and Whittaker, who were called of their own initiative and were examined by their counsel. Glick said he accompanied Midshipman C. M. Reagle on a surreptitious visit to an academic department, but went into an inner room and copied marks of about fifty midshipmen.

Reagle, the witness said, had remained in the outer room copying something and Whittaker watched in the corridor. He said that he did not know what Reagle was doing, but that when they returned to their quarters Reagle gave him some papers telling him it was English "dope" and that he gave them to Whittaker, as it pertained to his class. Whittaker confirmed this statement.

The practice squadron is expected to sail for San Francisco next Wednesday.

Annapolis, Md., July 3.—Seventeen midshipmen have been implicated in hazing at the naval academy, according to testimony produced by investigating officers. It is reliably reported that the list includes the son of a high ranking naval officer, the son of a state governor, and a youth reputed to be the wealthiest midshipman in the academy.

TO CHECK MIGRATION OF NEGROES TO CITIES

Tuskegee, Ala., July 3.—(Special.)—The third week of the sixth annual session of the Tuskegee Institute Summer school for colored teachers, with an enrollment of 422 from fourteen states, ended Friday with an inspiring address on "Methods to Check Migration of Negroes to Cities" by Professor George Edmund Haynes, Nashville, Tenn., of the department of social science, Fisk university, and director of the National League on Urban Conditions Among Negroes.

Professor Haynes was introduced by Professor J. R. E. Lee, director of the summer school, who stated that the services of the speaker were secured because of his extensive knowledge of the social and economic conditions of the negro in the south and the prominent position he holds in Fisk university.

Professor Haynes declared, among other things, that the most vital problem that concerns the American negroes is fundamentally social and economic; that the serious question is, where the masses of the negroes of the south should live; that the migration of more than 27 per cent of the negro population to the cities has resulted in a large and increasing urban population; that thirty-nine cities had more than two thousand negroes each; that twelve cities had more than forty thousand; that five of these were northern cities and seven southern; that in every city where the negro population has reached a considerable proportion, it is largely congested into district neighborhoods, thus making more acute the problems growing out of their change from rural to urban life, and that the efforts of his organization are directed to help in counteracting this migration to cities and to seek to improve the serious social conditions growing up among negroes in the cities and the rural districts.

Hospital Improved.

Announcement is made that Dr. J. Richmond Duvall and Dr. J. L. Howell have associated with them Dr. J. Q. Brantley in the management of the Georgian Hospital on Capitol avenue. All three of these doctors are well known in Atlanta. The hospital has been thoroughly overhauled and is equipped with every scientific device for the care of patients—(adv.)

ONE MILLION BOXES FREE

To prove the curative value of our Iron and Alum Mass we will, during July, mail to one million families a full 50-cent box of Piedmont-Bedford Springs Company's Iron and Alum Mass, equal to 12 gallons of Iron and Alum Water. It has had the approval of the medical profession and the public for over fifty years in the treatment of Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Catarrh of the Stomach and Intestines, Skin Diseases, Nervous and General Debility. Send 10 cents to pay cost of packing and postage. Address
Piedmont-Bedford Springs Co., Inc.,
Box 231, Lynchburg, Va.

Package of Iced Tea Free To Constitution Readers

At last! Something for nothing!

It has been said that no one ever gets anything for nothing, but here is a chance where you may really get something—and something mighty good, too—for nothing—absolutely free.

Look on the "Want Ad" page of today's Constitution, and if you find your name there, you may call at The Constitution office and receive absolutely free a big package of Heckin's famous Deer-Head iced tea.

The Constitution will select at random each day from the city directory a number of names of Atlanta ladies. Maybe your name is there today. If not today, perhaps it will be there tomorrow. Look each day, for it is likely to appear at any time.

Whenever your name appears all you have to do is call in person at The Constitution office and get your fine package of tea free.

And for these sweltering days what is better than a big frosty glass of tea, with the ice tinkling in it?

LOCAL SHOE COMPANIES WILL CLOSE ON MONDAY

On account of Monday, July 5, being the date set aside for observance of the national holiday in commemoration of the signing of the Declaration of Independence, Atlanta shoe merchants have announced that their stores will be closed on that date. The following announcement has been issued:

"We, the undersigned merchants, agree to close all day July 5 in observance of the national holiday, on account of the signing of the Declaration of Independence."

(Signed) Forsyth Shoe company, Red Seal Shoe Shop, Signet Shoe Shop, Douglas Shoe company, Walkover Shoe company, Beacon Shoe company, Hanover Shoe company, Regal Shoe company.

Cotton Seed Flour as Food for Humans.

(From Popular Mechanics Magazine.)

From the results of tests conducted at the Texas Agricultural Experiment station it has apparently been found that flour made from cotton seed is a valuable food for general consumption. This is a new product which is being manufactured in the south and offered as an inexpensive substitute for meat. It is remarkably high in protein, which is the nutrient, or flesh-producing substance in meat, and is readily digested by the gastric juices. It is also said to be quite palatable and satisfying.

RAILWAYS MAKE FIGHT ON TAX ASSESSMENTS

Columbia, S. C., July 3.—The members of the state tax commission, state treasurer and attorney general today admitted service of injunction papers restraining them from collecting taxes assessed against the Southern, Seaboard, Blue Ridge and Charleston and Western Carolina railroads. They are required to show cause July 15 why the injunction should not be made interlocutory.

The roads are protesting against payment of the state license tax assessed by the newly created tax commission on a basis of 3 mills on all earnings, whereas the assessments formerly were based on receipts for intra-state shipments. The roads offered to pay taxes on the former basis, but acceptance was refused. The assessments this year against those roads total $67,776, as compared with $28,445 last year.

That Upward Trend.

(From Collier's.)

A quiet contemporary, The Philadelphia "Record," sums up a hundred years of social evolution, from the five-bottle roarers of the times of Pitt and Fox to the buttermilk and grape juice conservatives of the present:

"It used to be 'Drunk as a lord.' Now it is 'Sober as a king.'"

That's how the world is moving.

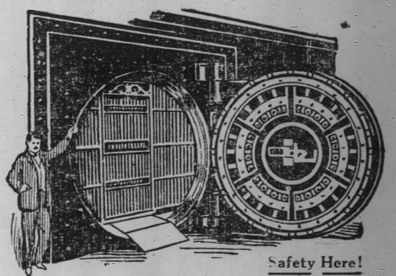
The so-called death watch, with its mysterious ticking at night time, is due to nothing more serious than the furniture beetle. The larva of this insect burrows into the furniture, making the pinholes which are often seen in old furniture.

A Prosperous Year

¶ The Third National Bank has had a prosperous year. It is evidenced in the raising of its annual dividend from 6 to 8 per cent, and the increase of its surplus and undivided profits to more than $950,000.

¶ Its prosperity is based not only upon its security, but upon its extensive facilities for, and careful and satisfactory methods of, transacting business.

¶ Security, attention, accuracy, courtesy—these are the qualities that bring us friends and customers. They are at YOUR service also.



Safety Here!

Third National Bank

Marietta and Broad Streets

Capital, Surplus and Profits $1,950,000

President, Frank Hawkins; Vice Presidents, John W. Grant, J. N. Goddard and Thos. C. Erwin; Cashier, A. M. Bergstrom; Assistant Cashiers, R. W. Byers, W. B. Symmers and A. J. Hansell.

FREE! FREE! FREE! FREE! BE THANKFUL FOR HEEKIN'S TEA FREE!

1-2 LB. PACKAGE——1-2 LB. PACKAGE

Iced Tea

A Cool, Invigorating Summer Drink

Free to Constitution Want Ad Readers

GET YOURS!

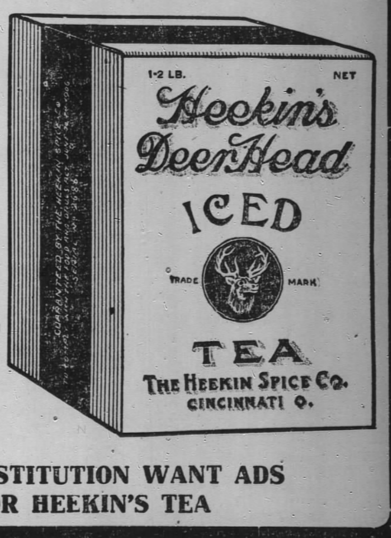
If you find your name on the want ad page of The Constitution you get a package of Heekin's Iced Tea, absolutely free. LOOK NOW!

It Will Be Worth Your While

Scattered through The Constitution Want Ads each morning will be the names of a number of ladies who read The Constitution. Every one of these will receive a free package of Heekin's Iced Tea by calling in person at the office of The Constitution, or sending a written order.

No tea will be given to those who have inserted their own names in connection with a "Want Ad."

If your name is in The Constitution Want Ads come to this office not later than one week after your name appears and you will receive a half-pound package of Heekin's Iced Tea, absolutely free (no strings attached).



IT PAYS TO READ CONSTITUTION WANT ADS
BE THANKFUL FOR HEEKIN'S TEA

Society

Danzor Club.

The Danzor club entertained its members and friends with a dance Thursday evening at Lane's hall.

Those present were Misses Nell Ballard, Jennie May Calloway, Becky Beveridge, Lorena Pierce, Vie Swanson, Ruth Thompson, Victoria Williams, Zaretta Estes, Clementine Levert, Marjorie Glascow, Kate Ellis, Martha Bloodworth, Mrs. Warren, Miss May Love, Mrs. Lee, Miss Mary Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Jamison, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Bootes, Mr. George Beveridge, Mr. Arva Floyd, Mr. Joseph Launius, Mr. and Mrs. L. Gaff, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cundell, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Weaver, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Marshall, Mr. H. G. White, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Young, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Phipps, S. A. Johnson, Park Dallis, Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Gossett, W. S. Williams, B. B. Todd, Clarence Harrison, Leonard McClain, Carmen Young, Ralph Parr, Paul Wootten, Mr. and Mrs. Jansen, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Coles, Dr. and Mrs. C. Edward Buchanan, Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Savitz, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Holcombe, Mr. E. H. Kimbell, Doll Ballard, H. P. Loveless, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Loveless, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bennett, J. E. Cochran, Karl Cochran, Dr. L. F. Baker, Herbert H. Gorman, Warren Davis, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bush, Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Upchurch, Fred B. Jones, Eugene C. Jones, Ernest Clayton, I. McQueen Auld and J. C. Perteet.

Dancing Party.

A happy event of the week for the younger set was the dancing party given by Mr. and Mrs. James E. Williams for little Miss Elizabeth Dorsey, of Denver, Colo.

The Jolly Dozen Club.

The Jolly Dozen club was delightfully entertained Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. D. Zakas at her home on Sinclair avenue. A profusion of daisies and other flowers formed the decoration of the living room, library and veranda, where the interesting games were played.

Mrs. Clarence Howell made top score, and was presented with white and gold bread and butter plates.

Those present were Mrs. R. O. Carter, Mrs. Irby Cook, Mrs. Henry Ferguson, Mrs. Clarence Howell, Mrs. J. F. Stewart, Mrs. Slocumb, Mrs. C. L. Nash, Mrs. Manley, Mrs. Holcombe, Mrs. C. White and Mrs. A. O. Trout.

The Jolly Dozen will have an outing at Grant park next Wednesday, July 7, and all the members are requested to be there.

The club will meet Wednesday afternoon, July 14, at the home of Mrs. R. O. Carter, of 20 Spencer street.

Bridge Club.

Mrs. Laura O'Rourke entertained the Auction Bridge club at her home on Capitol avenue Wednesday morning. The members present were Mrs. A. S. Wilson, Mrs. J. L. Darsey, Miss Mary Vernoy, Mrs. Gourge, Mrs. Love, Mrs. C. F. Crouch and Mrs. D. L. Franklin.

The next meeting will be with Miss Mary Vernoy, on Cherokee avenue, July 7.

Buckeye Woman's Club.

The Buckeye Woman's club held its monthly meeting June 22 with Miss Lucile Holman, 21 Boulevard Terrace. The meeting was presided over by the president, Mrs. W. H. Preston.

Good work is planned for the coming year. A committee was appointed to visit the Atlanta Child's home during the month.

A social hour was much enjoyed and refreshments were served. Miss Annie May Broach gave one of her excellent readings.

Those assisting Miss Holman were: Miss Catharine Whitehead and Miss Virginia Whiteman.

The next meeting will be held at Grant park, the fourth Tuesday of July, when a box lunch will be served.

Picnic at Park.

The Sunday school class taught by Mrs. W. H. Preston, of St. John's church, held a picnic last Friday at Grant park at 5 p. m. The class consists of young girls and is named "Flowers of Truth."

With a few invited friends there were eighteen who enjoyed the many good things to eat.

Silver Tea.

The ladies of the East Point Presbyterian church entertained Thursday afternoon at a silver tea at the home of Mrs. F. J. Allen. The proceeds are to be used on the new church building.

Rook Party.

A delightful event of Tuesday afternoon was the rook party entertained by Mrs. W. G. Whisenhunt, at her home on East Cleveland avenue, in East Point, in honor of her guests, Misses Hermine Huntsman and Mary Clemmer, of Greenville, Tenn., and Miss Madge Harmon, of Rogersville, Tenn.

Those invited were: Miss Ruth Wright of Rome, Miss Thelma Hollis of West End, Misses Annie Lemon and Evelyne Holcombe, Misses Emily and Elmina Schell, Miss Edna Bohler, Miss Carolyn Simmons, Miss Sallie Fannie Carroll, Miss Nora McDuffie.

Missionary Society.

The East Point missionary society will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Henry Beall, on Thompson street.

Fischer-Green.

The wedding of Miss Lucretia Astor Fischer and Mr. Thomas Jonathan Green, of Kerns, Texas, was an interesting event which took place on the morning of July 27 at the Second Baptist church, Dr. John E. White officiating.

Only the families and a few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony. The bride wore her traveling suit of blue faille with hat to match. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Green left for their home in Texas.

To Miss Simpson.

In compliment to Miss Frances Simpson, Mrs. Clarke Frazier will entertain at bridge Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. John Simpson will give a bridge party Tuesday, the 13th, and Miss Moyelle Gann, Mrs. Fred Stewart and others will entertain.

Dinner-Dance.

Mrs. M. G. Lewis entertained forty guests at a dinner-dance Friday evening at her home in compliment to her guest, Miss Parree Christian, of Cornelia. The house was attractively decorated with pink gladioli, roses and ferns.

Christening Services.

A beautiful event of the week was the christening of little Miss Mildred Byrd, the infant daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Byrd, at the home of her parents on Grant street. Rev. J. W. Quillian officiated. The ceremony was witnessed only by members of the family and a few intimate friends.

Druid Hills Golf Club.

The usual large number of guests assembled at Druid Hills Golf club yesterday afternoon for the weekly tea-dance.

House Party.

Miss Louise Walker, of Monroe, who returned recently from Miss Mason's school at Tarrytown-on-the-Hudson, has had several of her school friends with her during the past two weeks. After spending a week with Miss Walker, in Monroe, Miss Walker and her guests stopped over for a night and day with Mrs. Paul Felder Vose, in Atlanta, and are now with Mrs. Frank P. Harrold, in Americus. Several young men have joined the house party for the week-end.

The young ladies are Miss Louise Walker, Miss Kiffie Cutter, of Boston; Miss Olive Plant, of Washington, D. C.; Miss Alice Muse, of Atlanta; Miss Natalie Bocock, of Athens; Miss Ruth Reid, of College Park.

TALENTED SINGER

Photo by Phillips.

MISS DERRYL LAW,
Whose beautiful soprano voice has been trained by masters for choir work.

Miss Deryl Law is an Atlanta girl in whom there is much artistic promise.

She has a soprano voice of natural beauty and ease of delivery, lyric in quality, and she sings with style and taste. She has had the advantage of years of study of music and languages in Paris, London and New York, under distinguished teachers, and now during a visit in Georgia, her former home, she is putting her time to advantage at the summer school of music at Brenau.

Miss Law's beauty will add no little weight to her attractiveness as a musical star, when she decides upon her career, whether it will be concert or opera. She goes to New York in the fall to pursue her studies, Mrs. Law accompanying her.

Brilliant Receptions At the Country Club

One of the most enjoyable events of the week was the dinner-dance at the Piedmont Driving club last night, which assembled a bright company of local and visiting people.

Among the distinguished guests were Senator and Mrs. T. W. Hardwick, Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Dick, their hosts. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Paine and Mrs. S. K. Dick, Sr., completed the party.

Others entertaining were Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Speer, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Davis of Charlotte, Mr. and Mrs. Ulric Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Adair, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mikell, Colonel Robert J. Lowry, Mr. Eugene Kelly, Mr. Sanders Jones, Mr. Eugene Haynes, Dr. Montague Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Newell, Mr. Prince Webster, Dr. J. D. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. Westervelt Terhune.

James-Duffy.

One of the most beautiful weddings ever solemnized in James county was that of Miss Libbie James and Mr. Thomas William Duffy, Jr., which took place Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. M. E. J. Smith, at James, Ga.

The entire lower floor of the house was decorated in an artistic and beautiful manner. Festoons of southern smilax draped the walls and stately palms were grouped throughout the rooms. Quantities of ferns and tall floor vases filled with pink gladioli decorated the spacious hall and drawing room. In the drawing room, where the ceremony was performed, an altar was formed of Easter lilies and ferns, having for a background a massing of palms and other plants. The mantels were banked with ferns, lilies and gladioli.

Just before the ceremony Mrs. J. A. Middlebrooks, of Haddock, sang "Oh, Fair; Oh, Sweet; Oh, Holy;" accompanied by Miss Eula Hancock, who also played Mendelssohn's wedding march as the bridal party descended the broad stairway.

Little Misses Mary Morton and Louise James, each wearing the daintiest of white lace dresses, with pink sashes, preceded the bridal party with long streamers of white tulle. They formed an aisle for the bride and her attendants.

They were followed by the ushers, Mr. Lemuel P. James and Mr. S. C. Bowden, of Atlanta.

Miss Lucile Morton, maid of honor, and niece of the bride, was lovely in her gown of pink crepe de chine, with an overdress of lace. She carried a bouquet of pink gladiodi.

The bride entered with her brother, Mr. W. E. James, of Macon, and was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. James H. Palmer, of Macon.

Mrs. F. A. Guttenberger and Miss Hancock played "Traumeri" during the ceremony, which was impressively performed by Rev. E. W. Sammons.

The bride was lovely in her gown of white crepe faille, made entrain and exquisitely draped with rose lace. The wedding veil was hung from a becoming cap interlaced with lilies of the valley, and her bouquet was of bride's roses showered with valley lilies.

A reception followed the ceremony.

An orchestra furnished a beautiful program for the evening.

Punch was served by Misses Rita Duffy and Thelma Morton.

The color scheme, pink and white, was continued in the refreshments. Misses Agnes Duffy, Lucile Hardeman, Willie Sammons and Mary Pitts assisted in entertaining.

The bride is the youngest daughter of Mrs. M. E. J. Smith, and is beloved by all who know her. Her many friends regret that her marriage will take her from James, where she will be greatly missed in social and religious circles.

The groom is well kown and popular in social circles, as well as in business. He holds a prominent position with Loughman Supply company, Loughman, Fla.

Alliance Dance at Lakewood

A very important meeting of the Alliance dance committee was held on Wednesday evening, June 30, at the home of Mr. Albert Herskowitz, 422 Glenn street. This committee has arranged to give a weekly dance at Lakewood, under Alliance auspices, every Wednesday evening, throughout the summer. An admission of 50 cents per couple will be charged, and the proceeds will go to the Alliance.

Mr. Alfred Revson has been appointed general chairman for the month of July. The following committees were appointed for the same period: Press, Alfred Revson, Samuel Castleton and Albert Herskowitz; floor, R. A. Friedson, Ben Frank, L. J. Levitas and Albert Herskowitz; reception, Misses Meline Feibelman, Elizabeth Schlesinger, Hattie Dewald, Rebecca Zaban, Edna Levy, Gussie Abrams, Mr. and Mrs. S. Weill, Alfred Revson, L. J. Levitas and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Herskowitz. Treasurer, Bertha Montag; secretary, Rosalyn Abrams.

The committee is very anxious that these dances be largely attended, and trust that the patrons and friends of the Alliance will give wide publicity to these affairs. The public is invited.

Moore-Callaway.

Mrs. M. E. Moore announces the marriage of her daughter, Mary Will, to Mr. Joseph B. Callaway. The wedding was a quiet affair at the home of the bride on Park avenue on July 3 at high noon.

Al Fresco Party.

Miss Lula Jackson entertained at an al fresco party last Thursday evening at her home on Sunset avenue in compliment to her two attractive visitors, Misses Lilly Bell and Lula Whitehurst, of Wilson, N. C.

Miss Lilly Bell Whitehurst was gowned in a pale pink crepe and chiffon, made empire, and wore a corsage of pink sweet peas and ferns. Miss Lula Whitehurst wore a lovely rose crepe de chine, trimmed in lace and tiny rose buds, and fashioned baby waist.

A dainty shadow lace frock over pink satin was worn by the hostess. Miss Jackson's sister, Mrs. S. D. Austin, assisted in entertaining, wearing an accordion pleated blue chiffon dress.

Invited to meet the guest of honor were: Miss Mary Allen, Miss Blanche Webb, Miss Alva Barber, Miss Mary Baldwin, Miss Mary Simpson, Miss Mattie Lou Tyner, Miss Ruby Rousey, Miss Alice Denton, Miss Fannie Sue Bailey, Miss Annie Goode, Torbert Miss Belle Knox, Miss Sue Haley, Miss Berdie Robertson, Miss Georgia Honea, Miss Ethel Vandiver, Miss Esther Carson, Miss Charlie Mae Dodd, Miss Cora Stanford, Miss Lois Jackson, Miss Emma Kate Thompson, Mrs. S. D. Austin, Mr. P. Brown, Dr. C. E. Jones, Mr. Ralph Jackson, Mr. Robert Bethel, Mr. Gary, Mr. Sam Turner, Mr. John R. Burress, Mr. J. L. Stevens, Mr. Carson Baldwin, Mr. Tom Emith, Mr. Will Oakes, Mr. Watson, Mr. Oliver Ewing, Mr. C. Brady, Mr. Fred Jacobs, Dr. M. P. Pentecost, Dr. M. F. Coleman, Messrs. John Logan, Sims Logan and Paul Logan, Mr. Fred Gaudette, Mr. Lane, Mr. Eugene J. Jackson, Mr. Stanton Henley, Mr. Jack Whitehurst and Mr. Grady Porter.

Miss Alice Denton will give a watermelon cutting at Lakewood next Tuesday evening in honor of Misses Whitehurst.

On Wednesday evening a tallyho ride to Silver Lake is planned in honor of the two visitors.

Misses Whitehurst will also be guest of honor at parties to be given by Miss Alva Barber and Miss Tommie Honea next week.

Hill-Stephens.

Mr. and and Mrs. William Chambliss Hill, of Forsyth, Ga., announce the marriage of their daughter, Anna Elizabeth, to Mr. Lemuel Banks Stephens, at their home, Hilcrest, on Monday evening, June 28.

Club Entertained.

Mrs. Fred Hunter entertained the members of her forty-two club Thursday afternoon at her home in Oakland city.

Those present were: Mrs. W. H. Burgess, Mrs. W. H. Dillon, Mrs. W. M. Nichols, Mrs. C. L. Lemon, Mrs. C. E. Erwin, Mrs. C. N. Lanham, Mrs. Blackstock and Miss Bellingrath.

Psychological Society.

The Atlanta Psychological society meets Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the convention hall of Ansley hotel. Rev. Spires, of Richmond, Va., will lecture before this society. Rev. Spires is a clear interpreter of the Swedenborgian philosophy, and his lectures before the Psychological society are profound and interesting. A musical program has been arranged. The public is cordially invited.

For Vesper Club.

A delightful affair of the week was the swimming party, followed by a buffet and dance, given by Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair for the members of the Vesper club and their friends. Seventy-five couples enjoyed the evening.

Ice Cream Festival.

The ladies of Capital City chapter, No. 11, Order Eastern Star, will give an ice cream festival next Friday, July 9, in the afternoon and evening on Mrs. W. F. Coley's lawn, 169 West Alexander street. There will be good music and interesting games. Home-made cake and ice cream will be served.

All members of the order and the public at large are cordially invited.

Musical Program.

Circle No. 1, of Oakland City Baptist Ladies' Aid society, gave a delightful entertainment Wednesday afternoon at the church. The program included: Piano solo, Mrs. W. A. Fuller; solo, Mrs. A. H. Brandhont; reading, Miss Fannie Mae Woodruff; violin solo, Mr. Frank Turner; solo, Mrs. W. M. Ebbert; piano solo, Mrs. Joe Bomar; violin, Mr. Frank Turner; reading, Miss Lucile Withers. Dainty refreshments were served.

For Camping Party.

A delightful event of the week was the informal dancing party at which Mr. and Mrs. Oza Blodgett entertained at their apartment in the Mendenhall, on Peachtree street Wednesday evening. The party included a number of young people who are spending the summer in camp at Lakewood. The hostess received her guests wearing a graceful model of white cloth, scalloped and embroidered in tiny rosebuds.

The guests included: Misses Alice, Clare and Helen Derton, Miss Sadie Tutwiler, Miss Daniels, Miss Evans, Miss Dolly Lenney, Mrs. Edmonds, Mr. Fred Floyd, Mr. Earle Floyd, Mr. W. A. Dodge, Mr. Sneider, Mr. Jack Bialock, Mr. Elders, Mr. Mailine.

Handkerchief Shower.

An interesting event of the week was a handkerchief shower given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Patterson as a farewell compliment before their leaving for Ohio. The occasion was observed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moye, on Lucile avenue. Pretty baskets held the gifts for the honorees, which were presented by six little girls. Music was rendered during the evening by Miss Ida Sewell and Miss Suella Deyerle. An ice course was served.

The invited guests were: Miss Ellinora Collier, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Burpitt, Mrs. Mabel Bussey, Mr. P. F. Clark, Miss Ida King, Mrs. J. F. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pound, Mrs. W. B. Burpitt, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Simmons, Miss Mildred Royer, Dr. and Mrs. E. B. Thomas, Mrs. A. C. Clark, Miss Royal Deyerle, Miss Suella Deyerle, Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Philips, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Sewell, Miss Ida V. Sewell, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Moye, Mr. J. W. Crenshaw, Mr. R. H. Crenshaw, Mrs. T. Z. Fleming, Mr. W. O. Foster, Mrs. W. O. Foster, Mrs. Charles Martin, Mr. F. M. Smith, Mr. I. W. Wilson, Mrs. G. M. Worthington, Mr. and A. G. Sanders, Mr. A. D. Barber, Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Buchanan, Mr. and Mrs. N. V. Johnson, Mr. J. F. Ryan, Miss Blanche Ryan, Miss Sara Florence, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Patterson.

Fancy Dress Party.

(From The Elberton Star.)

Miss Mildred Payne entertained Thursday evening at a fancy dress party in compliment to her guest, Miss Neil Cochran, of Athens. Miss Zelma Starke, the guest of Miss Kathleen Meadow, and Miss Geraldine Brown and Miss Margaret Ochs, guests of Miss Margaret Jones. Moonlit lawns and porches formed a most effective setting for the jolly groups of masqueraders. The hostess made a charming Japanese maiden. Misses Cochran, Ochs and Brown wore Turkish costumes, Miss Meadow represented a bride, Miss Starke was Folly and Miss Jones a most convincing gypsy. Misses Mary Jean Payne and Lady Bird Jones served punch and an ice course.

Mesdames H. A. Payne, H. P. Hunter, J. Y. Smith and Misses Norma Conwell and Winnie May Smith assisted the hostess in entertaining.

At East Lake.

The popularity of the informal dinner-dances on Saturday evening at East Lake clubhouse, of the Athletic club, was enhanced yesterday by the extra attraction provided in the water carnival.

In spite of bad weather, golf, tennis and the water sports assembled many enthusiasts, and there was more than the usual large number of dinner parties in the evening.

Among the club members having dinner reservations were:

Messrs. B. M. Grant, Carlton, Todd, George Walker, Cone Maddox, J. J. Doonan, W. F. Mays, Dozier, T. A. Hoyt, Timm, Pottinger, Van Livingston, Floyd Carson, Starr, Whitman Simpson, T. W. Clarke, Coffee, Cain, Compton, Cowles, McKoin, R. R. Otis, L. O. Hunnicutt, Bachman, Mott, William Watt, Baldwin, Fleming, Brine, J. J. Flaton, Palmour Johnson, Dr. Blackman, Nicholson, Duncan, Herbert, Walter Candler.

For Mrs. Minson.

Mrs. Dan Hanson McCalla entertained four tables of bridge on Friday afternoon at her home in Inman Park, in honor of Mrs. Lanhan Minson, of Richmond, Va., who is spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. V. Eaves.

The first prize was won by Mrs. Roy Camp, the consolation was cut by Miss Verna Eaves, and the guest of honor, Mrs. Minson, was presented with two crepe de chine handkerchiefs.

GREENVILLE, GA.

The leading society event of last week was the brilliant home marriage of Miss Mary Hill to Mr. Edward Walker, of Monroe. The large rooms were elaborately decorated in ferns and flowers and ablaze with many lights. The maid of honor was Miss Sarah Hill, sister of the bride, and the ribbon-bearers were Misses Louise Atkinson, of Newnan, and Sarah Tigner. The two flower girls were little Misses Jane Hill and Bessie Walker Callaway. The bride entered on the arm of her father, Judge Hiram W. Hill, and was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. P. G. Walker, of Madison, where Rev. J. L. Eakes performed the ceremony. The beautiful strains of Lohengrin's wedding chorus was played by Miss Mary Tigner. After the reception which followed, the bride and groom, with many friends, motored to Hogansville, where they took a train for a short bridal trip to the mountains of North Carolina.

The Woman's club was delightfully entertained Tuesday afternoon at the clubroom by Mrs. N. F. Culpepper and Miss Dora Freeman. After a very interesting business session a dainty salad course with tea was served.

Mrs. W. T. Reville's party given to her guests, Mrs. Turner and Miss Lulie Ledbetter, of Cedartown, and Mrs. Charles Edford and Miss Mary Hill, was one of last week's prettiest social events.

ELBERTON, GA.

On Friday morning at 11 o'clock Miss Marion Wilcox entertained. The guests of honor were Misses Jones, Brown and Ochs. After an enjoyable hour of rook an elaborate salad course was served.

Miss Mildred Payne gave a fancy dress party on Thursday evening in honor of Misses Cochran, Jones, Ochs, Brown, Meadow and Starke. After being served to punch, the guests were invited to the lawn. Progressive conversation furnished entertainment. Among the many impersonations were a bride and groom, a devil, a priest, the United States flag and folly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Swift entertained for the young people on Tuesday evening at their home, Rose Hill. The lawn was lighted with Japanese lanterns. The summer house and dancing pavillion were draped with ivy. On one side of the lawn a long table was placed. Here the guests were served a barbecue supper. After supper, negro songs and dancing were enjoyed. Among the many enjoyable features of the evening was palm reading. Mrs. Coppage acted as palm reader.

Charming Young Matron

Home Photo by the Misses Mead.

MRS. GOODLOE YANCEY, JR.,
One of Atlanta's pretty young matrons.

All Ages Are Enjoying The Children's Movies

By Isma Dooly.

"Lean on me, 'Grandpa,'" said little Lord Fauntleroy, and the old earl looking down on the little form of Cedric, Lord Fauntleroy leaned down his shoulder and passed into the great dining hall. Servants in livery seated the old man and the little boy. It was one of the stirring features of the special movie program for children at the Grand yesterday morning.

I had stepped in to see how many were there. I stood in the rear and leaned against the back of the last row of seats, and soon became enthralled with the human interest of the picture and the beauty of the story. I heard a sigh to the right of me, and there stood a very old lady plainly gowned, holding two little boys by the hand. They were so drawn by the picture they had never gone farther to get their seats. The little boys were pop-eyed with interest, and the old lady was touched by the devotion of the boy to his grandpa—the one on the stage.

There was another sigh later in the picture, as little Lord Fauntleroy was pleading with the earl about "dearest"—his mother—and I heard a deep sigh on the other side. I recognized one of the wealthiest women in Atlanta. She was wiping her eyes, too; she had brought her little grandchildren to see the picture. Just beyond was an elderly man wiping his eyes. Later a little blonde-haired girl left her seat and came back to him and begged him to go sit by her, but he said he would wait right there—for her to go back and enjoy the picture!

A young father came in carrying a child in his arms, and the usher told him there were two seats down farther. The man explained he had only come with his little boy and could not remain, but I saw him go and take his seat, and watch the picture through with the child.

And before the "movie" was over, the grown-ups were lined three deep in the rear of the theater enjoying many "weeps" over little Lord Fauntleroy.

The children sat in beautiful attention, the ribbon trimmed heads of the little girls rarely bobbing and the little boys only moving to applaud Lord Fauntleroy vociferously when he appeared on his pony, and when he made friends with the big dog and the bootblack and ran a race with Billy, the boy he had met in servants' quarters.

There were some little children who did not enter into the spirit of the play—because they had probably never heard it—it had never been read to them, but others, in their intensity of interest, would explain to their mothers: "Now, here's where he gives Bridget the money," and "Now he is going to make his first speech!"

After the movies were over a little boy in an "Oliver Twist" suit, blocked up the main entrance door because he insisted upon showing his mother right there that he could bow as well as Lord Fauntleroy did; another argued out loud that he could walk up the steps as straight as Lord Fauntleroy did, "without putting his hands on the wall, and that he always shook hands when he was introduced to anybody."

Outside where the automobiles were lined up, there were some chauffeurs nursing the very little ones who were scarcely appreciative of the play, though there were many who did enjoy the pictures in their nurses' arms. There were fully eight hundred little folks and grown-ups who enjoyed the movies—and their appreciation of Saturday morning indicated that the human interest story appeals to the universal taste, though there should be always the feature to make the children laugh—something they call "funny." Animals please them, too, for every time the big dog appeared they greeted him in friendly fashion, and they sat mute with interest at the one glimpse they had of a wild west scene—all of these scenes in the well selected theme of "Little Lord Fauntleroy." It is a picture which should be repeated periodically. It is a lesson in kind thoughts, courtesy and manners all through, without being of the kind introducing too much of the goody good.

The moving pictures for children are put on at the Grand every Saturday morning from 9:30 until 11:30 o'clock, through the management of the Grand with whom a committee from the Atlanta Women's club co-operates, the club women introducing censored movies under the heading of recreation for children.

MONROE, GA.

On Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock the wedding of Miss Linda Felker, of this city, to Mr. Walter Barnes, of Griffin, took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Roy Nunnally. The bride entered with her father, Mr. J. H. Felker, and was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. Otis Barnes, of Griffin. The impressive ceremony was performed by Dr. D. W. Key. The guests were served punch on the lawn and spacious veranda. After a visit to New York and other eastern cities they will make their home in Griffin. Monroe friends regret that Mrs. Barnes will be a resident of another city, for she will be greatly missed. Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. Otis J. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Barnes, Griffin; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Barnes, Atlanta; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wolcott, Griffin; Miss Louise Wallace, Forsyth; Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Johnson, Mr. Barnes Johnson, Miss Annie Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Johnson, Decatur; Mr. and Mrs. Mell Knox, Mr. Will Knox, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Herndon, Miss Minnie Knox, Mrs. Ed Knox, Mr. and Mrs. George Hatcher, Misses Minnie Belle and Willie Knox, Social Circle; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Ware, Lawrenceville; Mr. Knox Felker, Mobile, Ala.; Mr. Dan Felker, Atlanta; Mr. Boone Felker, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. Frank McCutcheon, Dalton; Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nicolson and Mr. George Brown, Atlanta.

Mrs. Ettie Roberts Nowell was hostess to a delightful meeting of the Young Matrons' Sewing club on Thursday afternoon of last week complimentary to Miss Linda Felker.

Mrs. J. Roy Nunnally was hostess to the Young Matrons' Sewing club on Thursday afternoon of this week.

FAIRBURN, GA.

Mrs. J. C. Reese entertained at a delightful progressive conversation party on Tuesday in honor of the guests of her son, Paschael Reese's house party. Fifteen couples were present. Punch and ices were served by Misses Johnnie Hobgood and Annie Davis, and music was furnished by Mrs. William A. Arnold. Many pleasant affairs, swimming parties, picnics, etc., have been given these guests. Misses Lottie Smith, Jimmie Lou Hobgood, Janie Reeves, and Mary Johnson entertained in their honor on Friday.

Miss Essie Roberts left on Wednesday for an extensive western tour.

Miss Effie Westbrook leaves this week for Carrollton to be the guest at a house party. She will visit Villa Rica and Douglasville before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Roberts, Miss Essie Roberts, Dr. Harry Harvey and Master Tom Robetrs motored to Forsyth and were guests for the week-end of Mrs. R. P. Brooks, at her country home, "Brooklyn."

Miss Laurie Belle Stubbs arrived Saturday to be the guest of Misses Kate Johnson and Kate Davenport.

Mrs. A. S. Wilson and Mrs. Oscar Parker are guests for the week-end of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Wilson, of Atlanta, on Oak street.

Mrs. J. P. Aderhold, of Del Rio, Texas, and children, are expected to arrive soon and will spend the summer with relatives.

MARIETTA, GA.

Miss Inda Harrison left Friday for Lawrenceville, where she will teach during the summer.

Mrs. A. S. J. Gardner returned Tuesday from Spartanburg, S. C., where she spent several weeks with her sister, Mrs. B. King Couper.

Mrs. Nellie Townsend, of Anderson, S. C., was a guest of her cousins, the Misses Towers, prior to leaving for the San Francisco fair. Others in this party were Misses Sena and Mary Towers, Virginia Elmer, Emma Broach, Ava Welsh, Mr. and Mrs. John Fowler and son, Robert, and Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Mayes.

Miss Maude Fisher, of Macon, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. C. A. Guyton.

Mrs. C. T. Nolan entertained with a bridge party last Thursday in honor og Mrs. I. H. Searles, of New Jersey, and Mrs. Robert Randolph, of Boston. Misses Cora Brown, Laura Margaret Hoppe and Elizabeth Nolan assisted in serving refreshments.

Mrs. James T. Anderson entertained with a four-course luncheon on Thursday. It was complimentary to Miss Marie Shippen, of Ellijay, who is the guest of her daughters, Misses Julia and Emma Katherine Anderson. The other guests were Misses Minnie Lou McNeel, Dorothy Smith, Alice Anderson, Harriet Robeson, Frances Wikle, Imogene Brown, Annie Hahr Dobbs and Sarah Patton.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Boyd Moss have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Emma Pope, to Mr. Christan William Dickmann on Wednesday afternoon, July 14, at 4:30 o'clock at the First Presbyterian church, Marietta.

Mrs. Leon Gilbert is visiting relatives in Indiana.

Mrs. L. D. Hoppe is visiting friends in Asheville, N. C., and will also visit her sister, Mrs. Patton, in Swannanoa before returning.

Misses Addie and Mollie Setze entertained their bridge club on Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs W. H. Whitfield and Miss Florence Baker, of Commerce, Texas, are visiting Mrs. Mayes Frey.

Miss Annie Waddell is studying at Columbia university, New York.

Miss Mary Ellen Law's house party will consist of Misses Bertha Gardner, Eugenia Gwinn, Fay Hutchinson, Mary DuPre and Mary G. Smith. They will arrive July 4 and remain a week.

Mrs. J. N. Stanton has returned from a visit to Watkinsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Eph Roberts have returned from their wedding trip and are at home with Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Blair.

Mrs. Edward Hunt entertained her sewing club on Saturday afternoon of last week.

Mrs. M. K. Graham and Miss Isabel Graham, of Augusta, are visiting Mrs. John M. Graham.

Mrs. H. C. Batey, of Jacksonville, Fla., is visiting the family of Mr. F. E. A. Schilling.

Mrs. Henriteta Malsby, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. Wayland Camp.

Mrs. J. S. Harris, of Cedartown, who has been visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Tumlin, has returned home.

The following party will leave next Tuesday for California to visit the exposition, going by way of Canada and Seattle and returning by Yellowstone park: Mrs. Bolan Brumby, Mrs. W. A. DuPre, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Cortelyou, Mrs. W. H. Trezevant, Mrs. Henry Wyatt, Mrs. B. F. Simpson and Misses Mabel Cortelyou, Sallie Camp, Emma Gardner, Anna May Jones and Minnie Lou McNeel.

LITHIA SPRINGS, GA.

Miss Lillie Reynolds, of Atlanta, spent the week-end with friends.

Mrs. J. L. Ester, of Gay, is expected soon to visit her daughter, Mrs. Nesbit Harper.

Mrs. LeRoy Williams has returned to her home in Carrollton after a visit to Mrs. W. G. Maxwell.

Miss Irene Watson, of Atlanta, has arrived to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. J. A. Watson, Sr.

Miss Lottie Garrett has returned from a visit to Villa Rica.

Misses Louise Cloud and Louise Westmoreland, of Austell, spent the week-end with Miss Frances Maxwell.

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If you are having trouble to find the food that just suits your baby probably the simplest way out of your difficulty is to try Holstein milk. Many have found it so—and the reason is just here—ease of digestion. Holstein milk does not form a hard, tough curd in the baby's delicate little stomach. Other milks do. Most of them are too heavily loaded with fat, and fat is grease, and grease is not suitable for your baby or any other baby to eat. The milk of a Holstein cow is very different from other milks, but it digests in a baby's stomach in much the same way and with the same ease that mother's milk digests.
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AMERICA'S SHARE IN FEEDING WORLD

United States Has Exported Foodstuffs Valued at $724,000,000 in 11 Months Ending June 1.

Washington, July 3.—The share of the United States in feeding the world, a task vastly increased by the European war, was disclosed in statistics of the department of commerce. Foodstuffs valued at $724,000,000 were exported during the eleven months ending June 1. This was the principal factor in the nation's billion dollar foreign trade balance.

The effect of the war is seen in the enormous increase in the value of foodstuff exports compared with the figures for the same eleven months a year ago when the total was $443,000,000. Wheat formed the biggest item in foodstuffs sent abroad. In all, 249,576,000 bushels were exported, an increase of 164,000,000 bushels. It was valued at $319,961,000, showing an increase over the previous year of $239,138,000.

Oats valued at $51,669,000 were shipped, an increase of almost 85,000,000 bushels.

Flour Exports Heavy.

Flour showed the next largest increase, with a value of $87,650,000, or $37,638,000 more than the previous period. Almost 5,000,000 more barrels were sent this year, the total being 15,077,000.

Corn exports were valued at $34,542,000, an increase of $28,551,000. There were 43,718,000 bushels exported, an increase of more than 35,000,000.

Almost 530,000,000 pounds of bacon were shipped, an increase of 122,000,000 pounds. It was valued at $41,294,000, or an increase of $17,028,000.

There was a big increase in beef shipments. Fresh beef exports were 121,487,000 pounds, an increase of almost 116,000,000 pounds; canned beef, 65,359,000 pounds, an increase of 61,000,000; pickled beef, 28,622,000, an increase of 7,000,000.

Value of beef exported was: Fresh beef, $15,363,000, an increase of $14,652,000; canned beef, $10,708,000, an increase of $10,284,000, and pickled beef, $3,004,000, an increase of $883,000. Ham and shoulders exported weighed 162,233,000 pounds, valued at $23,435,000, an increase of $1,734,000. Lard exports amounted to 441,702,000 pounds, valued at $48,917,000. The increase was small.

Exports of cotton seed oil, extensively used as a foodstuff, amounted to $19,903,000, an increase of $6,643,000.

Cotton exports were 8,103,097 bales, or 766,394 bales less than the previous year, but their value, $360,370,000, showed a decrease of $231,355,000.

Meat and Dairy Products.

A statement on the meat and dairy products trade issued today by the department of commerce said:

"Imports of meat and dairy products into the United States in the ten months preceding May 1 last were three times the value of those for a like period two years ago and seven times those of the entire fiscal year, 1905. This movement first assumed large proportions in the fiscal year, 1914, following the transfer of meats to the free list. Very recent months, however, have reversed the upward trend, since February, March and April show much smaller imports than in those months of last year or when compared with earlier months of the current fiscal year.

"In the ten months ending with April, imports of meat and dairy products aggregated $38,000,000 in value, meats representing two-thirds of the total. In 1913-14 the same months gave a total of $28,000,000, and in 1912-13, $12,000,000. Prior to 1910 the total never reached $10,000,000, having been $5,250,000 in 1905 and $2,000,000 in 1895.

"Our imports of meat are mainly supplied by Argentina. Ten months of the fiscal year just closed brought 112,000,000 pounds of fresh beef and veal from Argentina, and from 10,000,000 to 15,000,000 pounds each from Canada, Uruguay, Australia and the United Kingdom.

"The United States still exports far more meats than it imports, for although there have been record-breaking arrivals in the last two years, exports have been even larger. Returns for ten months indicate that the value of meat and dairy products exported this year will once more attain the 200,000,000-dollar level that marked the decade prior to 1909.

Story of Official Figures.

"A study of the official figures shows that while the imports have consisted chiefly of beef and mutton in the primary stages of preparation, the exports have included considerable quantities of bacon, hams, lard, canned and preserved meats and other meat products in a more or less advanced state.

"In fresh beef there is now a large movement both into and out of the country. The large outward movement, however, is a development of recent months. Over 25,000,000 pounds of fresh beef were exported in April, and more than a hundred million pounds in the period from August 1, 1914, when the European war began, to the end of April, 1915; while the aggregate for the three-year period ending June 30, 1914, was only 29,000,000 pounds.

"It is also apparent that the United States pays less for the meats it buys than it receives for those it sells. In April we imported 8,500,000 pounds of fresh beef, valued at 9 3-4 cents per pound f. o. b. countries of origin. In the same month we exported 25,500,000 pounds, valued at 14 cents per pound, at the domestic ports of shipment. For the ten months ending with April, 1915, the imports and exports were 165,000,000 and 102,000,000 pounds, respectively, valued at 9 1-4 cents per pound for the imports and 12 1-2 cents per pound for the exports."

IMPEACHMENT CHARGES FILED AGAINST PURIFOY

Montgomery, Ala., July 3.—It was announced by A. H. Carmichael, speaker of the house of representatives, today that impeachment charges had been filed against Secretary of State John Purifoy by Bradley Brown, of Birmingham. The specifications of Bradley Brown, as filed with the speaker, charge that $1,000 was paid by Purifoy through his agent, John Chapman, to J. H. Nunnally, under and by virtue of a pre-election agreement which meant that Nunnally was to withdraw and leave the field open to Purifoy. Both Purifoy and Nunnally were at the time candidates for nomination for secretary of state at the democratic primaries of May 11, 1914.

W. F. Fonville, clerk of the motor vehicle department, and J. H. Chapman, warrant clerk in the state auditor's department, testified before the legislative recess investigating committee yesterday afternoon that the actual exchange of $1,000 in currency took place in a room in a local hotel.

DR. WHITE WILL PREACH ON LIQUOR AND THE LAW

"Does Atlanta Want Liquor More Than Law?" will be the question which Dr. J. L. White will answer this evening at the Baptist Tabernacle. The services will commence at the usual hour.

The next Bell Telephone Directory goes to press July 10th. Please call at Contract Office, 78 S. Pryor St., or 25 Auburn Ave., and arrange for listing changes as far in advance as possible. Now is the time to subscribe in order to have your name in the new book.

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COTTON CONSUMPTION BY FOREIGN FACTORIES

American Consuls Are to Furnish Telegraphic Reports Each Month.

Washington, July 3.—Monthly telegraphic reports from American consuls in foreign cotton consuming districts, giving the mill consumption of cotton, cotton spindles in operation and cotton and cotton goods on hand, have been ordered sent to Washington for the use of the American cotton interests. In announcing this today, the department of commerce stated that with these reports and the elaborate domestic reports issued by the census bureau, the authority will be afforded a most scientific basis, commensurate with the large interests involved, on the country's single item of export and its most valuable crop, excepting corn.

Reports on cotton production also have been ordered from American consuls at Alexandria, Egypt; Bombay, India; Callao, Peru; Moscow, Russia; Rio Janeiro, Brazil, and Shanghai, China, the principal centers of production of cotton outside of the United States.

Few countries have provided adequate systems of determining the production and consumption of cotton. The foreign data used here, therefore, have been from miscellaneous sources and obtained by correspondence. Consular reports have collected a portion of the information. In the future the uncertainty that has existed in some respects in the past will be minimized.

The governments of India, Egypt and Russia compile and publish estimates of acreage and production from time to time, and it is said that the Indian government proposes to establish a system of enumerating the bales at the presses. There has been a growing demand for the collection in other important cotton producing and cotton consuming countries of information regarding the staple similar to that compiled for the United States. Its value is emphasized by the fact that a very large proportion of the crop in this country is consumed by foreign countries.

"Red Light" Law Valid.

Washington, July 3.—The Kenyon "red light" law, by which the segregated district here was abolished, was pronounced constitutional today by the district supreme court.

PRESIDENT PERSONS AT GREENE UNVEILING

He Speaks of the Revolutionary Hero as a Citizen of Georgia.

Greensboro, N. C., July 3.—More than 10,000 people attended the unveiling today of an equestrian statue of General Nathanael Greene on the Guilford Courthouse battlefield near this place. The statue was erected by the United States government at a cost of $30,000 and is located in the southeast corner of the famous spot where General Greene commanded the Continental troops.

Just preceding the unveiling addresses were made by representatives from several of the original thirteen states, including:

"Maryland at Guilford Courthouse," George R. Gaither, of Baltimore; "The Delaware Troops, 'The Blue Hen's Chickens' in the Southern Campaign," Judge Henry C. Conrad, of the supreme court of Delaware; "Nathanael Green As a Citizen of Georgia," G. Ogden Persons, president of the senate of Georgia; "South Carolina and North Carolina in the Campaign of 1780-81," Lieutenant Governor Bethea, of South Carolina; "'Lighthorse Harry' Lee and William Washington, Virginia's Cavalry Leaders in the Revolution," Arthur B. Clarke, of Virginia; "General Nathanael Greene," Ex-Lieutenant Governor Roswell B. Burchard, of Rhode Island.

At the conclusion of the addresses the procession, with Lieutenant Henry G. Banks and Lieutenant J. Walter Mills, of the Varnum Continentals, a military organization of East Greenwich, R. I., of which General Greene was a charter member in 1774, at the head, moved across the battlefield to the monument draped in American flags. The monument was unveiled by two lineal descendants of General Greene, Mrs. Anna Clarke Meader, of Providence, R. I., and G. W. Greene Carpenter, of Boston.

Some historians have declared General Greene the ablest soldier of the revolution, next to Washington. During the latter part of the American colonies' struggle for independence General Greene won many victories over the British forces in the Carolinas with the aid of Generals Marion, Sumter and Pickens. It was after these reverses that Cornwallis decided to transfer his activities to Virginia. The result was his surrender at Yorktown on October 19, 1781, which virtually ended the war.

Stomach Trouble Solved

Most stomach troubles are not diseases. The stomach is simply weak. Tired out. The right kind of a tonic is what is needed. A few meals, well digested, will furnish natural strength. That is what a tonic will do for you. It will start the stomach going right. Then the stomach will take care of itself.

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Good the Year 'Round

Always Ready-to-Take There is no use of writing a now prescribtion every time a remedy is needed for a weak stomach. No use whatever. The old, well-tried remedies, put up on purpose for such cases, are a great deal better than an offhand prescription. Peruna is the remedy that people have relied upon for a great many years. It is ready to take, composed of pure drugs of uniform strength and composition. Not an experiment. Peruna is a substantial, household remedy, with forty years of splendid history behind it. In buying Peruna you take no risk. You know what you are getting.

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This newspaper has been selected to distribute to the people of this city and vicinity its share of the first stupendous edition of **"THE NATIONS AT WAR,"** a timely illustrated volume, completely covering the first six months of this epoch-making struggle. No expense has been spared to make this the **most elaborate and profusely illustrated history ever published.** WILLIS J. ABBOT, the well-known author of books on international subjects, was chosen as editor-in-chief, assisted by an experienced staff of able writers, artists and photographers, who have graphically and accurately portrayed every important event exactly as it occurred.

The public generally will welcome this authentic and unbiased volume, free from the many contradictions and distortions of the wired news as it has been thus far published in the press of the country.

Every person, regardless of nationality or descent, must have this NEUTRAL history of the great conflict—a reference volume always at hand, free from prejudice or bias.

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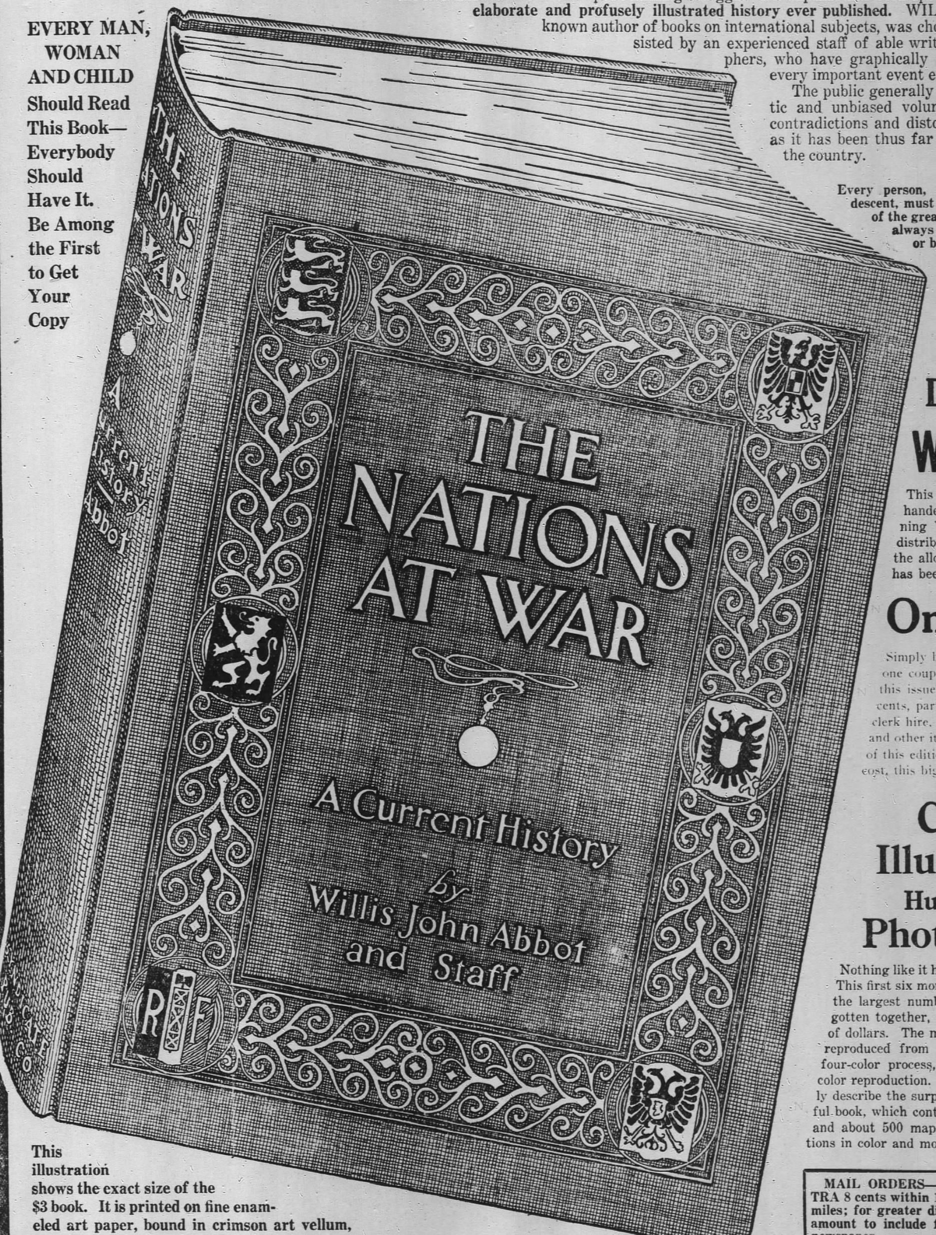

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This beautiful big volume will be handed out to our readers beginning Wednesday morning, and the distribution will continue daily until the allotment acquired by this paper has been entirely taken.

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SOCIAL ITEMS

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Cason left yesterday to visit in Huntsville, Ala.

Miss Ruth Wright, of Rome, is the guest of her hister, Mrs. J. D. Campbell, in East Point.

Miss Maude Cobb has returned to Temple, Ga., after visiting friends in the city.

Mr. Sam Lewis, of Tifton, is visiting relatives in East Point.

Miss Berra McDuffie, of East Point, is visiting in Rome.

Mrs. Alvin Smith, of East Point, is visiting her parents in Acworth, while Mr. Smith is touring the Carolinas.

Dr. Thomas Mixon and little daughter, Kathleen, have returned from a visit in Palmetto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Adams, of West End, are visiting in Elberton.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brooker, of Alpharetta, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Settle, in East Point.

Mr. G. P. Weathers has returned to Rome after visiting his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. V. Weathers, in East Point.

Mrs. W. B. Upchurch, of East Point, is in Palmetto, the guest of Misses Condor.

Mr. Luther Kohler and sister, Miss Mable Kohler, of East Point, and Mr. Frank Everette, of this city, are visiting Rev. and Mrs. C. J. Short, in Fairburn.

Mrs. J. B. Smith, of East Point, is the guest of friends in Chicago.

Mrs. E. G. Little, who has been ill at her home in East Point for several days, is better.

Miss Willie Jeans is spending a few weeks in Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Travis, of East Point; Mrs. John Hogan, Mrs. C. W. Eddin and Miss Katherine Blake, of this city, have left for the Panama exposition.

Mr. Herbert Duncan, of Camilla, and Miss Fannie Lamb, of Douglassville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Duncan, in East Point.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Nolan, of East Point, are in Senoia for the week-end.

Miss Osee Wills, of Winder, who has been visiting at the Headin house in East Point, left yesterday for Knoxville, Tenn.

Dr. and Mrs. Alfred Kippinger has returned to East Point after a month's visit in Philadelphia.

Mrs. E. J. Hansen and son, Charles, of East Point, left yesterday for Vintondale, Pa., to visit Mrs. Hansen's mother, Mrs. J. H. Crumbine.

The East Point Methodist Sunday school held the annual picnic at Grant park Thursday.

Mrs. John R. Chambers, of Texas, is visiting in the city.

Mr. Thomas Spencer, who has been quite sick, is better.

Miss Josephine Kerr, of Decatur, is the guest of Mrs. Wallace Thompson, on East Point avenue.

Miss Ruth Thompson, of East Point, has as her guest Miss Ruby Pierce, of Carrollton.

Mrs. Jack Morgan and daughter, Miss Eugenia, are guests of Mrs. A. J. Ford, and Mrs. J. H. Squires. Mrs. Morgan will also visit in Birmingham before returning to Charleston, S. C.

Miss Minnie Grove, who has been visiting friends in Palmetto, has returned to her home in East Point.

Mr. Noble Weathers, of East Point, who underwent a serious operation at Dr. Noble's sanitarium recently, is slowly recovering.

Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Wallace left yesterday for Alaska. They will visit the expositions in California and other points of interest before returning to Atlanta in September.

Mrs. Martha O. Adams, of Washington, D. C., is visiting Mrs. W. A. Osborne on Angier avenue.

Mrs. J. O'Keefe Nelson, who spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Drury Powers, on Peachtree circle, will leave Monday for a long stay in the mountains of north Georgia.

Miss Florence E. Rowe, of Cleveland, Ohio, is spending the summer with her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Hoffman, 348 Hill street. Miss Rowe graduated from Lincoln high school of Cleveland and will enter Oberlin college in the fall.

Mrs. T. B. Gay and Miss Eloise Gay have returned from Virginia. Miss Sarah Hansell, of Thomasville, arrived yesterday to visit Miss Gay.

Miss Nonie Flanigan, accompanied by her niece, Miss Elizabeth Wilson, left Thursday for a visit to Washington, Baltimore, Annapolis and several other points in the east. They will return the latter part of July.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Parker have opened their summer home, "Ashantee," at Clayton. Miss Louise Parker has as her guest Miss Mamie O'Keefe Kirkpatrick. Miss Kirkpatrick will spend two weeks with Miss Grace LeCraw at Clayton before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Beauchamp left yesterday for Morehead City to spend two weeks.

Mrs. W. C. Fowler and Misses Lula, Clara May and Lois Fowler have returned from Asheville, where they spent two weeks.

Misses Bessie and Alice Wickham will leave Monday with a party of friends for an extended tour of the west, including the two expositions, Grand Canyon, Yellowstone Park and other points of interest.

Miss Margaret Driscoll, her niece, Miss Madge Malone, and nephew, William Cleary, of St. Louis, are spending two weeks at Pablo Beach and Atlantic Beach.

Mr. S. C. Cooper and little son, Floyd, are spending the summer in the mountains of north Georgia.

Miss Alma Alston, of Midway, Alabama, has been pleasantly entertained for the past week as the attractive guest of Miss Lucille Dunn. Before leaving for Montgomery she will also visit her brother, Mr. W. T. Alston; her uncle, Mr. Robert Alston, and her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Turman and Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Turman.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Duhs, of 83 East Ellis street, announce the birth of a son on June 29, who has been named Andrew Harry Brown Duhs.

Mrs. Benjamin H. Morris and daughter, Miss Mary Kate Davidson, leave Tuesday for St. Mary's hospital, Rochester, Minn., where Miss Davidson will undergo an operation on her eye.

Miss Eleanor Mitchell and Miss Wilmer Prentiss, of Greenville, S. C., are the guests of Miss Nancy Rand.

Mrs. Talmadge D. Harris is visiting friends and relatives in LaGrange, Franklin and Hogansville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Billups and family left yesterday afternoon for California to spend the summer.

Mrs. E. W. McCerren is spending some time at Colorado Springs en route to San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conway and Mrs. R. A. Johnson are among the guests from Atlanta who are spending some time at Battery Park, Asheville.

Mr. E. M. Horine and Mr. William J. Davis left yesterday for the west. They go first to Seattle and then to the Panama exposition.

Mr. Alton R. Colcord left yesterday to enter the Students' Military training school in San Francisco. He will visit other points in the west before returning home in September.

Mr. and Mrs. John Evins and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wessels motored to Warm Springs yesterday for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Laney, of 448 Allen avenue, Capitol View, announce the birth of a twin daughter and son.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Dodson, of the Ponce de Leon apartments, leave Tuesday for a tour in auto to Atlantic City, New York and the White mountains.

Miss C. E. Mason, of New York, who was in the city for several days the past week, returned home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. McKnight have returned to their home in Iuka, Miss., after a week's visit to Mrs. George Wight. Mr. and Mrs. McKnight were on their way home from Buffalo, N. Y., where Mr. McKnight attended the supreme lodge of the Knights of Honor, representing the state of Mississippi as grand dictator of that lodge.

Mrs. A. R. Colcord and Misses Marie and Sarah Colcord leave this week to visit their cousin, Mrs. Joseph French, at her home in Berkeley, Cal. They will visit the expositions and other points while away.

Miss Maybel Cherry left yesterday to visit Mrs. F. C. Anderson at her summer home on the coast of Massachusetts, near Boston. She will return in the late fall.

Mr. James H. Nunnally has returned from his camp at Lake Toxaway.

Mr. and Mrs. James Y. Swift will come from Rosehill plantation to attend the wedding of Miss Ottley and Mr. McCarty.

Mrs. Mel R. Colquitt, who has been very ill in Washington, D. C., is much better. She is with her niece, Mrs. Marshall.

Mr. Percival Sneed is at Haven, Maine, for the summer. Mrs. Sneed, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. G. Foreacre, in Charlotte, N. C., has returned.

Mr. and Mrs. William Robinson Brown will visit Mrs. Brown's father, Mr. Burton Smith, this month. They will be at the Georgian Terrace. Mrs. Brown was Miss Hildreth Burton Smith.

Mrs. George Wight, who has been ill for several weeks at her home on Ponce de Leon avenue, is slightly better.

Miss Bessie Tappan, accompanied by Miss Julia Gill, of Woodbury, will return from Greeneville, Tenn., Tuesday, where they have been the guests at a house party entertained by Miss Sallie Robertson.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Hennessy announce the birth of a son on Thursday, July 1, who has been named Thomas Eugene Hennessy, Jr.

Mrs. J. A. Sasser and young son, J. A., Jr., are spending the summer at Tulu Springs, N. C. Mr. Sasser has returned to Atlanta.

Miss Ouida Smith left Wednesday to spend two months at the Hotel Waynesville, Waynesville, N. C.

Mr. A. P. Curry is spending the week-end in Chauncey, Ga.

Misses Lilly Bell and Lula Whitehurst, of Wilson, N. C., are the guests of Miss Lula Jackson, and have been very much entertained during the past week, and several other parties are planned this week for these two very attractive visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hatton will leave Monday for an extended trip west, visiting San Francisco and other points of interest.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Pierson have moved to their new home at 1000 Highland avenue.

Mr. A. K. Hawkes, who has been seriously ill for the past month, left yesterday on an eastern trip, where he expects to rest and recuperate.

Mr. and Mrs. George M. Kohn and Miss Bessie Levy are leaving Monday morning with the Atlanta Shriners for Seattle and San Francisco. They will be away for the month of July.

After several months' absence Dr. Evert E. Clarke has returned to the city.

HANDSOME MOTHER AND CHILD

Photo by A. V. Clifton.

MRS. MORRIS J. GREENBLATT,

One of Atlanta's most attractive young matrons, and her daughter, Lavinia Dorothy, who left this week for a two months' visit to relatives in the north.

MEETINGS

Legislative committee meeting, Atlanta Equal Suffrage association, Tuesday morning, state capitol.

Suffrage school, Atlanta Equal Suffrage association, Friday afternoon, Ansley hotel.

The executive board of the Woman's Baptist Missionary Union of Georgia will meet on Tuesday, July 6, at 1:30 p. m., in room 710, Walton building.

The Piedmont Temperance union will meet in the parlors of Hotel Ansley next Friday morning at 10:30.

GREENSBORO, GA.

One of the banner organizations of Greene county is the Home Lovers' club, with a membership of fifty or more. They are talented, enthusiastic and their motto is the Golden Rule. Mrs. James B. Park gave them an afternoon reception, selecting on receiving committee with her seven of Greensboro's progressive women. The subject was "Literature for the Young."

Mrs. Henry Thomas Lewis entertained at two tables of bridge complimentary to Miss Geissler, who is leaving for the North Carolina resorts for the summer.

Miss Olivia and Mr. Fred McWhorter entertained a large number of their friends Tuesday evening in honor of their guest, Mr. Edward Van Valkenburg, of Atlanta.

Miss Leila May Bonner, of Godfrey, was guest of honor at a lovely party given her by Mrs. E. G. Adams.

A very congenial party of neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Commons, Mrs. Rob McCommons and families, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Armor and little son, will go on a camp during July and August at Kimbro's mill.

Mrs. J. F. Thornton and her daughter, Mrs. W. R. Jackson, were at home to the Rosebuds Tuesday afternoon.

Misses Lucy and Gladys Reynolds, of Greenville, Ala., were honor guests at a lovely party given by their cousin, Mr. Edward Reynolds, home for vacation from the Tech, Atlanta.

Mrs. Charlie McWhorter and Miss Celeste Park reached San Francisco Sunday after delightful stops at St. Louis, Grand Canyon, Ariz.; Los Angeles, Pasadena, Catalina Island and the San Diego exposition.

The young men of the city, with Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Armor as chaperons, complimented the young ladies with a swimming party and moonlight picnic at Leslie's mill, Wednesday last.

Mrs. D. L. Cloud, assisted by Misses Annie Linton and Olivia McWhorter, was the charming hostess to the Entre Nous club, a large number enjoying her hospitality.

The Misses Gheesling gave an elegant 6 o'clock dinner to their guest, Miss Arnold, of Monroe.

One of the happiest affairs of the younger set was the picnic given by Mrs. T. B. Rice in the lovely grove of Dr. Gheesling, for her Sunday school class.

Miss Agnes Hurt, assisted by her mother, gave a very delightful morning party to Misses Sara Ballard and Frances Parker, of Augusta.

Judge and Mrs. James B. Park were guests of Captain and Mrs. Henry Hurt at tea Sunday evening. An elegant course tea was served. Captain and Mrs. Hurt are unexcelled as entertainers.

NEWNAN, GA.

Miss Rebah Garrett, of Carrollton, the guest of Miss Jennie Fowler, was complimented with a beautiful dance at the Elks' Club Tuesday evening by the young men. Twenty-five couples were included in the invitations. The Strand theater orchestra furnished the music.

Mrs. A. M. Norris was hostess for the Crochet Club Friday afternoon. The guests were entertained al fresco, Mrs. I. C. McCrory being special guest. Twelve members of the club enjoyed Mrs. Norris' hospitality.

Miss Emma Powers entertained at a rook party Friday evening in compliment to Miss Alma Boone, of Atlanta. Sandwiches and candy were served.

Miss Nannie Louise Hill complimented her guest, Miss Lula Warwick, with a rook party Wednesrday afternoon.

Mrs. R. O. Jones entertained her sewing club Friday afternoon. She was assisted in entertaining by Miss Dorothy Jones. Twelve members were present and a salad course was served.

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Thompson entertained with a swimming party at Pearl Lake Saturday afternoon. Later in the afternoon an appetizing supper was spread.

Miss Evie Davis entertained with a lovely supper party Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Maude Mann, the guest of Miss Augusta Mann.

Mrs. H. C. Arnold entertained her card club Tuesday. Sweetpeas and roses decorated beautifully the large room in which the tables were arranged. After the game a luncheon was served.

Miss Annie Goddard and Miss Lucy Beck, of Griffin, have been popular visitors the past week as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Farmer.

Miss Maude Mann, of Gay, is the guest of Miss Augusta Mann.

Miss Luta Warlick, of Senoia, is visiting Miss Nannie Louise Hill.

Miss Mabelle Jones, of Cartersville, is the guest of Miss Louise Atkinson.

Miss Alma Boone, of Atlanta, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. D. W. Boone.

Miss Charsie Mae Holmes, of Carrollton, is visiting Mrs. Hugh Stephens on Wesley street.

Mrs. Hix Chandler is visiting Mrs. R. A. Brown in Carrollton.

ADAIRSVILLE, GA.

A marriage of interest to a large circle of friends was that of Miss Effie Swain to Mr. Jesse B. Martin, of Carrollton, on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. J. W. McMichael was the officiating minister. The Mendelssohn wedding march was rendered by Mrs. R. B. Combs, who also played softly during the ceremony. The bridal party stood before an improvised altar of ferns on white pedestals. Pink roses and "queen's lace" were the flowers used.

They were attended by Miss Ella Smith, of Atlanta, and Mr. Joe Martin, the groom's brother. The bride was most attractive in her going-away suit of blue. She is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Swain. She numbers her friends by the score and many good wishes follow her to her new home.

The couple were the recipients of many beautiful gifts. They left immediately after the wedding for Carrollton.

COMER, GA.

Mrs. Herbert Moon entertained in a most delightful manner on last Tuesday evening. Those present were Misses Fannie Whelchel, Liny Comer, Boner Moon, Berta McCurdy, Essie Evans, Vesta Christian, Jewel and Inez Porterfield, Em Chandler, Willie Craithers, Evelyn Moon, Lewis Wooten, Leon Adair, Hubert McWhirter, Forrest L. Tony, Ersie Draper, Rai Alexander, Ed Cook, Harold Matthews, Candler Sorrels, Miles Comer, John Long and Ralph Porterfield.

Among the interesting events of the past week was the marriage of Miss Agnes Witcher and Mr. Russel Davison, the ceremony being performed at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. David Long, of Carlton. The couple came immediately to Comer, where they will reside in future.

A few couples were entertained at a rook party on Monday evening, given by Miss Olivia Comer. The guests present were Misses Vesta Christian, Boner Moon, Liny Comer, Em Chandler, Rai Alexander, Leon Adair, Forrest Tony and Hubert McWhirter.

We regret to learn of the serious illness of Miss Boner Moon for the past few days and hope that she will soon recover.

CHARMING ATLANTA GIRL

Home Photo by Misses Mead.

MISS MILDRED DOBBS,
The pretty young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Dobbs.

SOCIAL LIFE IN MACON

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special Correspondence.)—Social events of the past week grouped themselves largely around two weddings, that of Miss Mary Chambers and Mr. Alex Cassels and Miss Hazel Hamilton and Dr. Thomas Rogers.

Mrs. Samuel Hunter was hostess at a delightful bridge luncheon Monday morning in honor of Miss Mary Chambers. Quantities of shasta daisies brightened the pretty living room. Crepe de chine handkerchiefs were given Miss Beckwith and Miss Chambers for top score. Later the party was joined for luncheon by the men in the wedding party.

Monday evening Miss Gray Goodwin entertained Miss Chambers and Mr. Cassels' wedding party after the rehearsal at the church at her home on College street. Crepe myrtle was used effectively in both drawing rooms and a buffet supper was served. Miss Goodwyn's guests included Miss Mary Chambers, Miss Marjorie Beckwith of Tampa, Fla., Miss Wylene Keller of Savannah, Misses Frances Turpin, Claude Estes, Valeria Cassels of Thomasville, Leila Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Rogers, Messrs. Frank George, Ulan Stewart, Frank Dana, Kingman White, all of Savannah; Mr. Alex Cassels and William Marquess.

The Mulberry Street Methodist church was the scene Tuesday evening at 9 o'clock of the wedding of Miss Mary Abercrombie Chambers and Mr. Alexander Smith Cassels. The church was beautifully decorated with shasta daisies that shone star-like amid the dense palm foliage. Tapers glowing above the chancel also relieved the deep green. The ribbons, terminating in bouquets of daisies, were borne by Miss Ethel Rogers, of Savannah, and Miss Martha Nesbitt, of Macon, both daintily gowned in white lingerie and pink roses. The ushers, Messrs. Frank Dana, Rogers Wilson, William Marquess and William Murphey, were followed by the two bridesmaids entering alone, Misses Marjorie Beckwith and Wylene Keller. Their pale pink frocks of tulle built over pink satin made a lovely contrast with the deep pink of the Kallarney roses that they carried. Two groomsmen followed, pink bows. The ushers, Messrs. Frank George. Then came the maid of honor, Miss Gray Goodwin, in white tulle embroidered in pearls with a white satin and lace foundation, carrying pink roses and valley lilies. The dainty little bride, who entered with her father, Mr. J. M. Chambers, was lovely in her wedding gown of white tulle and satin over flesh-colored chiffon, with court train embroidered in pearls. Her veil was of rare old lace, a family heirloom, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and roses. She was met at the altar by Mr. Alexander Cassels and his best man, Dr. Kingman White, and the impressive ring ceremony was there performed by Rev. Dr. Ainsworth. Immediately afterward a reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. McDougal Nesbit on Buford place. Among the out-of-town guests present were: Mr. and Mrs. Lindsey Neill, of Columbus; Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Rogers, of Savannah; Miss Martha Cassels, of Montgomery; Miss Valeria Cassels, of Thomasville; Messrs. George and Cassels Young, of New York, and Sam Cassels, of Montgomery.

Mrs. R. H. Kingman and Mrs. A. T. Stubbs were joint hostesses at a tea Monday afternoon at which Miss Libbie James, of James, Ga., a prospective bride, was honoree. Tall vases of coreopsis and smilax were placed artistically over the lower floor, which was all thrown open. Misses Thelma Morton and Mary Pitts served punch from an alcove full of flowers in the dining room. Guttenberger's orchestra rendered a beautiful program during the afternoon, when about a hundred guests called.

The home of Miss Ruby Taylor was beautiful Tuesday afternoon when she entertained at a tea for Miss Mildred Taylor's house guests, Misses Seymour and Amanda Woodard, of Thomasville. In the receiving line were Misses Taylor, Seymour, Woodard, Mildred Taylor and Lucile Mallory. Mrs. Frank Rogers, Jr., served punch. Others assisting Miss Taylor were Mrs. R. J. Taylor, Mrs. Charles Ryan, Misses Jacqueline Mallory, Annie Taylor and Carrie Lou Myrick.

The wedding of Miss Hazel Hamilton and Dr. T. E. Rogers was preceded Tuesday evening by a beautifully appointed dinner at the Dempsey, which followed the rehearsal. The centerpiece, a shower of pink peonies, and the pink shades of the candles, carried out the pink motif. Covers were laid for sixteen, and the guests included the members of the wedding party, Misses Hamilton, Marie Featherstone, Mary Morgan, Naomi Duncan, Shirley Baber, of Roanoke, Va.; Lily Joiner of Hawkinsville, Mrs. J. D. Todd and Mrs. W. D. Dieffenweirth.

AUGUSTA'S SOCIAL SIDE

Augusta, July 3.—(Special Correspondence.)—Augusta actors, singers and dancers have enjoyed some prominence of late, but on Friday evening they starred in an operetta, "Runaway Toys," which had the distinction of being written by an Augusta woman, Miss Katie Black, daughter of Hon. J. C. C. Black; set to music by an Augusta musician, Mr. Rob Irvin; staged by another talented Augusta woman, Mrs. Frank E. Fleming, and enacted entirely by Augusta young ladies and children. The entertainment was thoroughly unique and elicited warm praise for author, composer, managers and actors.

Mrs. L. G. Doughty, Miss Jean Doughty and Misses Ruth and Frankie Inman have gone to Wrightsville Beash.

The Lakeside Boat club gave a delightful dance at the clubhouse on Friday night.

The marriage at 2 o'clock on Wednesday at the First Baptist church of Miss Leila Youngblood to Mr. Charles H. Bruce, of Macon, was witnessed by a large number of their friends. Dr. M. Ashby Jones officiated. The ushers were Mr. T. Harry Garrett, Mr. Thomas Verdery, Mr. Henry Saxon and Mr. J. R. Youngblood, of Barnesville, S. C. There were no other attendants and the bride entered with the groom. Immediately after the ceremony they left for an extended northern tour before returning to their home in Macon, where Mr. Bruce is the popular superintendent of the public school system. Before going to Macon Mr. Bruce was principal of one of the largest schools in Augusta, and his bride was one of the teachers. Their professional association has ripened into a life co-partnership. Among the out-of-town guests at the marriage were Mrs. Lee Kidder Brown and Miss Lillie May Bruce, Macon; Mrs. W. M. Parker, Mrs. B. L. Easterling, Misses Caro and Elizabeth Easterling and Mr. Eugene Easterling, of Barnwell, S. C.; Miss Tillie Youngblood of Edgefield, Mrs. J. M. Killingsworth, Mr. Ralph Killingsworth and Miss Carrie Anderson of Dunbarton, S. C., and Mrs. E. P. Weathersbee of Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Grace Houston, of Columbia and Miss Maud McMillan, of Blackshear, are the guests of Miss Florence McNeill.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Rowland have returned from Saluda and gone to their peach orchards at Meriwether, S. C., for the shipping season.

Miss Deryl Hilton celebrated her birthday Saturday with a box party at the Modjeska followed by ice cream for the jolly party of sixteen.

The graduating class of St. Mary's academy and some of their young gentlemen friends were complimented by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Gray at their home on Green street with a delightful bridge party on Friday evening. Miss Catherine Horne received the high score prize among the young ladies, and Mr. Joe Bindewald among the men. The rooms were fragrant with beautiful flowers, and delightful refreshments were enjoyed after the game.

Mrs. Henry M. North and Mrs. John Walker will visit Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Cochrane at "Fishmore," their summer home on Lake Toxaway.

"Society vaudeville" by local talent will be one of the features of the Fourth of July celebration at Lakeview casino on Monday.

Mr. Dorsey Bland and Miss Stella Hollingsworth, two popular young people of this city, whose artistic dancing is up to the professional standard, will prove a popular attraction at Lake Toxaway this summer.

In the presence of a few intimate friends Mr. John William Hubbard and Miss Corinne McCarthy were married by Rev. Thomas Walker on Saturday evening at Crawford Avenue Baptist church.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hancock entertained on Tuesday afternoon in compliment to Misses Lila and Sarah Ross. Among the guests of the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Woodward, who had just returned from their wedding trip.

Mrs. W. E. Davison, of Eastman, who is visiting Mrs. Henry W. Fletcher on Pope avenue, was complimented by her hostess with a card party on Thursday. Mrs. J. B. Stoughton received the high score prize; Mrs. J. W. Bell the consolation, and the guest of honor was presented with a pair of silk hose as a souvenir of the pleasant occasion. A salad and ice course luncheon was served after the game.

Mr. Arthur Jackson, a popular young farmer of this county, and Miss Ruth Ethlene Ruffin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Ruffin, were married on Wednesday evening at the parsonage of the Second Baptist church by Rev. O. P. Gilbert. The attendants were Miss Alice Ruffin, sister of the bride, and Mr. H. L. Carler, best man to the groom.

WEST POINT, GA.

Mrs. Hugh Hill entertained at a miscellaneous shower on Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss Ethel Miller, who is to be married to Mr. Pearson Allen, of Opelika, Ala., on July 8.

Mrs. D. L. Adams and daughter, Miss Emma, and Miss Mary Lou Adams, of Adams, Ala., left Saturday for an extended trip through the west. They go through Canada by Seattle.

Mrs. C. W. Harrington has as her guests Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kytle and Misses Louise and Kathleen and Mr. Cutno Kytle, of Athens, Ga.

Dr. M. O. Fulcher, of Waynesboro, Ga., is visiting his family, who have been spending some time with Mrs. O. D. Winston.

One of the most beautiful weddings of the season was that of Miss Flora Hagedorn, of Montgomery, Ala., and Mr. Samuel Herzfeld, of West Point, which took place at the home of the bride on Wilson street on Wednesday afternoon. Miss Rebecca Hagedorn was maid of honor to her sister, and Mr. Philip Hagedorn, of West Point, an uncle, gave the bride away. Mr. Harry Herzfeld, of Alexander City, was best man to his brother. The ceremony was performed by Dr. B. C. Ehrenreich, of Montgomery. After the ceremony an informal reception was held, and later in the evening Mr. and Mrs. Herzfeld left for a wedding trip to California, and will be at home after August 15.

CARROLLTON, GA.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Herrin, Miss Willie Lee Herrin and Eloise Herrin spent the week in Jackson, Ga., and Indian Springs.

Mrs. Lee Young was hostess for the Domino club Friday afternoon complimentary to her house guest, Mrs. D. T. Roberts, of Atlanta.

Mrs. W. S. Rogers has returned to her home in Atlanta after a most delightful visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Flournoy, on South street.

Miss Pauline Wallace, of New Orleans, is the attractive guest of Miss Vivian Brodnax.

Mrs. T. A. Herndon was the hostess for the Jokers' club Tuesday at her home on South street.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Lumpkin, of Rome, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jim Dempsey on Newnan street.

Mrs. J. M. Carlisle and Mrs. Lee Fitts were joint hostess at a jolly theater party Thursday afternoon for Mrs. Howard Clark, of Atlanta, who was pleasantly entertained as the guest of Mrs. Hilton Tyus.

A delightful meeting of the Card club was held on Wednesday afternoon, with Mrs. B. M. Long. Mrs. Shirley Boykin made highest score. Mrs. T. A. Herndon drew the consolation. All the members were present.

Mrs. Warren Meadows was hostess at a delightful picture party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Thomas Talmage, of Forsyth, Ga., who is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Hilton Tyus.

Mrs. Walker Flournoy honored her guest, Mrs. W. S. Rogers, of Atlanta, with a delightful sewing party Thursday afternoon. Invited to meet Mrs. Rogers were Mesdames Will Ffelder, R. H. Kennebrew, M. M. Bradley, B. F. Boykin, Ruth Kramer, J. R. Styles, Ivin Cheney, Paul Jack, J. G. Cheney, T. A. Herndon, Pal Bradley and Miss Marie Bradley.

Mrs. J. E. Cramer and Floy and Annie Strickland went to Atlanta Saturday to see Dr. J. M. L. Strickland, who is seriously ill at the Wesley Memorial sanitarium.

A SANE 4th

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Sports THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION Edited By Dick Jemison

Vol. XLVIII.—No. 19. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1915. Daily and Sunday, carrier delivery, 12 cents weekly. Single copies on the streets and at newsstands, 5 cents.

Southern Tennis Tourney Here Monday

ALLEN'S WILDNESS IS DISASTROUS

League Leaders Win First Game of the Series, 4 to 2. Luck Against the Crackers in Pinches.

By Dick Jemison.

Jim Allen's liberality with free tickets, his ability to pink players in the slats and failure to locate the plate was the principal cause for the Cracker defeat at the hands of the New Orleans Pelicans yesterday afternoon at Ponce de Leon park.

The Pelicans walked away with the first game by a 4 to 2 count, but the "breaks" of the game, which always go to a winning team, aided the Pelicans materially in scoring a victory after Allen's wildness had put them in position to score.

The Birds nicked Allen's delivery for eight blows, and of this number at least five were of the flukiest variety, hump-back liners, that fell just out of the reach of every one. And these looping blows came when some Pelican was decorating the cushions.

Then on the defense, the few breaks that there were in the game came right into the Pelicans' hands also. Winning teams always make their own luck, and the Pelicans have been winning so regularly that they are getting the breaks every day.

Coyle's Lucky Catch.

There's one thing, however, that stands out above everything else that turned the game to the Pels, and that was the catch that Mickey Coyle, erstwhile first-sacker, now covorting in right field meadow for the Birds.

In the seventh Manning and Bisland got on as the result of a couple of the fluke hits of the Pelican variety. Lindy Hiett was up, and caught hold of the first ball that Gudger handed over the platter, hammering it on a line direct for the scoreboard.

Mickey jumped in the air and pulled it down handily enough, but the point is that Mickey was entirely out of position, strolling around in the rhubarbs taking in the scenery and strolled right in front of this one. It's lucky for the Pels he did. It would have scored both men and Hiett would have pulled up at third had it gotten away.

The Pels tallied once in the third. Higgins was pinked on the heel. A woozy heave by Allen sent him to second. Reilly flicked a pop fly back of third that fell just inside the line for a blow and Higgins cantered in. Break No. 1.

Lee's Heady Work.

There was one outstanding feature of the game from a local viewpoint, and that was the heady base running of Billy Lee in the fifth that put the Crackers one run to the good and which counted also the only runs we made.

Billy walked with one gone. Moran singled. Billy rounded second and stopped. Hendryx figured he would go back to second. Lee figured that Hendryx would figure just that way, and when Hendryx started his throw to second Billy lit out for third and beat Reilly's relay easily. He drew the throw, and Moran cantered to second, putting two men in position to score.

That's the kind of stuff that we have been suggesting that the Crackers pull. They have been entirely too conservative, and stuff of that kind will go even better, inasmuch as they have been, as the opposition will think they will still play conservatively.

Manning then sent out a sacrifice fly that sent Lee home and Moran to third, and Roy dented the platter when Kauffman slammed one to left.

Pels Tie and Win.

The Pels tied it in the sixth and won it in the seventh. In the former Thomas walked, went to second on a passed ball, to third on Bluhm's single and tallied on Higgins' sacrifice fly.

Higgins was pinked to start the Pels' seventh. Reilly walked. Coyle bunted and Tim was killed at the hot corner. Pezold singled, scoring Reilly and sending Coyle to third. Thomas walked and here Lindy Hiett was sent to the rescue.

Bluhm sent a sacrifice fly to right that scored Coyle, and then Lindy stopped further scoring.

The teams play morning and afternoon games Monday, the morning game starting at 10:45 and the afternoon game at 3:30 o'clock.

The Box Score.

NEW ORLEANS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hendryx, cf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Reilly, ss.	3	1	2	3	4	0
Coyle, rf.	5	1	2	2	0	0
Pezold, lf.	5	0	1	2	0	1
Thomas, 3b.	3	1	0	0	2	0
Bluhm, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0	0
Knaupp, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3	0
Higgins, c.	2	1	0	4	1	0
Gudger, p.	4	0	1	0	2	0
Totals.	33	4	8	27	12	1

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McDonald, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Williams, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5	0
Lee, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	0
Moran, cf.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Manning, rf.	2	0	1	3	0	1
Kauffman, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0	0
Rumler, c.	4	0	0	6	1	0
Bisland, ss.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Allen, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Hiett, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.	31	2	7	27	10	1

Score by innings:		R.
New Orleans	001 001 200	—4
Atlanta	000 200 000	—2

Summary—Innings pitched, by Allen 6 1-3 with 7 hits 3 runs; struck out, by Allen 4, by Gudger 4; bases on balls, off Allen 3, off Gudger 1; sacrifice hits, Reilly, Manning, Higgins, Bluhm; stolen bases, Lee, Thomas; passed ball, Rumler; wild pith, Allen; hit by pitched ball, by Allen (Higgins, Hendryx). Time, 1:55. Umpires, Williams and O'Toole.

TIGER-SOX DETAIL FOR ATLANTA FANS

Dick Jemison Will Call Game Today at Baseball Parlors. Starts at 2 O'Clock.

The game between the Detroit Tigers and the Chicago White Sox at Detroit today will be called play by play by Dick Jemison, at his baseball parlors on the Viaduct.

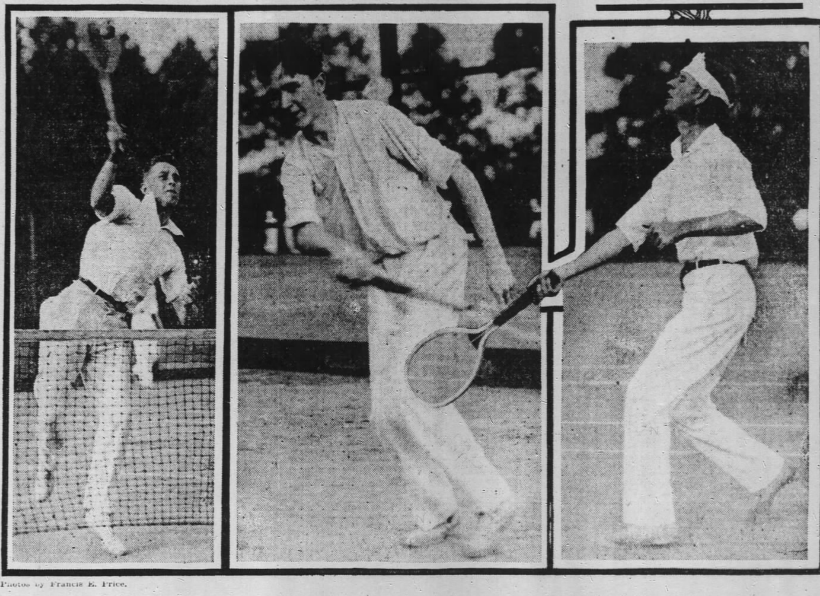
The game starts at 2 o'clock, Atlanta time, and every ball thrown during the game will be depicted just as it happens.

Dauss against Scott will probably be the battery and the battle on the bases, in the field and at the bat between Ty Cobb and Eddie Collins will add interest to the contest.

Gotch Winner.

Humboldt, Iowa, July 3.—Frank Gotch, world's champion wrestler, after two years' retirement, won a match with Henry Ordman, of Minneapolis, here today, scoring straight falls of twenty-one and eighteen seconds, respectively.

THREE PROMISING CITY TENNIS PLAYERS



Photos by Francis E. Price.

Three of the players who have been contesting in the city tennis tournament that is being held at Piedmont park.

Cobb Recites Some Stories Of Players' Famous Bats And Some Side Incidents

By TY COBB.
(World's Champion All-Round Ball Player.)

Fans often ask me whether my habit of carrying three bats up to the plate and then throwing two of them away is caused by superstition or by a belief that it really helps my hitting.

I confess that I have my superstitions, like most of the other ball players, but carrying the trio of bats is not one of them. I pick up the three clubs and swing them because, when I discard the surplus number, the single bat feels lighter, and I believe that I can handle it better than I could if I only grabbed one off the rack in front of the bench.

Probably I would keep on doing this even if somebody convinced me that there was no material use in it, for I have been pretty fortunate in piling up a big batting average while using the two extra flails, and there is no use crossing your luck. But I really believe that it helps me aside from the psychological affect it may have.

There is hardly a player in the major league who hasn't his pet superstitions. Some fellow would never think of walking between the umpire and the pitcher. Others have to tap the plate in just a certain way, and so on. There are about as many mannerisms as there are athletes.

Kisses Fellow Player.

Jacques Fournier, the White Sox slugger, believes that it gives him luck to kiss Blackburne before leaving the bench. It is rather rough on "Lena" to have big Jacques administer a chaste salute every time he goes to bat, but everybody is working for the interests of the team, and Blackburne probably is willing to put aside his own preferences to help the big Frenchman. Another one of the Sox pulls Blackburne's nose every time he goes up to the rubber. That, also, must be tough on the "mascot," but he probably would be willing to take a punch on the beak if he thought it would aid the Sox to win games.

Ball players usually are very particular about their bats. They get attached to one particular piece of wood, and if anything happens to it they feel as badly as though they had lost a dear friend. You can't blame them, either, for the flail is what helps a man to make his living and get his salary raised in the old national game.

I remember a bat that belonged to Jim Delahanty, formerly Detroit's second baseman, that was as highly prized as though it had been a crown jewel. "Old Betsy" was the name of this club, and I suppose that Jim still has her. At least, he did as recently as this spring when I met him in Cincinnati. "Betsy" is a great big, thick log, scarred and battered, but as hard as iron, and with "lots of wood" in her, as the players say. It takes a strong man to swing her, but Jim is a husky fellow, and the way he used to crack out the hits with that homely old stick was a caution.

"Betsy" Gets Lost.

One spring "Betsy" got lost, and Jim went around raving like a wild man. He made up his mind that he couldn't hit with any other bat, and I don't believe he would have had much of a batting average if his old friend hadn't turned up in due time. He had a model of the old flail in the bat factory, and could have had dozens turned out that looked just like her, but he wasn't satisfied with any of them. He said that the new bats were like a lot of punk, and that the ball wouldn't travel off them.

I haven't any particular love among my bats, seeming to be able to use one about as well as another, providing there is good, seasoned wood in them and they are turned to my particular model. I usually stick to one as long as my hitting keeps good, and then switch to another when I slump. Sometimes when I am going badly I get sore on myself and break up a few clubs until I find one that is "hittish," and then I use that one until I begin to go badly again.

One of the most famous bats in the country is that with which Frank Baker made his two home runs in the 1911 world's series. This stick was given to him by Donie Bush on the last trip the Tigers made to Philadelphia. Frank took a fancy to it one day and Donie, who naturally wanted to see the American league come out on top in the world's series, told him to take it along. Frank promised to give Bush a new hat if the Athletics won the world's series, but, so far as I know, the headgear never has been forthcoming. I used to hear Bush nagging Baker about that promise, but I rather think that Frank retired to the farm without ever coming across.

Bats vary a lot, as anyone will notice who looks over the stock on display in front of the players' benches. Every good hitter has his own particular tastes in regard to his implements of war. Willie Keeler, for instance, one of the greatest batsmen the game ever produced, used a short, thick log, which he held almost in the middle, while Joe Jackson, one of the kings of modern sluggers, takes a whole tree up to the plate with him, and grabs it well out toward the end. Joe's pole isn't so heavy as it looks, however. It is big and thick enough to kill an elephant, but Joe seems to be able to get it around fast enough to hit the swiftest pitching.

Jackson's Long Wallop.

He must know how to use it, for he has to his credit what was one of the longest wallops made in the recent history of the American league. This was a swat o[illegible]e of the flag poles on top of the [illegible]lo grounds, New York. It takes a husky poke to get the ball into the upper tier of the horseshoe stand on fair ground, but Joe wasn't content with that, but put the pill clear over the roof and out of the park.

Speaking of long hitters, don't forget Walter Johnson. I have seen him larrup a couple that seemed to carry a mile on the fly. His drive over the left-field fence in Cleveland probably ranks with the mightiest biffs of all time. The wall is 400 feet from the plate where the "Big Swede" combed the ball over, and, according to eyewitnesses, the missile cleared the top of the barrier by 40 feet. I suppose that it must have come to earth a good 450 feet from the home plate, which is a good swat for a baseball.

Walter hit one in Bennett park, the old Detroit field, that probably traveled about as far as any ball ever hit. I was playing a deep center field for him, as I always do, and as soon as the ball left the bat I started to run back. It seemed to me that I ran for five minutes at top speed, but the ball was yards beyond me when it came down. Our park was very deep in those days, and Johnson could have walked around on that drive.

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GENE PAULET MAKES ONE HUNDREDTH HIT

First Southern League Player to Reach the Century in Safe Blows.

Gene Paulet, first baseman of the Nashville Vols, was the first player to reach the century mark in safe hits in the Southern league this season.

Gene registered his one hundredth hit Saturday in the game against Chattanooga, when he secured a single, a double and a triple, these three blows putting him in the elect class.

Gene has a big lead on the field, his nearest competitor being Tim Hendryx, of New Orleans, who has ninety-two safe blows.

DEL HOWARD SIGNED BY THE LITTLE ROCKS

Little Rock, Ark., July 3.—(Special.) President Allen tonight announced the signing of Del Howard, infielder, recently with the Brooklyn Federals. Howard was a free agent when he came to Brookfeds, this spring, so no organized ball conflictions will be met. He was captain of the Cornell baseball nine of 1913. Third Baseman Baker, who was called home by the illness of his father in Bridgeport, Conn., has been placed on the ineligible list for ten days.

Hunt Meets Jennings For City Tennis Title At Piedmont Monday

By Carl Taylor.

The final round in the city tennis tournament in progress on the courts at Piedmont park has been reached, and will be played Monday morning, when Jeff Hunt and Ty Jennings tie up.

Match play Saturday afternoon left three teams in the doubles, three matches being required to end this event. These will also be played Monday morning.

The feature match of the afternoon was the Hunt-Harris affair, which Hunt won in three sets, 6-2, 5-7, 6-2. The match was brilliantly played, and although Harris fought hard and threatened to become dangerous at several times, the veteran Hunt was too good.

Hunt won the first four games of the first set, and Harris took the next two. Hunt then won the next two and the set. The second set was the most brilliant and bitterly fought of the three. First Hunt then Harris would win, until the count stood 5-all, when Harris, playing his best tennis and uncorking some great cross-court shots, won the next two games and the match.

Things began to look black for Hunt, but he rallied and won the first five games of the final set. Harris took the next two, and appeared to be going strong, but Hunt won the succeeding game, the set and match, and the right to play in the finals.

Rhett Dislocates Shoulder.

Ben Rhett, who was counted upon as being a sure finalist, met with a bad accident during his match with Ty Jennings in the semi-finals. While running backwards attempting to return a difficult ball, he slipped and in falling struck the backstop, dislocating his left shoulder. He was taken to a doctor, who declared after examining the injured member that Rhett would be unable to play tennis again for six weeks, and maybe not for the remainder of the summer. The accident to Rhett came at a very bad time, and as he was one of the most popular and best liked players in the tourney, it is deeply regretted. Rhett was also one of the best players, and in the match with Jennings had won the first set and the second set was standing 5-all.

Rhett was paired with Hunt in the doubles, and had reached the final round. Inasmuch as the players left in the tourney did not wish to have Hunt default, they agreed to let Hunt take one of the losers of the match between Wootten and Crenshaw and Ashe and Jennings in the semi-final round and play for the cup.

Doubles Round Most Complete.

The doubles round, with the exception of two matches, was also completed Saturday. In the semi-finals, Ashe and Jennings play Wootten and Crenshaw, while the winners meet Hunt and partner.

Matches will be played Monday morning. The doubles will start at 9:30, and as soon as they are completed, the finals in the singles will be played. Hunt and Jennings meet in this round, and the match should be every bit as good as the Hunt-Stewart match of Saturday.

The result of all matches played Saturday is:

SINGLES.
Third Round.

B. R. Rhett defeated Johnny Greene, 6-2, 7-5.

Semi-Finals.

J. D. Hunt defeated Stewart Harris, 6-2, 5-7, 6-2.

Tyree Jennings defeated B. R. Rhett by default.

DOUBLES.
First Round.

Wootten and Crenshaw defeated Chambers and partner by default.

Blosser and Loveman defeated Cox and Candler, 7-5, 2-6, 6-2.

Hunt and Rhett defeated Black and McKenzie, 6-2, 6-3.

McMillan and McMillan defeated Boyd and partner by default.

Second Round.

Wootten and Crenshaw defeated Blosser and Loveman, 6-5, 2-6, 6-3.

Ashe and Jennings defeated Wickle and Van Arsdale, 6-2, 6-3.

Hunt and Rhett defeated McMillan and McMillan, 6-2, 6-2.

Owens and Howard defeated Selman and Manget by default.

Semi-Finals.

Rhett and Hunt won by default.

MONDAY'S PROGRAM.
Doubles.

Ashe and Jennings v. Crenshaw and Wootten.

Hunt and partner v. winner above match.

Singles.

All matches in the final round will be for the best three out of five sets.

WATER SPORTS GIVE FINE AMUSEMENT

First of Three Meets Is Held by the East Lake Swimmers.

Hotly contested races marked the first water carnival of the season on the lake at East Lake, which was held Saturday night. This was the first of three events of the same nature that will be held throughout the summer preparatory to holding the annual water carnival later in the season.

Probably the most hotly contested race of the afternoon was the 100-yard dash for men, which Walter Logan won by a hair. Walter Dubard was second, while G. H. Bonnell was third. Only a foot separated the three swimmers at the finish.

The obstacle canoe race, which was won by Fraser and Howard, furnished the comedy of the afternoon. The contestants were required to fall out of their canoes every time the referee's pistol was fired, and climb back as best they could and continue the race. The ludicrous ways the various contestants had of falling out and getting back into their boats again was not only amusing but exciting. Up until the last twenty yards of the race Locke and Cowles led, but on the last time the pistol shot they swamped their canoe, and Howard and Fraser forged ahead and won.

The fancy diving was spectacular. Only men contested. The winners were Eugene Kelly, Tom House and Travis Douglas.

A feature of the afternoon was an exhibition of life-saving given by Lieutenant Charles E. Quinn, of the United States life-saving corps. Lieutenant Quinn demonstrated how to get a man in the water, bring him to shore and resuscitate him after getting him back to land. The demonstration was given partly to have the people who frequent the lake know that there is some one constantly in charge that knows how to rescue people when drowning. Lieutenant Quinn is stationed at East Lake throughout the summer months.

The result of all events held is:

One Hundred-Yard Dash—1, W. Logan; 2, W. Dobard; 3, G. H. Bonnell. Time, 1 minutes, 11 seconds.

Fifty-Yard Dash—1, G. Fraser; 2, H. Carson; 3, Travis Douglas.

Two Hundred and Twenty-Yard Dash—1, W. Logan; 2, Glen Evans; 3, G. H. Bonnell. Time, 4 minutes, 13 seconds. This was a handicap race, and Logan was a scratch man.

Two Hundred and Twenty-Yard Obstacle Canoe Race—Fraser and Howard won, being the only team to finish.

Fancy Diving—1, Eugene Kelly; 2, Tom House; 3, Travis Douglas.

NORRIS WILLIAMS TENNIS CHAMPION

Pittsburg, July 3.—Rain seriously interfered with the clay court tennis championships today. R. N. Williams of Harvard, was the winner of the men's singles, defeating George M. Church, of Princeton, in four sets, 7-5, 6-3, 2-6, 8-6.

In the men's doubles Williams again appeared in the finals, having for his partner W. M. Washburne, and they were defeated by George M. Church and Dean Mathey, 6-3, 6-3.

BIG ENTRY LIST FOR TENNIS MEET

Sixty-Five Players in the Twenty-Eighth Annual Southern Meet That Starts Monday at East Lake.

With over sixty-five entrants ready to start, representing nearly every principal southern city, the twenty-eighth annual tennis championship of the south will be held on the courts at East Lake, starting Monday afternoon.

Prospects for a brilliant tourney, in fact, the most brilliant tournament that has ever been held in the south, are exceedingly bright, and unless something unforseen arises by the end of the week, these prospects should become realities.

Good Players Coming.

The tourney will assemble the leading players of the south. Of the sixty-five entrants that have been received, fully forty are out-of-town performers, and represent the best in the city they come from.

Brooks and Bartlett, of Birmingham; Emerson and Hardy, of Memphis; Abdoue and Shelton, of Dallas; Chambers and Patten, of Chattanooga; Thornton and Thornton, of Gadsden, are some of the numerous teams which have entered from various cities. Six players from Augusta, who made good showings in the recent South Atlantic States tournament, are also coming.

Emerson, the crack from Memphis, was formerly rated as one of the leading ten players in the United States. Brooks and Bartlett went to the final round when the tourney was played locally two years ago, being defeated by Smith and Mansfield, of Atlanta. Abdoue and Shelton, the team from Dallas, won the doubles championship several years ago, and have a leg on the trophy.

None of the eastern stars, who have legs on the various trophies, will enter. It was expected that Irwin Wright, of Boston, who won the singles event last season, would enter, but he decided not to.

Events and Trophies.

The events that will be held are men's singles and doubles and ladies' singles. There will also be a consolation round, to which all players who are actually defeated in the first round will be eligible. The winner of the tourney is hailed as the southern tennis champ.

The winner of the singles will have a leg on the handsome trophy put in play last year by the New Orleans Lawn Tennis club, and besides will be given a handsome cup. The winning doubles team will have a leg on the cup offered by the Atlanta Athletic club, and each man will be given a cup in addition. The winner of the ladies' singles will hold the cup offered for one year, but must win it three times before it becomes her permanent property. Miss Ethel Legrende, of New Orleans, who won the cup last year, will not be present to defend her title. Miss Murphy, a former winner, will be the only lady entrant in the ladies' event. The winner of the ladies' singles will also be given a cup. Championship cups must be won three times before they become the permanent property of any player.

Players who have legs on any of the cups are required to play through the tourney, as there is no challenge round.

All matches will be for the best two out of three sets, except the finals, which will be for the best three out of five. Frank Reynolds, who has been identified for some years with tennis doings locally, will act as referee throughout, and it is a surety that things will move lively.

Spectators Admitted Free.

Spectators who wish to watch the progress of the tourney will be admitted free. The grandstand overlooking the courts will have awnings stretched over them, and everyone will be comfortably seated.

Drawings Monday.

The drawings will be held Monday morning in the club house at East Lake. The reason for waiting until Monday is that some more entrants may be received and the list will be held open until then. Besides, several cities have not yet announced their teams.

The singles event will be started first. The first round matches will start Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and after the singles are well under way the doubles, the consolation and the ladies' singles will be started.

Atlanta Well Represented.

Atlanta will be well represented in the tourney. Carleton Smith, who has won nearly every tourney in the south in recent years, is practically sure of being one of the finalists. Besides Smith, other crack players who will enter are: Ed Carter, who obtained permanent possession of the South Atlantic States tennis trophy by winning the tourney for the third straight time last year; J. K. Orr, Vernon McMillan, B. M. Grant, Eston Mansfield, William Matthews, Ty Jennings, Harry Ashe, J. D. Hunt and host of others.

Dr. Nat Thornton, who is some racket wielder himself, entered the tourney Saturday from Gadsden, Ala., bringing with him his brother, and the two will enter the doubles. Nat is one of the best in the south, and is sure to make somebody hustle before the final winner is adjudged.

Taken all in all, the tourney should prove a ringing success from the word go, and high tribute should be given the committee of the A. A. C. for the excellent way in which entrants were got.

WHITE OUTPOINTS CHAMPION WELSH

New York, July 3.—Charley White, of Chicago, outpointed Freddie Welsh, world's lightweight champion, in their ten-round bout in the open at the Brighton Beach race track tonight. The ringside weights were: White, 133 1-2; Welsh, 136 pounds. Both men agreed to weigh in at 135 pounds at 3 p. m.

Welsh led in the opening round, while White came back with right and left body blows. In several fast exchanges, Welsh had the better of it.

The second was even.

In the third Welsh used his left to face and right to ribs. White got in several uppercuts over the heart. Welsh was forced into his corner in the fourth, two of White's left hooks landing on his opponent's ear.

First blood was drawn in the fifth when a straight left landed on White's nose. The latter, however, kept up a forcing contest and had a shade the better of the round.

Although Welsh had the advantage in the sixth and seventh rounds, White came fast in the eighth. Welsh who was tiring, held in the clinches. Several times White failed to land with his left but he forced the fighting in the ninth and tenth. Five rounds were White's, four went to Welsh, with honors even in one.

Rickenbacher Winner.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 3.—Eddie Rickenbacher, winner of last year's race, finished first in the 300-mile auto contest today, leading all the way. Eddie O'Donnell was second and Tom Alley third. Rickenbacher made 74.7 miles an hour.

OTTO WALKER WINS MOTORCYCLE RACE

Breaks All Existing Records on His Harley-Davidson in 300-Mile Event at Dodge City.

Dodge City, Kas, July 3.—Otto Walker, of Oakland, Cal., won the second annual 300-mile International Motorcycle race here this afternoon, clipping thirty minutes off the world's record for the distance. Walker's time was 3 hours 55 minutes 45 seconds.

Harry Crandall was second; Carl Goudy, third; Joe Wolters, fourth, Leslie Parkhurst, fifth; Alva Stratton, sixth.

Marty Graves was leading the field on the last lap when he broke a wheel.

The 100-mile record was broken by Goudy, who covered the distance in 1 hour 14 minutes 10 second. At the 200-mile mark Walker hung up a new record of 2 hours 33 minutes 13 seconds. Walker drove his race at a rate of 76.56 miles an hour.

The race was won by Otto Walker on a Harley-Davidson, regular stripped stock, non-ported machine in the world's record time. To do this Walker had to travel at a rate better than 75 miles per hour. The fastest known speed per hour previous to this was when this same Otto Walker won the big 300-mile race at Venice, Cal., on April 10, this year, when he averaged 69 miles to the hour.

Up to April 10, Walker was an unknown rider out in California, employed in one of the Harley-Davidson stores and was entered as a dark horse in the Venice race and won it easily. Since that event he has won several other big events and with his team mate, Joe Wolters, has won five of the biggest events this season. The Venice race, Oklahoma City 150-mile event, Lagrande, Ore., 200-mile race, now to cap the climax, the biggest race of the year.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF S. I. A. A. MEETS

Interesting Meeting Held at Winecoff—South Carolina Admitted.

The semi-annual meeting of the executive committee of the Southern Intercollegiate Athletic association was held Saturday afternoon at the Winecoff hotel, several matters of importance coming up for action.

The main matter of importance which was acted upon was the choosing by the various colleges in the association of classes A and B of the eligibility rules. These rules apply to the playing of first-year men in athletic relations between the colleges in the association, and colleges within the association territory when playing colleges of the association. Class A debars first-year men from participating in athletic events, while class B allows them to play.

Of the twenty-seven schools in the association, only five decided to play under class A, while twenty selected class B.

A resolution was also passed which provides that colleges not members of the association, but within the territory covered by the association, shall, when playing teams within the association, play under whatever class the association college uses. This applies to Tech, which is the only college that is not a member of the association. This rule was adopted unanimously.

Carolina Enters.

The University of South Carolina, which applied for membership, was recommended by the committee, and will be passed upon by the colleges immediately. This means that the University of South Carolina will be admitted to the membership of the association.

Wake Forest college, which was blacklisted by the committee two years ago for flagrant violation of the rules of the association, was reinstated to membership, and selected class B eligibility rules.

Players Hill, Blankston and Plexico, of the University of South Carolina; C. W. Goodwin, of Chattanooga; J. M. Harlee, of Wofford, and W. W. Wolf, of Erskine college, were reinstated to eligibility. These men were disqualified for minor technicalities.

No other matters of importance came up for action at this meeting, and the committee adjourned to meet again in New Orleans next December.

President W. M. Riggs, of Clemson college, talked interestingly of the one-year rule, the rule which has caused much agitation recently in the association. President Riggs declared that in his opinion every college should adopt class A, stating that he considered the playing of first-year men disadvantageous to colleges. He said that at Clemson first-year men would always be barred from the varsity teams.

Tech Is Silent.

Nothing was done by Tech authorities to enter the association. Tech is the only important college within the territory of the association now that is out.

The executive committee was disappointed because only five teams decided to adopt class A, while so large a number of the larger colleges adopted class B. The colleges which are in class A and class B are:

Class A—Auburn, Clemson, Georgia, Mississippi A. & M. and Tennessee.

Class B—Millsaps, University of Mississippi, the Citadel, Wofford, South Carolino, Wake Forest, University of Chattanooga, Vanderbilt, Sewanee, Howard, Alabama, Mercer, Central university, Kentucky, Louisville university, Transylvania, Louisiana State, Tulane, Mississippi college and Florida. Those taking no choice, but playing under either, are: Georgetown and Charleston college.

DANNY MURPHY IS DROPPED BY FEDS

New York, July 3.—Danny Murphy, veteran outfielder of the Brooklyn Federals, and former captain of the Philadephia Americans, was unconditionally released today by the Brooklyn Federal club. Pitcher Marion, of the same club, has been suspended for ten days, it was announced.

After a conference today between President Gilmore, of the Federal league, and President Ward, of the Brooklyn club, it was said that Manager Magee, of Brooklyn, was given permission to go after any player in organized baseball who is signed to a contract containing the ten days release clause.

Magee today made an offer to John Murray, the outfielder, released yesterday by the New York Nationals. Murray, it is understood, has received an offer from the Chicago Nationals.

The Church of the Holy Ghost of Heidelberg is the only one in the world in which both Protestant and Roman Catholic services are held at the same time. A partition wall in the center separates the two congregations.

Society

NORCROSS, GA.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Hogsed and little son, W. L., Jr., of Toccoa, came through the country in their new runabout, bringing with them Master Jack Hogsed, who is making a two weeks' visit, stopping with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McElroy, at the Oaks.

Quite a party of young ladies, who were Misses Mattie Wall, Hoyle Skinner, Johnson, Hallie McClure, Ruth Johnson, Ruth Wingo, Ethel Simpson and Miss Gladys Brooks, of Alpharetta, left Monday for San Francisco to visit the exposition and Yosemite National park and several other points in the west before returning home in August.

Miss Mina McElroy reurned from Atlanta Thursday accompanied by Mrs. M. E. Matthews, Miss Edith Matthews, Mrs. Jessie Tate and little Juanita Tate, who will be entertained by Mrs. S. T. McElroy Sunday in her usual gracious manner.

Miss Brask Findley, of Duluth, is the attractive guest of Mrs. John Findley, who entertained in her honor at supper Monday evening.

Dr. and Mrs. Arch Leitch will leave Monday for Wrightsville Beach, to be gone two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Bagley, of Alpharetta, were guests of honor at dinner given by Mrs. B. A. Martin Monday.

Mrs. Clyde Moore was hostess for the Woman's club Thursday at their regular meeting, and a very interesting program was rendered.

DECATUR, GA.

Miss Mary Louise Manese is visiting Miss Annie Pope Bryan, of Griffin.

Miss Mildred Beatty, of Ohio, will be the guest of Miss Mary Bealle Weekes.

Mrs. A. E. Dowman has moved into her beautiful new home on Clairmont avenue.

Miss Loretta Jackson entertained a number of her friends Thursday night.

Mr. Waide Durham, of Woodville, has been the guest of Mrs. Ella Trotti.

Little Miss Bessie Allen entertained her sewing club Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Dent, of Newnan, is the guest of Mrs. Richards on Adams street.

Mr. C. D. McKinney has returned from a business trip north.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moore will spend the summer with Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Ansley.

Mr. Joe Wilburn is expected home in a few days from Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Boykin are now at home with Mrs. Eugene Hardeman, on Sycamore street.

George Napier gave a barbecue Saturday night to his adult Sabbath school class and their families.

Mrs. P. L. Weekes and little son are the guests of her mother in Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Edwin Trotti left Saturday to attend the Elks' convention, which meets in Los Angeles. He will also take in the exposition.

Miss Agnes Gibbs entertained Friday afternoon for the two recent brides, Mrs. George Gibbs and Mrs. Edd Terrell.

United States Deputy Marshal Robert Ramspeck, of Decatur, is in Rome this week attending United States court.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Norris and daughter have gone to Hot Springs, Ark.

Hon. and Mrs. H. M. Stanley will figure prominently in the convention of commissioners of commerce and labor of the United States, which meets in that city next week.

Mrs. Scott, of Covington, will be the guest of Mrs. Louise Green next week.

Many entertainments are being planned for Miss Rebecca Candler, whose marriage will be an interesting event of this month.

Miss Harriet Milledge has gone to Chicago.

Dr. and Mrs. Gaines are in the west visiting the many points of interest.

A number of Decatur's younger set were at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Lewis, of Clarkston, as a compliment to Miss Arnett Johnston.

Professor F. Ruge was admitted to United States citizenship last Monday.

Mrs. Louis Wilde, of Fayetteville, N. C., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Candler.

ATHENS, GA.

A delightful dance was enjoyed by the college set at the Chi Phi house Thursday night.

A charming event of the week was a happy surprise party given Miss Gwen Griffith on the occasion of her birthday Thursday.

The college set enjoyed a dance at Costa's Saturday evening, and plans are ripe for a picnic Tuesday evening.

Athens was much interested thsi week in the marriage of Miss Laura Byrd Moore, of Birmingham, to Mr. Roy M. Strickland, of this place. Several from Athens attended the marriage of this prominent and popular couple.

Athens was also much interested in the marriage in Atlanta Wedensday evening of Miss Minnie Hertz to Mr. Moie M. Levy, a prominent young merchant of Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. Hal Hulsey have returned from their wedding trip and are at home at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Reed.

Mr. and Mrs. Bolling Sasnett have returned from their wedding trip, made "en auto," through the Land of the Sky in North Carolina.

Mrs. Ward Wight and Mrs. Hilliard Spalding, of Atlanta, are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Stewart, on the campus.

Mrs. J. P. Proctor is spending the summer in Virginia.

Miss Otie Vincent left Friday for Hampton, Fla.

Mrs. M. A. Perkinson is spending the summer at Calias, Me.

A marriage in which Athens was much interested was that of Miss Agnes Witcher to Mr. Russell Dabison, at Carlton, Wednesday, at the home of the bride's sister. They are connected with two of the prominent families of the state.

LAGRANGE, GA.

A wedding of much interest to the people of this section of the state was that of Miss Margaret Childs to Mr. Eugene Spearman, last Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The wediding came as quite a surprise to the many friends of the contracting parties. Rev. J. G. Herndon performed the ceremony at his home. Mrs. Spearman is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Childs, of this city, and is one of the most popular members of the college society set. Mr. Spearman is a prominent young business man of this city, and is now a member of the local fire department. The happy young couple motored from LaGrange to Newnan, and there caught the train for Atlanta. They returned to LaGrange last Sunday night, and are now at home to their friends at 46 Ridley avenue, LaGrange.

Those from LaGrange who attended the marriage of Miss Alice Cox and Mr. Francis Baker Reins, which occurred in Atlanta on Wednesday, were Mrs. Fuller E. Callaway, Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Slack, Miss Ruth Slack and Miss Ethel Dallis Hill.

Friday afternoon, at her home on Church street, Mrs. Heyward Booker entertained the Sewing club in honor of Mrs. C. W. Mayes, of Chattanooga, and Mrs. White Morgan, a recent bride.

A pretty party of this week was the one at which Miss Lola Daniel entertained in honor of her two guests, Misses May Jim and Lizzie Morgan, of West Point. About twenty guests enjoyed the game of rook.

Wednesday afternoon, at her home on Broad street, Mrs. Robert Key very delightfully entertained the Tuesday Afternoon club.

Monday afternoon Mrs. T. G. Polhill entertained a number of the younger set at a theatorium party in honor of her niece, Miss Katherine Polhill, of Hawkinsville.

The district meeting of the Woman's Missionary society, which was held at Mountville last week, was filled to the brim with inspiration and interest. Four conference officers were present and presented different phases of woman's work.

The Junior Missionary society enjoyed a picnic at McLendon's park Tuesday afternoon.

A delightful occasion of this week was the hay ride and picnic at which Mrs. J. H. Harris entertained Wednesday night in honor of her guests, Misses Jennie and Terrell Holt, of Macon.

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OXFORD, GA.

The young men of Oxford entertained informally Thursday evening at the Sigma Nu Chapter house, in honor of Oxford and Covington girls. A picnic lunch was served.

Sunrise breakfast at "The Rock" is the latest society fad in Oxford.

The rosebud set of Oxford entertained at a moonlight picnic on the Emory campus Saturday evening.

The latest addition to Oxford club life is the Boy Scouts. Professor Fielding Dillard is scoutmaster. The boys have already taken several hikes and cross-country runs. Friday night, in true scout fashion, with knapsacks and blankets, they tramped into the woods and spent the night.

Miss Carolyn Kelly has returned from a visit to friends in Conyers, accompanied by Miss Kathleen Langford, who will spend several days in Oxford.

Miss Hilda Ausland, of Boca Grande, Fla., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Bonnell Stone, at Blairsville, since commencement, is the guest of Professor and Mrs. H. H. Stone.

Mrs. O. L. Kelly, Mrs. W. L. Weber and Miss Mary Kelly spent Tuesday in Conyers at a U. D. C. meeting.

Mrs. M. T. Peed is spending two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Archer Avary, in Atlanta.

Mrs. Ida Rogers of Perry, is the guest of Miss Mollie Thomspon. Mrs. Thompson is in Alexander City, Ala., visiting a daughter.

Miss Sara Branham, who has been teaching in Decatur the past session, has come home to spend the summer with her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. W. Branham.

WINDER, GA.

Mrs. W. L. Jackson was hostess to the Young Matrons' Club last Thursday afternoon. The living room and dining room were thrown together and in both were used decorations suggestive of the Fourth. The punch bowl was presided over by Mrs. Clyde Williamson. After a series of games a delightful salad course with ices was served.

Mrs. Oscar McRae gave a lovely party Monday night in honor of her guests, Misses Williams and Hearn, of Eatonton.

Visitor From Lavonia

Photo by Stephenson.

MISS NANCY FAITH YOW,

Of Lavonia, Ga., who is the lovely guest of Mrs. Henry DeGive. She will be delightfully entertained during her visit.

THOMSON, GA.

Mrs. W. C. McCommons was the hostess to the Baptist Philathea class Wednesday. Twenty-one guests were present. A salad course and iced tea were served.

A delightful "prom" party was given the young people Friday evening by Mrs. R. L. Howell.

Mrs. Rosa Reese, pleasantly entertained the younger set Friday evening.

On Tuesday afternoon Mrs. Eva Hardaway gave her Sunday school class a pleasant entertainment at her home on Jackson street.

A moonlight picnic was given Thursday night at the courthouse by the Methodist Philatheas.

The Young Men's Bible Class of the Baptist church were entertained Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. McWilliams. Mrs. W. S. Mobley delightfully entertained the class Friday evening.

Mrs. Lloyd Ware entertained the young Matron's club Thursday afternoon. Trail was the form of amusement, and punch and a salad course followed by an ice course were served.

Misses Gladys Smith and Lettie Stone gave a picnic Friday at Boneville complimentary to Miss Mamie Montgomery.

SUMMERVILLE, GA.

At a recent meeting of the John Story chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, the following officers were elected and will be installed at the next meeting, which is to be held at the home of Mrs. John S. Cleghorn on next Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock: Miss Alice Weathers, president; Mrs. John S. Cleghorn, vice president; Mrs. C. C. Cleghorn, recording secretary; Mrs. George D. Espy, treasurer; Miss Allie Bryant, corresponding secretary; Mrs. T. A. Bartenfield, historian.

Miss Bessie Allen will be a guest for a few days of this week of Miss Julia Emma Jones' house party.

Miss Willie Denham, of Eatonton, will arrive Tuesday to spend several days here with Misses Taylor.

Miss Annie Kinsey and Mr. A. C. Stewart, both well known, were married in South Summerville last Sunday morning by Rev. M. A. C. Bennett.

The Woman's Missionary society of the Baptist church met Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the church building.

Misses Beulah Shropshire and Essie Martin left Wednesday morning for Savannah, where they will sail for New York to spend the summer.

EATONTON, GA.

Miss Frances Dennis entertained the Owlets on Friday evening at the home of her mother on Madison street. Progressive conversation and music were enjoyed till late in the evening when delightful refreshments were served.

Miss Agnes Leverette entertained the Young Women's Missionary society on Monday afternoon.

One of the most delightful parties of the week and a pretty compliment to Mrs. P. B. Jones, of Costa Rica, was the party given Tuesday afternoon at "Bonnie Brae" by Mrs. B. R. Beck. Those present were: Mesdames P. P. Ezell, T. G. Green, D. L. Thomas, P. W. Walton, Jr., Frank Jenkins, Jr., Paul Spivey, V. H. Taliaferro, H. C. Walker, W. C. Little, T. L. Ketcherside, Eugene Bozeman, Ralph Ketchum, Misses Lucille Creighton, Agnes Leverette, Margery Thomas, Varina Little, Cecil Ingram, Carrie Jenkins, Mildred Green, Mary Clay, Mrs. Joseph Turner, Sr., Mrs. Frederick Griffith, Mrs. J. S. Turner, Jr., Mrs. Clarence Alford, Misses Janie Hearn and Roberta Sparks.

The young men entertained their Social club on Tuesday evening at a most enjoyable dance in honor of the visitors of the city. Dancing was enjoyed till late in the evening, music being furnished by the Eatonton string band.

Misses Emmie and Kate Lancaster entertained the Y. W. A. on Monday afternoon at their home at a most delightful meeting.

Mrs. Percy Rossee entertained the Maids and Matrons' club on Friday morning at a sewing party.

Misses Mary Clay, Mildred Greene, Richmond Holt and Sid Wheeler formed a congenial auto party, spending Sunday at Indian Springs.

Mrs. Carle Elkins and Master Carle Taliaferro Elkins, of St. Augustine, Fla., are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Valentine Taliaferro for the summer months.

SAVANNAH SOCIAL NEWS

Savannah, Ga., July 3.—(Special Correspondence.)—The young college set are doing most of the entertaining in Savannah this season. Their second large dance was given at the Yacht club Wednesday evening. Among those present were Misses Florence Cann, Jessie Dixon, Anne Hopkins, Eleanor Taylor, Elsie Lawson, Elizabeth Perkins, Julia LeHardy, Ernestine and Ella Clare Cutts, Janet Menzies, Helen Menzies, Farline and Eslie Espy, Ellen Carter, Leona Grady, Josephine Clark, Lenora Hunter, Marjorie Cutts, Edith Battey, Gladys Cassels, Pauline King, Cara Bacon, Louise Bacon, Julia Walker and Messrs. Arthur Stevens, T. A. Bryson, Jr., Reuben Clark, Charles Airey, Jr., Mercer Lang, John Stevens, Arthur Gregory, Walde Mallory, Julian Hartridge, Randall Winburn, Neufville and Richard Adams, Wellborn Colquitt, Arthur Gannon, Henry Taylor, Augustus Pigman, Horace Miller, Fred Baker, Wilton Puder, Barrington King, Walter Askew, Frank Arden, Frank Bryson, Edward Bryson, Frank LeHardy, Cordes Seabrook, Jack Hancock, Frank Bruce, Marion Reams, Ottis Lucas, Will Morrell, Jr., Beverley Kelley and Thomas Davis.

Among the interesting marriages of the early fall will be that of Miss Elinor Shotter to Mr. Charles Doolittle, of New York. It will take place at the Livingston cottage at Lenox, which Mr. Shotter and the Misses Shotter are occupying this summer. The date has been set for September.

Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Anderson, Miss Page and Joe Anderson are also at their summer home at Marietta, but will leave next month for North Carolina.

Parties at Tybee are at this season a special diversion among the younger set and on dance nights at the hotel twice a week many parties go down from the city. Mrs. Trenholm Hopkins chaperoned a number of young people Tuesday night, among those with her being Misses Elizabeth Perkins, Helen Menzies, Anne Hopkins, Gladys Cassels, Edith Battey, Helen Menzies and Messrs. Ottis Lucas, Hunter Reams, Walter Askew and others.

Miss Courtney Crowther entertained Monday evening with a house dance for her guests, Miss Adams and Miss Elliott, of Durham, N. C. About thirty of the younger set were present.

Miss Lallie McLaws entertained with a swimming party and dance at her summer home at the Montgomery this week for her guest, Miss Ravenel, of Valdosta. Most of the young college set went to Montgomery in motor cars for the occasion.

Mrs. Charles X. Balfour entertained this week with cards for Mrs. John Hampton, of Louisville, Ky., who is the guest of Mrs. A. L. Krenson, and for whom a series of parties is being given. Mrs. Krenson entertained for her Tuesday afternoon and Mrs. H. H. LaFar also entertained in Mrs. Hampton's honor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Cunningham, who spent the week-end on St. Catherine with Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Oemler, have returned to the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Carson are visiting Mrs. Rosa D. Hull in Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Lawton and Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Lawton, Jr., left yesterday for their summer home at Flat Rock and Mr. Lawton will remain over the Fourth. Mrs. A. R. Lawton, Jr., will go on from Flat Rock to Lenox to spend the summer with her father, Mr. S. P. Shotter.

Mrs. Noble Jones and her children are at Marietta for the summer.

Mrs. A. A. Lawrence, who is at Tybee for a fortnight, will go up to Marietta with her children the end of next week.

ROME, GA.

The notable event of the week was the afternoon tea tendered by Mrs. J. C. Harris to Mrs. William J. Harris, wife of the distinguished member of the federal trade commission, Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Harris were guests for several days of Professor and Mrs. J. C. Harris, returning to their home in Washington Thursday morning. Mesdames B. P. Brown and Benjamin C. Yancey assisted the hostess in dispensing gracious hospitality to some fifty guests.

Tuesday evening Mrs. Robert Harbin complimented Miss Adelaide Cotheran and Miss Virginia Vories with a motor party to Young's mill.

Miss Cordelia Veal was hostess to the officers of the Alumnae association of Shorter and a few special friends Monday afternoon, the meeting combining business and pleasure.

At Rubyr June, the home of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Reynolds, Xavier chapter, D. A. R., gave a beautiful musical tea Tuesday afternoon from 5 to 7.

Interest centered in the golf tourney held Friday afternoon at the Country club by the Berry circle. Among the contestants were Miss Alexa Stirling, Messrs. Perry and George Adair and R. T. Jones, all of Atlanta.

Mrs. J. Tim Willis and Miss Gladys Willingham entertained delightfully Friday afternoon in honor of Miss Mildred Wright, a debutant who has completed school in New York, and Miss Joy Harper, a bride-elect of the autumn.

To honor her niece, Miss Adelaide Cotheran, and friend, Miss Virginia Vories, of New Orleans, Mrs. Cornelius Terhune entertained Friday morning.

Mrs. Elmer Grant was hostess at bridge for her sister, Miss Florena Hamilton, and her guest, Miss Margaret Crook, of Anniston, Ala.

Miss Fannie Spullock and party of twenty left Tuesday for a four weeks' stay in California.

MADISON, GA.

Announcement of the approaching marriage in September of Miss Nell Irene Roper, of this city, to Dr. G. H. Carefoot, of Atlanta, is a matter of deep interest to a wide circle of friends.

Miss Lady Ruth Smith entertained at a beautiful lawn party on last Friday evening for her visitor, Miss Kathryn Lowe. The lawn was beautifully lighted with Japanese lanterns and electric lights. Punch was served on the porch by Mrs. Coggins and Miss Mabel Smith.

Miss Celeste Furlow entertained a number of her friends, on Monday afternoon in honor of Miss Kathryn Lowe, who is visiting Miss Lady Ruth Smith.

Last Sunday Miss Jessie Little entertained at a dinner to a few of her friends. The dinner was a most enjoyable one.

Mr. Edward Walker on Wednesday, June 23, married Miss Mary Hill, of Greenville, Ga., the beautiful and charming young daughter of Justice Hiram Warner Hill, of the Georgia supreme court bench. Both of the contracting parties are very prominent in the state.

GRIFFIN, GA.

Two hundred guests were entertained Saturday afternoon at a colonial tea by Pulaski chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, at the home of the regent, Mrs. Roswell H. Draken, from 5 to 7 o'clock.

A delightful occasion of Tuesday evening was the dance given by Mr. Nathaniel Bailey at his home on West Solomon street in honor of his guest, Mr. George Howard, of Atlanta.

Mrs. C. P. Newton entertained at a beautifully-appointed dinner on Friday complimentary to Mrs. Algernon Talley and Mrs. G. T. Dodd, of Atlanta, guests of Mrs. Bruce Montgomery.

A lovely event of Sunday was the dinner at which Mrs. James C. Edwards entertained in honor of Miss Jennie McKinney and Miss Julia Buck, of Chicago, Ill. Covers were laid for eight.

Miss Addie Anthony entertained Friday afternoon from 6 to 7 o'clock at a beautiful garden party in compliment to her guest, Miss May Thomason, of Madison.

Miss Julia Powell gave a lovely porch party Wednesday afternoon in compliment to a bevy of attractive young girls, Miss Edna Pope of Macon, Miss Mary Lena Powell of Zepulon, Miss Finley Beize of Columbus and Miss Ruth Daniel, who are members of her house party.

Miss Ruth Powell entertained at a delightful musical Thursday evening in honor of her sister's house party and also in honor of Miss Alice Kincaid, who was leaving next day for a short visit to Columbus.

Miss Lois Moore was hostess at a theater party Monday afternoon in honor of Misses Daniel Beize Pope and Mary Lena Powell.

On Thursday afternoon Miss Gertrude Ellis entertained eighteen guests at a theater party complimentary to Miss Julia Powell's house party.

Forty delegates of the Flint River association were entertained Wednesday at dinner in the Baraca room of the First Baptist church by the ladies of the church.

Mrs. Joseph M. Thomas left on Wednesday to join a party in New Orleans for several weeks' trip to the Panama Pacific exposition.

COVINGTON, GA.

Mrs. Berto Lee entertained the visitors and their hostesses at a delightful morning party last Thursday from 10:30 to 12 o'clock, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hardeman. The guests included Mrs. Lester Lee and guest, Miss Mary Lou Arnold, of Monroe; Mrs. Charles A. Franklin and guests, Miss Kathleen Hill, of Washington, and Mrs. Samuel Green, of Atlanta; Miss Annie Belle Robinson and guest, Miss Nina Morris, of Fort Gaines; Miss Essie Jordan, of Atlanta; Misses Gladys Frances Henderson, Hyda Heard and Florence Wells.

The Young Ladies' Bridge club was delightfully entertained on Thursday afternoon by Mrs. Thomas Green Callaway, at her beautiful home on College avenue. Besides the regular club members, there were invited Miss Mary Lou Arnold, of Monroe; Miss Essie Jordan, of Atlanta, and Mrs. Clarence Terrell.

The Woman's club will hold a reception next Tuesday at the new library, the occasion being the formal opening of the building to the public. From 5 until 7 o'clock the children and those who cannot attend in the evening will be entertained. At 8 o'clock an open reception, to which everyone is invited, and at 8:30 there will be a formal delivery of the keys of the library, by the contractor, Mr. J. R. McCord, to the building committee, the chairman of which receives the keys and delivers them to Miss Sallie Mae Cook, who will receive them in behalf of the Woman's club.

The young ladies and girls of Conyers street sent out unique invitations to a moonlight picnic on Tuesday evening, at Academy spring. The guests were requested to dress in tacky costume, and each bring supper.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Thomas Wells, Miss Florence and McJames Wells, will leave Tuesday for a month's visit to Harrisburg Va., and the mountains of North Carolina.

MRS. THOMAS JONATHAN GREEN,

Of Kerns, Texas, who, before her recent marriage, was Miss Lucretia Astor Fischer, of Atlanta.

FROM THE PHILIPPINES

DOROTHY VANCE SHOPE,

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Arnold Shope, of the Philippine islands, who are the guests of Mrs. Shope's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Edmondson, and Mr. and Mrs. Deber Tounshend, on Euclid avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Shope visited Japan, Honolulu and the Panama exposition, en route to Atlanta.

SOCIETY IN COLUMBUS

Columbus, Ga., July 3.—(Special Correspondence.)—Mrs. Felder Pou entertained at bridge Wednesday in compliment to Miss Elizabeth Law, of Augusta, who is visiting Miss Ellen Mitchell.

Mrs. Arthur Gordy was hostess at bridge Wednesday afternoon, the honor guest being her sister, Mrs. Leon Camp, of Savannah.

Miss Maude Dismukes was hostess at an informal dance Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dismukes, in compliment to Miss Elizabeth Law, of Augusta.

In compliment to Miss Rebecca Crowder, of White Sulphur Springs, Ga., and Miss Katherine Dooley, the guests of Miss Elizabeth Kline, Misses Dorothy and Vera Pekor entertained at a movie party.

Mrs. Perry Jones entertained a few friends at a movie party in honor of Mrs. L. G. Watkins, of Fitzgerald, her guest.

Miss Elizabeth Kline entertained at an up-jinks party at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Means Brannon, in compliment to her guests, Miss Elizabeth Crowder and Miss Katherine Dooley.

Mrs. Maynard Smith, of Macon, who is spending some time with her mother, Mrs. Davis Andrews, was the guest of honor at a bridge party Tuesday morning, at which Miss Leonora Golden was hostess.

A party of school girls and boys gave a moonlight picnic Tuesday evening in compliment to Miss Elizabeth Law, of Augusta, the guest of Miss Ellen Mitchell.

The Wednesday Afternoon Sewing club met with Mrs. Walter Cooper.

Mrs. George N. Hunter entertained the members of her Sewing club Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. Thomas Shanks was hostess at bridge Monday morning at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Owsley, in Wynnton.

Miss Odelle Hunt, Miss Jennie Crowell, Miss Kathryn Neill and Miss Josephine Dimon were guests of Miss Blanche Williams at a house party at Hamilton this week.

Miss Nan Howard entertained the Monday Auction club.

Miss Elizabeth Law, of Augusta, was the honor guest at an informal dance given Monday evening by her hostess, Miss Ellen Mitchell.

Miss Elizabeth Bradley and Miss Georgia Mitchell are among the guests at the house party now being given by Mr. Turner Jones, of Augusta, at Sapphire, N. C. Dr. and Mrs. Ashby Jones, of Augusta, and Mrs. Nina Holstead, of Columbus, are chaperoning the party.

Miss Lucy Kent Chappell left this week for Birmingham, where she will be the guest of Miss Frances Woodrow. She will be accompanied home in about a week by Miss Woodrow, and will also have as her guest Miss Carrie Nash, of Portsmouth, Va. A series of interesting affairs will be given in honor of the two visitors, the first a reception at which Miss Chappell will be hostess.

Miss Pearl Doughtie gave an up-jinks party Thursday afternoon, in compliment to Miss Emily Zallors and Miss Clara Brasch, of Grantville, who are her house guests.

Miss Susie Blackmar entertained at luncheon Thursday afternoon in honor of Miss C. E. Mason.

Miss Annie Pond Crawford entertained at a movie party yesterday afternoon in compliment to Miss Emily Zallors and Miss Clara Brasch.

Mrs. E. H. Sims will entertain at cards next Wednesday morning, the honor guests being Miss Edna Crawford.

Miss Nell Scarbrough has been delightfully entertained as the guest of Miss Eleanor Massey in Birmingham.

Mrs. Richard Kirven entertained at a movie party Wednesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Frank Kirven and her little daughter, Thirza Kirven, who are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Whitaker.

Miss Margaret Andrews entertained at a house party at "Wayside Cottage," the guests including Miss Anna Dismukes, Miss Virginia Chappell, Miss Margaret Laney, Miss Josephine Andrews, Miss Dorothy Cargill, Mr. William Dismukes, Jr., Mr. Mote Andrews, Mr. Willis Hicks Childs, Mr. Randolph Palmer, Mr. Henry McCalley and Mr. John Ralston Cargill.

Miss Eleanor Massey, of Birmingham, will visit Miss Nell Scarbrough in July, and will be the honor guest at a number of pleasant affairs.

Miss Jeta Aileen Farley has returned to Montgomery after a visit to Miss Margaret Gordon, during which she was charmingly entertained. Miss Margaret Gordon and Miss Louise Buttolph are now Miss Farley's guests in Montgomery. Later in the summer the three will go to St. Simons Island for a stay of several weeks.

BLACK-CALLAWAY.

An event of much social interest, which united two of the oldest and most influential families of Georgia, was the marriage of Miss Cena Annie Black, of Carlton, and Mr. George Jordan Callaway, of Albany, which took place Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Ham Black, at Carlton. Rev. W. H. Rich, of Elberton, performed the ceremony.

Mr. Callaway was attended by his brother, Mr. H. T. Callaway, as best man. The maid of honor was Miss Mary George Black, and Little Miss Carter Jandon was ringbearer. Lohengrin's wedding march was played by Miss Sarah Goolsby.

The entire lower floor of the home presented a scene of unusual beauty, each of the rooms having a decorative effect of shasta daisies and white carnations. The broad mantel was banked with ferns and festooned with southern smilax, which also outlined the doors and window arches. On each side of the altar were tall moss-covered standards topped with baskets of shasta daisies, and carnations. A seven-branch candelabra in brass cast a soft glow over the marriage scene.

The lovely young bride wore an exquisite model in Georgette crepe embroidered with seed pearls and elaborately appliqued in hand-made flowers. Symbolic orange blossoms formed a half wreath, from which a tulle veil edged with rose point lace was draped, and her colonial bouquet of valley lilies and maidenhair fern, together with the groom's gift, a platinum necklace inset with diamonds and pearls, completed the girlish costume.

The maid of honor was gowned in white satin, fashioned with yellow tulle, and carried a garland of daisies and maidenhair fern.

Mr. and Mrs. Callaway left during the afternoon for a wedding trip east, and on their return will be at home with the bride's mother, Mrs. T. M. Mitchell, Albany.

The bride is the fourth daughter of Stephen Ham Black, whose paternal ancestors originally came from Ireland, settling in Virginia, and taking active part in the revolutionary war; Lieutenant John having fought under George Washington, and Lemuel Black, commanding colonel at the battle of Cowpens and King's Mountain. Mr. Callaway, who has made Albany his home since childhood, is a successful young man, being well known in business and club life.

CHAPMAN-MURROW.

A beautiful event of Wednesday was the wedding of Miss Eugenie Chapman and Mr. William Vaughn Murrow, of Camack, Ga., which was solemnized at 3 o'clock in the afternoon at the Methodist church, the Rev. R. E. L. Harris, of Hephzibah, officiating.

The eight bridesmaids, Misses Bessie Murrow, of Rutledge; Ruth Millican, of Macon; Gladys Brown, of Sharon; Wyolene Nance, of Arlington; Mamie Clair Chapman, of Washington; Carrie Mobley, of Thompson; Louise Battle and Rosalind Shivers, of Warrenton, were beautiful in pink eveningfled dresses with large picture hats, carrying lovely bouquets of orchids and ferns tied with pink tulle.

Just before the ceremony Miss Carwee Davis, of Warrenton, beautifully rendered "Because" in her sweet mellow voice and was accompanied by Miss Ellen Goodrich, of Waycross, who also played the wedding march. To the strains of Mendelssohn the ushers, Mr. D. P. Jordan and Dr. E. K. Lazenby, entered, each down side aisles, followed by the bridesmaids. Then came the four little flower girls, Sarah Bell and Mera Neary, of Augusta; Nelta Gheesling, of Standing Rock, Ala., and Mable Clair Stovall, of Rutledge, carrying baskets of fern tied with pink and white tulle and scattering rose petals.

And as Lohengrin's bridal chorus pealed forth its beautiful strains, the ring bearer, little Russell Blanchard, of Augusta, entered just before the bride, who came in on the arm of her sister, Miss Allene Chapman. The bride was gowned in silk net and lace made in Grecian style with trimmings of pearls. She carried a showered bouquet of bride roses and valley lilies. She was met at the alter by the groom and best man, Mr. Will Surgis, of Augusta, the always impressive ring ceremony being used. Just after the ceremony the little flower girls opened gates of the center aisle through which the bridal party passed. The bride and groom left on an extended western tour, including the Shriners' convention at Seattle and the Panama exposition. They will be at home to their friends after August 1 at Camack, Ga.

TOCCOA, GA.

Miss L. D. Ramsey has returned from a visit to friends in Calhoun, S. C.

Mr. Thomas Brinsfield, of Atlanta, visited his sister, Mrs. Claud Edwards, this week.

Mr. E. E. Mallary, of Macon, spent the week-end with friends in Toccoa.

Miss Colma Clarke, of Lavonia, is visiting Misses Ollie Mae and Pearl Gilbert.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Lipscomb have returned from a viist with relatives in Greenville, S. C.

Mrs. F. I. McDonald and little daughter, Marion, of Atlanta, are the guests of Rev. C. I. Stacy and family for the week.

Miss Pauline Herndon has been visiting in Westminster.

Miss Maud Swift, of Atlanta; Mrs. R. G. Mathis, of Barnesville, and Mrs. J. P. Swift, of Birmingham, Ala., are visiting their mother, Mrs. Ellen Swift.

Miss Ruth McAllister, of Alberqurqe, N. M., is spending the summer with her aunt, Mrs. Brewer Starke.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE

CUBS 6, PIRATES 5; PIRATES 4, CUBS 2

Chicago, July 3.—Chicago and Pittsburg broke even in a double-header today, the locals taking the first, 6 to 5, while they lost the second, 2 to 4. The first game contained plenty of hits by both teams, but Chicago's were more valuable because they followed bases on balls. Poor base running and poor coaching prevented the visitors from winning this game. Zabel held Pittsburg to four scattered hits in the second game, but his numerous bases on balls cost him the game. Adams was hit hard, but was given sensational support, especially in the pinches.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	.002 000 201—	5	13	0
Chicago	.120 012 00x—	6	10	1

Batteries—Cooper, Conzelman and Gibson; Humphries, Standridge, Lavender and Archer.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	.100 001 020—	4	4	2
Chicago	.000 101 000—	2	9	1

Batteries—Adams and Schang; Zabel and Bresnahan.

DODGERS 2, GIANTS 1; GIANTS 4, DODGERS 3

Brooklyn, July 3.—Brooklyn and New York divided a double-header here today. The Dodgers won the first, 2 to 1, after a pitchers' duel between Smith and Stroud. With the score tied in the eighth, Myers and Daubert singled with one out. Wheat then hit to Doyle, and Daubert was run down at second, Doyle also throwing tne ball to first. Myers then ran across the plate with the winning run.

The second game went to the Giants, 4 to 3, after Brooklyn made a great rally in the ninth.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
New York	.000 100 000—	1	5	0
Brooklyn	.000 001 01x—	2	9	0

Batteries—Stroud and Myers; Smith and McCarty.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
New York	.120 000 001—	4	11	0
Brooklyn	.000 000 003—	3	8	2

Batteries—Tesreau and Myers; Appleton, Dell and Miller.

PHILLIES 4, BRAVES 1; BRAVES 5, PHILLIES 3

Philadelphia, July 3.—Philadelphia and Boston split even today before the largest crowd of the season, the former winning the first game, 4 to 1, and the visitors the second, 5 to 3. Each victory was due to the sterling work of a "southpaw," Rixey for Philadelphia in the opener, and Tyler for Boston in the closing contest.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	.100 000 000—	1	5	1
Philadelphia	.002 200 00x—	4	10	0

Batteries—Rudolph, Davis and Gowdy; Rixey and Killifer.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	.102 001 100—	5	12	1
Philadelphia	.000 003 000—	3	4	1

Batteries—Tyler and Whaling; Chalmers, Demaree and Killifer.

St. Louis-Cincinnati—Rain.

FLAG LEAGUE

Valdosta 4, Brunswick 3.

Valdosta, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Valdosta won from Brunswick today, 4 to 3, on a muddy field. Baker started for the locals but was relieved in the first inning by Dickerson, who allowed but two hits, both in the ninth inning.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Brunswick	300 000 000—	3	4	2
Valdosta	002 100 10x—	4	10	0

Batteries—McFarlan and Jordan; Baker, Dickerson and Taylor. Time 1:45. Umpire, Stewart.

Waycross 3, Dothan 0.

Waycross, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Antley had Dothan at his mercy today, fanning eleven and never being in danger after the first, when two hits were bunched. Waycross never got a hit after the first inning. A shoestring catch by Caldwell and Heck's work at third featured.

Score by innings.		R.	H.	E.
Dothan	000 000 000—	0	4	5
Waycross	300 000 000—	3	3	1

Batteries—Poole and Price; Antley and Reynolds. Time 1:40. Umpire, White.

THOMASVILLE 7, GAINESVILLE 3; GAINESVILLE 6, THOMASVILLE 1

Gainesville, Fla., July 3.—(Special.) Thomasville and Gainesville split a double-header here today. Both games were slow. The second game was called at the end of the fifth on account of darkness.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Thomasville	.000 040 120—	7	11	2
Gainesville	.110 100 000—	3	9	6

Batteries—Pearson and Sheppard; Moseley and Wilkes. Time, 2:00. Umpire, LaRocque.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Thomasville	.001 00—	1	5	3
Gainesville	.231 0x—	6	5	0

Batteries—Foss, Sheppard and Conley; Brown and Wilkes. Time, 1:00. Umpire, LaRocque.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

SENATORS 8, YANKS 7; YANKS 4, SENATORS 1

New York, July 3.—New York and Washington divided honors in a double-header here today, Washington taking the first, an eleven-inning struggle, 8 to 7, and the Yankees defeating Johnson in the second, 4 to 1. In the first contest, Peckinpaugh tied the score in the ninth with a home run, but McBride won the game for Washington with a homer in the eleventh.

By pitching in the eleventh inning of the first game and retiirng the side in order, Johnson had pitched thirty consecutive scoreless innings. New York, however, broke his string by scoring two runs in the first inning of the second game. Caldwell easily outpitched the Washington star, allowing only three hits.

Altrock and Shanks were ordered off the field in the second game by Umpire O'Loughlin for protesting against a decision.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Washington	.400 030 000 01—	8	12	2
New York	.000 330 001 00—	7	12	2

Batteries—Boehling, Ayres, Gallia, Johnson and Henry; Warhop, Brown, McHale, Cottrell and Nunamaker.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Washington	.000 000 001—	1	3	7
New York	.201 000 10x—	4	6	2

Batteries—Johnson, Hopper and Henry; Caldwell and Sweeney.

ATHLETICS 7, RED SOX 3; RED SOX 11, ATHLETICS 0

Boston, July 3.—After Philadelphia pounded out a 7-to-3 victory in the first game today the Red Sox turned the tables in a second game and batted in eleven runs, while Wood and Gregg held the Athletics scoreless. Crowell pitched a heady game in the first contest.

Jack Barry, sold to the Red Sox by the Athletics yesterday, appeared against his former teammates at second base in the second game. Haas walked the first four men to come up in the third inning, while Boston, with three hits and an error, scored five times. Knowlson, who finished, was hit for four consecutive singles in the seventh inning.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	.100 100 320—	7	15	3
Boston	.020 000 001—	3	7	1

Batteries—Crowell and Lapp; Collins, Leonard and Thomas.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	.000 000 000—	0	7	3
Boston	.025 100 30x—	11	12	0

Batteries—Wyckoff, Haas, Knowlson and Lapp, Heffner; Wood, Gregg and Cady.

Tigers 9, White Sox 4.

Detroit, July 3.—In the sixth inning of today's game, Detroit knocked out three Chicago pitchers—Russell, Cicotte and Scott—thereby scoring five runs. Another run was scored in tne eighth, making a 9-to-4 victory for the Tigers. Chicago got four runs in the first inning. Boland relieved Cavet and held the visitors scoreless the rest of the game.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	.400 000 000—	4	8	0
Detroit	.010 025 01x—	9	15	2

Batteries—Russell, Cicotte, Scott, Wolfgang and Schalk; Cavet, Boland and Baker.

BROWNS 3, INDIANS 1; INDIANS 5, BROWNS 1

St. Louis, July 3.—George Sisler, former University of Michigan baseball star, pitched his first major league game in the opener of a double-header between Cleveland and St. Louis today and won, 3 to 1. Cleveland won the second game, 5 to 1. Harstad held St. Louis to five hits, but three of these were doubles and one a triple.

FIRST GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	000 000 001—	1	7	1
St. Louis	020 000 10x—	3	7	0

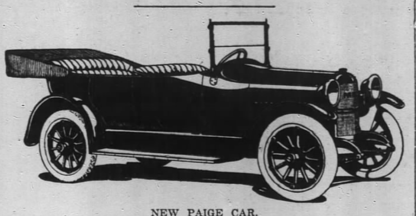
Batteries—R. Walker, Coumbe and O'Neill; Sisler and Severeid.

SECOND GAME.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	202 000 010—	5	10	0
St. Louis	100 000 000—	1	5	2

Batteries—Harstad and Egan; Weilman, Perryman and Agnew.

New Light Six Proves "Every Inch a Paige"



NEW PAIGE CAR.

The above picture shows the new Paige Six "36" at $1,095, which is the newest addition to the Paige line. The W. J. Dabney Implement company have accepted the agency for Paige, heretofore having had only a few counties in Georgia. Mr. Dabney says:

"The announcement of this model marks a tremendous advance in the progress of the Paige company and an epoch in automobile history, for it is a model designed and constructed to meet the demand of motor car buyers who want motor car perfection at the lowest cost."

The car will be on exhibition at the showrooms at 96 South Forsyth street in about ten days.

Mr. Dabney is expecting a shipment of the famous Paige "46" about Tuesday.

GEORGIA-ALABAMA

Newnan 1, Rome 0.

Newnan, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—In a pitchers' battle between Lowery and Terry, Newnan defeated Rome in the last game of the series by scoring one run in the thirteenth inning. Terry had the best of the argument, allowing only four hits in the thirteen innings and walking one man, while Lowery allowed eight hits and walked two men. Today's shut-out game was four consecutive shut-out games that Terry has pitched and he has pitched for forty consecutive innings without being scored on.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Rome	000 000 000 000 0—	0	4	2
Newnan	000 000 000 000 1—	1	8	2

Batteries—Lowery and Richards; Terry and Mathews. Umpire Davern. Time, 2:00.

Griffin 6, LaGrange 0.

Griffin, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Griffin took the series from LaGrange by shutting them out here this afternoon. Brooks was in fine form and was never in danger of losing. He struck out eleven men. Rabun was hit for four extra base hits. The batting honors went to Rickard, Howell and Pope for the home team, and Smith and Cranven for the visitors. Pope hit a hot one to left which bounced over the fence, giving him a home run.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
LaGrange	000 000 000—	0	8	1
Griffin	300 000 12x—	6	20	2

Batteries—Rabun and LaFitte; Brooks and Manchester. Umpire, Gentle.

Anniston 1, Talladega 0.

Talladega, Ala., July 3.—(Special.)—Anniston took the third game from Talladega in a pitchers' battle between Morrison and Wiley, 1 to 0. The game was the prettiest game seen here this season and also many sensational plays were made. Holt featured at bat for Anniston, Koenig and Marion for Talladega. Anniston scored her run in the sixth. Clapp, first man up, grounded out; Chastant single, Holt singled, Chastant went to third on a passed ball by Baker, and scored on a sacrifice fly by Steele. The game was played in one hour and twenty-five minuptes.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Anniston	000 001 000—	1	7	0
Talladega	000 000 000—	0	7	0

Batteries—Anniston, Morrison and Luna; Talladega, Wiley and Baker. Umpire, Sanders. Time 1:25.

Buford 5, Norcross 0.

Buford, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Buford defeated Norcross on home grounds yesterday by a score of 5 to 0. The game was called in the third inning on account of rain. Garner, for Norcross, gave up eight hits with one home run. Robinson, for Buford, gave up only two scratch hits. Twitty made a sensational catch in deep center, shutting Robinson out of a home run.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE

Vols 9, Lookouts 3.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 3.—Nashville batted Clark hard, ran bases in daring fashion and took advantage of numerous Chattanooga errors for an easy victory today by 9 to 3.

The Box Score.

NASHVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Kircher, cf.	6	2	3	2	1	0
Stark, ss.	3	1	2	6	1	0
Baker, rf.	5	2	2	2	0	0
Paulet, 1b.	5	3	3	7	0	0
Farmer, lf.	5	1	3	2	0	0
Sheehan, 2b.	5	0	0	2	4	0
Dodge, 3b.	4	0	0	2	2	0
Street, c.	5	0	0	4	2	0
Berger, p.	5	0	1	0	2	0
Totals	43	9	14	27	12	0

CHATTANOOGA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Graff, 3b.	3	1	1	2	6	0
Elberfeld, ss.	4	1	2	2	2	3
Johnston, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
McCormick, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Daley, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Harris, 1b.	2	1	0	11	1	1
Hudnall, 2b.	4	0	3	1	3	1
Peters, c.	4	0	1	5	0	0
Clark, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
*Kitchens	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	3	7	27	14	5

*Batted for Clark in ninth inning.

Score by innings:		R.
Nashville	000 140 130—	9
Chattanooga	000 201 000—	3

Summary—Stolen bases, Farmer, Stark; sacrifice hits, Stark 2; double play, Graff to Harris to Elberfeld; two-base hit, Paulet; three-base hits, Paulet, Baker, Farmer; struck out by Berger 3, by Clark 5; bases on balls off Berger 3. Time, 2:00. Umpires, Rudderham and Bernhard.

Barons 4, Gulls 0.

Birmingham, Ala., July 3.—Birmingham celebrated Pennant day this afternoon by hoisting the second gonfalon won in the past three seasons prior to the game with the Mobile club. After the ceremonies were over Birmingham, with Robertson pitching, soundly defeated Mobile by the score of 4 to 0. Hogg pitched well, but was poorly supported, while the Birmingham players backed up Robertson in brilliant fashion.

The Box Score.

MOBILE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Northen, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Miller, cf	4	0	2	2	0	1
Flick, 2b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Burke, lf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Perry, 3b	3	0	1	0	3	0
Calhoun, 1b	3	0	2	11	0	0
Dobard, ss	4	0	0	2	1	0
Schmidt, c	4	0	0	7	2	1
Hogg, p	4	0	2	0	3	0
Totals	33	0	8	24	11	2

BIRMINGHAM—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Carroll, 1b	4	1	1	15	0	1
Magee, cf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Coombs, lf	3	1	0	3	0	0
Sloan, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Lindsay, 3b	4	1	2	0	1	0
Ellam, ss	3	1	1	0	1	0
Clark, 2b	4	0	0	1	2	1
Hale, c	2	0	1	4	0	0
Robertson, p	3	0	1	0	7	0
Totals	31	4	8	27	11	2

Score by innings:		R.
Mobile	000 000 000—	0
Birmingham	120 000 10x—	4

Summary—Two-base hits, Lindsay, Magee; stolen bases, Hale, Coombs; sacrifice hits, Perry, Calhoun; bases on balls, off Robertson 1, off Hogg 3; left on bases, Mobile 9, Birmingham 3; struck out, by Robertson 3, by Hogg 6. Time, 1:35. Umpires, Kerin and Breitenstein.

Chicks 5, Travelers 3.

Little Rock, Ark., July 3.—Memphis tied the score in the ninth inning today and pounded Fincher hard in the tenth, defeating Little Rock, 5 to 2. Allison was ordered from the park for persisting in his objections to a decision.

The Box Score.

MEMPHIS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Allison, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Baldwin, lf.	2	1	0	0	0	0
McDermott, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2	0
Stewart, rf	5	0	1	2	0	0
Lord, lf.-cf.	5	2	3	3	1	0
Schlei, c.	4	0	2	6	1	0
Cruthers, 2b.	4	1	3	1	5	0
Eibel, 1b	4	0	1	14	0	0
Mitchell, ss.	4	0	1	2	2	0
H. Merritt, p.	4	1	1	0	2	0
Chandler, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	39	5	12	30	13	0

LITTLE ROCK—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Jantzen, cf.	5	0	0	5	0	1
Starr, 2b.	4	0	0	0	4	0
Messenger, rf.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Murray, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Elwert, 3b.	4	0	2	3	1	0
G. Merritt, 1b.	3	0	0	5	2	0
Covington, ss.	4	0	2	2	0	0
Gibson, c.	4	1	1	13	0	1
Fincher, p.	3	0	1	0	2	1
xGribbons	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	35	2	7	30	10	3

xBatted for Fincher in tenth.

Score by innings:		R.
Memphis	.000 000 101 3—	5
Little Rock	.000 110 000 0—	2

Summary—Two-base hits, Gibson, Lord; stolen bases, Messenger, Eibel, Elwert; sacrifice flies, McDermott, Eibel; double play, Cruthers to Eibel; hits apportioned, off Merritt 8, with 2 runs in 9 innings; struck out, by Fincher 10, by Merriee 2, by Chandler 1; hit by pitcher, Fincher (Cruthers); left on bases, Memphis 7, Little Rock 3; first base onerrors, Memphis 1. Time 1:55. Umpires, Pfenninger and Chestnutt.

JONESBORO DEFEATED BY NEBRASKA INDIANS

Jonesboro, July 3.—(Special.)—The Nebraska Indians defeated Jonesboro here today by the score of 11 to 0. The Indians hit the local pitcher hard. Battery for Jonesboro, Tinseley and Camp; for the Indians, Cleghorn and Sweetgrues.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Southern League.
Little Rock in Memphis.
Chattanooga in Nashville.

American League.
Chicago in Detroit.
Cleveland in St. Louis.

National League.
Pittsburg in Chicago.
St. Louis in Cincinnati.

Federal League.
Pittsburg in Chicago; St. L. in Kansas City.
Baltimore in Newark.

SOUTH ATLANTIC

Gulls 3, Foxes 2.

Charleston, S. C., July 3.—Charleston made it two out of three from Columbus by winning today's game, 3 to 2. Consecutive triples by Bankston and Marshall and Sabrie's sacrifie fly counted two for the Gulls in the second. Cain's hit, Hartsell's sacrifice, an infield out and Bankston's single scored the winning run in the third. Herndon's double, an error and a passed ball scored the Foxes' one in the first, and Herndon, hit by a pitched ball, and Fox's triple scored the other tally in the third. The fielding of Cain and Hartsell featured.

The Box Score.

COLUMBUS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Herndon, 3b.	3	2	1	0	3	0
Fox, 1b.	3	0	1	10	1	0
Bowden, rf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Folmar, cf.	4	0	0	4	0	1
Thompson, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Potts, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2	0
McDuff, ss.	2	0	0	2	3	0
Krebs, c.	4	0	0	3	1	0
Robertson, p.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Totals	30	2	5	24	11	1

CHARLESTON—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Cain, ss.	4	1	2	4	3	0
Hartsell, 2b.	3	0	0	3	4	1
Bitting, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Bankston, lf-c.	3	1	2	3	1	0
Marshall, c.	2	1	1	4	1	0
Fillingim, cf.	1	0	0	0	0	4
Sabrie, 1b.	1	0	0	10	0	0
Stinson, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Cates, p.	3	0	0	0	2	0
Cheney, cf-lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	27	3	6	27	13	1

Score by innings:		R.
Columbus	.101 000 000—	2
Charleston	.021 000 00x—	3

Summary—Two-base hits, Herndon, Robertson; three-base hits, Fox, Bankston, Marshall; bases on balls, off Robertson none, off Cates 4; left on bases, Columbus 5, Charleston 3; struck out, by Robertson 3, by Cates 3; sacrifice hits, Krebs, Hartsell; sacrifice fly, Sabrie; stolen bases, Herndon, Bowden; passed ball, Marshall; batter hit, Herndon, Sabrie; double play, Hartsell to Cain. Time, 1:29. Umpire, Ryan.

Indians 8, Tigers 2.

Savannah, Ga., July 3.—Savannah batted May at will this afternoon for a total of thirteen safeties, and easily defeated Macon, 8 to 2, thereby taking the entire series. Smallwood was in splendid form, and held the visitors to four scattered safeties. Winston made four hits in as many times at bat.

The Box Score.

MACON—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Neild, ss.	4	2	1	2	5	0
Matthews, cf.	3	0	1	2	1	0
Munn, 1b.	3	0	1	10	0	0
Chancey, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Basham, c.	4	0	1	5	1	2
Moore, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1	0
Lokey, 2b	3	0	0	1	1	0
Martin, rf	3	0	0	2	0	0
May, p.	3	0	0	1	2	1
Totals	30	2	4	24	11	3

SAVANNAH—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Handiboe, cf.	3	2	1	2	1	0
Gust, 1b.	5	1	1	6	0	0
Winston, lf.	4	2	4	3	0	0
Gooch, rf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Crowell, ss.	4	1	1	2	2	1
Finnegan, 2b.	3	1	1	3	3	0
Short, c.	3	0	1	7	1	0
Springman, 3b.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Smallwood, p	4	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	8	13	27	7	1

Score by innings:		R.
Macon	.101 000 000—	2
Savannah	.024 200 00x—	8

Summary—Stolen bases, Winston, Finnegan; sacrifice hits, Handiboe, Matthews; sacrifice fly, Munn; two-base hits, Springman, Munn; double plays, Matthews to Neild; struck out, by Smallwood 6, by May 5; bases on balls, by Smallwood 1, by May 2; hit by pitcher, May (Short); passed balls, Basham; balk, May. Time 1:40. Umpire, Hoey.

Gamecocks 4, Babies 1.

Columbia, S. C., July 3.—Green outpitched Alton in the pinches this afternoon and Columbia defeated Albany, 4 to 1, in a game shortened to eight innings on account of darkness. The game was delayed 50 minutes by rain. The fielding of Harbison and the base-running of the home team featured.

The Box Score.

ALBANY—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
McDowell, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Manush, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Wells, cf.	3	0	1	2	0	0
Erwin, c.	3	0	0	10	1	1
Prough, 1b.	3	0	1	2	1	0
Waldron, ss.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Zimmerman, 2b.	3	0	1	1	2	1
Hitchcock, rf.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Alton, p.	2	0	1	2	1	0
Totals	28	1	6	27	5	2

COLUMBIA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Nally, lf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Layden, cf.	3	2	1	1	0	1
Correll, 1b.	2	1	1	9	0	0
Bernsen, 3b.	2	0	1	0	2	0
Harbison, ss.	2	0	0	4	6	0
Connolly, c.	3	0	0	7	3	0
Green, p.	3	1	1	0	2	0
Krebs, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Mitchell, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	24	4	4	24	13	1

Score by innings:		R
Albany	.000 010 00—	1
Columbia	.102 000 1x—	4

(Called in eighth on account darkness).

Summary—Stolen bases, Nally, Layden (2), Bernsen, Green; sacrifice hit, Correll; two-base hits, Correll, Bernsen; struck out, by Green 5, by Alton 8; bases on balls, off Green 1, off Alton 4; passed ball, Erwin; left on bases, Albany 4, Columbia 4. Time, 1:27. Umpire, Vitter.

Tourists 2, Scouts 1.

Augusta, Ga., July 3.—A listless game that neither club seemed to want was won by Augusta in the eighth inning when Champlain walked, went to third on Pierre's wild throw to second, and scored on Eubanks' single. Burmeister was very wild and had miserable support. On the other hand, Augusta was slow on bases. Cueto twice and Roth made sensational catches.

The Box Score.

JACKSONVILLE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Cline, cf.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Manes, 1b.	4	0	0	8	1	0
Laval, rf.	4	0	2	0	0	1
Cueto, lf.	3	1	1	3	0	0
Carroll, 2b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Bowen, 3b.	3	0	1	2	1	0
Powers, ss.	3	0	1	1	2	0
Pierre, c.	3	0	1	8	1	1
Burmeister, p.	3	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	31	1	6	24	10	2

AUGUSTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Baumgardner, ss.	0	0	0	6	4	2
Emery, 2b.	3	0	0	1	2	1
Smith, lf.	2	0	0	4	0	0
Roth, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Ezell, cf.	4	0	0	4	0	0
Champlain, 3b.	2	1	0	0	2	0
Eubanks, c.	4	0	1	1	3	0
Davenport, 1b.	3	1	1	8	0	0
McManus, p.	3	0	1	1	1	0
Totals	25	2	3	27	12	3

Score by innings:		R.
Jacksonville	.010 000 000—	1
Augusta	.000 000 11x—	2

Summary—Stolen bases, Smith, Champlain 2, Eubanks; double plays, Baumgardner to Emery to Davenport; McManus to Baumgardner; sacrifice hit, Baumgardner; bases on balls, off Burmeister 9, off McManus 1; left on bases, Augusta 10, Jacksonville 4; struck out, by Burmeister 6, by McManus 1; passed ball, Pierre; wild pitches, Burmeister 2. Time 1:45. Umpire, Lauzon.

OTHER RESULTS

American Association.
St. Paul 6, Minn's 3. Ind's 7, Louisv'e 5. Milwk'e 4, Kan. City 1. Clev'd-Col's, rain.

North Carolina League.
Green'o 3, Win.-Sal. 1. Dur'm-Ral'h, postp'd. Asheville 7, Charlotte 1.

Texas League.
Galv'n 6, Shrev't 0. Ft. W'th 10, San An'o 4. Dallas 3, Beaum't 1. Hous'n-Waco, rain.

International League.
Harri'g 8, Jersey City 2. Roch'r 0, Tor'o 0. Prov'e 8, Rich'd 5. Buf'o-Mont'l, rain.

Virginia League.
Su&'k 1, Pet'g 0. Rocky Mt.-Norf'k, rain. Portsmouth-Newport News, postponed, rain.

FEDERAL LEAGUE

Pittsburg 6, Chicago 0.

Chicago, July 3.—Jack Lewis' triple in the eighth inning with the bases filled gave Pittsburg a 6 to 3 victory over Chicago today. Hendrix weakened in the eighth. The visitors filled the bases with a pass, a single and a fielders' choice and Lewis' hit followed.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	001 020 030—	6	12	2
Chicago	001 002 000—	3	8	

Batteries—Rogge and Berry; Hendrix and Fischer.

Newark 3, Brooklyn 2.

Newark, July 3.—A single by Roush in the third inning with the bases filled was responsible for three runs, after the side should have been retired. Smith's fumble of Rariden's grounder started the trouble. Roush's drive was only a single but it sent in two runners. By starting for second Roush drew a throw from Griggs and while the Tip Tops were tossing the ball around, Esmond sneaked all the way home from first.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	000 001 100—	2	10	1
Newark	003 000 00x—	3	4	0

Batteries—Finneran and Land; Moran and Rariden.

Buffalo 9, Baltimore 6.

Baltimore, July 3.—Walsh's home run with the bases filled in the opening inning today gave Baltimore a four-run lead. Suggs, however, could not hold Buffalo in check and the visitors won easily, 9 to 6. McDonald and Engle also got home runs.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	042 020 010—	9	12	0
Baltimore	400 001 100—	6	9	4

Batteries—Krapp, Anderson and Blair; Suggs, Quinn and Jacklitsch.

St. Louis 8, Kansas City 7.

St. Louis, July 3.—St. Louis won from Kansas City, 8 to 7, today, and resumed first place in the Federal league race.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	020 010 013—	7	11	2
St. Louis	001 000 061—	8	13	3

Batteries—Cullop, Henning and Easterly; Groom, Crandall and Hartley, Chapman.

Whigham 6, Camilla 1.

Whigham, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—One of the fastest games of the season was won on the local diamond from Camilla by score of 6 to 1. Fordham, for the locals, pitched grand ball, striking out ten men and gave up only two hits and two bases on balls. Both teams played good ball after the first inning, except the failure of the Camilla batters to hit. Mayo, of Camilla, relieved Wilkes in the second inning and pitched good ball until the sixth, when he was forced to retire from a sprained ankle, Campbell taking his place and kept his hits well scattered the remainder of the game. Camilla pitchers gave up twelve hits and struck out eight men, hit two batters and gave two bases on balls.

Stone Mt. 15, Lawrenceville 10

Stone Mountain defeated Lawrenceville in the first of a series being played in Lawrenceville during chautauqua this week.

Stone Mountain hammered Lawrenceville's three pitchers for eighteen hits. The feature of the game was the hitting of J. Goldsmith in the pinches when hits meant runs.

Stone Mountain journeys to Lawrenceville again Saturday.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Lawrenceville	.010 601 110—	10	11	4
Stone Mountain	.000 202 335—	15	18	2

Batteries—Kelly, Nix, McConnell and Montgomery; Flarety and Evans.

Calling the Reserves.

Four-year-old Donald was out on the lawn, wrestling with a somewhat older boy, and getting decidedly the worst of it. His quick wit thought out a way to avoid defeat, so he called out: "Mamma, did you call me?"

Not receiving any reply, and being on the verge of defeat, Donald yelled desperately:

"Call me in, mamma, call me in quick!"

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

There is no shortage in the general motor car market.

But there *is* a shortage of Dodge Brothers motor cars.

It is *not* due to a small production, because the production has been large.

Twenty thousand of these cars have been distributed since January 1st.

This means a production in six months as large as is usually attained in as many years.

And yet there is a waiting list of those who want to be owners in your city.

And there is a similar waiting list in almost every city and almost every town.

You will bear witness that we have made no extravagant claims for the car.

We have merely insisted on its goodness.

And still the car continues to be singled out as one worth waiting for.

DODGE BROTHERS, DETROIT

The price of the car complete is $785 f. o. b. Detroit

J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.
46 East North Avenue, Atlanta

No "Skimping" Anywhere in the Chandler Light Six, $1295

CHANDLER reputation doesn't rest on the fact that this was the first light-weight six selling for less than $2000. It doesn't rest on the fact that the Chandler pioneered the light-six field when all the rest of the industry was insisting that sixes *had to be* high-priced and heavy. Chandler reputation rests primarily on the marvelous Chandler motor, Chandler comfort and economy and the fact that the Chandler has never been "skimped" either in quality of materials or character of equipment. Each part of the Chandler is as good as every other part, and the character of the whole car is reflected in its equipment. Now study this equipment. Note it carefully, item by item. Realize that *each* feature is first choice of its kind. Any two or three of the following equipment features found on the Chandler would make a "talking point" for the average car.

All of them are on the Chandler:

Bosch Magneto, admittedly the best ignition.
Gray & Davis Electric Starting Motor.
Gray & Davis Electric Generator.
Rayfield Double-jet Carburetor.
Three silent chains, enclosed and running in bath of oil, for driving motor shafts.
Cast aluminum motor base extending from frame to frame; giving rigidity to engine mounting; providing pedestals for magneto, generator and pumps; and doing away with necessity for a dirty, rattly sheet-metal drip pan.
Imported Annular Ball Bearings.
Silent Worm-bevel Rear Axle.
Genuine Mayo Mercedes Type Radiator.
Stewart Vacuum Gasoline Feed.
Firestone Demountable Rims.
Golde Patent One-Man Top, covered with genuine Neverleek. Jiffy Curtains.
Genuine Hand-buffed Leather Upholstery.
Warner Magnetic Speedometer.
Instantly Adjustable Tire-carrier at rear of tonneau, without straps.
Auxiliary seats in tonneau that, with one movement of the hand, are folded away into the back of the front seats entirely out of sight. The greatest improvement in seven-passenger construction.
All miscellaneous items of general equipment.
And above all the

Marvelous Chandler Motor

powerful, quiet, economical and beautifully finished—a motor to be proud of.

Then Think of the Price, $1295
Seven-Passenger Touring Car and Roadster

Come Now for Your Demonstration

JOHN M. SMITH CO., Distributors
120-124 Auburn Avenue.
F. W. NORTHCUTT, Sales Manager. JOHN E. SMITH, President.
CHANDLER MOTOR CAR COMPANY, Manufacturers, CLEVELAND, OHIO

STARS and STORIES of the MOVIES

Conducted by L. E. Winchell.

THE COMING WEEK AT ATLANTA MOVIES

Forsyth Enters Field as Photo Play House—Regent Almost Ready.

This is a week of stellar attractions at all the moving picture houses and the entrance into the field of two new houses bidding for the patronage of Atlanta enthusiasts.

The Forsyth will set aside vaudeville for the balance of the summer and as an opening attraction will present for the entire coming week the much heralded Universal feature. "Scandal," written by Lois Weber and Phillips Smalley, the authors of "Hypocrites." Four performances will be given each day and seats may be reserved as formerly in accordance with Forsyth policy.

One of the most stupendous features ever filmed will hold the screen at the Montgomery. "The Eternal City," with Pauline Frederick in the lead part.

The Strand starts the week with "The Devil's Daughter," which gives Theda Bara, The Vampire woman, another opportunity to show her cleverness.

At the Savoy, Billie Ritchie will be shown in "The Curse of Work."

The Grand program is, as usual, exceptionally high class.

The Victoria offers Monday Robert Warwick in "Alias Jimmy Valentine."

The Alpha has engaged for the week the most popular artist that has ever appeared as a photo-play theater entertainer in Atlanta, Billy Beard, "The Party from the South." On Monday, the bill will include Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in "The Smugglers."

At Alamo No. 2, Velma Whitman will be starred in "Her Other Self." Also on the bill is a screaming comedy by Charles Chaplin, "Across the Hall."

With such a feast of good things 'tis indeed hard to choose.

At the Forsyth.

It sounds regular in these days of picture-play fever to know that the Forsyth is going to take a hand in the game for a short time. When Jake Wells looked over the list of available talent for the vaudeville bill for this week, while in New York last week, he simply declared nothing doing. He would not send acts here unless they were of the right sort, hence vaudeville will take a few weeks' vacation, and pictures will be the substitute for that time.

And, in looking around for the real picture, Mr. Wells secured "Scandal," the tremendous Universal feature that has created so much interest in the picture world. The local representatives exhibited a copy of the picture here some days ago. The favored few who sat for two hours spellbound by the wonderful picture wished that it might be seen by all Atlanta, and their wish is coming true. "Scandal" will be offered four times daily at the Forsyth—2 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon and 7 and 9 o'clock at night. All seats will be reserved; the balcony seats will be 15 cents and the lower floor 25 cents. Reservations can be made just as people have been reserving seats for years at the Forsyth. The same system will operate just as if the regular policy of the theater was alive, instead of asleep for a short time.

"Scandal" was written by Lois Weber, and she was assisted in the production by Phillips Smalley. "Hypocrites" was written by Miss Weber, and she and Mr. Smalley produced that masterpiece. They both agree, however—and they get just as much money out royalty on the one picture that they get on the other—that "Scandal" is the greatest picture of its time. And reviewers and picture experts agree with the two stars.

The picture was made at Universal City. It had every detail of that wonderful city at its call. Every player on the Universal pay roll was subject to call for service, and every expert in the picture city assisted in making this master of modern photo-drama.

Miss Weber and Mr. Smalley are in the picture, and they have wonderful roles to portray. Both eclipse their best successes, and "Scandal" is classed all by itself. But it is a thousand times harder to stop it once it is started, and in the meantime the mischief is done. And nothing can right that. This, briefly, is the theme of "Scandal." The picture shows how easily scandal may be started through an entirely innocent situation, and how easily it is to be deceived by appearance. To save herself from being ostracised even by her own family after scandal had unjustly coupled her name with that of her employer, Daisy Dean married a man who was not her own equal. Robert's sister still kept alive in her breast the scandalous tales about her sister-in-law. So she kept her eye on her. One day at the seashore she thought she saw Daisy holding hands with a man. If she could have seen the same thing from the opposite side of the beach she would have seen that the hand which was being so rapturously kissed was not Daisy's at all. The ardent swain was paying his attentions to one who had a perfect right to receive them. Daisy was merely an innocent bystander. But scandal is no respecter of persons, and it likes best to get hold of an innocent bystander. In fact, the more innocent the bystander, the more havoc scandal can work. In this powerful film scandal is the busiest little mischief maker in fourteen counties. Watch it work in this film and you can go home a better man or woman. Scandal is represented in the allegorical epilogue to the picture as a slimy, shapeless creature, which, swelling in a swamp, throws mud upon all within reach of its talons, befouling and besmirching everyone.

At the Alpha.

Billy Beard, "The Party From the South," has been engaged by Manager Al Fowler as an extraordinary attraction and will appear afternoons and evenings, all next week, in addition to the regular program.

Grace Cunard and Francis Ford will be seen Monday in "The Smuggler's Island."

In "The Grail," booked for Tuesday, Herbert Rawlinson will present quite a dashing figure in his suit of mail and armor, and Anna Little will look more charming than ever in some wonderful new gowns that she will wear in this recently released Laemmle drama.

"The Grail" is a modern application of Tennyson's well-known poem and translates into modern terms the spirit which actuated the knights of the cross "in the days of old when the knights were bold."

The fifth story of the "Who Pays?" series, will be shown Wednesday with Ruth Roland and Henry King in the stellar roles, and for Thursday, "The Marble Heart, featuring King Baggot, will be the splendid attraction.

In the prologue all of the characters are supposed to be living in the days of Diogenes. The hero, a Greek sculptor, portrayed by King Baggot, is named Phidias. He carves three beautiful female statutes at the behest of a wealthy citizen named Georgias. The latter appears and claims the statues, but the sculptor refuses to give them up. Diogenes appears with his lantern, looking for an honest man. He happens upon Phidias and learns his predicament. He then urges Phidias to ask the statues themselves if they wish to remain with him or go to Georgias. The statues come to life and decide to go with the rich man, leaving Phidias broken hearted.

At the Grand.

All the good things in pictures that have been seen at the Grand contributed to the present magnificent clientele of the famous theater. There are the most representative people in Atlanta in the every-day gatherings at the theater. They go to the Grand because they know the theater is big and safe and comfortable, and because they know the Paramount and the Vitagraph-Lubin-Selig-Essanay combination could not make a bad picture if they tried to. The stars are too great to take a chance, the producers think too much of their hard-earned reputations and the people who see the productions of these two foremost producers to release a picture that is not right up to a high standard.

This week the producers will become more popular and the Grand patrons happier. The stars for the week will be Viola Allen, Maud Allan and Blanche Sweet, and if there are three greater in their respective positions in the theatrical and motion picture world, the unknowns want to quickly make themselves famous; for these three stars are famous and popular.

Maud Allan, whose interpretative dances adapted from Beethoven, Chopin, Grieg and other masters, and whose revivals of the Greek dances have made her name famous wherever there is a theater, will make her first appearance as a pictures tar in the splendid Morosco-Bosworth production, "The Rag Maker's Daughter," on Monday and Tuesday. Aside from the dances in which Miss Allan will lead and her solo dances that will be of a thrilling nature, the picture is the work of two great producers, and is in the hands of a capable company. The detail is perfect and the advance reports say the picture is wonderful.

Wednesday and Thursday the Essanay combination will present the famous Viola Allen in her greatest triumph, "The White Sister," the famous play by F. Marion Crawford. It goes without any argument that Viola Allen is one of the greatest actresses the world has ever seen, and it goes further without saying that the motion picture people have made a ten-strike in adding her to the roll of honor now in pictures. "The White Sister" is a story of intense gripping interest. It was a wonderful success when staged, and with the opportunity to do greater things in the way of production for pictures, it will be a great picture.

At the Strand.

The Strand starts the week Monday with another of those thrilling Fox films, "The Devil's Daughter," with Theda Bara, the famous actress, who portrays so many vampire parts, in the leading part. This picture will be presented for two days only, Monday and Tuesday. On Wednesday and Thursday the Metro Pictures corporation will present Emmet Corrigan in "Greater Love Hath No Man." On Friday, on account of numerous requests, the management will present for a return engagement beautiful Olga Petrova in "The Heart of a Painted Woman." Saturday, May Allison and Herold Lockwood will appear in a screen drama by May Frutrelle, widow of Jacques Futrelle, the Atlanta writer, who was one of the unfortunate passengers on the ill-fated Titanic.

"The Devil's Daughter," picturized for William Fox, from Gabriele D'Annunzio's most exotic and famous work, the world-known "La Gioconda," is a screen play of tremendous force and unforgettably powerful in its depiction of an evilly beautiful siren, who, like the Lamia of ancient Greek mythology, is half serpent and half woman in her nature. Even if D'Annunzio had not insisted on the famed Theda Bara, the vampire woman, of the theater Antoine, Paris, being cast for the part before he would sign the film rights over to William Fox, it is doubtful if an actress could have been found, except Mlle. Bara, possessed of the febrile art and sinister beauty requisite to portray "The Devil's Daughter." Miss Bara's work in parts of this type has become world-famous from such William Fox productions at "The Clemenceau Case," "A Fool There Was," etc., in each of which the French leading woman in the part of a fascinating diabolical temptress has won international fame.

At Alamo No. 2.

One of the best bills of the season has been arranged for Alamo No. 2. Everyone will welcome the appearance of William Farnum in "Samson." Those who have not seen this five-reel masterpiece must see it at Alamo No. 2 Thursday. It is not a biblical play. It deals with modern finance, and is one of the Fox Film company's most pretentious offerings, a powerful play, and one of the most sensational love dramas of the day.

Charlie Chaplin, the funniest piece of humanity in existence, will be seen Monday in another screaming comedy, "Across the Hall." That any can see him and not double up in a laughing fit seems an utter impossibility. In addition to Chaplin, Velva Whitman will also star Monday in a Lubin drama, "Her Other Self."

Tuesday, the eighth episode of "The Goddess" will be shown, and Sydney Ainsworth and Nell Craig will be featured in the "Rajah's Tunic."

Wednesday, Harold Lockwood will star in a four-reel Mutual Masterpiece, "The Lure of the Mask," and Friday Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne will be seen in a three-reel Essanay drama called "Providence and Mrs. Ulmy," a thrilling romance of an American heiress.

At the Savoy.

Billie Ritchie, the famous comedian, is coming to the Savoy Monday in "The Curse of Work." This is an unroariously funny comedy, telling of Billie's adventures as a boot black.

To fit himself for a competent bootblack Billie decides to study hard at night, taking up several languages in order to be better able to converse with his different customers. In fact, he learns trigonometry and calculus in order to figure up correctly his vast receipts in the bootblack trade. His "proficiency" in these various branches of higher education serves as a medium for some mighty funny escapades.

A good show for those who are not tired of laughing and who enjoy a side-splitting dose of Billie's antics. It is a winner.

Adele Lane, the beautiful "Universal" star, will also be seen Monday in "The Advisor," a thrilling political drama, produced by Burton King.

The last adventures of "Under the Crescent" series, "The Crown of Death," will be shown Tuesday.

Wednesday, Mary Fuller will be featured in an entirely new role in the delightful Victor drama, "The Little White Violet." Matt Moore will be her leading man.

At the Victoria.

"Alias Jimmy Valentine," with Robert Warwick as "Jimmy;" "One of Millions," with Laura Sawyer, and "The Fifth Commandment," with Julius Steger in the leading role, will be the three World film offerings at the Victoria this week.

Robert Warwick, who starred recently in "The Face in the Moonlight," will be a splendid "Jimmy" in "Alias Jimmy Valentine," for Monday.

The thrills in this five-part photo drama are spontaneous. The great scene of the offering is an ingenius one—at the climax of the demonstration of his skill as the most expert and formidable safe opener in the world, whereby he saves the life of the little girl, the sister of Rose Fay, to whom he is engaged, he is in imminent danger of being arrested for past offences. But he escapes and he is remitted to happiness instead of imprisonment.

SCENES AND ACTORS IN THIS WEEK'S BIG PICTURE PLAYS

Left to right: Princess Hassan in "Under the Crescent" series at the Savoy Tuesday; Theda Bara in "The Devil's Daughter" at the Strand; Laura Sawyer in "One of a Million" at the Victoria Wednesday, and Billy Beard, "The Party From the South," this week at the Alpha.

"SCANDAL" INTERESTS ATLANTA

Lois Weber in scene from great picture play which will be offered all this week at the Forsyth theater, vaudeville having been suspended in that house for a number of weeks.

THE ALPHA
ALL THIS WEEK
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY
BILLY BEARD
"The Party From the South"
And a High Class Program
5c ADMISSION ALWAYS 5c

The Savoy
Monday—Big Holiday Program
Featuring the King of All Comedians
BILLIE RITCHIE In a Side Splitting Comedy
"The Curse of Work"
Also Adele Lane, in "The Advisor."
Tuesday—Sixth and Final Chapter of
"Under the Crescent"
Entitled "The Crown of Death"
Wednesday
MARY FULLER The Universal Favorite in
"The Little White Violet"
Coming, Monday, July 12
Big Double Bill
Episodes 1 and 2 of the Universal Serial
"The Broken Coin"
With Grace Cunard and Francis Ford.

Where Thousands Meet Thousands Every Day.
GRAND
PROGRAM FOR WEEK OF JULY 5TH, DAILY FROM 11 A. M. UNTIL 11 P. M. 5 CTS AND 10 CTS.
MONDAY AND TUESDAY
The Famous Classic Dancer in Morosco-Bosworth's Splendid Paramount Feature,
MAUD ALLAN "The Rug Maker's Daughter"
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY
VIOLA ALLEN
IN F. MARION CRAWFORD'S GREAT PLAY AS PRODUCED BY THE ESSANAY COMPANY
"THE WHITE SISTER"
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Jesse L. Lasky's Paramount Special Feature,
Blanche Sweet "The Clue"
A PICTURE THAT WILL BE CHARMING.
CHILDREN'S MOVIE EXHIBITIONS EVERY SATURDAY MORNING, 9 TO 11:30 O'CLOCK.
Pictures Censored by a Committee from Atlanta Woman's Club. Send the Children Early.

You'll Meet Everybody in Atlanta at The Forsyth This Week, for Everybody Is Talking Scandal
FORSYTH
ENTIRE WEEK OF JULY FIFTH
AFTERNOON, 2 and 4—NIGHT, 7 and 9
ALL SEATS RESERVED BY COUPON
BALCONY 15c ORCHESTRA 25c
The Remarkable 5-Reel Broadway Universal Feature
"SCANDAL"
"A Drama You'll Never Forget"
Written by LOIS WEBER, Author of "HYPOCRITES." Produced at Universal City by Lois Weber and Phillips Smalley, Who Play the Leading Roles in the Greatest Photo Drama of Modern Times
"Scandal" Is a Story of the Tragedy of Idle Gossip---Intensely Human, Fascinating and Absorbing, With Nothing That Is Morbid or Distasteful
Order Seats Now——Be Sure You Do Not Miss "SCANDAL"

The Strand The House of Quality
Monday and Tuesday only—William Fox Presents
THEDA BARA In a Screen Play of Tremendous Force
"The Devil's Daughter"
Inspired by La Gioconda, by Gabriele D'Annunzio.
Wednesday and Thursday
The Metro Pictures Corporation
Presents
Emmet Corrigan in
"Greater Love Hath No Man"
Frank L. Packard's Great Novel Drama.
METRO PICTURES
FRIDAY
Repeated by many requests, the most Sensational Picture of the Age
"The Heart of a Painted Woman"
Featuring Beautiful Olga Petrova
Saturday—A Great Mutual Master Picture by May Futrelle, widow of Jacques Futrelle,
"The Secretary of Frivolous Affairs"
Starring May Allison and Herold Lockwood

TY IS LEADING BY 50 POINTS

Georgia Peach Has Average of .393—Is 60 Points Better Than Daubert, Who Leads Nationals.

Ty is still THERE! The Royston Romper is right at the top, and is leading the rest of the hitters in Ban Johnson's circuit by a margin of 50 points. This thing of Ty holding the lead is getting monotonous. Fournier, of the White Sox, is the runner-up to Cobb. Fournier has an average of .343. Joe Jackson is hitting at a .333 clip, an average of a hit every third time at bat. Tris Speaker, of the Red Sox, also pulled up considerably during the last week. Speaker is now batting .318. Cobb lacks but eleven hits of being past the century mark.

The averages of all players better than .270, and who have played in more than fifteen games, including those of Wednesday, June 30, are:

Players—Clubs.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	Ave.
Cobb, Det.	67	229	72	90	.393
Fournier, Chi.	62	213	44	73	.343
Jackson, Clev.	55	204	28	68	.333
Thompson, Ath.	18	33	5	11	.333
Cicotte, Chi.	19	30	5	10	.333
Crawford, Det.	67	261	36	86	.330
E. Collins, Chi.	66	219	52	72	.329
Lajoie, Ath.	45	170	14	56	.329
McInnes, Ath.	48	188	18	61	.324
Bauman, N. Y.	16	34	10	11	.324
Cady, Bos.	25	69	10	22	.319
Speaker, Bos.	58	211	35	67	.318
Veach, Det.	65	239	35	76	.318
T. Daly, Chi.	21	26	5	8	.308
Ruth, Bos.	17	39	7	12	.308
Strunk, Ath.	52	183	32	56	.306
Maisel, N. Y.	62	253	47	77	.304
Gainor, Bos.	32	69	11	21	.304
Mays, Bos.	20	23	2	7	.304
Schalk, Chi.	62	196	24	59	.301
Weaver, Chi.	63	240	44	72	.300
Chapman, Clev.	61	232	36	68	.293
Janvrin, Bos.	44	148	13	43	.291
Shanks, Wash.	43	134	17	39	.291
Lewis, Bos.	61	231	28	67	.290
Russell, Chi.	16	28	3	8	.286
Lapp, Ath.	46	134	12	38	.284
Kavanaugh, Det.	63	230	30	65	.283
High, N. Y.	44	157	27	44	.280
G. Foster, Bos.	19	36	6	10	.278
C. Walker, St. L.	64	235	23	65	.277
Graney, Clev.	60	211	19	58	.275
McKee, Det.	29	80	5	22	.275
Hoblitzel, Bos.	54	188	22	51	.271
Baker, Det.	29	63	6	17	.270

HUBBARD MADE TOUR OF CHALMERS' PLANT

Then Famous Author Composed Little Booklet Called "Character and Cars."

Practically the last writing done by Elbert Hubbard before his death was a little booklet called "Character and Cars," an appreciation of Chalmers quality. The story is done in the Fra's inimitable style. He pronounced it one of the best pieces of work that ever came off the Roycroft press.

Shortly before engaging passage on the doomed Lusitania, the famous author paid a visit to his friend, Hugh Chalmers. While in Detroit, Hubbard made a tour of the Chalmers plant and studied the operations of manufacture. Always interested in the ways of industry, the busy factory fascinated him.

After his tour of the shops he took the wheel of a new Master Six and drove with Mr. Chalmers through the surrounding country. Upon his return he placed his order for a new Chalmers. He had driven this brand of cars for several years.

Immediately upon his arrival at East Aurora he sat at his desk and wrote the little essay on the Chalmers organization, naming it "Character and Cars." Hardly was the ink dry on the first proofs when he and his wife, Alice, left for the war zone on the doomed liner.

Before he sailed, Hubbard selected a list of his friends to whom he wished to give the little book, "Character and Cars."

He wrote them the following letter:

"You are a lover of beautiful things in a printed way, also you are interested in the fine art of advertising. These things being true, I send you herewith a booklet which I have just gotten out for my friend, Mr. Hugh Chalmers.

"This is one of the best printed things ever produced at the Roycroft shop; as for the text, please note that, while it is an advertisement for an automobile, I do not mention once the words, 'transmission' or 'magneto.'

"Chalmers, in my mind, is one of the best men of the world, and the car he makes is just as fine as the man. And the price is well within the bounds of reason.

"By the way, I note that you are not on our Fra subscription list. I would be highly honored, indeed, to have you make use of the inclosed subscription blank."

The Chalmers company has secured a large edition of the little masterpiece and is distributing the books gratis to the admirers of Hubbard, who ask for them.

All-Day Shoot Monday At Gate City Gun Club Will Attract Entries

There will be an all-day shoot at the Gate City Gun club Monday, for $100 in cash prizes and $35 in plate.

The purses in all events will be divided into four equal parts. A full supply of standard shells will be for sale on the grounds. Interstate association rules will govern all events. Targets 2 cents each will be included in the entrance money.

The shoot headquarters will be at the Piedmont hotel. Professionals may shoot for targets only. Four trophies will be awarded to the winner of first four places in 200 birds. Lunch will be served at the grounds.

For the benefit of any out-of-town shooters who will be here, to reach the grounds, take a Peachtree-Brookwood car, get off at the Brookwood bridge and turn to the left.

Ten events are on the program of twenty birds each. The entrance fee in each event will be $2, with $10 added money in each event.

CAN'T KICK about business at our factory. We are keeping all our old customers and making new ones every day. People are learning that this is the one place where no deception is practiced in the making of auto tops.

We keep various qualities, of course. No live factory could afford not to. But it's for you to judge which you want and for us to supply it at the lowest price possible for the quality desired.

Atlanta Auto Top and Trimming Co.
755 Whitehall
Phone West 180

Hipress Boots, "Little Brothers Of Goodrich Tires," Prove Popular

Southern Rubber & Supply Company's attractive window display on North Pryor one of the most unique in the city.

One of the most unique and attractive window displays in the city is that shown at 84 North Pryor street, where the Southern Rubber and Supply company has on display a large number of Goodrich "Hipress" boots—"little brothers of the Goodrich tire," so the literature of the company reads.

These boots are designed for the man who works about the garage, or the farmer, the dairyman, the stock man, the lumberman, or for any kind of work where it is desired to keep the feet warm and dry. They are vulcanized under high pressure, and are made from the same tough rubber and fibric used in Goodrich Safety Tread tires. They are claimed to be exceedingly comfortable, and are built in all heights and in colors of cream, brown and black.

J. M. Tull is the president of the Southern Rubber and Supply company and has already begun a splendid business with the "Hipress" boots, and believes they are destined to become very popular sellers.

Southern League Fielding Marks Are About Average

By Dick Jemison.

We have received so many requests from the fans of Atlanta to dope out the fielding records of the individual players in the league this season, that we have taken a shot at this arduous task. Doping fielding averages is the hardest of the average compiling stunts, and is the answer as to why fewer fielding marks are shown these days.

The average fielding in the Southern league this season is on a par with the fielding in years gone by. There are marked cases of improvement, and marked cases of decline, but the general average is about the same.

There are several outfielders who have perfect percentages to date, but they have not played in all the games. However, Murray, of Little Rock, and Coyle and Pezold, of New Orleans have played in sufficient games to consider their perfect records as entitling them to high ranking. Jud Daley, of Chattanooga, leads the outfielders that have played in every game this season, making but one error and having a percentage of .994.

Third-basing honors belong to Johnny Dodge, of Nashville, who has an average of .939 in seventy-three games. Bill Elwert, of Little Rock, tops him by three points, but Bill has not been in sufficient games to take Johnny's ranking away.

Roy Ellam, of the Birmingham Barons, has undisputed lead of the shortstops, and the Baron captain is playing the best all-around game of his long and useful career. Dobard, of Mobile, and Stark, of Nashville, are next in line.

Otto at Keystone.

Otto Williams, the veteran who is cavorting around the keystone bag for the Crackers, has silenced all his critics by the splendid game that he has been playing for the locals this campaign, giving them as good keystoning as they have ever been blessed with, and we have had some mighty good keystone guardians, if you go back over the list and look them over.

Otto has played in sixty-seven games and in these contests he has made but nine errors, giving him the splendid average of .974 for covering the second sack, a wonderful piece of work. He is nearly thirty points ahead of the next regular second sacker, who is Starr, of Little Rock.

Red Bluhm, of the New Orleans Pelicans, tops the regular first sackers of the league with an average of .988, though there are several other players who top him, but they have been in a third of the games he has played in.

Peters, of Chattanooga, tops the catchers, but Hale, of Birmingham, is the real leader, with an average of .978 compiled in forty-five games.

There are ten pitchers who have yet to make a bobble in the field, and these twirlers are accorded the lead in fielding, naturally.

Here are the records of the players through the games played Monday, June 28:

Outfielders.

Players—Teams.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
Kircher, Nashville	13	30	4	0	1.000
Diamond, Nashville	1	2	0	0	1.000
Smith, Nashville	1	1	0	0	1.000
Harris, Chattanooga	1	1	0	0	1.000
Murray, Little Rock	35	69	2	0	1.000
Griffin, Little Rock	10	14	1	0	1.000
Couchman, L. R.	1	2	0	0	1.000
Coyle, New Orleans	49	71	7	0	1.000
Pezold, New Orleans	32	40	8	0	1.000
Coombs, B'ham	22	38	3	0	1.000
Daly, Chattanooga	69	151	6	1	.994
Lee, Atlanta	59	111	10	1	.992
Baldwin, Memphis	25	49	3	1	.981
Rumler, Atlanta	48	89	12	2	.980
Baker, Little Rock	21	38	8	1	.979
King, Nashville	65	115	10	3	.969
Northern, Mobile	53	83	4	5	.967
Lord, Memphis	53	123	6	5	.964
Magee, B'ham	67	142	6	6	.961
McCormick, Chatta.	69	128	14	6	.959
Sloan, Birmingham	70	103	11	5	.958
Moran, Atlanta	70	162	10	7	.956
Miller, Mobile	71	171	16	9	.954
Farmer, Nashville	73	111	11	6	.953
Stewart, Memphis	50	75	7	4	.953
Allison, Memphis	60	127	6	7	.950
Jantzen, Little Rock	70	174	14	10	.949
Hendryx, N. O.	73	154	6	9	.946
Manning, Atlanta	22	28	4	2	.941
McBride, B'ham	50	110	1	7	.940
Burke, Mobile	46	56	2	4	.935
Baker, Nashville	31	47	4	4	.927
Johnston, Chatta.	69	106	6	9	.926
Messenger, L. R.	10	18	2	2	.909
Edmondson, N. O.	48	61	4	7	.903
Merritt, Little Rock	5	9	0	1	.900

Third Basemen.

Players—Teams.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
McDonald, Atlanta	5	6	7	0	1.000
Gibson, Little Rock	2	4	5	0	1.000
Elwert, Little Rock	41	37	60	6	.942
Dodge, Nashville	73	105	188	19	.939
McDermott, Mem.	66	68	146	14	.938
Thomas, N. O.	73	61	116	22	.935
Carroll, B'ham	10	13	19	3	.933
Perry, Mobile	45	68	99	12	.933
Hemingway, B'ham	60	65	103	13	.926
Graff, Chatta.	68	68	113	16	.919
Manning, Atlanta	29	38	67	10	.912
Elberfeld, Chatta.	2	3	4	1	.875
Merritt, Little Rock	10	8	25	5	.868
Baker, Little Rock	15	15	15	10	.750
Gribbens, L. R.	1	0	0	1	.000

Shortstops.

Players—Teams.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
Diamond, Nashville	1	1	5	0	1.000
Ellam, B'ham	70	154	265	21	.950
Dobard, Mobile	69	135	232	22	.943
Stark, Nashville	71	149	225	23	.942
Downey, Little Rock	44	94	124	16	.931
Reilly, N. O.	65	140	161	26	.921
Caveny, Chatta.	56	134	189	34	.905
Bisland, Atlanta	70	128	211	36	.904
Mitchell, Memphis	48	103	136	27	.899
Elberfeld, Chatta.	14	32	30	9	.873
Baldwin, Memphis	5	6	12	3	.857
Gribbens, L. R.	3	6	5	3	.786
Baker, Little Rock	10	13	21	7	.774

Second Basemen.

Players—Teams.	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
Stark, Nashville	3	8	8	0	1.000
Sheehan, Nashville	4	7	12	0	1.000
Williams, Atlanta	67	161	179	9	.974
Carroll, B'ham	11	26	29	2	.965
Downey, L. R.	9	16	38	2	.964
Perry, Mobile	26	51	69	5	.960
Starr, Little Rock	70	181	195	21	.947
Elberfeld, Chatta.	35	55	105	9	.946
Knaupp, N. O.	50	147	145	17	.945
Coombs, B'ham	8	20	11	2	.939
Cruthers, Memphis	69	182	225	27	.938
Diamond, Nashville	7	12	18	2	.938
Kircher, Nashville	25	85	67	11	.932
Flick, Mobile	61	114	162	21	.929
Clark, B'ham	52	124	156	25	.918
Reilly, N. O.	8	15	22	4	.902
Hudnall, Chatta.	4	8	10	2	.900
Baker, Nashville	34	81	108	24	.887
Pezold, N. O.	1	3	3	1	.857

First Basemen.

Players—Teams.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.C.
Diamond, Nashville	1	5	0	0	1.000
Baker, Little Rock	1	2	1	0	1.000
Gibson, Little Rock	1	1	1	0	1.000
Merritt, Little Rock	1	15	0	0	1.000
Wallace, Birmingham	15	140	10	1	.993
Northern, Mobile	14	147	4	1	.993
Kauffman, Atlanta	12	115	4	1	.991
Bluhm, New Orleans	57	571	46	7	.988
Covington, Little Rock	58	536	40	8	.987
Calhoun, Mobile	58	588	15	8	.987
Harris, Chattanooga	66	695	46	10	.987
Paulet, Nashville	74	866	54	13	.986
Eibel, Memphis	60	562	36	10	.983
Coombs, Birmingham	13	139	15	3	.981
Coyle, New Orleans	17	144	17	5	.969
Hudnall, Chattanooga	2	23	0	1	.958
Carroll, Birmingham	44	443	29	11	.956
Kitchens, Chattanooga	1	8	2	1	.909

Catchers.

Players—Teams.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.C.
Peters, Chattanooga	19	113	23	3	.992
Smith, Nashville	36	83	21	2	.981
Hale, Birmingham	45	218	50	6	.978
Schlei, Memphis	48	153	58	5	.976
Wallace, Birmingham	34	122	37	4	.975
Andreen, Memphis	31	78	37	3	.974
Schmidt, Mobile	62	225	82	9	.971
Rumler, Atlanta	12	57	11	2	.970
Higgins, New Orleans	72	280	120	14	.966
Gibson, Little Rock	47	175	51	8	.965
Jenkins, Atlanta	51	184	35	8	.965
Street, Nashville	57	270	63	14	.959
Gribbens, Little Rock	22	96	39	7	.950
Kitchens, Chattanooga	51	174	71	4	.943
Knaupp, New Orleans	4	12	4	1	.941
Niederkorn, Mobile	20	40	6	3	.939

Pitchers.

Players—Teams.	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.C.
Perry, Atlanta	9	3	26	0	1.000
Hogg, Mobile	15	2	23	0	1.000
Kissinger, Memphis	7	3	24	0	1.000
Newton, Chattanooga	6	1	11	0	1.000
Chandler, Memphis	1	0	2	0	1.000
Roth, Memphis	16	1	38	0	1.000
Merritt, Little Rock	8	2	22	0	1.000
Couchman, Little Rock	8	1	19	0	1.000
Bagby, New Orleans	33	14	39	0	1.000
Smith, New Orleans	20	11	57	0	1.000
Kroh, Nashville	17	5	45	1	.980
Berger, Nashville	20	2	41	1	.977
Townsend, Mobile	15	9	27	1	.973
Allen, Atlanta	18	4	30	1	.971
Clark, Chattanooga	19	5	28	1	.971
Thompson, Atlanta	19	1	31	1	.970
Merritt, Memphis	19	2	28	1	.968
Gudger, New Orleans	19	6	53	2	.967
Marshall, Chattanooga	18	1	26	1	.964
Weaver, New Orleans	20	5	44	2	.961
Johnson, Birmingham	16	9	53	3	.954
Cunningham, Chattanooga	19	1	43	4	.938
Robertson, Memphis	17	3	40	3	.935
Rogers, Nashville	20	6	45	4	.927
Fincher, Little Rock	25	13	35	3	.927
Keeley, Memphis	17	3	34	3	.925
Day, Little Rock	17	4	32	3	.925
Covington, Mobile	18	4	32	3	.923
Grimes, Birmingham	17	6	48	5	.915
Robertson, Birmingham	20	9	46	5	.915
Manning, Atlanta	4	2	8	1	.909
East, Little Rock	24	7	33	4	.909
Hardgrove, Birmingham	14	3	26	3	.906
Holmquist, Mobile	7	3	26	3	.906
Harkins, Chattanooga	14	4	18	3	.880
Hiett, Atlanta	16	2	27	5	.853
Black, Birmingham	19	5	28	6	.848
Bushelman, Nashville	11	3	25	5	.848
Kelly, Atlanta	14	3	24	5	.844
Karr, Mobile	9	0	20	4	.833

ATLANTA COMPANY MAKES OLD TIRES AS GOOD AS NEW

That automobile owners are taking advantage of the economy claimed to inure to them by reason of the service given by the Georgia Double Tread Tire company is evidenced by the rush of work now crowding the company, which claims to make practically new tires from old ones.

The Georgia Double Tread Tire company recently opened its plant in this city on Edgewood avenue. By a newly patented and practicable process the company takes old and worn-out tires, or tires in which there might appear weak spots, and in reality half-soles them, much as the shoe repairer fixes a pair of shoes. These old tires, which the owners frequently thought ready for the junk pile, have been covered with another old but good tire, sewed and cemented on, and in practically all cases several thousand miles more of wear is guaranteed. The company has been busy continuously since opening its plant here.

This same method is being successfully applied in many states, and everywhere its promoters are meeting with success. Only recently the New York house of similar character bought and had shipped from this city three solid car loads of old tires, the material in which is to be used for "half-soling," so to speak, the thousands of old tires it is making almost new.

In a costly watch that has been made for exhibition purposes there is a wheel that makes a revolution only once in four years, operating a dial that shows the years, months and days.

FAYETTEVILLE LOSES TO NEBRASKA INDIANS

Fayetteville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.) The Nebraska Indians shut out Fayetteville here today by the score of 26 to 0. Big Chief, who pitched, held the locals down to two hits, and not a man reached third base. Battery, Fayetteville, Patton, Taylor and Jackson; for the Indians, Big Chief and Towle.

AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS CONDITIONS SETTLED

"Industry Was Never on Firmer Basis Than Right Now," Says R. E. Scott.

"Conditions in the automobile business are more settled than at any previous time," says Richard E. Scott, gneral manager of the Reo Motor Car company.

"I can't recall a time when the outlook was so clear or the industry on a firmer basis than right now," continued the Reo man.

"To the man on the outside I suppose it looks just the reverse—what with the many innovations, the many types of multi-cylinder cars and the other seemingly contradictory announcements, together with the apparent slashing of prices.

"But if you look below the surface you will see that these are but indications of stability—frantic breaks in prices in mid-season, the adoption of new radical types of motors, etc., are but efforts on the part of some makers to get "a place in the sun," while those who already enjoy that privilege—the better established makers—are announcing nothing radical.

"In previous years the most disturbing elements have been the 'Wars of Sixes and Fours,' or similar controversies in which two factions about equally strong, have been aligned against each other. That served to divide the audience to buyers and to make all hesitate. This year, however, there is no agreement save among the older concerns—and they are with one accord bending their efforts to the refinement of existing standards and ignoring the efforts of newer concerns to establish new ones—without having agreed among themselves as to what shall be the basis of that new standard.

"As a result, we find buyers, instead of being confused by the arguments of the many belligerents are, in their buying, at least, playing the part of neutrals, and giving their support to the established order of things.

"For example, we have never known the demand to be so brisk for conservative types as now, while those whose purse or preference dictates a larger car seem perfectly satisfied with Sixes. Of course, we are all watching the novelties with interest as well as curiosity; but, like President Wilson, we are more anxious to keep out of the fray than to engage in it, since the chances of a glorious victory are many times discounted in our minds by the hazard of an ignominious failure."

The use of lime as binding material for mortar originated in the remote past. One suggestion is that some savages when using limestone rocks to confine their fire noticed that the stones were changed by the action of the heat.

FOURTH OF JULY

Special rates via W. & A. R. R. Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. Return limit July 8, 1915. Apply ticket agents. C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent

AMERICAN PITCHERS LED BY FABER

White Sox Twirler Has Won 14 and Lost 2 Games This Year—Joe Wood Is Next, 6 Won, 1 Lost.

Winning fourteen and losing two in twenty-one starts, Faber, of the White Sox, is leading the rest of the pitchers in the American league. Faber has an average of .875, which is going some. Joe Wood, who led the hurlers last year, is in second place, with an average of .857. Wood has won six and lost one games this season. Fisher, of the Yanks, and Scott, of the White Sox, are tied for fourth place, with averages of .769 each.

Pitchers who have records better than .600 through the games played Wednesday, June 30, are:

Pitchers—Clubs.	G.	W.	L.	Ave.
Gregg, Boston	3	2	0	1.000
Klepfer, Chicago	1	1	0	1.000
Leverenz, St. Louis	2	1	0	1.000
Boehler, Detroit	3	1	0	1.000
Faber, Chicago	21	14	2	.875
Wood, Boston	10	6	1	.857
Fisher, New York	14	10	3	.769
Scott, Chicago	18	10	3	.769
Leonard, Boston	5	3	1	.750
W. Johnson, Wash.	18	12	5	.706
Benz, Chicago	15	7	3	.700
Dauss, Detroit	22	12	6	.667
Dubuc, Detroit	18	9	5	.643
Warhop, New York	12	7	4	.636
G. Foster, Boston	17	8	5	.615
Ruth, Boston	13	6	4	.600
Cicotte, Chicago	19	6	4	.600

PIERCE OF CUBS LEADS NATIONAL

Cub Hurler Has Won 8 and Lost 1 Game This Year. Alexander Is Second—Erskine Mayer Is Fourth.

Pierce, of the Cubs, is leading the National league in pitching, while Alexander, of the Phillies, is second. Erskine ("Scissors") Mayer is fourth. Mamaux, the Pirates' sensational hurler, topping him. Pierce has pitched in 16 games. He has won 8 and dropped 1, for an average of .889. Alexander has engaged in 19 games, winning 14 and dropping 3, for an average of .824.

The records of all pitchers in the National league which are better than .600, through the games played Wednesday, June 30, are:

Pitchers—Clubs.	G.	W.	L.	Ave.
Toney, Cincinnati	9	3	0	1.000
Standridge, Chicago	13	2	0	1.000
Ritter, New York	9	1	0	1.000
Pierce, Chicago	16	8	1	.889
Alexander, Phila.	19	14	3	.824
Mamaux, Pittsburg	17	10	3	.769
Mayer, Philadelphia	18	11	4	.733
Meadows, St. Louis	15	7	3	.700
Harmon, Pittsburg	15	8	4	.667
Dale, Cincinnati	21	8	4	.667
S. Smith, Brooklyn	9	6	3	.667
Ragon, Boston	14	6	3	.667
Robinson, St. Louis	12	4	2	.667
Neihaus, St. Louis	7	2	1	.667
Vaughn, Chicago	21	11	7	.611
Doak, St. Louis	18	9	6	.600

Northern Ohio Woolware (Northern Ohio Woolware)

We Make the Biggest and Finest Line of **WOOL ROBES and SHAWLS**

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Weights—3½ to 6½ Pounds —— Sizes—54x66, 54x74, 54x84, 60x72

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Also Mfrs. of that Famous Lemo-Lime

NEWS and NOTES of the FILM WORLD

READ THE CONSTITUTION'S MOVIE PAGE

Behind the Screens

With Britt Craig.

FOREWARNINGS.

We will not burden the vast patronage of this peerless palladian of picture punnings with poetry this week.

We are too tired to write any.

We have just come from a performance of "The Spendthrift," at the Strand.

*****

Floral Fabrications.

"The Garden of Lies."
—Universal Feature.
"The Garden of Love."
—Old Song.

*****

What Went With—

The Mary Pickford frontispieces on magazines?
The man who said pictures would never amount to anything?
Your prize scenarios?
The pouting hero?
The train-robbery scene?
The wrist watch?

*****

Eureka! Many Eurekas!!

"Now that she and her husband are in separate camps, Helen Holmes is playing leading roles and doing her own directing."

Ah! There was a husband for you!

*****

Advice From Addison.

Editor—Dear Sir: I notice a new Essanay picture entitled "Killed in Action." How oft do we hear those same sorrowful words in connection with tragedy. Being "killed in action" is what causes so many idlers in the land, and justifies loafing. Yours fraternally.

(Signed)
ADDISON AVERSETO ACTIVITY.

*****

Things the Pictures Are Happy Without

Chorus men.
Slangy dialogue.
Vaudeville monologue.
Acrobatics.
Clog dancers.
Flowers for the favorites.
Minstrel jokes.
Fordcar gags.
First-night "highbrows" in the boxes.
Bald-head row.
Bicycle acts.
Ham tragedians in liquor basso.
"Village Maidens" from the East Side.
The stage-door johnnie.

*****

But, Where Is It?

"The House of a Thousand Candles."
—Essanay Release.

No gas! Evidently very quiet and peaceful.

*****

Another Eureka!

"The Blindness of Virtue."
—Problem Picture Title.

The answer to virtue's existence.

*****

And Yet—

"'The Goddess'
Beauty
Hatred
Revenge
Love
Sex."
—Vitagraph Ad.

—they say it is different.

*****

Criticisms.

Conducted by Pansy Panitail.

"Sins of the Mother."

It's a good thing Trixy's mother didn't drink instead of gamble. If Trixy had inherited a thirst in proportion to her gambling propensities, she wouldn't have survived the first violent ward the authorities honored with her presence. Trixy was the peerless gambler. She not only gambled on the horses, played roulette, bet on the weather and devoted much time to bridge, but she married young.

The parentally-endowed thirst has it on the craze for gambling in this respect: there are no Keeley institutes for gambling. And you do get something out of a good, healthy thirst.

Trixy's case was that of a young girl, reared in a convent, whose mother operated an exclusive gambling hall. She inherits her mother's mania. Disastrous to herself, but most beneficial to the plot, she marries the man who later becomes district attorney on the reform ticket. District attorneys are bad enough. Reform district attorneys have no qualification in polite phraseology.

He said he didn't mind her gambling habits as much as he did her weakness for breaking promises. This was one of the most common points in the picture's composition. The remainder of it was appreciably unusual. The husband expressed extreme astonishment at his wife's continuous breakage of promises.

Yet, according to the picture, he had sense enough to be a fairly good district attorney.

We were glad to see that her husband was the sort of man who ran for office on the reform ticket. It would have hurt us dreadfully to see a deserving man so painfully mistreated.

There are many morals to "Sins of the Mother," one of which is never shoot craps on I. O. U's. Never marry a district attorney with reform principles unless you are prepared to keep all promises, for promises are harder to keep than husbands.

*****

We Meet Hal Reid.

It was our pleasure to chat with the noted Hal Reid one day last week, as he sat in a deep chair in the lobby of the Hotel Ansley just like any ordinary citizen and smoked Fatima cigarettes to our added pleasure, he being very liberal with them.

Hal Reid is the author of melodramas by the hundred. He wrote and staged "Prohibition," the big feature that is proving a national sensation; and likewise wrote and directed "Thou Shalt Not Kill," the big Rose Coghlan masterpiece. He is an author, playwright, script writer and picture director.

He looks like the first assistant clerk in the Rabun County Independent bank at Cooledge Corners, except that he wears a silk shirt, a collapsible set of eye-glasses and a Palm Beach, the Palm Beach style having not yet reached Cooledge Corners. You could hardly distinguish Hal Reid from the desk clerks or man behind the cigar counter. He is just a plain, ordinary man, like other big men—the more human they are the bigger.

Hal Reid is about fifty years old, lithe, active and high-geared. He hasn't an ounce of overweight, and has the slender, elongated build of the nervous, race-horse type. He is constantly doing something, and says idleness hurts him more than hard work.

Reid was in the city investigating the Frank case, of which he intends to write an analysis.

SCENES FROM "THE ETERNAL CITY"

PAULINE FREDERICK STAR OF FEATURE FILM AT MONTGOMERY

The Montgomery theater will present for the entire week of July 5 "The Eternal City," an eight-reel film, starring Pauline Frederick.

"The Eternal City" Presented Entire Week at Montgomery

The Montgomery theater has always been known for its strict adherence to their policy of showing the best that can be procured, and in the presenting of "The Eternal City" this week to its patrons, this theater comes up to its customary standard of showing photo films of unsurpassing excellence.

It was shown at the Astor theater in New York city and at the Chestnut street theater in Philadelphia, and presented by no less a personage than Daniel Frohman. Thousands and thousands of the very best element in these respective cities have crowded the theaters to their very doors to get a view of this magnificent spectacle.

Owing to the intensely interesting story and the beautiful scenery described in the noted book, the play lends itself admirably to the screen. This remarkable visualization of Hall Caine's masterpiece presents the thrilling incidents and climaxes, the romance and tragedy, the elements of love and betrayal and the beautiful ideals of the original plot, with a wider range and with bolder strokes than were possible in the novel or play, and will, therefore, contribute to the inspiring play its greatest measure of immortality. For the first time such world-famous spots as the Coliseum, Castle of St. Angelo, St. Peters, the vatican gardens and other places of great historical interest, appear as settings for a motion play.

So much "red tape" had to be resorted to in order to induce the authorities in Rome to allow pictures of the vatican to be made and the fact that a ban was placed upon the novel when it was published fifteen years ago, renders the proverbial "nerve" of our American producers, nothing short of colossal. All the costumes of the Noble Guard of the Roman Pontiff, of the Swiss and Municipal Guards were made after specimen costumes of these organizations, loaned by the sanction of the highest authorities. There are many imposing pageants, including foremost the pope's jubilee procession, one of the most startingly original and complete scenic productions of this stirring occasion ever witnessed on the screen.

A gathering of the best actors from the forces of the Famous Players' company, including Miss Pauline Frederick, as star, went to London and Rome last July, under the direction of Edwin S. Porter, known as the father of the photo play," having eleven years ago produced the first dramatic story in moving pictures.

Miss Frederick, who was last heard of in "Joseph and His Brethren," and in "Innocent," the Mungarian drama by Arpad Pasztor, appears for the first time before the camera.

Her transcendent beauty, art and grace makes the character of Donna Roma a living and breathing impersonation, so wonderfully does she emphasize the charm of the portrayal.

The part of the hero, David Rossi, would need a splendid physique, the face of a prophet etherealized, so when London was reached Mr. Porter hit upon the English actor, Thomas Holding, who was all that the novelist, the manager and the heroine could demand. In the character of David Rossi he enobles the idealist and the devoted lover of Roma, and as the socialist leader of the working classes his portrayal is splendid.

The curtain goes up on the city of Rome banked against a night sky, its light reflected in the water shimmering at its feet. The story deals with the life of David Rossi, who as a child has been left at the door of a convent. While still a young boy he is adopted by Dr. Roselli and becomes the companion of little Roma, the doctor's daughter. The two children are later separated and the dramatic threads of their lives finally recross in Rome, where David is now a prominent socialist and Donna Roma is the companion of the great and unscrupulous villian, Baron Bonelli.

After various vicissitudes, the troubles of David and Roma vanish, and largely through the influence of the pope, who proves to be David's father, the young couple are left to the contemplation of that "eternal city, whose builder and maker is God."

Great credit must be given Hugh Ford, who was the original director when the play was staged with Viola Allen a dozen years ago, for his share in the collaboration with Edwin S. Porter in producing this greatest triumph of the moving picture world.

To perfect the production, from first to last, took three months of hard work and cost in the neighborhood of $100,000. This photo-drama will be recorded as one of the most artistic successes of the present day.

WITH THE MOVIES

THE ALAMO No. 1
The Little Playhouse With a Big Show.
MONDAY
Five Reels Daily.
MUTUAL MOVIES.
CHAPLIN COMEDIES.

ALAMO No. 2
MONDAY
"Her Other Self"—2-Reel Lubin With Velma Whitman—Chas. Chaplin in "Across the Hall."

THE STRAND
MONDAY
THEDA BARA in
"THE DEVIL'S DAUGHTER."

THE GRAND
MONDAY
Paramount Feature.

WITH THE MOVIES

ALPHA
MONDAY
Grace Cunard and Francis Ford in "Smuggler's Island."

GEM THEATER
MARIETTA, GA.
MONDAY
Universal Features and Comedies.

THE ALSHA
MONDAY
High-Class Photo-Plays.

THE VICTORIA
MONDAY
Robert Warwick in
"Alias Jimmy Valentine."

THE DESOTO
MONDAY
Entire Change of Program.

THE SAVOY
MONDAY
Billie Ritchie in
"The Curse of Work."

THE BONHEUR
DECATUR, GA.
MONDAY
NEW PICTURES EVERY DAY.

ALAMO NO. 2 The House With the Clean Policy

MONDAY
VELMA WHITMAN
In two-reel Lubin,
"HER OTHER SELF."
CHARLES CHAPLIN
In Screaming Comedy,
"ACROSS THE HALL."

TUESDAY
ANITA STEWART
AND EARLE WILLIAMS
In the ninth episode of
"THE GODDESS."
NELL CRAIG, IN
"THE RAJAH'S TUNIC."

WEDNESDAY
HEROLD LOCKWOOD
In 4-part Mutual Master Picture,
"THE LURE OF THE MASK."

THURSDAY
WILLIAM FARNUM in
"SAMSON,"
Sensational Love Drama of Today.

FRIDAY---Francis Bushman and Beverly Bayne
In Three-Part Essanay Drama,
"Providence and Mrs. Ulmy"

THE VICTORIA

MONDAY
ROBERT WARWICK in
"ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE"

Tuesday Edna Mayo and Bryant Washburn in 3-Part Essanay Drama, "Frauds."

WEDNESDAY
"ONE OF A MILLION"
With Laura Sawyer.

Thursday—"The Terrible One"—3-Reel Lubin.
Friday—Julius Steeger in
"THE FIFTH COMMANDMENT"

Saturday—Rose Tapley in 3-part Vitagraph,
"THE LADY OF THE LIGHTHOUSE"

LOOK! LOOK!!

Owing to the fact that Frank T. Montgomery has no connection of any kind whatever, financial or otherwise, with the Montgomery Theater on Peachtree street, and owing to the further fact that Mr. Montgomery is planning to actively re-enter the motion picture field in Atlanta, the management have decided to change the name of the Montgomery Theater.

Manager R. H. Logan has decided to let the patrons of the theater select the new name, and to that end a contest will be started, beginning TOMORROW MORNING, governed by the following conditions:

Blank coupons will be presented at the box office to each patron of the theater. On this coupon the patron may write the name which he or she suggests, together with the full name and address of the writer. These coupons may be handed in at the box office, or may be mailed to the theater.

The contest will be open until July 15th, when it will be closed.

A committee of disinterested Atlanta business men will pass upon the names and select the winning title.

The winner will receive an annual pass to the theater.

In the event the name which wins happens to be suggested by several people alike, the names of those who suggest it will be put in a hat and drawn for by a blindfolded child, and the annual pass will be given to the one thus drawn.

No suggestions will be received except those written on the coupons given to patrons.

MONTGOMERY THEATER

ALL THIS WEEK — ALL THIS WEEK

Daniel Frohman Presents a Superb Photo Spectacle of
HALL CAINE'S SUPREME NOVEL-DRAMA

THE ETERNAL CITY

WITH THE BEAUTIFUL
PAULINE FREDERICK
In the Character of Donna Roma

ADMISSION 25c CHILDREN 10c

A powerful and pulsating silent drama, in which all the passion and genius of the original novel are preserved. Produced in Italy and England, under the direction of Edwin S. Porter and Hugh Ford, by the Famous Players Film Company. The presentation of this picture at the Montgomery is the greatest event in the history of photo-drama in Atlanta. Don't fail to see it.

ADMISSION 25c CHILDREN 10c

THE REASON WE MUST CHARGE 25 CENTS

Mr. R. H. Logan, Manager,
Montgomery Theatre, Atlanta. Ga.

June 14, 1915.

Dear Sir: This is to confirm booking for the week beginning July 5th on Daniel Frohman's production of Hall Caine's masterpiece, "THE ETERNAL CITY" and to further notify you that our operating contract with the producer of this production calls for a minimum admission fee of 25¢. Kindly govern yourself accordingly and oblige

Yours truly,
SOUTHERN PARAMOUNT PICTURES CO.
C. E. Tandy
General Manager.

CET/C

FINE RECORD IS MADE BY SILVERTOWN TIRES

Harry Grant Goes Full 500 Miles Without Stopping to Make Change.

The winning of the 500-mile Chicago derby and the performance of many of the drivers is another big victory for Goodrich Silvertown cable cord tires. Resta wan the $24,000 prize at an average speed of 97.6 miles an hour with his Peugeot equipped with Silvertowns.

The ten cars which finished were also equipped with the Goodrich product. These were Porporato, Sunbeam; Rickenbacher, Maxwell; Grant, Sunbeam; Earl Cooper, Stutz; Anderson, Stutz; Alley, Duesenberg; Chevrolet, Delage; Burman, Peugeot, and Joe Cooper, Sebring.

Conditions Are Ideal

Conditions were ideal, but extraordinary time is in large measure attributable to the wonderful track and the use of Silvertown tires.

Resta made only three tire changes during the entire drive of 500 miles, in spite of the terrific strain due to the high angle of the track at turns. More remarkable still was the record established by Harry Grant, who drove a Sunbeam the entire 500 miles without a single stop. This breaks all non-stop records and affords another proof of the endurance of Goodrich Silvertown cable cord tires, with which Grant's car was equipped.

Previous Record 305 Miles.

The best non-stop record ever previously made was 305 miles. In order to complete his 500 miles without stopping, Grant coasted last half mile without gasoline. His tires were still in good condition, and if it had been necessary he could have continued on them for many miles.

Contrary to expectations, the race was singularly free from accidents. Owing to speed of track and high pitch at turns it was predicted drivers would have difficulty in staying on the course but use of Silvertown tires which made steering easy kept accidents from marring the sport.

On Rear Wheels.

First ten cars to finish, with the exception of that driven by Porporato, were fully equipped with Silvertown tires. Porporato had these tires on the rear wheels of his car and said he could have won if his car had been fully equipped with Silvertowns. Alley duplicated his performance at Indianapolis, by going through the race without a tire change. Mulford also drove the 500 miles without a tire change, and said they were good for another 500. Babcock was another who drove the 500 miles without stopping for tire changes.

The B. F. Goodrich company, Akron, who are also the makers of the famous Goodrich Safety Tread tires, have the unprecedented honor of having their tires on every winning car as well as every car that finished in the two greatest automobile races ever held in the history of racing.

STUDEBAKER MODELS INTEREST THOUSANDS

Coming Year Expected to Be Greatest Selling Season in Car's History.

It is surprising how much interest is displayed by the general public in the plans of automobile manufacturers relative to new models. This has been very noticeably emphasized the past week by the comment the Studebaker announcement for 1916 has created in numerous cities. Word received from Studebaker branch house managers and dealers over the country is to one effect, that never before has such interest and enthusiasm been shown over new models. Indications are also said to point that the coming year will prove the greatest selling season in the history of the industry.

More than ever the automobile is being used for business purposes, for pleasure and recreation. Horse delivery is regarded as a luxury to a business of even ordinary size. The day seems to be approaching rapidly when every man with what may be considered a comfortable income will be the possessor of a motor car. These conditions help toward creating a general public interest in what the manufacturers are doing. The effect of this interest is to develop the new buyers, who make it possible for the quantity producer to lower his prices. A goodly portion of these readers of automobile announcements may not be immediately concerned in the purchase of a car, but their interest indicates that the educational effect may some time produce results.

Each succeeding year has brought more exacting demands from the buyers of cars in way of greater serviceability. Recognizing the insistance for more pulling power, Studebaker has enlarged the bore of the motors in the new models, and made other changes that now produce 50 horsepower in the six-cylinder motors and 40 in the four-cylinder.

Another effort on the part of manufacturers has been to lengthen the life of cars. This is a feature to which Studebaker has also given close attention in the new models. Vibration has been greatly reduced and silence secured by increasing the rigidity of parts, following European engineering practice. The crankshaft has been made stiffer, for one thing, and made to revolve on larger ball-bearings are as while the motor bearings are bronze-back babbit. A rotary balance device at the Studebaker plants makes it possible to see that shafts are properly balanced at critical speeds.

All these improvements have the effect of reducing the wear on a car to the minimum, which naturally means for it greatly prolonged life. A person of sufficient wisdom to gather enough money to purchase a motor car may be reckoned upon as casting about for the greatest value when he buys. All of which make the automobile sections of the newspapers the more attractive to the average reader.

FIRESTONE TIRE OFFICE EMPLOYEES ENJOY FISH FRY

While on a fishing trip last week on the cruiser Annie, off St. Simon's Island, E. H. Elleby, of the Firestone Tire & Rubber company, hooked a large drum, which came near pulling him overboard. On account of the small hook and line it was necessary to play him carefully and it was about a half an hour before the big fellow was played out and hauled on board.

Upon being weighed it was found that the drum tipped the scales at forty-five pounds, and Mr. Elleby immediately expressed him to Manager Wylie West, to be divided among the office force.

Mr. Elleby reports that they had rare good luck fishing, catching from 100 to 200 daily of trout, whiting and sheephead.

JOHN F. TOOLE JOINS WILLYS-KNIGHT RANKS

John F. Toole, pioneer automobile man of the south, has joined the ranks of the Willys-Overland company as superintendent of the Knight division of that concern in the southern states.

Toole is probably one of the most able and thoroughly equipped motor car men in the entire country. He has followed the industry from its early stages, and always with marked success.

His long connection with the Stearns company gave him the opportunity to become an expert in the Knight type construction, which he has always been convinced is the motor of the future.

Until his recent resignation, "Johnny" was Atlanta branch manager of the Locomobile company. He takes up his new duties immediately.

BLODGETT IS BUICK'S NEW SALES HEAD HERE

Leading Salesman of Big Auto Company Transferred From New York to Atlanta.

So impressed with Atlanta and with the future possibilities for the Buick cars in this section, was William H Blodgett about a month ago, when he visited the city, that he requested the Buick company to transfer him from the New York branch, where he was the crack salesman, to this city.

WILLIAM H. BLODGETT.
New city sales manager for Atlanta for Buick machiens.

Mr. Blodgett is now located here as city sales manager of the Atlanta house, and with his excellent record in the sales organization of the big motor company, coupled with the experience and efficient management of Branch Manager George D. McCutcheon, greater gains than ever are expected to come to the Buick company in this locality. Mr. Blodgett brought his family down recently, and is making his home at the Imperial hotel.

For several years Mr. Blodgett has held the record for the largest sales of cars among the Buick forces, winning the handsome prize year after year offered by the company for this work. He is an untiring booster of the good qualities of Buick machines, and knows their good points from A to Z. He is delighted to be connected with the Atlanta branch, which he declares to be among the very best in the Buick organization.

GOODYEAR COMPANY MAKES NEW RECORD FOR TIRE OUTPUT

"When the Goodyear Tire and Rubber company built 5,102 automobile tire casings in one day, back in 1912, setting a world's record in tire production, and a new mark for competitors to aim at, the performance was heralded as a wonderful feat, as indeed it was," says James Taylor, branch manger of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber company.

"But as succeeding events have proven, we were at that time hardly more than getting squared away for the wonderful production which was to follow. Only a year and a half later, Goodyear had more than doubled its output, and set up a new mark of 11,032, being the first tire company to attain a production of more than 10,000 tires in a single day.

"The enormous strides taken by the great tire industry are emphasized by Goodyear's latest record-breaking feat of building 15,447 tires in one day, establishing another world's record in tire production.

"These tires, laid flat and stacked one upon another, would make a pile more than eight miles. A conservative estimate of their retail value is $300,000. Ten days' output would amount to $3,000,000, which is as great a fortune as was accredited to the 'Count of Monte Cristo' by Dumas.

"It will be but a short time until we will reach a regular daily output of 20,000 tires. The recent announcement of price reductions made by many automobile manufacturers indicates that next season's production of cars will be a record-breaker.

"We are making preparations to take care of the enormous business which is in sight for 1916. In anticipation of the rush we are adding five acres of floor space, in order that Goodyear dealers everywhere may have tires for their customers."

PACKARD WINNER OF HIGH HONORS AT WORLD'S EXPO.

Latest advices indicate that the Packard awards at the Panama-Pacific International exposition are much more significant than was indicated by the first announcement.

The grand prize, which was given to no other automobile company, was awarded by the superior jury for quality of material and workmanship, ingenuity and skill in design and construction, the magnitude of the business represented and the length of time the exhibitor has been engaged in manufacturing.

In addition to the grand prize, the Packard was awarded the first of the three medals of honor. Other exhibitors were the recipients of fifteeen gold medals, thirteen silver medals, nine bronze medals and two certificates of honorable mention. The awarding of one of the fifteen gold medals to such a famous car as the Rolls-Royce, of English manufacture, is illustrative of the substantial character of the competition.

The honors heaped upon the Packard by the exposition have given added impetus to the storm of public approval which has greeted the new 12-cylinder car recently announced as the Twin Six. During the first two days of the display of this car at the exposition it was inspected by 25,000 persons.

Ladies' Rest Room Opened in Atlanta at Buick Headquarters

A new departure for Automobile row is the idea recently put into operation by Manager George D. McCutcheon, of the Buick company, at the big Buick home on Peachtree street, by having installed a ladies' rest room, with a maid in attendance at all times.

The room is tidily fitted up with all conveniences. Mr. McCutcheon says that on account of so many ladies who are now driving Buick cars, and the fact that so many are interested in the new models, he found it necessary to provide some comfortable resting place for them while visiting the display rooms.

The innovation of Manager McCutcheon is in keeping with the live, progressive policy of the big Buick organization, and while he has been the first to set the example in this city, it is believed others will follow his example before a great while.

Chalmers 1916 Cars Here

Astounding Values-Astounding Prices

THE Chalmers Motor Company, with its new organization, even greater factory facilities, additional buildings, more men and still more capital, and with a quadrupled production is bringing out *for the season of 1916 a series of cars the equal of which have never been offered before.*

The Chalmers Company is the only leading manufacturer that is offering a new car for 1916 at a new price—in the medium-price class.

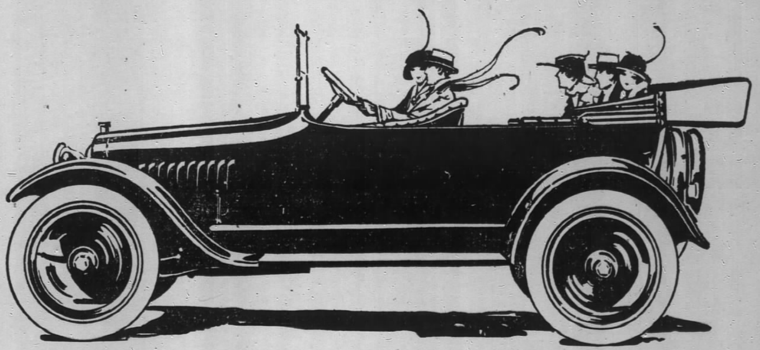
Others have either put out a new car at a higher price, the same old car at the same old price, or the same old car at a cut price.

This new Chalmers is the Six-40 shown below at the astounding price of $1275.

The Light-Six and Master-Six are continued in improved models at lower prices.

Such prices at higher quality than ever before are only made possible by cutting out middleman's profits, buying for cash on definite specifications, utilizing new methods of manufacture and administration, working on smaller profits and greater production.

The Chalmers Motor Company has also inaugurated a new Chalmers Service Plan by means of which we are able to offer gratis to every new Chalmers owner *service* in the form of an *interchangeable service coupon book,* good for a definite amount of work—at *any Chalmers dealers—anywhere.*



Chalmers Six-40 $1275.00

This is the most remarkable motor car that has ever been offered for $1275. It is the lowest price at which Chalmers quality has ever been sold.

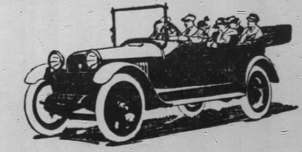
It is the only American stock car with *valve-in-head overhead camshaft motor,* the type that Europe was working on when war stopped production.

It is this type of motor that broke all records for 500 miles at both Indianapolis and Chicago speedway races, going at the terriffic speed of 90 miles per hour at Indianapolis and 98 miles an hour at Chicago—the most gruelling test of motor car efficiency ever known.

This motor gives the car instant get away, wonderful flexibility, great power and economy.

The car rides like a Pullman.

It is the superior of cars that three years ago sold for $3000 or over. Be sure to come in and see it.



Chalmers "Six-48" Seven-Passenger - - - - - $1550

This is the 1916 series of the popular Light-Six declared by thousands of enthusiastic owners to be the most satisfactory motor car they have ever owned. It is light where it can be, strong where it should be. It is the most economical car in America in upkeep cost and admittedly the best car made within $500 of its price.

Chalmers "Master Six" in either Touring Car or Limousine Bodies at Prices Ranging from - - - $2175 $3350

These are the magnificent Master Sixes which have stood all tests of performance, appearance, quality and upkeep. People who demand the utmost in a motor car will find that the 1916 Chalmers "Master-Six" measures up to the highest standards of automobile construction and still remains within reach of the average purse.

These models are on exhibition now in our salesroom. First orders will be filled from stock.

Quality First

H. B. ODELL, Distributor
541 Peachtree St. Ivy 4932
ATLANTA, GA.

"Let Your Next Car be a Chalmers"

A Department Devoted to the Interests of Commercial Travelers, Wholesalers, Manufacturers, Etc.
PRESS HUDDLESTON, Editor.

THE CONSTITUTION'S FIRING LINE

First Week in August To Be Merchants Week

Atlanta Jobbers, Wholesalers and Manufacturers Are Preparing Some Merchandising Opportunities for Buyers.

The first week in August, beginning Monday, August 2, is to be a big week for the retail merchants of the south.

For they are coming to Atlanta by the hundreds—from every corner of the south—to do their fall looking and buying.

And the big wholesalers, jobbers and manufacturers of this city are now laying their plans to offer them some of the rarest and best bargains to be picked up during a whole season.

Not only that, some forms of entertainment and digression from business cares will be arranged and announced later, but the main thing—the thing the southern retail buyers are perhaps most interested in—is the merchandising opportunities that will be offered the visitors to the city during the week which ushers in the month of August.

No market in the south affords a better opportunity for buying. Practically everything needed by the retailer can be secured here, and while the merchants of the south, particularly since the war, have been buying more than ever from nearby home markets, still many of them have bought rather sparingly in all lines. It is generally conceded that stocks of every description are low, but now that the fall business is well on the way, with good crops to back up business, the conditions are going to be exceedingly bright for a good fall business.

The wholesalers and jobbers of this city, ever wire-awake to their interest as well as to the interest of the thousands of patrons whom they serve, have planned a week of bargains for their customers. Every house represented in the big list of Atlanta's commercial industries will have its very best foot foremost on this occasion. There is to be opportunities never before offered in merchandise buying. The Atlanta houses feel that the best way to interest the buying merchants is to offer them something really worth while from the standpoint of good merchandise at low prices. That is what they are arranging to do. There will be compelling interest in the goods offered—bargains in dress goods, dry goods, novelties, hats, millinery, shoes—in fact, every line to satisfy the wants of the visitors.

So now, Mr. Merchant, make your arrangements to be here. Take a little vacation from business, and while having a good time in our city, profit as well by the trip. The Atlanta merchants are expecting you. There will be further announcements made of the plans for the week, but you begin now to make ready for the trip to Atlanta, and be here on time to get first pick over the attractive list of good things Atlanta wholesalers and manufacturers are going to offer you.

Be here Monday, August 2. You will have a good time. You will be welcome. And you will profit by it.

U. C. T. Council, 505

R. L. Wallace, accompanied by his wife, is making a trip, in which business is combined with pleasures, through south Georgia. He is going by auto and expects to spend two weeks very pleasantly.

Brother T. B. Lewis, who was a conspicuous member of the big U. C. T. convention at Columbus, Ohio, is back on the firing line again.

L. H. Crumley, one of our good members, who is auditor for Swift & Co., was in the city the past week.

Brother W. L. Hudson, of the Capital City Chair company, has just left the city for a four weeks' trip through Mississippi.

Ed Stroud, city man for the E. L. Adams company, put in last week vacating around.

B. B. Baber, our good brother at the Atlanta Woodenware company, was on his vacation last week.

A number of the boys of 505 accepted the hospitality of Council 18, and on Saturday night, the 26th, attended the entertainment given by the members of that council. A splendid program of music and reading was given and refreshments served, all of which were thoroughly enjoyed.

Booming C. H. S. Cigars.

R. H. Patterson, the ever hustling C. H. S. man, is spending a few weeks in the east, and since his latest trip the big Tampa factory is beginning to feel the effects of his work. Some of the largest orders are now coming into the factory from that territory, as well as a number of big orders from the west, notably Kansas City, Oklahoma, Memphis and other points.

Big June for Cigars.

"This has been a fine June month on our cigar sales," said President Carlton, of the Capital City Tobacco company. "In checking up we find that our cigar business for June, this year, exceeds this June last year by quite a neat sum. We feel that we ought to be gratified with that—and we are—but, of course, we would liked to have seen it doubled." So there you are.

Perfection Cafe
170 Peachtree St.
Under New Management
Table D'Hote Dinner
Sunday 5:30 to 9:30 P.M.
50 Cents
MENU
—SOUP—
Tomato Alexanderine or Chicken Broth with Noodles.
Celery. Lettuce. Tomatoees.
Broiled Spanish Mackerel.
(Shoestring Potatoes).
Roast Young Hen, Chestnut Dressing.
String Beans. Corn on Cob.
New Potatoes in Cream.
Bell Fritters with Wine Sauce.
Ice Cream and Cake.
Choice of Drinks.
The Best of Home Cooking
W. F. WEBB, Manager

J. N. HIRSCH
Distributer and Jobber of **C. H. S.** and
MANY OTHER FAMOUS BRANDS OF CIGARS, CIGARETTES AND TOBACCOS
Prompt Shipments **136 Marietta Street**

If your NECKWEAR BUSINESS isn't what it ought to be—then make it so. The **All Star Steel Bow** will largely increase your trade.
Many of our customers are selling from 10 to 20 dozen per week.
All Star Manufacturing Co.
Atlanta, Ga.

ADAMS AND BALDWIN RETURN FROM MEETING

Delegates to National Credit Men's Meeting Take in Big Western Fairs.

E. L. Adams and J. L. Baldwin, who left Atlanta several weeks ago as delegates from the Atlanta Credit Men's association to attend the national meeting of that body in Salt Lake City, returned to the city last week.

They report one of the largest attendances ever present at the national meeting, something more than 700 delegates being present. A number of interesting matters were discussed by the body, the Atlanta delegation taking a leading part in many of them. H. G. Moore, of Kansas City, was elected president of the national body.

Accompanying Messrs. Adams and Baldwin were Messrs. Holmes and Pettijohn, of Jacksonville, Fla., who returned to their homes last week.

While in the western country, Mr. Adams and Mr. Baldwin took occasion to visit the big exposition at San Francisco, where they spent four days enjoying the sights. Mr. Adams declares it a great exposition, and that while the attendance has not been all that the people of the west have anticipated, yet has been very good and is just now improving.

The Atlantans also visited San Diego and Los Angeles, and spent several days visiting the expositions now in progress in San Diego.

"It was a great trip," said Mr. Adams, "and that is a great country out there, and they have got some fine expositions, but let me tell you, these old red hills of Georgia looked mighty good to me when we hove in sight of them a few days ago. Me for Georgia."

A Handsome Booklet

One of the most attractive booklets yet sent out by an Atlanta house is that being mailed to its friends and customers by Hamilton Carhartt, manufacturers of overalls. Its title is "Trusted Men," and in his introduction Edwin Markham, who supplied the reading for the big overall company, says that "We present in this little book, a few of the chief types of the great army of American craftsmen, men who are doing the work of the world." He closes by saying, "The future is in their strong hands, in the hands of the trusted workers who put mind into muscle and heart into handiwork. The old epic was, 'Arms and the Man,' the new epic is 'Tools and the Man.'"

The little booklet is beautifully illustrated with handsome color pictures of the engineer, the electrical worker, the farmer, the mason, the baggageman and many other types of the workingman. Accompanying each picture is a masterpiece of English by the famous author, paying tribute to the man who works in that particular line. A booklet can be obtained by addressing the Atlanta house of the overall company.

JONES THE LEADER IN "ARAGON" LEAGUE

There was some shifting of positions in the "Aragon" league the past week, the firing liners of the A. M. Robinson company crowding each other, for top positions. It will be noticed that our friend, Walter Jones, leads off the list this week, with L. A. Barrow second. Both of these salesmen had a fine week's business, and if they could keep up the record set it would doubtless be several weeks before they could be displaced. Here's how the boys lined up: W. S. Jones, L. A. Barrow, J. H. McKinnon, C. A. Smith, W. P. Sewell, L. B. Robinson, C. P. Irby, P. W. Harris, M. M. Stanaland, R. L. Smith, J. A. Sewell, Gray Singleton, M. L. Crawford, W. A. Kay, J. W. Kea, A. S. Harris, Ferd Jaubert.

ALLEN WILL CONDUCT THE GIDEON MEETING

M. F. Allen will conduct the regular Gideon meeting Sunday at 3:30 p. m., at the Ansley hotel, Parlor "E." Special music and singing. Ladies given a special invitation to all Gideon meetings.

Mr. Allen is one of the most loyal and faithful Gideons and a very entertaining speaker.

Corry in Charge.

With Z. W. Corry, recently in charge of the Ansley cigar stand, in charge of the cigar and soda stand in the Journal building, the Capital City Tobacco company has taken over this place, and will operate it in the future. Mr. Corry will prove a popular man at this popular place, his long experience in the cigar business fitting him well to handle the enlarged business which he will have under his supervision. E. C. Burt will be transferred from the Piedmont hotel cigar stand to take the place made vacant by Mr. Corry leaving the Ansley.

Manager McLean Back.

A. E. McLean, manager of the Atlanta branch of the Liquid Carbonic company, has returned from Chicago, where he attended the managers' convention of "The Liquid." Mr. McLean reports not only a pleasant, but very optimistic meeting. Plans for next year's business were threshed out in detail. Mr. McLean reports that "The Liquid" is now ready with 1916 model founts and carbonators and will have their Atlanta showroom displaying these outfits next week.

Goes in Brokerage Game.

Friends of R. S. Morris, who has been connected with the Tennessee Central railroad for many years, will be interested to learn that he has embarked in the brokerage business on his own account, with offices in the Healey building. The firm will be known as the Morris Brokerage company, and will handle hay, grain, flour and feedstuffs.

Succeed in Cafe Business

CHARLES KERAMIDAS. NICK MATRANGOS.
Proprietors and managers of Peachtree Cafe.

Coming to this country fifteen years ago, and locating in Atlanta, Charles Keramidas and Nick Matrangos, together with other natives of Argos, Greece, have made a success of the cafe business in this city.

At present two places, both of which are located on Peachtree street, and both most liberally patronized, are managed by the group of originally foreigners, but now all naturalized citizens, property holders and altogether good citizens of this locality.

Peachtree cafe, opposite the Piedmont hotel, is under the management of Keramidas and Matrangos. The Arcade cafe, at 38 Peachtree, is under the management of Nick Tountas and Chris Matrangos. Angel Mitchell is the fifth of the group interested in the ownership and management of the two places. He recently returned from a fourteen months' visit to the old country, where he married the sweetheart of his youth, bringing her back to Atlanta.

The cafes are both of the quick service and courteous attention kind. Only white help is employed, from floor boys to head waiters, and on account of the cleanliness of the places, the well-prepared food and the prompt and considerate attention given to patrons, these two cafes feed a large number of people daily.

City Salesmen Return Home From Greatest Outing Ever

By J. A. Massey.

The City Salesmen and their friends returned from Charleston and the Isle of Palms Friday morning at 6:10 o'clock. This trip, as have been all other outings of the salesmen, was made without a single accident, either on the trains, in the surf, on the boats, or anywhere in any manner. We consider this remarkable, and it speaks well for the splendid management of all connected with the handling of the crowds who attend our outings.

No sooner had the train started than the people on the train commenced to make themselves acquainted and in a short time it was a large happy crowd of old and new made friends. President Thomas had his good wife prepare a surprise for his car, and when he announced to the committee he was prepared to furnish a luncheon of fried chicken and other good things in proportion, he was loudly cheered as the most popular man on the train. He certainly made good and had some left over.

A Tempting Breakfast.

Almost everybody was up until we reached Augusta, but after leaving there they retired rapidly and all slept until we pulled into Charleston at 7:30. We were immediately transferred to the ferry and carried across to the cars on the island, reaching the hotel about 8:30, where a tempting breakfast was prepared and in waiting. The dining room was thrown open and everybody invited to breakfast before registering or being assigned to rooms. This was very thoughtful in the management of the hotel and was appreciated as was well evidenced by the good humor of the crowd.

The time was spent throughout the week in lazily reclining the large comfortable chairs on the porch, in surf bathing, in strolling on the beach in the evenings, watching the moon rise in all its beauty, shedding its rays gently over the breaking waves of the ocean, making a picture that no human artist could ever paint, dancing in the spacious pavilion and numerous other ways.

Not Much Fishing Luck.

We had several fishing parties to go out, but their luck was small. This was explained as being due to the rains and easterly winds for two or three weeks preceding our visit. The writer was on one particular trip when the boatman carried us out to the jetties to fish. On the boat was Paul Pouse, Bill Gaston, Baxter Thomas, Roy Abernathy, Fred Sheats, John Owen, Mr. Matthews, of the Georgia railroad; John Stephens, Mr. Mason and others. This trip was of particular interest to me in that it brought to light some of the hidden good qualities of my associates. The trip had barely commenced when a very serious expression was seen to come over the usually smiling face of Paul Pouse, and he soon informed us with tears in his eyes, that he had come prepared to feed the little fishes, and lamenting that he had been so dilatory as to postpone this act of kindness so long. So in order to set himself right with the little fishes he fed them well.

Not to be outdone by Paul in his thoughtfulness, other members of the party soon joined him and were quite free in their contribution.

A New Sandwich.

I also discovered from Baxter Thomas the formula for a new sandwich, which I am sure the ladies will all appreciate, having published that it may be used at their parties in the future. Baxter, in demonstrating the sandwich, used a Stones Raisin cake, which he sliced and filled with French sardines, and then spread freely with mayonnaise. He said when you had finished this wonderful combination to suck the juice from three lemons and you could never forget the sensation.

Roy Abernathy endeavored to teach me to fish with what he called a "banjo," using four lines, or strings. He had many "bites," he said, but most of the "jerks" were from coming in contact with the lines of other fishermen.

John Owen fished from the top of the boat, and caught more than anybody else, having been blistered on both arms, his nose and neck.

Massey Was "Skeered."

We were anchored at one time about twenty feet from the rocks, when the boatman said something to Massey and he turned pale and immediately begun to wind in his line. He afterward explained the boatman had said he was anchored in the most dangerous part of the bay, but if the anchor held or the rope did not part all would be well, but if either of these should happen the boat would wash on the rocks before the engine could be started. Massey thought of the danger his friend "Bert" Simmons was exposed to on the island, "Bert" having been commissioned as chief of police and invested with Sheriff Owen's badge before the fishermen left. The boatman's words brought no fear when he said it was only a short time since twenty-six darkies had lost their lives at this place, but "Bert's" lonesome position called for an immediate return.

Things happened and other things were done, all of which will be related in due time, but for the present I must keep them up my sleeve.

WEBB NOW MANAGER AT PERFECTION CAFE

Perfection Cafe, the popular little eating house at 170 Peachtree street, has been put new management, and the friends of W. F. Webb will be interested in knowing that he is now looking after the desires of the hungry at this cafe.

Mr. Webb is an old university boy, reared in Georgia, but spent much of his time the past five or six years traveling over the country. He has visited almost every country in the world, and has gained a wide experience in business generally. This is his first venture, however, in the cafe line, but his two weeks of management at the Perfection demonstrates that he has caught on to the game mighty fast. The Perfection is one of the daintiest and yet more wholesome places in the city to eat. Mrs. Webb is aiding her husband in his duties as manager, and under his supervision the cooking is guaranteed spotlessly clean, wholesome and home-like. The Sunday dinners Mr. Webb is putting on just now are most elaborate and inviting, and with the moderate price, is drawing to his house about all he can accommodate.

ALL STAR TRAVELERS FIRING IN ORDERS

The boys on the firing line for the All Star Manufacturing company have been trying themselves during the month of June, and in consequence Manager Steele reports the past June as unusually good, with very bright prospects for still a better business for July.

Among those whose orders have been particularly good are Ferd Jaubert, of Louisiana, and E. W. Bentley, Alabama man. In addition to their large number of orders "Uncle Sam" has been unusually kind to the neckwear manufacturers, and a large number of orders have come through this source.

D. FLEMING WRITES ABOUT HOTEL RATES

Chairman Hotel Committee, T. P. A., Asks Hotel Men Some Questions.

Editor Constitution: Please allow me space in your valuable department to discuss as best I can hotels as the traveling man finds them today.

As chairman of the hotel committee, T. P. A. of Georgia, and Traveling Men's Social Protective association, I have had several communications addressed to me, calling attention to the general injustice that has been meted to the traveling fraternity in various hotels. I refer to the rates and overcharges, and want to take this method of replying to these communications.

Gentlemen, I am just as much opposed to this as you are, and do not think it is right, but the majority of the hotels will not do this, for they know that it comes out of the pocket of the traveling man. Now the proposition is this: "There are some hotels whose advertised rates are $2.50 per day, and if you stop one-half day they make you pay $1.50, instead of $1.25, and when their rates are $3 per day and you stop there one-half day it is $2 instead of $1.50. Now is $1.50 one-half of $2.50, or is $2 one-half of $3? If it is, I will have to take another course in arithmetic. This is not legitimate. And when the hotel company makes this extra charge they are taking it from the traveling man, and it is not fair or just.

Now, Mr. Hotel Man who has been doing this, can't you come half way and let us adjust this little friction? I believe if you will it will be for the best, and we, the Knights of the Grip, want to do our part. Let us get together. The best hotels in the state are doing what is right, and when we stop there for one-half a day they only charge us for one-half their rates per day, and why can't you do the same?

For instance, if a traveling man called on a merchant with an article that is $9 per dozen, and the merchant wants only one-half dozen, he charges him only $4.50, and not more. I want every traveling man that has taken this matter up with me, and everyone that this applies to, to write me, giving the name of the hotels which are treating the traveling man as I referred to above, and anything that is within my power to do will be a pleasure for me to perform for the best interest of the traveling fraternity, commending what is right and prohibiting what is wrong. Yours very truly,

D. FLEMING.

Thomasville, Ga.

Very Lonesome

Charles Burge, of the sales force of the McCord-Stewart company, is inwardly saying to himself that next year "doggone if he don't go with the salesmen to Halifax, or anywhere else." You see, it's like this: He didn't go the past week to Charleston with them, but thought he would put in the time just killing time and resting around the wholesale house. He couldn't go out and work the trade. He couldn't even go out and chat his customers. They might think—or somebody else might think—he was trying to put something over on the boys who were away. Everybody promised, you know, they wouldn't do any soliciting. So Charles tried to loaf around the company's office. But nobody would talk to him—everybody was too busy. So he just sat around and was the lonesomest man in town. But next year he'll know.

SINGER CO. RECEIVES CARLOAD GINGER ALE

Was-Cott, New Ale for This Market, Seems to Have Struck Popular Chord.

The H. L. Singer company has received its first carload of Was-Cott ginger ale, and already practically all of it has been disposed of. The salesmen are now taking orders on the second car, and the next shipment will come along within a short time.

This is a new ginger ale on this market, and is declared to be the peer of any sweet ale manufactured anywhere. The Singer company is exclusive distributors, and expects to be able to swing a carload of this popular drink every little once in a while. It is manufactured by the Tazewell Manufacturing Company of North Tazewell, Va., and in addition to the quality of the drink, one of the desirable features is the uniformity with which the goods are packed, both in the bulk packages—each barrel or case containing a specified and uniform amount—and the uniform size of the bottles, all of which are manufactured new for the bottling company.

May Get Modification On Baggage Ruling

Editor Firing Line: There has been so much adverse criticism of the ruling made by the interstate commerce commission relative to the Cummings law in regard to declaring valuation on interestate baggage, and it has proven such a nuisance to both travelers and baggagemen, that I wrote to Senator Cummings to know why he introduced such a measure that apparently accomplished nothing but trouble, and I quote you from his reply. I believe this measure will be changed so as to exempt the baggage of commercial men and tourists as far as trunks and suit cases are concerned. Senator Cummings writes me as follows:

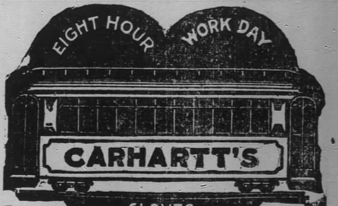
"Washington, D. C., June 15, 1915.—My Dear Sir: I have yours of the 5th instant. In my opinion, the bill to which you refer does not cover baggage. It was not intended to cover it and if it has been so construed it is a forced and unnatural interpretation. Moreover, I was not the author of that part of the act. The clause to which you refer was added through an amendment offered by James A. Lee, of Missouri. I was not in favor of it then, and am not now. Yours very truly,

"ALBERT B. CUMMINS."

I have taken the matter up with Senator Lee and the interstate commerce commission, in the hope of getting a modification of the ruling.

N. K. SMITH.

Announcement
R. S. Morris, who for many years has been connected with the Tenn. Central R. R. in Atlanta, has entered the brokerage business under the firm name of
Morris Brokerage Co.
1302 Healey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.
The Firm Will Handle
HAY, GRAIN, FLOUR and FEED



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CARHARTT OVERALLS are cut and made in Atlanta.
Mr. GEORGIA MAN—WHAT OVERALL DO YOU BUY?
Insist on *Carhartt* if you want the best by test. You will find many inferior substitutes, and remember that you will not find Carhartt's in every clothing store, profit too small for some dealers.
HAMILTON CARHARTT, Atlanta, Ga.
Detroit Dallas Toronto Vancouver Liverpool

They'll All Be Here the First Week in August

Merchants from every corner of the South will foregather in Atlanta to do ther fall looking and buying during the first week of August.

We will be ready. Every house represented in this association will have its *Very Best Foot Foremost.* There will be many merchandising opportunities of compelling interest. Come!

Plan now. Fit this into your vacation and make your little rest-time pay a profit. You'll have a good time and you can do some fine business.

Merchants and Manufacturers Association :: :: :: :: :: Atlanta

FIVE FLIGHTS FILL FOR PRESIDENT'S CUP

Atlanta Athletic Club Golfers Qualify for Play in Big Meet Saturday.

Four full flights and a half flight in the fifth were filled at the conclusion of the qualifying round at the Atlanta Athletic club's East Lake course yesterday afternoon.

The pairings in the five flights are as follows. Handicaps apply in all flights:

First Flight.

W. H. Rowan v. C. E. Corwin.
C. B. Mott v. L. D. Scott.
J. O. Smith v. W. H. Glenn.
H. C. Moore v. R. P. Jones.
S. Hord v. G. W. Adair.
L. Arnold v. D. E. Root.
P. Adair v. C. Donaldson.
Joe Burton v. R. T. Jones, Jr.

Second Flight.

L. L. Hunnicutt v. Forrest Adair, Jr.
W. A. Camp v. C. H. Ridley.
N. R. Broyles v. W. F. Rogers.
E. A. Thornwell v. R. A. Palmer.
P. G. Lombard v. Frank Adair.
P. D. Yates v. T. N. Bradshaw.
W. R. Tichenor v. W. H. Griffith.
H. R. Calef v. G. A. Howell.

Third Flight.

J. S. Den v. J. G. Darling.
G. L. Simpson v. W. N. Adkins.
G. B. Raine v. B. K. Upshaw.
F. W. Stone v. R. E. Hastings.
G. N. Spring v. S. R. Bridges.
W. G. Brantley, Jr., v. T. L. Cooper.
A. V. Gude, Jr., v. W. Allen.

Fourth Flight.

W. C. Spiker v. H. D. Carson.
Cone Maddox v. C. G. Lippold.
R. J. Morris v. C. B. Shelton.
T. B. Meador v. T. L. Ingram.
J. M. Beasley v. H. R. Neer.
Boyd Perry v. E. D. Duncan.
W. C. Holleyman v. P. Goldsmith.
W. A. Jackson v. T. G. Woolford.

Fifth Flight.

W. W. DeLaney v. T. R. Gentry.
W. T. Upshaw v. G. W. Walker.
J. J. Neer v. C. Frazier.
J. T. Moore v. T. H. Latham.

Standing of the Clubs

Southern League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New Orleans	44	30	.595
Memphis	43	30	.589
Birmingham	40	32	.556
Nashville	42	34	.553
Chattanooga	33	40	.452
ATLANTA	32	42	.432
Mobile	32	42	.432
Little Rock	27	43	.386

South Atlantic League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Columbus	14	6	.700
Augusta	13	8	.619
Columbia	10	9	.526
Charleston	10	10	.500
Savannah	10	11	.476
Macon	10	11	.476
Albany	9	11	.450
Jacksonville	5	15	.250

National League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	37	27	.578
Philadelphia	34	28	.548
St. Louis	36	32	.529
Pittsburg	33	30	.524
Brooklyn	30	32	.484
Boston	30	35	.462
New York	27	33	.450
Cincinnati	26	33	.440

American League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	46	23	.667
Boston	37	24	.607
Detroit	41	27	.603
New York	35	32	.522
Washington	32	30	.516
Cleveland	24	40	.375
St. Louis	23	42	.354
Philadelphia	23	43	.348

Federal League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Kansas City	41	28	.594
St. Louis	39	26	.585
Chicago	39	30	.565
Pittsburg	37	29	.561
Newark	35	34	.507
Brooklyn	30	41	.424
Buffalo	27	44	.380
Baltimore	25	42	.373

Georgia-Alabama League.

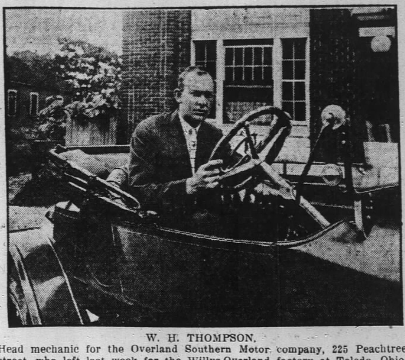
CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Newnan	31	18	.633
Talladega	31	20	.608
Rome	25	24	.510
Griffin	24	25	.490
Anniston	20	29	.408
LaGrange	16	31	.340

Flag League.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Dothan	7	3	.700
Waycross	6	3	.667
Valdosta	6	4	.600
Thomasville	5	5	.500
Brunswick	3	7	.300
Gainesville	2	7	.222

Confidential data obtained by the United States bureau of education from 43 text-book publishers in the United States show that their aggregate total sales of text-books for use in public and private schools in 1913 amounted to $17,274,000. The aggregate for public schools, elementary and high, amounted to $14,261,768.

Leaves for Auto Factory



W. H. THOMPSON.

Head mechanic for the Overland Southern Motor company, 225 Peachtree street, who left last week for the Willys-Overland factory at Toledo, Ohio. Mr. Thompson will spend two or three weeks in the factory of the new Willys-Knight car, which will be announced July 17. W. S. Becker, manager of the local branch, is always alive to the proposition to have his mechanics thoroughly familiar with motors of the Overland in order that the purchasers may get the very best of service.

Braves or Giants Will Not Cop in the National; Cubs Look Best to McGraw

By JOHN J. M'GRAW.
(Manager of the Giants.)

"Johnny" Evers cannot sit comfortably on the bench if he has just one good leg under him, and this impatience is liable to cost the Braves the pennant. I don't think Stallings is going to repeat. If he is, he will have to start soon, very soon. Should Evers be lucky enough to last through the season without being laid up again, Stallings has a great chance to land. I don't believe he will come through to another championship, however, because Evers is not in good shape.

John and I had a long talk during the series between the Giants and the Braves at the Polo Grounds last week, and Evers was feeling very blue over the way things have broken for him.

"I wish," he said, "I had the constitution of a truck driver, with just a little luck to go with it."

"You'd have broken up the league long ago if you had," I told him.

"Well," he went on, "after we won the world's championship I had to get pneumonia last winter, which pulled me down. I hadn't been going but a few days after the season started until I broke my leg. Then I hurt it two or three times trying to practice too soon."

"That's just what you are going to do now—tearing into the game so soon," I warned him.

"I can't sit on the bench any longer," he replied. "It makes me nervous."

Evers Over-Anxious.

This is Evers' biggest weakness—his over-anxiety, a rare quality in a ball player, and one which I wish some of my boys carried. The most ardent fans don't realize John's true value to a ball team, nor even do the men playing alongside of him. It takes an opponent to recognize it. It isnt' natural for a fellow player to admit he is playing better ball because Evers is alongside of him. He is going to take all the credit for what he does himself. But "Johnny" makes lots of difference to the other men on a club. And he runs big risks of being hurt, especially when fragile, as now, for he plays the game in such a way that he takes long chances.

Even with Evers only on the bench you can see the difference in the club. Stallings and he work together very well. They never hitch over questions of how the game should be played. John has long adopted the scheme of sitting at the far end of the bench from Stallings between innings, and he talks to the youngsters of the team. John can keep a ball club on edge better than any other man in baseball.

I don't think the Braves will win the championship. In view of such a bald statement, I suppose readers would like to have me say who I do think will grab it. I will go further and concede I don't believe the Giants will unless there is considerable improvement shown in some parts of the machine. I am disgusted with the way some of the players have been going. The Cubs have a fair chance to cop the pennant.

If it was not for the poor baseball of this season the Giants would be out of the race now, and so would the Braves, too. Any first-class club would have that pennant won now if it had stuck to its knitting. But the laziness of the league made the race tight, for which I suppose I ought to be thankful, because we still have a chance in a good race. However, I don't believe the Federal league will be in a position to force organized baseball to sign stars up to "soft" contracts again, and I know it won't force me, no matter how strong it is. Give me a club of ball players who are only mediocre performers without a star among them, but who know they've got to hustle for their jobs because they are subject to release, and I will beat a team of stars over a hundred and fifty-four games who have "soft" contracts for two or three years. It is human nature to loaf when you can, and these contracts invite loafing. Many of the boys don't intend to do it, but human nature makes them loaf just the same.

Cards Hustling.

One reason the St. Louis club is making such a good showing is because it is made up mostly of players who know that if they don't show something they won't hold their jobs in the big league, and they hate the "bushes" even worse than they hate St. Louis. Most of the regulars on Huggins' club have been traded there by other teams, the trading managers thinking he was taking a star away from the wily little St. Louis leader. When he came to examine what he got, he usually discovered he had traded a ten dollar gold piece for a five. Huggins was not forced to give these men long term contracts, because they were glad enough to have jobs. So they are out there hustling every day to hold them, and they are winning a lot of ball games, too.

I am not for holding down players' salaries, but neither do I like to be held up. It is not going to be so "soft" for the boys after these contracts run out, and most of them know it. It will, however, be a good thing for baseball.

The Giants played better baseball in the series with the Braves than they have shown at any other time this season. One of the most encouraging symptoms was the grand game which Mathewson pitched. The two clubs which have given him the hardest battle in past seasons are the St. Louis Cardinals and the Braves. He beat the Braves in a tight game, and he looked like the Matty of old. It will break my heart when that old bird isn't fit to work any more. It won't seem like the Giants without him aboard. But I believe he ought to go five years more if he is not overworked, and I am trying to look out for that personally. He deserves to take it a little easier now, for he has certainly worked for the Giants.

The rest of the team is too unsteady and uncertain to get anywhere. You never know what is going to break. The club may go like champions for six innings and crack wide in the seventh, with every man who can get his hands on the ball contributing his error.

Cubs Look Best.

To me right now the Cubs look like the best club in the league, not because the team is leading, but because of the general showing they have made and the spirit. Zimmerman is going better than he ever did, and staying closer to the ground. He is leaving the umpires alone. I don't know what sort of a treatment Bresnahan has given him, but it certainly has worked. Roger thinks he has another Mordecai Brown in Zabel.

"He's another Three-Fingered Brown without the missing fingers," Bresnahan told me when I was in Chicago.

"Then you ought to be as good a manager as Frank Chance," I replied.

"And," he answered, "if 'Bil' Donovan could dig up another Christy Mathewson, or if Caldwell turns out to be anything like Big Six, he ought to become as good a manager as John McGraw."

It was no weak comeback.

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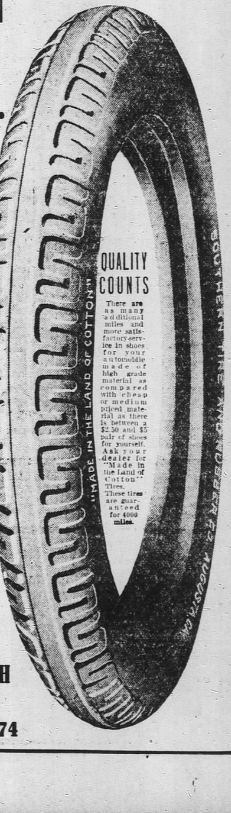

Cedartown 7, Kingston 0.

Cedartown, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Kingston simply was outclassed by the strong Cedartown team here this afternoon. The score was 7 to 0. Cooper, of the home team, knocked two home runs over right field fence. Cedartown plays the Agoga team of the Atlanta City league two games here Monday, morning and afternoon.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Kingston	000 000 000	0	3	2
Cedartown	130 110 01x	7	11	2

Batteries—McDaniel and Jolley; Thompson and Cooper. Umpires, Wood and Boshce.

Singing was just over in the kindergarten and immediately a small hand flew up. "What is it, Alice?" asked the teacher. "I want to know what is a beady vine?" asked the little girl timidly. "I always wonder what kind of a vine it is when we sing that song, 'Little lives may be beady vine'" (be divine).—Chicago Herald.

"How are the springs on this car?" "Simply wonderful! You don't notice a child, and even when you run over a grown man, it's no discomfort at all!"—Life.

The Constitution's Amateur Baseball Page

Conducted by Carl Taylor

Junior Sunday School League.

LEAGUE STANDING.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Gordon Street	6	1	.857
Second Baptist	5	3	.625
Jones Avenue	3	4	.429
St. Luke	1	6	.125

ST. LUKE'S LOSES.

The St. Luke's team was downed Saturday by Jones Avenue team, by 7 to 5. The game was crammed full of features. The $10,000 infield of Jones Avenue pulled a fast double play.

The Box Score.

JONES AVE.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
DeBardelaben, ss.	4	2	2	2	3	0
Lewis, 2b.	4	2	1	0	2	0
Hollingsworth, cf.	5	2	2	0	0	0
Towery, c.	5	0	1	8	1	2
Courtney, p.	3	1	2	0	3	1
Baldwin, 1b.	4	0	3	12	0	0
Haralson, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Jones, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
H. Morris, 3b.	3	0	0	3	4	1
E. Morris, lf.	3	0	2	2	0	0
Totals	37	7	13	27	13	4

ST. LUKE'S—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Hubert, 3b.	5	3	2	0	4	1
C. Bearden, 2b.	4	0	1	1	3	1
George, c.	4	0	1	8	1	0
Bancker, p.	4	1	1	0	2	1
Hamlett, 1b.	4	0	0	2	0	1
Knox, ss.	4	0	1	0	3	2
W. Bearden, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Watson, rf.	3	1	0	0	0	1
Haynes, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	34	5	6	19	13	8

Score by innings		R.
St. Luke's	201 001 001	5
Jones Avenue	201 001 12x	7

Summary—Two-base hit, Courtney; three-base hit, Hollingsworth; double plays, Courtney to DeBardelaben to Baldwin; innings pitched by Courtney 9, by Bancker 9; struck out by Courtney 9, by Bancker 9; bases on balls, off Courtney 3, off Bancker 3; stolen bases, H. Morris, DeBardelaben, E. Morris, Hubert, Baldwin, Lewis; passed balls, Towery 2; hit by pitched ball, by Courtney 1. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Nuts.

GORDON STREET WINS.

Gordon took a slow game from Second Baptist Saturday, 5 to 4. Boswell stole home in the fourth inning.

The Box Score.

GORDON STREET—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Mooney, ss.	4	1	2	1	3	0
Hornsby, 2b.	3	0	1	2	2	0
Hardage, 3b.	4	0	1	2	3	0
Johnson, 1b.	4	1	1	8	0	0
Boswell, lf.	3	2	0	2	0	0
Colquitt, c.	3	0	0	9	0	0
Grimes, rf.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Landers, p.	2	0	0	0	2	0
Capes, cf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	29	5	7	24	10	0

SECOND BAPTIST—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
T. Johnson, c.	3	0	2	7	0	0
Cantrell, cf.	3	1	2	2	0	0
E. Johnson, 1b.	4	1	0	10	0	1
Davis, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	1
Wilkins, p.	2	1	1	0	3	1
Tutwijer, 3b.	3	0	0	2	3	1
Kirkland, 2b.	3	0	2	3	3	0
Werts, ss.	3	0	2	1	2	0
Harrison, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	29	4	10	27	11	4

Score by innings:		R.
Gordon Street	010 210 10x	5
Second Baptist	210 001 000	4

Summary—Three-base hits, Mooney, Hornsby; double plays, Mooney to Johnson, Werts to Kirkland; stolen bases, Johnson, Boswell (2), Grimes. Time, 2:15. Umpires, Medlin and Dobbs, Spalding and Grimes.

Sunday School League.

LEAGUE STANDING.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Agoga Feds	9	1	.900
North Avenue Pres.	9	1	.900
Jackson Hill	5	5	.500
Central Baptist	3	7	.300
West End Presbyterian	2	8	.200
Capitol Avenue	2	8	.200

AGOGA FEDS WIN BY FORFEIT.

The Agoga Feds yesterday won by forfeit from the Capitol Avenue team, when the latter team failed to show up.

NORTH AVENUE WINS BY FORFEIT.

The North Avenue team won from the Central Baptist team by forfeit.

Baraca Sunday School League.

LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Agoga	10	1	.910
Oakland City	8	3	.727
Grant Park	8	3	.727
Wesley	3	8	.273
Bonnie Brae	3	8	.273
Craycraft	1	10	.091

OAKLAND CITY DEFEATS BONNIE BRAE.

Oakland City defeated Bonnie Brae at Grant Park by a score of 9 to 8 in a ten-inning game. After the second inning the game was good. Bryant, for Oakland, and Vandergrif, for Bonnie Brae, pitched good ball. Mason won the game in the tenth inning, when he doubled to left field with three men on base.

The Box Score.

OAKLAND CITY—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Tull, 1b	2	2	1	9	1	0
Abbott, ss.	5	1	0	2	1	2
Mason, cf.	6	1	2	3	0	0
Burke, 2b.	4	2	2	1	2	2
Weaver, 3b.	5	1	2	0	3	0
Cornwell, lf.	5	0	0	4	0	0
Olmond, rf.	2	1	1	0	0	0
Autell, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Mahon, c.	4	1	2	10	2	1
Bryant, p.	5	0	1	1	3	1
Totals	41	9	11	30	12	6

BONNIE BRAE—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Vondereau, 1b.	4	1	1	9	2	1
Vandergrif, p.	3	2	1	2	5	0
Ewell, cf.	5	0	1	2	0	0
Moore, ss.	5	0	0	0	0	1
Hartson, 3b.	5	1	1	2	0	1
Lowry, rf.	5	1	1	3	0	0
Turner, c.	3	1	0	7	0	2
Robinson, lf.	5	2	1	2	0	1
Milam, 2b.	5	0	0	2	1	1
Totals	40	8	6	x29	8	7

Score by innings:		R.
Oakland City	203 100 100 2	9
Bonnie Brae	060 100 000 1	8

Summary—Two-base hits, Burke, Mason; double play, Ewell to Milam; innings pitched, by Bryant 9, by Vandegrif 9; struck out, by Bryant 10, by Vandergrif 10; bases on balls, off Bryant 5, off Vandergrif 6; stolen bases, Vandergrif 2, Moore, Tull 2, Abbott, Mason, Burke, Weaver, Milam; balk, Bryant; hit by pitched ball, by Bryant (Turner). Time, 2:20. Umpire, Barrett.

AGOGAS WIN 3 TO 0.

Th Agoga team retained their lead in the Baracca Sunday School league by defeating Wesley by the score of 3 to 0. The game was very interesting and was featured by the pitching of York, who allowed only four hits and the hitting of Byers.

The Agoga team plays Oakland City at Grant Park next Saturday and the public is cordially invited.

The Box Score.

AGOGA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Rizer, rf.	5	1	0	0	0	0
Mayfield, cf.	5	1	2	1	0	0
Smith, ss.	5	1	2	0	2	0
Byers, 3b.	5	0	4	0	0	0
Weaver, c.	4	0	0	11	1	0
Newman, 2b.	4	0	0	1	4	0
Kiker, lf.	4	0	2	2	0	0
York, p.	4	0	1	0	5	0
Dawes, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0	0
Totals	39	3	11	27	12	0

WESLEY—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Evans, 1b.	4	0	0	11	0	1
Dorley, lf.	4	0	0	1	1	0
Pittman, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	1
Blackmon, 2b.	3	0	1	3	2	0
Goodrich, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Baker, c.	3	0	0	9	0	1
Garner, cf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Cockran, ss.	3	0	1	2	3	0
Montgomery, p.	3	0	2	0	6	0
Totals	30	0	4	27	12	3

Score by innings:		R.
Agoga	200 100 000	3
Wesley	000 000 000	0

Summary—Two-base hits, Smith 2, Byers; innings pitched by York 9, by Montgomery 9; struck out by York 10, by Montgomery 8; bases on balls, off York 1, off Montgomery 1; stolen bases, Rizer, Byers. Time, 1:50. Umpire, Kocher.

GRANT PARK DEFEATS CRAYCRAFT.

In a very interesting game, Grant Park defeated the Craycraft team, 5 to 0. The features of the game were a triple play made by Grant Park, the pitching of Fears for Craycraft and pitching of Lowery for Grant Park.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Craycraft	000 000 000	0	3	4
Grant Park	100 102 01x	5	5	3

Batteries—Fears and Thompson; Lowrey and Sweeney.

Electric League.

STANDING OF CLUBS.

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Ga. Ry. & Power Co.	10	0	1.000
Southern Bell	9	1	.900
General Electric	4	6	.400
S. V. D.	4	7	.364
Atlanta Telephone	3	8	.273
Western Electric	1	9	.100

S. V. D. LOSES TO SOUTHERN BELL.

By the close score of 3 to 2 the fast Southern Bell team triumphed over the S. V. D. boys for the third time this season Saturday afternoon at Piedmont park. The game was witnessed by a large crowd, the S. V. D. boys being represented by a large following of loyal rooters. The closeness of the score shows that the game was fast and exciting and in doubt until the last man was out in the ninth inning.

The Box Score.

S. V. D.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Wallace, lf.	5	1	1	1	0	0
Morgan, 1b.	4	0	3	6	0	1
R. Smith, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1	2
E. Smith, c.	3	0	1	9	1	0
Weaver, rf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
White, cf.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Baldwin, 2b.	2	0	0	3	2	1
Hawkins, ss.	4	0	1	1	1	0
Robertson, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	34	2	10	24	6	4

SOUTHERN BELL—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
E. Montague, 2b.	3	1	0	4	2	1
Hulme, 3b.	5	1	2	3	0	0
Burr, cf.	4	1	1	0	0	0
F. Montague, c.	3	0	1	9	4	0
Priest, 1b.	4	0	1	7	0	1
Senter, lf.-p.	2	0	0	3	2	0
Thompson, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Tyler, ss.	3	0	0	0	1	1
Huettner, p.-lf.	4	0	1	1	4	0
Totals	31	3	6	27	13	3

Score by innings.		R.
S. V. D.	010 000 100	2
Southern Bell	200 000 10x	3

Summary—Two-base hit, Wallace; three-base hit, Hulme; double plays, Huettner to Hulme, Senter to E. Montague; innings pitched, by Robertson 8, by Huettner 7, by Senter 2; struck out, by Robertson 8, by Huettner 3, by Senter 5; bases on balls, off Robertson 3, off Huettner 3, off Senter 1; sacrifice hits, Senter, Thompson, Baldwin; stolen bases, F. Montague (2), Priest, Burr; wild pitches, Huettner 1, Robertson 1; hit by pitched ball, by Robertson 1. Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Cantrell.

GENERAL ELECTRIC WINS.

The fast General Electric boys defeated the Atlanta Telephone company by the tune of 6 to 4. The features of the game were the running catch of Baum and the hitting of Garn and Dickens for the Electric boys. Fox pitched a steady game, Smith, for the Telephone boys, pitched a good game, and pulled out of several holes. Thompson caught a good game.

The Box Score.

ATL. TEL. CO.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Terry, 2b.	5	0	0	2	3	0
Allen, lf.	4	1	0	3	0	0
Simmon, ss.	4	0	0	0	5	0
Hewell, cf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Thompson, c.	3	0	0	6	0	0
Hanlon, 3b.	4	1	0	1	3	1
J. Simpson, 1b.	3	1	1	12	0	0
E. Simpson, rf.	4	1	0	1	0	0
Smith, p.	3	0	1	0	0	1
Totals	34	4	3	27	11	2

GEN. ELEC. CO.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Baum, rf.	5	0	0	2	0	0
Goree, 3b.	5	0	2	1	1	2
Allen, 1b.	4	1	1	7	0	0
Dickens, 2b.	5	1	3	2	4	0
Fox, p.	4	1	0	0	0	0
Gillatt, c.	4	1	1	9	0	0
Chapman, lf.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Paige, ss.	3	0	0	0	3	1
Dunn, cf.	3	2	1	3	1	1
Totals	37	6	9	27	9	4

Score by innings:		R.
Atl. Tel. Co.	001 101 010	4
Gen. Elec. Co.	001 012 110	6

Summary—Innings pitched, by Fox 9, by Smith 9; struck out, by Fox 8, by Smith 6; bases on balls, off Fox 2, off Smith 2; passed balls, Gillatt 2; wild pitch, Fox 1; hit by pitched ball, by Smith (Dickens). Time, 2 hours. Umpire, Rose.

City League.

TEXACO WINS.

Texaco Tigers defeated Bagwell yesterday afternoon in a pitchers' battle by the close score of 5 to 4. The features of the game were the battery work for both sides. The base running of Pope, who stole second and third and home, the fielding of Leonard and the hitting of Big Phillips.

The Box Score.

TEXACO—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Brown, lf.	5	0	1	3	1	0
Kirk, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Pope, 1b. and ss.	4	2	1	6	3	0
Eldridge, c.	4	1	1	5	1	0
Leonard, 3b.	3	0	0	3	4	0
Welch, 2b.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Phillips, cf.	4	2	2	1	0	0
Blackwell, 1b. and p.	4	0	2	5	2	0
Keener, p. and ss.	3	0	0	1	5	0
Totals	34	5	7	27	16	0

BAGWELL B. COL.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
C. Sullivan, 2b.	5	1	2	2	1	0
Saxon, rf.	5	1	1	0	0	0
Stribbling, lf.	4	1	1	0	0	0
McCord, c.	3	0	1	11	0	0
Hanlon, 3b.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Massa, 1b.	3	0	0	9	0	0
Cunningham, cf.	3	0	0	0	0	0
N. Sullivan, ss.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Bagwell, p.	3	1	1	2	4	0
Totals	33	4	7	*25	8	0

*1 One out when winning run was scored.

Score by innings:		R.
Texaco	000 300 011	5
Bagwell	000 004 000	4

Summary—Two-base hit, Brown; three-base hit, McCord; double play, N. Sullivan to C. Sullivan to Massa; inning pitched by Keener 7, by Blackwell 2; struck out, by Bagwell 11, by Keener 4, by Blackwell 2; bases on balls, off Bagwell 2, off Keener 1, off Blackwell 1; sacrifice hits, Keener, Welch, Leonard; stolen bases, Browns 2, Pope 3, Eldridge 1, Phillips 1; balk, Bagwell. Time 1:52. Umpire, Ward Neely.

Major City League.

EXPO. 7, FULTON 3.

Exposition Mills defeated Fulton Bag Saturday in a very closely played game by the score of 7 to 3. The features were the fielding of Vinson and Williams for Exposition Mills; Williams' good pitching for Fulton. Bill Vinson caught his usual good game, getting them all at second with room to spare. Lawson was steady as a clock, and the few hits gathered off him were well scattered.

The Box Score.

EXPO. MILLS—	ab.	r.	h	po.	a.	e.
Davis, 3b.	5	1	0	3	3	0
W. Vinson, ss.	4	3	3	3	4	2
Rutherford, 2b.	4	0	0	6	3	0
Williams, 1b.	4	2	3	8	0	1
Berry, lf.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Kennington, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	0
Jones, cf.	4	0	2	3	0	0
B. Vinson, c.	4	0	0	8	4	0
Lawson, p.	2	0	0	0	2	1
Totals	35	7	10	27	16	4

FULTON BAG—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bradley, ss.	4	1	1	2	3	3
Sears, cf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Gillette, c.	5	0	2	5	1	0
Watkins, 1b.	5	0	0	10	0	1
Martin, 2b.	5	0	0	1	3	1
Hollifield, lf.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Sparks, 3b.	4	0	1	3	4	2
Herrington, rf.	4	1	1	0	0	0
Williams, p.	4	1	2	0	2	1
Totals	39	3	8	24	13	8

Score by innings:		R.
Expo. Mills	012 030 10x	7
Fulton Bag	101 100 000	3

Summary—Two-base hit, Hollifield; three-base hit, Vinson; double play, Rutherford to Vinson to Williams; struck out, by Lawson 6, by Williams 5; bases on balls, off Lawson 1, off Williams 3; stolen bases, Exposition Mills 5; wild pitch, Lawson. Time, 2:00. Umpire, Dennis.

EXPO STARS WIN.

Expo Stars defeated Center Hill in a hotly contested game, the feature of which was the remarkable pitching of Spencer and Seagraves, each striking out fourteen men.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Expo Stars	000 402 000	6	8	3
Center Hill	101 100 200	5	8	1

Batteries—Spencer and Colbert; Seagraves and Robertson.

EAGAN PARK LOST.

The Atlanta Paper company team defeated the Eagan Park nine in a rather one-sided game Saturday. The features of the game were the hitting of Shaw, Cohen and McPike for the Paper company and the pitching of Wellborn, who struck out eleven men.

Score by innings:		R.	H.	E.
Eagan Park	000 010 022	5	6	7
A. P. Co.	902 021 32x	19	22	4

Batteries—Eagan Park, Burge and Barrows; A. P. Co., Wellborn and Monroe.

INDEPENDENTS DOWN BREMEN.

The Atlanta Independents defeated Bremen in Bremen in an interesting game by the score of 7 to 5. The game was featured by the hitting and pitching of Tinsley, he getting two two-baggers and a home run and not allowing a hit after relieving Brown in the sixth, and a home run by Upchurch for Bremen with two men on. The Atlanta boys wish to thank Bremen for the nice treatment shown them during their stay there.

The Box Score.

ATLANTA IND.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Blackman, 2b.	5	1	1	2	2	0
Lewis, ss.	5	1	1	2	3	0
Tinsley, p.	3	2	3	1	1	0
Weaver, c.	4	2	2	6	[illegible]	0
Jameson, lf.	3	0	0	1	0	0
Chamberlain, 3b.	4	1	3	1	2	1
Banks, 1b.	3	0	2	10	0	1
Griffeth, rf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Gable, cf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Brown, p.	2	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	37	7	12	27	10	2

BREMEN—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Cheney, c.	4	1	2	5	2	0
Jeter, ss.	4	1	0	1	2	0
Robertson, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0	0
Head, 2b.	4	1	1	2	1	0
Stephens, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2	0
Upchurch, lf.	3	1	2	1	0	0
Dyar, cf.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Parker, rf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
Smith, p.	4	0	0	1	5	0
Totals	33	5	7	27	12	0

Score by innings:		R.
Atlanta Independents	000 101 050	7
Bremen	000 311 000	5

Summary—Two-base hits, Weaver, Tinsley 2; three-base hit, Robertson; home runs, Tinsley, Upchurch; double play, Smith to Robertson; struck out, by Brown 1, by Tinsley 5, by Smith 4; bases on balls, off Brown 2, off Tinsley 1; stolen bases, Weaver, Lewis, Blackman; hit by pitched ball, by Smith, Banks and Jameson. Time 2 hours.

TIGERS WIN.

The Tigers defeated the fast Capitol Avenue Feds in a hotly-played game, 7 to 4. The features of the game were the hitting of Sharpton and the one-handed stop of a hard hit grounder by Martin.

The Box Score.

TIGERS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Martin, 3b.	5	1	2	1	2	0
Sharpton, c.	4	2	3	14	1	0
Allen, ss.	4	2	2	1	0	2
Mitchell, p.	5	1	2	0	5	0
O. Blair, 2b.	4	0	2	2	0	0
Moore, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0	2
N. Blair, rf.	5	0	0	0	0	0
Hearn, lf.	5	0	1	0	0	1
Ewings, cf.	5	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	41	7	13	27	8	5

CAPITOL AVE.—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Faulkner, cf.	4	1	3	0	0	0
Broznack, 1b.	4	0	1	9	0	0
Brooks, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3	1
Collins, ss.	3	1	0	1	5	0
R. Fears, rf.	3	1	0	0	0	0
Adams, lf.	4	0	0	2	0	0
McMurray, p. and 2b.	3	1	2	3	2	1
Andrews, c.	4	0	0	11	0	0
Evans, p. and 2b.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	4	6	27	10	2

Score by innings:		R.
Tigers	203 000 002	7
Capitol Avenue Feds	110 100 010	4

Summary—Two-base hits, Sharpton 2, Mitchell 2, Blair 1; home run, McMurray; innings pitched, by McMurray 6 3-4, by Evans 2 2-3; struck out, by Mitchell 12, by McMurray 8, by Evans 3; bases on balls, off Mitchell 3, off McMurray 3; stolen bases, McMurray 2, Moore, Collins, O. Blair, Martin. Umpire, Brooks.

Harley-Davidson WINS AGAIN

Dodge City 300-Mile International Championship

Otto Walker on a Regular Stripped Stock Harley-Davidson Twin Was First

Time: 3 Hrs. 55 Min. 45 Sec.
Averaging Over 75 Miles Per Hour

Breaking all former records by thirty minutes, making the fifth big classic event won by Harley-Davidsons this year, proving absolutely Harley-Davidson's claim—

Fastest Stripped Stock Motorcycle in the World

RIDE A WINNER

Harley-Davidson Motor Co.

Makers of High-Grade Motors for 14 Years

Southern Branch: Atlanta, Ga. 222 Peachtree St.

ON THE FIRING LINE

W. P. FAIN JOINS INSURANCE FORCES

Firing Line readers will be interested in the announcement, made a few days ago, that W. P. Fain, who has so long been actively connected with the firm of Fain & Stamps, has been appointed state agent for the states of Georgia and Florida of the Reserve Loan Life Insurance company, succeeding John T. Tucker, who died some time since.

Mr. Fain has been interested with Mr. Tucker for a number of years, and now that he has the active management of the insurance company will devote practically all of his time to the insurance game, leaving to Mr. Stamps the active management of the big wholesale grocery house, though still retaining his interest in the latter firm.

J. H. Alexius, representing M. Stachelberg, is expected in the city the coming week to push along, as usual, some good sales or the Stachelberg cigars.

IT'S A PERFECT DELIGHT TO LIGHT A

C.H.S.

The Havana Cigar Without Competition.

A FREE TRIP

to Atlanta is available to the merchant who buys an adequate bill from the members of the Merchants' Association.

Write to

H. T. MOORE

Secretary

Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

ATLANTA

How "Opening Bill" Got His Nickname

When he was a tiny little fellow—just at the age when he could stick his chubby toes in his mouth, thus "making both ends meet"—Edward Pinkney Lewis was the name esthetic he was given. As he grew the boys called him Ed.

When he reached man's estate he signed himself E. P. Lewis. But for the past nearly ten years this same hustling, determined man has been "making both ends meet," financially speaking, by the persistent and aggressive manner in which he has made his presence felt with the McClure Ten-Cent company, and has won the title of "Opening Bill," by which he is known to stacks and scores of his friends. As sales manager for the McClure company Mr. Lewis has perhaps sold, or been instrumental in selling, more opening bills than any other salesman in this section. The name "Opening Bill" was given to him for this reason a few years ago by the then editor of this Firing Line, and it has stuck with clinging popularity.

In spite of the war cry of this year Mr. Lewis has made a brave effort to live up to his name, and very few weeks have passed without an opening at some point to report.

Gives Up His Team

After twenty-eight years spent on the firing line, half of which he traveled by rail and the other half by team, J. J. Jefferson, known to thousands of customers and friends as "Uncle Jeff," will start out Monday for Dougherty-Little-Redwine in a brand-new, spanking automobile.

He was busy Saturday making preparations for his new mode of travel, and almost with a tear in his eye, he related that modern methods had forced him to surrender Jack and Black, his two favorite mules, who have hauled him over thousands of miles of country roads.

In keeping with his new and up-to-date mode of travel, "Uncle Jeff" had diked himself out in the latest cut of Palm Beach, and was pacing up and down the floor trying to see if he could adjust himself to a comfortable and easy feeling without suspenders. But every now and then he would "keel-haul" at the rim of his new Palm Beach pants, and the boys in the house hardly believe he will be able to safely go out without something substantial to hold them up.

Peachtree Cafe

Opposite the Piedmont Hotel

111 Peachtree Street

WE invite the travelers to get their meals in our Cafe. We guarantee them first-class white service in a delightfully cool place and—

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

ATLANTA COFFEE MILLS COMPANY

Only House in Atlanta Handling Coffee Exclusively.

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EUREKA

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Handle All Grades of Coffee Obtainable.

FRESH ROASTED DAILY.

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Good All the Year and For All Purposes

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Say Parex Get Parex and you will always want Parex

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Capital City Tobacco Co. Atlanta, Ga.

FRUIT JARS

Car Load Expected to Arrive Tuesday

Your Orders Solicited

Fain & Stamps

COUNCIL 18, U. C. T., ENTERTAINS FRIENDS

Council 18, United Commercial Travelers, entertained a number of invited guests on Saturday evening, June 26, at its hall in the Kiser building. After the regular routine of a business session had been gone through with, the invited friends and the families of the members were invited into the hall, where an excellent program of music and recitations was enjoyed. After the program an informal hour was spent, in which delightful refreshments were served. The council is expecting to give one of these open house meetings every month, and when it does, if you get an invitation, you come, or you'll miss something mighty good.

Big Haul—or What?

Whether no news is good news or bad news is sorter puzzling to the H. L. Singer company force these days. Two of its crack salesman—J. E. Brown and T. J. Camp—along with several other Atlanta salesmen and their wives, are spending their vacations in a tented city on Sweetwater creek. It is presumed they are all having a most enjoyable time, but the fact that the company has heard nothing from its two boys, make the officials believe that they have either made a big haul—which will be elaborated on later—or they haven't made any haul at all—which they think is the most likely of the two "thunks."

Busy Vacation Week.

H. T. Mell, of the publicity department of the John Deere Plow company, had a vacation recently but he didn't vacate much. True, he didn't stay about the big office on Nelson street, but he was about the busiest man in town for a good part of his rest week. Little Anita Bell, his first born, who is only about four months old, is just the age to begin to be very interesting to him, and they say she is foolish about her father. So that's why Harrison T. Bell put in a busy vacation week—but a most delightful and pleasant one.

Back With His Trade.

H. A. McDonald, the old "war horse" of the sales force of the McCord-Stewart company, who has been on an extended trip through California, taking in all the fairs of the west, has returned to the city, and will be out with his trade next week. He will have some good and interesting things to tell them—running from the cold weather which he encountered to tales of how California widows compare with the forlorn ones of Georgia, which, he says, right in the beginning, don't begin to compare.

Lewis Is Hustling.

T. B. Lewis, one of the chiefest among the chief firing liners for the Capital City Tobacco company, is evidently trying to make up for lost time away from his trade by reason of his attendance at the national United Commercial Travelers' convention at Columbus, Ohio. He got back last week and the way he has been firing in the orders the past week indicates that he doesn't expect the company to lose even so much as the sale of one cigarette by his absence.

Lesesne "Resting Well."

That being just one of a party of some two hundred jolly, jesting, good-natured, rollicksome city salesmen was a mighty poor job for a big fat man who needed sleep and rest from an arduous season's work, was the way L. B. Lesesne, of the H. L. Singer company force, sized up the trip to Charleston—so, in the language of the piggy rhyme, "this little piggie stayed at home," or rather he didn't go to the Isle of Palms. Instead, he slipped off to Borden-Wheeler Springs, where he is reported to be "resting well."

They Want to Know.

The boys are wondering where V. M. Braswell, one of the popular firing liners for John Silvey & Co., manages to secure so many fine baskets of peaches and blackberries, and what he is doing with the great number he is bringing into the city. Every few days he stalks in with not only a goodly supply of orders for the house, which interests R. K. Rambo, but with a great load of the luscious fruit, which excites the curiosity of the other boys.

Thanks for the Messages.

Despite the fact that all the city men for Fain & Stamps were on their vacation last week, most of them in Charleston with the City Salesmen, the business of the company never suffered one whit. Of course the telephone service was brought into play vigorously, and Mr. Stamps declares that he wishes to thank the customers of his salesmen for their loyalty, as shown over the phone, during the past week.

Run on School Supplies.

"We are having our usual good run on school supplies," said Ike Hirshberg, Saturday. "It seems there is no let-up on the wants of the school children, and dealers are sending us in a large number of orders, some by mail and some from the boys on the road. All in all, we have no room for complaint, as business is breaking very nicely for us now."

FIRING LINE NOTES

C. E. Cross, of the office force of the E. L. Adams company, spent a few days last week at the Isle of Palms with the city salesmen.

Among the city salesmen who enjoyed the trip to the Isle of Palms was W. S. Gastin and B. H. Messer. They were accompanied by their wives and daughters.

Among the 'ins" at Dougherty-Little Redwine's Saturday were "Uncle Jeff," S. C. Wilkins, J. O. Castleberry, J. M. McKibbon and J. A. Woodliff.

E. B. Adams, division manger for Swift & Co., at Birmingham, accompanied by his family, is visiting the family of his brother, E. L. Adams, of this city.

Doc Westbrook, firing liner for the E. L. Adams company, was on vacation last week.

Among the "ins" at the A. M. Robinson company Saturday were Chris Irby, who had not been in for about five weeks; R. L. Smith, J. A. Sewell and C. A. Smith. They all report crop conditions as fine in their respective territories and look for a splendid fall business.

W. O. Stamps, of Fain & Stamps, accompanied by his family, had a most enjoyable trip a week ago when he motored to Indian Springs, spending Sunday and returning late Sunday afternoon. He says the roads were all very fine, and crop conditions along the roads as fine as he ever saw.

The Hawk Seling company, distributors for Themelis Brothers company's rose-tipped cigarettes on the western coast, are certainly keeping the factory on the jump these days. These novel cigarettes seemed to have made a great hit in the western country, and it is almost to impossible to keep the western distributors supplied with them.

Among the Fain & Stamps boys who came in for the semi-monthly conference Saturday were W. T. Duncan, Ben Thompson, Cliff Edwards, W. T. Culpepper, Allen Edwards, B. H. Messer and W. S. Gaston.

H. M. Kopplin, sales manager for the S. P. Richards company, who spent his two weeks' vacation visiting friends in St. Louis, returned to his desk Saturday morning. He looked as if he had enjoyed his rest immensely.

H. D. Thompson and W. C. Tennent are two of the Hirshberg Firing Liners who are spending Sunday with their families in the city.

Granny Morris, of Adel, Gathers Four Generations Under Her Wing

Members of five generations, the oldest of whom is only 76 years of age. From left to right: Mrs. M. T. Griffin, Master Randall Lovett Griffin, Mrs. G. N. O'Quinn, Grandmammy Eliza Morris and Mrs. J. D. Connell.

Adel, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. Eliza Morris, lovingly known in this section as Grandmammy Morris, is proud of the fact that at the age of 76 years she was recently able to gather around her four generations of descendants and, with them, pose for a picture representing five generations.

Grandmammy Morris was formerly Miss Hancock, daughter of John Daniel Hancock, and belongs to one of the oldest families in Berrien county. When 12 years old she married E. D. Morris. They had four sons and five daughters, many of whom are still living and are influential citizens of Berrien county.

When 15 years old, her oldest daughter, Fannie, married P. D. Connell, and to this union there were seven girls and four boys, all of whom are still living.

Mrs. Connell's oldest daughter, Mattie, when only 16 years old, married G. M. O'Quinn, and this couple raised a family of six girls and three boys, all still living.

Their oldest daughter, May Belle, married M. T. Griffin when 21 years old, and Randall, their son and the representative of the fifth living generation, is just 15 months old.

Grandmammy Morris thinks it will be a long time before anyone will equal her record of having, at the age of 76, four generations of descendants living.

NEW EMORY ACADEMY IS PROVING POPULAR

Only About Hundred More Applications for Admission Can Be Considered.

Oxford, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The popularity of the new Emory university academy, located at this place, already is evidenced by the number of applications for admission received by the head master, Professor R. C. Mizell. The university authorities have resolved not to crowd the dormitories nor the academy, consequently, on account of limited space, only about a hundred more applications for admission can possibly be considered.

Those in close touch with educational affairs believe now more firmly than ever that the new academy will meet a widespread demand in the south for institutions offering the best preparatory courses for students expecting to enter college.

In response to the many inquiries, university authorities have authorized the following statement:

"The establishment of the academy abolishes the sub-freshman department at Oxford, and offers courses of study framed with direct reference to subsequent collegiate work.

"The faculty of the academy consists of four experienced instructors. The school will be conducted under its own government apart from the college, and all non-resident students will be required to lodge in Haygood hall, a commodious new dormitory.

"In order that the students may have an instructor within easy reach at any time, three members of the faculty also will have rooms in Haygood hall.

"Among special advantages, the college library, gymnasium, etc., will be open for the free use of students of the academy, the same as students in the college of liberal arts."

No Evidence Found Against Ed Cheney By Coroner's Jury

Edward T. Cheney, ticket agent of the Central of Georgia railway at Carrollton, Ga., who is now a prisoner in the Fulton county Tower, where he was brought last Thursday afternoon by Sheriff W. A. Garrett, of Carrollton, for safe-keeping, after his arrest on a warrant sworn out by Willis Guill, son of J. L. Guill, the murdered depot agent of Carrollton, last Thursday night one week ago, is now to gain his freedom.

The coroner's investigation Saturday failed to unearth any evidence against Cheney, and there is apparently no reason why he should longer be held, according to the authorities.

Sheriff Garrett will come to Atlanta to dispose of the case by having Cheney released.

NEW ROAD OPENED UP BY BOSTON TRADE BOARD

Thomasville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Through the efforts of the Boston Chamber of Commerce a new highway has been opened leading from Jefferson county, Florida, to Boston. This road passes through a rich section of country and by a number of large plantations and opens up to Boston a fine territory for trade.

With the almost universal use of the automobile it means much to have a road leading into the town from a rich territory, such as this is, and the people of Boston are much pleased in consequence. The road will also enable the planters living near it to haul their supplies to Boston, and the town is expected to be greatly benefited thereby.

BIBLE CLASS HOLDS OFFICERS' ELECTION

At a meeting of the Atlanta Twentieth Century Bible Class Friday night, the following officers were elected to serve during the remainder of this year: K. L. Boone, president; C. E. James, first vice president; Farris McIntosh, second vice president; W. D. Quinn, secretary; H. S. Link, treasurer, and C. E. Brooks, director of music.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION TO GIVE DANCE FRIDAY

The Atlanta British association will hold a dance in the ballroom of the Ansley hotel next Friday night. Invitations will be mailed early this week.

"Let us eat and drink; for tomorrow we shall die," is the motto of those who live in the Paradise of Fools.

Georgian Is Now Conducting Annapolis Examination Probe

The investigation which is now being made into examination irregularities at Annapolis, and which is commanding such widespread interest, is being conducted under the supervision of a Georgian.

This Georgian is Captain Robert Lee Russell, brother of Judge R. B. Russell, of the Georgia court of appeals, and relative of many other prominent Georgia people. He has recently been named as head of the board of inquiry, which is making the Annapolis investigation.

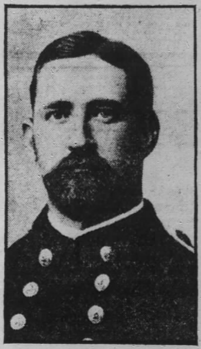
He is a native of Clarke county, Georgia, and was appointed to the naval academy by Judge Henry Speer in 1881. He graduated in 1885.

Five years ago he was appointed judge advocate general of the navy by President Taft, having reached the rank of a captain. He is now in command of the dreadnaught South Carolina, stationed near New York city.

He has just passed his fiftieth year.

Representing the United States, he attended the inauguration of two presidents of France, and was sent to Russia to attend the coronation of the present czar. He has been presented to nearly every foreign court as a military attache.

He married the daughter of Commander Soly, and has one daughter. His brothers are Judge R. B. Russell, of the court of appeals; W. J. Russell, of Athens; Edward G. Russell, connected with the postoffice department at Washington, D. C., and Lewis C. Russell, lawyer at Winder, Ga. His sister is Miss Mary B. Russell, of Winder.



CAPTAIN ROBERT LEE RUSSELL.

WILL CELEBRATE OPENING MONDAY OF MADDOX PARK

To celebrate the opening of Maddox park, members of the Fifth Ward Improvement club will hold an open air meeting at the park Monday at noon, in accordance with plans agreed on at their meeting Thursday night. There will be short speeches by H. J. Penn, president of the club; J. O. Cochran, general manager of parks, and members of the park board who have been invited to be present.

The ladies of the fifth ward will serve luncheon and every member of the club and his family is invited to be on hand. The men and boys will be permitted to take a swim in the new lake at the park.

THREE BUIDINGS LOST IN FIRE AT CARROLLTON

Carrollton, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—At an early hour this morning the Southland hotel, which was owned by Professor J. H. Melson, president of the A. & M. school here, and the Dixie boarding house, adjoining the hotel, and also the residence occupied by Mr. Byron were destroyed by fire. The fire started in the rear of the Dixie house, and could not be checked. The buildings were partially insured. The loss is estimated at $12,000.

His Qualifications.

(From The Columbus (Ohio) Journal.)

There is still more or less partisanship in this progressive old land and we imagine there is here and there an editor who is nervously trying to find out whether Robert Lansing is a democrat or not before considering him amply qualified for the place.

FOURTH OF JULY

Special rates via W. & A. R. R. Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. Return limit July 8, 1915. Apply ticket agents.

C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

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Men in OUR OWN laboratory produce the best prints possible from your negatives. No rush. Cyko paper used exclusively. Write for price list.

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Largest Amateur Photographic Laboratory in the South.

CONE ATLANTA

11-POUND CABBAGE GROWN IN FULTON

Despite the fact that he does not claim to be the man about whom the famous book, "Cabbages and Kings," was written, G. R. Cobb, living on the Mt. Perian road in the Buckhead district, doesn't mind admitting that the cabbage head weighing exactly eleven pounds and measuring a foot through its center, which he brought to town Saturday, is some cabbage.

According to Mr. Cobb, the soil of Fulton county is the best in the land.

The recent storm uprooted the big cabbage, according to Mr. Cobb, or it would have grown much larger.

MACON SALOONKEEPER FINED AS BLIND TIGER

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—In the city court of Macon today Judge Hodges imposed a fine of $500 on R. E. Hartley, proprietor of a Broadway saloon, convicted of violating the state prohibition law. The fine was paid.

In the raid on Hartley's place, the sheriff's men seized a large quantity of liquor which they found concealed in a room behind a secret sliding door.

AD MEN'S CLUB TO BACK FAKE ADVERTISING BILL

Thought Measure Will Have No Opposition—Executive Committee to Meet.

Strong support is promised the bill in behalf of truth in advertising, backed by the Ad Men's club of Atlanta and just introduced in the house of representatives by Representative Walter P. Andrews, of Fulton.

Both Mr. Andrews and President St. Elmo Massengale, of the Ad Men's club, have made inquiries regarding the measure, and state that they have been unable to find any shred of opposition to it of any sort.

"We have every reason to believe from what we have heard," said President Massengale, "that the measure will meet with favorable reception in both houses. It is simply designed to protect both the consumer and the legitimate home merchant against outright fraud, and is a matter, therefore, which naturally appeals to every good lawmaker. We feel confident it will have unusually strong support."

A meeting of the executive committee of the Ad Men's club has been called in the office of President St. Elmo Massengale for Monday at 12 o'clock noon, to go over the Chicago convention trip, and arrange an early meeting at which a report will be made by the Atlanta delegation.

It is expected at this meeting to appoint a committee to go before the proper committees of the legislature to urge prompt and favorable action upon the bill against fraudulent advertisements.

DR. CLARK COMPLETES HIS MEDICAL COURSE

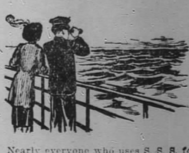
Dr. E. E. Clark has completed a medical course in Birmingham, Ala., and returned to Atlanta, where he will resume his practice in the Forsyth building.

Reward for Assailant.

Valdosta, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Citizens of Clyatteville, in this county, have offered a reward of $60 for the arrest and retention of Nelson Moore, a negro, who made a murderous assault on B. F. Lane, a prominent citizen of that place. The negro struck Mr. Lane over the head with a heavy club, knocking him senseless and inflicting concussion of the brain.

Blood Risings Begin A Mere Speck

Stop Them From Growing Large and Dangerous.



Nearly everyone who uses S. S. S. for the blood recalls a friend who went through untold suffering as the result of a mere pimple or small blood rising. A host of people did not realize, until too late, what may result from a slight skin abrasion. But they recovered if they used S. S. S., and in almost every village and hamlet, every crossroad and away back off the road is someone who will tell you how S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, restored his health.

It is a most interesting fact that this remarkable vegetable medicine overhauls the blood in a manner that excites curious minds.

But it acts in accordance with accepted physiological laws and yet its effect is almost beyond comprehension to those who are wedded to such drugs as mercury, calomel, arsenic, iodide of potash, copper and other baneful influences which all the world bears silent testimony to their destructive tendencies.

S. S. S. is indeed a nature's tribute to what we need and it is worthy of note that in almost any drug store throughout the country you will find it regularly in stock. Get a bottle today. And if you believe yours is a peculiar case, write to the Medical Adviser of The Swift Specific Co., 106 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Our word for it, he is one of Georgia's appreciated specialists, retired from active practice, but proud of his name and of his recognized ability.

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Send films for Free Devlopment. Lowest prices for highest class finishing. Send for Kodak catalog and finishing prices. Mail orders rushed. Eastman Films C. O. D. Expert enlarging.

HAWKES

KODAK DEPT. 14 WHITEHALL, ATLANTA

Georgia Cleaner

Removes instantly every particle of dirt, grease or grime from any painted or varnished surface.

Georgia Paint & Glass Co.

35-37 Luckie Street.

WAR BOOK COUPON

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Only One Coupon and 98c

NATIONS AT WAR

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

A $3 Book For 98c

This is a COMPLETE story of the war from the unbiased viewpoint of a large staff of experienced war correspondents and artists covering every strategic point. Printed from large, clear type on enamel paper, 364 pages of heretofore unprinted fact, 20 full pages color plates and 463 uncensored photographs. This is the greatest war story ever attempted.

Read How You May Have It Almost Free

Cut out the above coupon, and present it at this office with the expense amount of 98 cents (which covers the items of the cost of packing, express from the factory, checking, clerk hire and other necessary EXPENSE items), and receive this splendid big book.

MAIL ORDERS—By Parcel Post include EXTRA 8 cents within 150 miles; 12 cents 150 to 300 miles; for greater distances ask your postmaster amount to include for 4 pounds.

NEW YORK CITY PAYS HEAVY RATE

Nearly 4 1-2 Per Cent for $71,000,000—Is This Evidence of Enlarged European Liquidation?

New York, July 3.—(Special.)—The stock market was extremely dull and a trifle easy in tendency during the last week as a result of the near-approach of the time when a reply from Germany to the last American note is expected, and also because of disappointment over the results of the sale of $71,000,000 city of New York bonds. While many most concerned felt well satisfied with the results of the sale, holders of securities in general found excuse for moderate selling and for withdrawal of some support from the stock market because of the claim that the price received was over a point below general expectations. Furthermore, on account of the approach of the holiday, there were few who were willing to buy more securities while they would have to hold them during several days of closed markets. Liquidation by Europeans of better class issues of American bonds and a small amount of stocks had some influence on the tone of the market here, although such selling is welcomed in well-informed quarters. It is argued that Europe will have great difficulty in continuing its huge purchases here unless such are partly offset by sales in large amounts of securities marketable here. It is even believed in some quarters that in the end the only way that Europe will be able to keep in buying here will be through selling all of their American securities. A conspicuous feature of trading in securities for several weeks has been the large amount of professional transactions and the small participation by the general public. It has been reiterated by nearly every important authority on economic conditions so often that the time to buy securities is when general conditions are on an improving scale, and it is so evident to all who are in touch with affairs in industry and banking that such is the case at present, that it is a matter of wonder that more speculative buying has not been seen. However, it is all wound up in the question of our future relations with Germany, and because of the doubt of the outcome of present negotiations, speculative sentiment is very shy. They are furthermore reported to be afraid of the effects of heavy selling of American securities to raise funds for war loans abroad.

Money Drug on Market.

Demand for loans is far less than the available supply, and as a result, both call and time loan rates have shown an easing tendency. The first of July financing caused a little firmer tone for a short time, but even before funds from dividend and interest payments were returned to the banks, rates eased again.

The foreign exchange market showed signs of verging on demoralization, with exchange on practically all countries going to new low records during the week. When sterling exchange broke through 4.76, there was heavy buying by J. P. Morgan & Co., with the result that there was immediate steadying to above 4.76 again. Indications of a heavy demand for the new British war loan by Americans has not served to steady the exchange market. The continued growth of the trade balance of the United States is the principal cause of the further weakness in exchange. Trade figures for the eleven months to May 31, 1915, show that imports were $1,516,474,600 and exports $2,499,592,079, showing $219,921,607 decrease in imports and $292,084,975 increase in exports as compared with the corresponding period the year before. For the eleven months the trade balance was $983,117,479, or nearly $400,000,000 in excess of the total for any corresponding period on record. The total trade balance for the fiscal year to June 30 is above $1,060,000,000.

Aldrich-Vreeland Act Expires.

On Wednesday the Aldrich-Vreeland act expired by limitation, after having served during the stormy months directly following the start of the war in Europe, as the mainstay of the banking community through the fact that it made possible the issuance of a large amount of greatly needed emergency currency. But for the ability to issue this quickly, there might have been a much worse overturning of credit stability than was seen. There was $382,502,645 of this emergency currency issued during the first three months after the war started. Of this, less than $1,000,000 is outstanding now.

At the end of the fiscal year 1915 there was a deficit in the United States treasury of about $120,000,000 for the year as compared with $45,000,000 for the previous year, in each case before adding in returns from the income tax. As the deficit was wiped out and a small surplus shown last year when all receipts were in, a big reduction in the deficit is expected for the year just closed. The probability is strong, however, in the opinion of those in touch with government finance, that a deficit of about $35,000,000 to $45,000,000 will be shown for the year, with the lowest estimate of the deficit at about $20,000,000.

New York City Bonds.

While many interested parties were pleased with the results of the sale of $71,000,000 city of New York bonds on Tuesday, principally because the bids aggregated $285,610,100 when less interest had been expected on the part of so many bidders, the general opinion of the bond market was that a price of 101 1-4 for 4 1-2 per cent bonds, with many standard railroad issues yielding less than the equivalent of what the city bonds bring holders, will necessitate a readjustment in all high-class securities. In times such as the present, it was thought that such a high-class issue should have brought above 103.

A compilation of foreign holdings of American railroad securities made by a committee selected for the purpose revealed that, according to the reports of 145 railroads in the United States, there were over $2,500,000,000 par value of stocks, bonds, notes and other securities of such held in Europe of which about $800,000,000 was in stocks and $1,700,000,000 in bonds, notes, and other funded debt certificates. It is probable that $300,000,000 to $500,000,000 of this total has been resold to this country, but at least $2,000,000,000 in American railroad securities may still be in Europe. There are also many millions and possibly over a billion in par value of mining, industrial and other corporation securities of this country abroad.

Corporate Financing.

Corporate financing for the first six months of 1915, to June 30, was only $770,000,000, or the smallest total for any similar period in many years; in fact, since the country was of much smaller importance economically. In the same period of 1914 financing was above $1,000,000,000, while the best record for the first six months of any year in point of output of new securities was $1,500,000,000 for the first half of 1912, or almost double that of this year.

The actions of United States Rubber stock during the last few weeks have given rise to many rumors to the effect that the 6 per cent dividend is either to be sharply reduced or passed entirely. There has been something about "Rubber common" for several years which conservative interests have not liked as its price has always been extremely low for a 6 per cent stock. It now develops that floating debt is out of proportion to working capital.

The Wabash-Pittsburg Terminal railway reorganization plan provides for a scaling down of capital and floating debt of $47,000,000 and a reduction in bonds and funded debt to the extent of $76,000,000, a total reduction of $123,000,000. This will leave capital and debts $44,000,000 and funded obligations $5,000,000. It is proposed to issue only $9,100,000 6 per cent preferred stock and $30,500,000 common, and to have no new funded debt and to retain only the old funded debt obligations of $261,000 annual fixed charges. The plan is so drastic that it is hinted that it will not be accepted by the security holders interested, although they will thereby get some small equity and hope of income, whereas now they have neither.

Rock Island Issues Certificates.

Courts have authorized receivers of the Rock Island to issue certificates and from the proceeds to pay all of the road's interest obligations due in the present month excepting $500,000 due July 15 on the debenture bonds. A minority committee of stockholders, who have been stirring trouble for several months, claim that a group of financiers in control of the property have misrepresented its earning power, that it should never have been put in the hands of receivers, and that the system is earning all its fixed charges with several millions over.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy is to sell $15,850,000 general mortgage 4 per cent bonds for improvements and betterments, though the sale may be held back until the end of the summer owing to present bond market conditions.

The price war between an important group of oil companies and another group has extended through practically all of the country excepting the Atlantic seaboard states. It is claimed by independent interests that the larger group is buying up huge quantities of crude oil at the depressed prices prevailing and is storing it for an advance. People in close touch with the oil industry predict that within a few months there will be a resumption of good prices and demand in excess of supply such as was seen for three years up to the time when the war started.

Ship Builders Busy.

Shipbuilding companies are finding more orders from this country and from abroad than they can fill, and most of the yards of the United States are working overtime on orders which it will take many months to complete. Owing to the shortage of ships for American trade and the loss of so many since the war started, this boom in building is expected to last for many years. All boats owned by railroads on the Great Lakes, which have been ordered sold by December 1 next, which can be moved through canals and be brought to the seaboard are being bid for at higher prices than their original cost.

The copper metal market has been steady at from 20 to 20 1-2 cents per pound for the metal, with fair buying for distant deliveries, but with very little near-by supplies available for sale. The placing of a number of additional orders for ammunition in this country during the last three or four weeks and the rushing of new plants for making ammunition in Europe are expected to bring about another large wave of buying of copper before long, and with it another advance of 2 or 3 cents a pound is looked for. There are now inquiries pending for such large amounts of copper that if all should be placed at once, it would inevitably boom the market to a figure several cents above the present quotations.

Steel Prices on Rise.

Steel prices are climbing higher, with advances of $1 to $3 a ton for several products within the last ten days and with further advances all along the line looked for. Earnings of steel companies for the first three or four months of the present half year will probably be as large as for the entire first half year owing to higher production and better prices. It is believed that the Steel corporation unfilled tonnage report for June will show an increase in excess of 200,000 tons, while the outlook for July and August is for even larger increases in each, with the possibility that between now and the end of the year, with conditions as they are now, the Steel corporation will add over 1,000,000 tons to its unfilled tonnage total. New business from domestic sources is increasing, while over half of the new orders being booked represent either direct or indirect exports.

Wheat Prices Advance.

Short covering brought about some advances in wheat prices, but the continued glowing reports of condition of spring wheat and of large harvesting of winter wheat makes bulls a little weary, especially as there have been doubts cast on the ability of foreign buyrs to pay for grain. Export demand, however, is expected to increase materially in the near future.

Cotton Market Featureless.

The cotton market was without special feature during much of the week, with traders awaiting the government report and therefore unwilling to make commitments on either side. With exports continuing at a fair rate, it is still probable that by the end of the crop year the total will be as large as the year before.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 3, 1915:

Stations of ATLANTA, GA. District.	Temper's. Highest.*	Temper's. Lowest.†	Precip'n. In.—100ths.
ATLANTA, raining	83	67	.10
Columbus, cloudy	75	66	.01
Gainesville, cloudy	84	65	.00
Griffin, cloudy	81	66	.05
*Macon, cloudy	84	70	.04
Monticello, raining	87	66	.00
Newnan, cloudy	82	67	.85
Rome, raining	88	67	1.88
Tallapoosa, cloudy	87	65	.48
Toccoa, cloudy	86	67	.00
West Point, cloudy	74	67	.38
*Chattanooga, raining	85	67	.65
Greenville, S. C., cldy	87	66	.00
Spartanburg, cloudy	88	66	.00

Texas Rainfall.

Abilene, 0.01; Austin, 1.16; Brenham, 0.60; Clarendon, 0.14; Columbus, 0.24; Dallas, 0.01; Dublin, 0.08; Eastland, 0.06; Fort Worth, 0.14; Henrietta, 0.04; Hondo, 0.12; Huntsville, 0.58; Kerrville, 0.14; Lampasas, 0.46; Longview, 0.48; Luling, 0.28; Mexia, 0.82; Nacogdoches, 1.18; Palestine, 0.54; Paris, 0.88; Quanah, 0.20; Riverside, 0.40; San Marcos, 1.10; Snyder, 0.14; Sherman, 0.34; Taylor, 0.26; Temple, 0.34; Waco, 0.36; Weatherford, 0.76.

Heavy Rains.

Alabama—Clanton, 1.10; Goodwater, 1.10; Montgomery, 1.90; Wetumpka, 2.20; Demopolis, 1.30; Thomasville, 2.40; Mobile, 3.20.

Mississippi—Macon, 1.10; Waynesboro, 1.20; Brookhaven, 1.20; Jackson, 1.40; Lake, 1.10; Yazoo City, 1.70; Natchez, 1.10.

Georgia—Thomasville, 1.10.

Arkansas—Calicorock, 1.20; Camden, 1.20; Texarkana, 1.20; Eldorado, 1.10; Portland, 2.10; Prescott, 2.20.

Louisiana—Alexandria, 2.20; Amite, 1.40; Monroe, 1.20; Robeline, 2.10; New Orleans, 1.44.

Oklahoma—Carnegie, 1.10; Holdenville, 1.10; McAlester, 1.20; Weatherford, 1.20; Muskogee, 1.90; Okemah, 3.50; Shawnee, 1.60.

CENTRAL STATIONS.	Number of Stations in District.	District Average Temp. Highest.*	District Average Temp. Lowest.†	Precipi'n. No. stations reporting 0.10 in. or more.	Precipi'n. Av. stations reporting 0.10 in. or more.
Wilmington	10	88	68	0	.00
Charleston	5	88	68	0	.00
Augusta	11	86	68	0	.00
Savannah	19	84	68	12	.60
ATLANTA	14	84	66	6	.70
Montgomery	14	84	68	13	1.00
Mobile	12	90	68	11	1.20
Memphis	14	84	66	8	.40
Vicksburg	14	86	68	12	.80
New Orleans	16	88	68	13	1.00
Little Rock	18	82	66	17	.70
Houston	50	90	70	20	.50
Oklahoma	21	76	66	19	.90

*Minimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 8 a. m. this date. †Received late; not included in averages. **Highest yesterday. ‡Lowest for 24 hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

NOTE—The average highest and lowest temperatures are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received, and the average precipitation from the number of stations reporting 0.10 inch or more. The "State of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

Remarks.

Rain has been general throughout the western and central portions of the belt; heavy at many places in Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Temperatures are unseasonably low in all sections.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Section Director.

MISSOURI PACIFIC NEEDS ADJUSTMENT

Its 5 Per Cent Bonds Selling on a 12 Per Cent Basis. New Heavy Financing Is Necessary.

New York, July 3.—For several good reasons Wall street is anxiously awaiting official announcement of the plans for bringing about a voluntary readjustment of Missouri Pacific's finances. In the first place, the company's outstanding $82,000,000 stock and $300,000,000 bonds are widely distributed throughout this country and Europe; next, Otto H. Kahn, who was responsible for the ousting of the Gould management, is behind the proposed readjustment, and Wall street is eager to see how he comes out of his first single-handed big fight. In the old days Kahn had E. H. Harriman behind him; now he is standing on his own legs.

Kahn represents the new school of modern finance—which is strong for playing the game in the open with the cards on the table face up. Wall street is anxious to compare his reorganization work in Missouri Pacific with the old-fashioned "dark-lantern and jimmy" methods which are now being employed by the Moore Reid crowd in reorganizing the Rock Island.

For the past week there has not been a day when Wall street has not been flooded with rumors regarding the terms of the forthcoming Missouri Pacific readjustment; so far, all of those guesses have been wild. The announcement which will be issued in a couple of days will run something like this: Holders of Missouri Pacific's securities have a fairly maintained road in rich traffic-producing territory, and their property is being operated efficiently by President Bush, and in a way to make it popular with the public. The company's capitalization is not properly balanced, 77 per cent being in interest-bearing securities, while only 23 per cent is in stock.

Fixed Charges Not Earned.

Because of that ill-balanced bonded debt Missouri Pacific failed during the current fiscal year to earn its fixed charges by over a million dollars. In addition to that deficit, it will be pointed out, the company has eighty million dollars in bonds and notes falling due within the next five and a half years. With a deficit of more than $1,000,000 for 1915, with the 5 per cent bonds now selling at 40, and with the company's free collateral exhaust it is plainly evident that the management will not be able to raise new money to pay off the maturing obligations.

The proposed readjustment plan will first provide new money to pay off the maturing obligations. It will reduce fixed charges by over three million dollars, leaving a final surplus for dividends or improvements of over three million dollars, compared with the deficits that have been reported every year but one during the past five.

In all, $24,000,000 must be secured to pay off the $28,000,000 one-year notes, the $28,000,000 maturing bonds, while $12,000,000 new working capital is needed. To raise that sum, the holders of the outstanding $82,839,000 stock will be assessed 50 per cent. Doubtless the holders of the stock will howl; but the point for them to keep in mind is that for that 50 per cent cash assessment they will be given 100 per cent in new common stock and $41,419,000, or 100 per cent of their assessment, in new 4 per cent general mortgage bonds. The new bonds can be sold in the market to raise the cash to pay the assessment, if such a course is necessary, leaving the stockholder with 100 per cent of new common stock, or exactly where he was before.

New first and refunding 5 per cent bonds, will be issued together with new general mortgage 4 per cent bonds, and new 5 per cent preferred stock, which will be convertible into common stock at par. The new preferred shares will go to the holders of the outstanding 5 per cent bonds, due in 1955, and the holders of the 4s due in 1940.

For the financial requirements of the long future, new first mortgage 5 per cent bonds can be issued. That mortgage will be an open one, such as was recently created by New York Central.

Wall Street Likely to Approve Plan.

Wall street as a whole will doubtless approve of the proposed plan. It appears to be fair to all classes of securities, and if adopted will prove the making of the Missouri Pacific. It remains to be seen, however, whether the readjustment can be effected along the lines suggested. To merely point out the company's financial needs and ask the stockholders to put up a cash assessment of $41,000,000 is something entirely new in railroad financing. The chances are that the plan will be rejected. That, however, is a matter for the security holders themselves to decide. But before a final decision is reached, it would be well for the holders of Missouri Pacific bonds and stocks to recall a little recent history and then look a little ahead.

A year ago the bankers behind the proposed readjustment promised they would do their best to relieve the Missouri Pacific of the heavy burden it was carrying in the Gould management. That has been done. Then they promised they would do their best to get the troublesome $24,000,000 short-term notes renewed for a year. Practically all of the notes have been renewed. When those promises were made it was declared that if they could be fulfilled, a way might be found to readjust the company's finances without resorting to the expense and delay of receivership and foreclosure. That way has been found in the plan about to be announced. If the plan is rejected, receivership will follow, for the company failed this year to earn its fixed charges.

Metropolis Pays High Interest.

Because of the destruction of capital which is now going on in Europe at the rate of $400,000,000 a week, New York city was forced last Tuesday to pay nearly 4 1-2 per cent for its $71,000,000 loan. Only a few years ago that money could have been borrowed for 3 1-2 or 4 per cent. As our government has comparatively few bonds outstanding, and the price of these few bonds is influenced by the requirements of our national banks, the terms of the loans made by the city of New York have long been accepted as most trustworthy in arriving at the prevailing market rate for American capital. The increase that must be made in taxes to meet the higher interest rate to be paid on New York's new loans has naturally raised the question as to how we, as individuals, will be affected by the unprecedented waste of capital now going on abroad. As yet no one has arrived at a satisfactory answer to that problem, for it is one that has many conflicting factors. From the broad viewpoint, however, it is safe to predict that the cost of living the world over is going to be reduced. The cost of living increases as capital increases.

R. L. B.

The New York and New Orleans cotton exchanges, the New York sugar and coffee exchanges and the Kansas City and St. Louis stock markets observed Saturday as an extra holiday. These exchanges will also join in the legal observance of Independence day, Monday.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, July 3.—Cotton spot in fair demand, prices steady; good middling, 5.54; middling, 5.44; low middling, 4.78. Sales, 8,000 bales, including 6,800 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts, 3,000.

Futures closed quiet and steady.
Range Liverpool futures Saturday:

	Opening Range.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.-Feb.	5.47 -5.49½	5.48½	5.46½
Feb.-Mch.		5.52½	5.50½
Mch.-Aprl.	5.56 -5.55	5.56½	5.55½
Apr.-May		5.59½	5.58½
May-June	5.62½-5.61	5.62½	5.61½
June-July		5.09	5.08½
July-Aug.	5.09 -5.13	5.13	5.08½
Aug.-Sept.	5.19	5.22	5.18½
Sept.-Oct.	5.27½-5.29½	5.29½	5.26
Oct.-Nov.	5.33 -5.37	5.36	5.32½
Nov.-Dec.	5.38½	5.40½	5.37½
Dec.-Jan.	5.43 -5.44	5.44½	5.42

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
(Corrected by the Fidelity Fruit and Produce Company.)

Cantaloupes, crate	50@75c
Oranges, California	$4.00@4.50
Pineapples	$1.50@2.55
Lemons	$3.00@3.25
Onions, crate	$1.00@1.25
Potatoes, old, sack	$1.85@2.00
Potatoes, new, barrel	$1.50@2.00
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.50@1.75
Tomatoes, choice	$1.25@1.50
Egg plant	$2.00@2.25
Beans, green, drum	25@40c
Squash, drum	25@35c
Okra, drum	75c@$1.00
Peppers, crate	$1.50@2.00
Lettuce crate	$1.25@1.50
Corn, dozen	10@12½c

POULTRY AND EGGS.

Hens, alive, pound	12@13c
Fries, alive, pound	22@25c
Ducks, pound	11@12c
Hens, dressed, pound	15@16c
Fries, dressed, pound	25@27c
Roosters, each	25@30c
Guineas, each	25@30c
Eggs, loss off	15@16c

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.
(By W. H. White, Jr., of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.
Good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $6.25 to $6.50.
Medium to good steers, 700 to 800 pounds, $5.50 to $6.25.
Good to choice beef cows, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.50 to $6.00.
Medium to good cows, 700 to 750 pounds, $4.50 to $5.50.
Good to choice heifers, 650 to 750 pounds, $4.50 to $5.50.
The above represents the ruling price of good quality beef cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 800 to 900 pounds, $5.25 to $5.75.
Medium to good cows, 700 to 800 pounds, $4.00 to $4.50.
Mixed common, $3.50 to $4.00.
Good fat oxen, $4.50 to $5.50.
Medium fat oxen, $4.00 to $4.50.
Good butcher bulls, $3.50 to $4.50.

Prime hogs, 160 to 200 pounds, $7.50 to $7.85.
Good butcher hogs, 140 to 160 pounds, $7.30 to $7.50.
Good butcher pigs, 100 to 140 pounds, $7.00 to $7.25.
Light pigs, 80 to 100 pounds, $6.80 to $7.00.
Heavy rough hogs 200 to 300 pounds, $6.50 to $6.75.
Above quotations apply to corn-fed hogs; mast and peanut-fattened, 1½ to 2 under.

Cattle receipts irregular. Market strong to a shade higher on better grades, others selling lower, according to quality and condition. Some grass cattle coming, consisting mostly of inferior grades in poor flesh and meeting with poor sales.

Hogs, steady; receipts, nominal.

FLOUR, HAY, GRAIN AND SEED.
(Corrected by W. S. Duncan Co.)

Flour, Sacked, Per Barrel—Victory (in 48-pound towel bags), $7.25; Victory (our finest patent), $7.15; Quality (in 48-pound towel bags), $7.25; Quality (our finest patent), $7.15; Nell Rose (self-rising), $6.75; Nell Rose (self-rising, 12-pound sacks), $6.90; Gloria (self-rising), $7.00; Sure Biscuit (self-rising), $6.75; White Lily (self-rising), $6.75; White Lily (self-rising, 12-pound sacks), $6.90; Puritan (highest patent), $6.50; Home Queen (highest patent), $6.50; White Cloud (high patent), $6.35; White Daisy (high patent), $6.35; Ocean Spray (good patent), $6.25; Southern Star (good patent), $6.25; Sun Rise (good patent), $6.25.

Meal, Sacked, Per Bushel—Meal, plain, 144-pound sacks, $1.01; 96-pound sacks, $1.01; 48-pound sacks, $1.03; 24-pound sacks, $1.05.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bushel—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.04; corn, mixed, $1.02; oats, fancy white clipped, 67 cents; oats, No. 2 white clipped, 66 cents; oats, No. 2 white, 65 cents; oats, red, 128-pound sacks, 61 cents.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bushel—Orange cane seed, $1.15; amber cane seed, $1.15; seed barley, $1.20.

Hay, Etc.—Alfalfa hay No. 1, $1.20; Timothy No. 1, small bales, $1.35; light mixed hay, small bales, $1.30; straw, 65 cents; C. S. meal, Harper's Prime, $28.00; C. S. meal, Buckeye Prime, $28; C. S. hulls, square sacks, $8.75.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Aunt Patsy, bales, four 25-lb. sacks, $2.40; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; Purina Chowder, 100-lb. sacks, $2.50; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sacks, $2.70; Purina scratch, 12-pkg. bales, $2.50; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; Victory baby chick, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; Victory scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.30; Daisy scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.20; Kaw Kaw scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $2.15; beef scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $3.35; beef scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $1.85; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, 80c.

Ground Feed, Per Cwt.—Arab horse feed, $1.90; Re-Peter horse feed, $1.80; Victory horse feed, $1.80; King Corn horse feed, $1.70; A. B. C. horse feed, $1.60; June Pasture dairy feed, $1.55; alfalfa meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; beet pulp, 100-lb. sacks, $1.65.

Shorts, Bran and Mill Feed—Fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.95; P. W. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.85; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $1.80; brown shorts, 100-lb. sacks, $1.80; germ meal, 100-lb. sacks, $1.65; bran P. W., 100-lb. sacks, $1.45; bran, P. W., 75-lb. sacks, $1.45.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $5.10; salt brick (plain), per case, $2.35; salt, Ozone, 30-pkgs., per case, $1; salt, Ozone, 25-pkgs., per case, 85c; salt, Red Rock, per cwt., $1.10; salt, Chippewa, 100-lb. sacks, 52c; salt, Chippewa, 50-lb. sacks, 31c; salt, Chippewa, 25-lb. sacks, 19c; salt, V. P., 100-lb. sacks, 52c; salt, V. P., 50-lb. sacks, 31c; salt, V. P., 25-lb. sacks, 19c.

GROCERIES.
(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Company.)

Candy—Stick, 7¾; mixed, 7½; chocolate, 12½.

Canned Goods—Pork and beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.20. Corn, $1.75 to $2.40. Peas, $1.90 to $4.20. String beans, 1s, 2s and 3s, $1.90 to $4.50. Salmon, red Argo, $7.00; Chums, $3.75; pink, $4.25. Veal loaf one-half, $2.80. Asparagus tips, $4.50 to $5.00. Tuna fish, 1s, $8.25; ½s, $8.50. Condensed milk, $3.85 to $6.60. Evaporated milk, $2.75 to $3.25. Oysters, Alligator, $1.60; Pearls, $1.60.

Salt—100-lb. bags, 55c; ice cream, $1.00; Granocrystal, 80c; No. 3 barrels, $3.25.

Arm and Hammer Soda, $3.05; keg soda, 2c; Royal Baking Powder, 1-pound, $4.80; ½-pound, $5.00; Horsfords, $4.50; Good Luck, $2.75; Success, $1.80; Rough Rider, $1.80.

Beans—Lima, 7; pink, 6½; navy, 6¼.
Jelly—30-lb. pails, $1.35; 2-oz., $2.70.
Spaghetti—$1.90.
Leather—Diamond oak, 48c.
Pepper—Grain, 20c; ground, 20c.
Flour—Elegant, $8.75; Diamond, $8.25; Best Self-Rising, $8.15; Monogram, $8.00; Coronation, $7.85; Golden Grain, $7.65; Pancake, per case, $3.00.
Lard and Compound—Cottolene, $7.20; Snow Drift, cases, $6.00; Scoco, 8; Flake White, 7⅝.
Sour Gherkins—Per crate, $1.80; kegs, $6.50@8.00; sweet mixed, kegs, $12.50. Olives, 90c to $4.50 per dozen.
Sugar—Granulated, 6.60; powdered, 7½; cubes, 7; Domino, 9¼.

PROVISION MARKET.
(Corrected by White Provision Company.)

Cornfield hams, 10 to 12 average	17½
Cornfield hams, 12 to 14 average	17¼
Cornfield skinned hams, 16 to 18 ave.	17¼
Cornfield picnic hams, 6 to 8 average	12½
Cornfield B. bacon	24
Cornfield sliced B. bacon, 1-lb. cartons, 12 to case	$3.25
Grocers' bacon, wide and narrow	18
Cornfield fresh pork sausage, link or bulk, 25-lb. buckets	13
Cornfield wieners, 10-lb. cartons	13
Cornfield bologna sausage, 25-lb. boxes	12
Cornfield luncheon ham, 25-lb. boxes	14
Cornfield smoked link sausage, 25-lb. boxes	10
Cornfield wieners in pickle, 15-lb. kits	$2.00
Cornfield lard, tierce basis	10¾
Country style lard, 50-lb. cans	11
Compound lard, tierce basis	7¾
D. S. extra ribs	11¼
D. S. bellies, medium average	11¾
D. S. bellies, light average	12

New York Financial.

New York, July 3.—Mercantile paper, 3@3½ per cent. Sterling, 60-day bills, $4.7250; demand, $4.7650; cables, $4.7725. Francs, demand, $5.67; cables, $5.67. Marks, demand, 81⅝; cables, 81¾. Lires, demand, 3.14; cables, 5.13. Rubles, demand, 37; cables, 37⅛. Bar silver, 48¾.

Mexican dollars, 37. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, easy.

Metals.

New York, July 3.—Copper, nominal. Electrolytic, $20.25@20.50. Iron, unchanged.

SOUND CONDITIONS AGAIN EMPHASIZED

Stock and Security Lists Barely Quiver on News of Attempted Assassination of Country's Greatest Banker.

New York, July 3.—The underlying strength of the financial situation was again demonstrated today by the manner in which the stock market withstood the attempted assassination of J. P. Morgan. For a very brief period prices wavered from 1 to 2 points, but made almost complete recovery before the close, on assurances that the financier's injuries were not serious.

News of the Morgan shooting came midway in the brief session and affected the industrial group more than other issues. United States Steel, with which the name of Morgan is so closely identified, fell off 1¼ to 59, while American Can, many of the war specialties and motors sagged from 1 to 2½. The setback was only temporary, however, supporting orders soon overcoming any threatened liquidation. Before the close most losses were reduced to minor fractions.

Trade reports were more encouraging, the last half of the year, in the opinion of the authorities, affording striking contrast to the first half.

Bonds irregular, with further moderate foreign sales. Total sales, par value, $1,425,000.

United States bonds unchanged on call during the week.

Stocks in New York.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	48½	48½	48¾	49
Amalg. Copper	74⅝	73¾	73⅞	74¾
Am. Can	46⅜	44⅝	46	46⅝
Am. Cities, pfd.				46
Am. Cotton Oil			45	46¼
Am. Smelting	79	78¼	79	79¾
Am. Sugar			107½	109¼
Am. Tel. and Tel.	121	120½	121	120¼
Am. Tobacco			225	226⅝
Atchison	100⅛	99⅞	100	100
Atlantic Coast Line	104	104	104	103½
B. and O.	76⅛	76	76⅛	76⅛
Bethlehem Steel	167½	166	166⅝	167⅝
Brooklyn Rd. Tran.	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛	87⅝
Canadian Pac.	143⅝	142½	143½	142⅝
Central Leather	40⅞	40	40⅞	40⅝
Chesap'e and Ohio			38¼	38½
Chi., Mil. and St. Paul	84	82	83⅝	84½
Chi., R. I. and Pac.	16	15⅝	16	16⅝
Consolidated Gas	125½	125½	125½	125½
Corn Products	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
Erie	26⅛	25½	26	26⅝
General Motors	156½	156	156½	156
Great Northern, pfd.	118	117¼	118⅛	118
Illinois Central			100⅝	100⅝
Interborough-Met., pfd.	75	74½	74½	75¼
Kan. City Southern	24⅞	24¾	24¾	24⅞
L. and N.	115	114½	114⅛	115
Liggett and Myers			225	225
Lorillard Co.			168	168
Maxwell Motor Co.	37	35	35¼	37½
Mo., Kan. and Texas	9	8½	8½	9
Mo. Pac.	6¼	6	6⅛	6¼
Mex. Petroleum	75	73½	73¾	74¼
National Lead	62¼	62¼	62¼	62⅞
N. Y. Central	88	87⅝	88⅛	88⅜
N. Y., N. H. and H.	64½	63⅝	64	63⅝
N. and W.			103	103
Northern Pacific	105	103¾	105	105
Pennsylvania	106¼	106⅛	106⅛	106¼
Reading	147⅝	146⅝	147	147¼
Rep. Iron and Steel	29⅛	29	29	29⅛
do. pfd.	87⅝	87¼	87¼	87⅝
Seaboard Air Line			14	14
do. pfd.	34	34	34	34½
Sloss-Shef. Steel and Iron			34	34
Stude'r Corporation	77	76¼	77	77
Southern Pacific	86⅞	85⅝	86⅝	87
Southern Railway	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅝
do. pfd.			49½	50
Tenn. Copper	36¾	36⅝	36⅝	36¾
Texas Co.	127	127	127	127
Texas and Pacific			13½	12½
Union Pacific	127½	126⅝	127	127⅝
U. S. Rubber	46⅝	45½	46⅛	46⅝
U. S. Steel	60⅛	59	59⅝	60¼
do. pfd.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109½
Utah Copper	67½	67	67	67⅝
Va.-Caro. Chem.			31	31
Western Union	66	65⅝	66	66⅛
Westing'e Electric	99⅜	97⅝	98¼	99⅜

Total sales Saturday, 204,700 shares.

Bonds in New York.

U. S. 2s, registered	96⅝
do. coupon	97
U. S. 3s, registered	100¼
do. coupon	110½
U. S. 4s, registered	109
do. coupon	100½
Panama 3s, coupon	100½
Americal Agricultural 5s	100⅜
American Cotton Oil 5s	93¾
American Tel. and Tel. cv. 4½s	101½
American Tobacco 6s, bid	115
Atchison gen. 4s	90¾
Atlantic Coast Line col. 4s, ofd.	84
Baltimore and Ohio cv. 4½s	85¾
Central of Georgia 5s	99¾
Central Leather 5s	99⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio cv. 4½s	72¼
Chi., B. and Q. joint 4s	95½
Chi., Mil. and St. Paul cv. 4½s	95
Erie gen. 4s	66¾
Illinois Central ref. 4s	86½
Louisville and Nash. un. 4s	90¼
Liggett and Myers 5s	101
Lorillard 5s	99⅛
Mo. Kan. and Texas 1st 4s, bid	75
N. Y. Central gen. 4½s, bid	77
N. Y., N. H. and H. cv. 6s	100⅞
Norfolk and Western cv. 4½s	103½
Northern Pacific 4s	90¼
Pennsylvania cv. 3½s (1915)	100⅛
Reading gen. 4s	91
Republic Iron and Steel 5s (1940)	93
St. Louis and San Fran. ref. 4s	66⅝
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s	65¾
Southern Bell Telephone 5s	97½
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	80½
Southern Railway 5s	99½
do. gen. 4s	62½
Texas Company cv. 6s	66⅝
Texas and Pacific 1st, bid	92⅞
Union Pacific 4s	94⅝
U. S. Steel 5s	101⅜
Va.-Caro. Chemical 5s, bid	95⅝
C. M. and St. P. cv. 5s	102¼
N. Y. C. deb. 6s	103¼
Southern Pacific cv. 5s	99
Pennsylvania con. 4½s	102½

WEEKLY REVIEW ON COTTON GOODS MARKET

New York, July 3.—A more settled opinion concerning the values of cotton goods for fall distribution is apparent in the primary markets. Signs of a reaction from the slow decline were seen when the market closed. Wide print cloths were steadier and slight advances from the low points were paid for small lots. Bleached cottons, both branded muslins and wide sheetings are steadier. An advance of 1 cent a yard has been announced on one line of wide sheetings for fall delivery. Staple prints and staple ginghams are quiet with manufacturers restricted in their ability to fill orders because of the scarcity of many fast dyes. The heavier end of the colored goods markets is firmer, notably on hickory stripes, denims and colored duck. The distribution of fine and fancy goods for immediate sale continues steady and bids fair to continue quite full for another month. The absence of fine foreign goods has caused an appreciation in values for some of the choice domestic fancies for quick shipment. Brown goods were generally quiet, although it is noted that jobbers are taking in all goods due and are desirous that past orders shall be filled promptly. Cotton duck continues firm on grades selling largely for export. There is still a steady demand for cotton sheetings and osnaburgs for bagging purposes to take the place of burlaps.

Quotations—Print cloths, 28-inch, 64x64s, 3¼c; 64x60s, 3c; 38½-inch, 64x64s, 4c; brown sheetings, southern standard, 6¼c; denims, 9-ounce, 13¼c; tickings, 8-ounce, 11¼c; standard prints, 5¼c; standard staple ginghams, 6¼c; dress ginghams, 9¼c.

Dry Goods.

New York, July 3.—There was a great deal of interest displayed in 4-yard sheetings for delivery during the next sixty days, but the placing of business was postponed until next week. Colored cotton goods in steady demand for immediate delivery. The linen market continued to be strong though generally quiet. Burlaps continued to rule very irregular.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF NEW YORK BANKS

Exclusive of Savings Bank Deposits, Total Reaches $3,379,383,100, Increase for Week $80,945,300.

New York, July 3.—The actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $163,942,100 reserve in excess of legal requirements, a decrease of $29,310,930 from last week. The statement follows:

Actual condition:
Loans, etc., $2,556,358,000; increase, $80,061,000.
Reserve in own vaults (B) $435,956,000; decrease, $21,595,000.
(B) Of which $363,067,000 is specie.
Reserve in federal reserve bank, $127,244,000; decrease, $4,643,000.
Reserve in other depositaries, $37,234,000; increase, $8,528,000.
Net demand deposits, $2,513,988,000; increase, $69,230,000.
Net time deposits, $137,089,000; decrease, $717,000.
Circulation, $37,901,000; increase, $51,000.
Aggregate reserve, $598,434,000.
Excess reserve, $163,942,100; decrease, $29,310,930.
Summary of state banks and trust companies in greater New York, not included in clearing house statement:
Loans, etc., $588,861,200; increase, $8,294,100.
Specie, $48,976,500; decrease, $120,300.
Legal tenders, $9,457,400; decrease, $295,800.
Total deposits, $728,306,100; decrease, $12,432,300.
Banks' cash reserve in vault, $11,026,400.
Trust companies' cash reserve in vault, $47,407,500.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ISSUES WEEKLY REPORT

The condition of the federal reserve bank of Atlanta for the week at the close of business Friday evening follows:

RESOURCES.

Gold coin and certificates: Gold settlement fund, credit balance	$1,640,000.00	
Held by the bank	3,931,657.36	
Legal tender notes, silver, etc.	323,043.00	$5,894,700.36
TOTAL RESERVES. Bills discounted and bought: Commercial paper		$ 4,540,895.12
Due from other federal reserve banks, net		263,459.51
All other resources		243,949.42
Total resources		$10,943,004.41

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$ 2,414,950.00
Reserve deposits, net	5,589,238.25
Federal reserve notes in circulation, net	2,891,400.00
All other liabilities	47,416.16
Total liabilities	$10,943,004.41

MEMORANDUM.

Federal reserve notes issued to the bank	$ 5,150,000.00
Federal reserve notes in the hands of the bank	308,600.00
Federal reserve notes outstanding	$ 4,841,400.00
Gold and lawful money with federal reserve agent	1,950,000.00
Net liability, account of federal reserve notes	$ 2,891,400.00

CONDITION STATEMENT OF THE RESERVE BANKS

Washington, July 3.—Gold reserves of the twelve Federal Reserve banks increased during the last week more than $9,000,000, according to a statement of their condition July 2, issued today by the Federal Reserve board. It shows:

Resources.

Gold coin and certificates, July 2, 1915:
Settlement fund, credit balance, 31,840,000.
All other, $232,448,000.
Total gold reserve, $264,288,000.
Legal tender notes, silver, etc., $24,841,000.
Total reserve, $289,129,000.
Bills discounted and bought:
Maturities within 30 days, $13,322,000.
Maturities within 60 days, $9,735,000.
Maturities within 90 days, $8,097,000.
Maturities over 90 days, $5,033,000.
Total, $36,187,000.

Investments.

U. S. bonds, $7,682,000.
Municipal warrants, $12,390,000.
Due from other federal reserve banks, net, $9,862,000.
Federal reserve notes, net, $7,601,000.
All other resources, $3,660,000.
Total resources, $366,481,000.

Liabilities.

Capital paid in, $54,128,000.
Reserve deposits, net, $297,883,000.
Federal reserve notes, net, $12,797,000.
All other liabilities, $1,673,000.
Total liabilities, $366,481,000.
Gold reserve against net liabilities, 87.9 per cent.
Cash reserve against net liabilities, 96.1 per cent.
Cash reserve against liabilities after setting aside 40 per cent gold reserve, against net amount of federal reserve notes in circulation, 98.6 per cent.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, July 3.—Cotton seed oil was easier under liquidating sales in Augusta, poor demand generally and with the heaviness in hog products. Final prices were 2 to 7 points net lower. Sales, 6,400 barrels.

Range in New York futures Saturday:

	Open.	Close.
Spots		6.05
July	6.03@6.13	6.10@6.11
August	6.31@6.32	6.25@6.26
September	6.44@6.47	6.42@6.44
October	6.47@6.50	6.43@6.45
November	6.42@6.50	6.35@6.37
December	6.43@6.50	6.46@6.47
January	6.50@6.55	6.50@6.53
February	6.55@6.60	6.53@6.59

Live Stock.

Live stock markets in Kansas City and St. Louis closed Saturday.

Chicago, July 3.—Hogs—Receipts 10,000; weak; bulk $7.30@7.55; light $7.35@7.75; mixed $7.10@7.65; heavy $6.90@7.75; rough $6.90@7.00; pigs $6.25@7.50.

Cattle—Receipts 100; steady; native beef steers $6.85@9.90; western steers $7.25@8.45; cows and heifers $3.35@9.50; calves $7.25@10.50.

Sheep—Receipts 6,000; steady; sheep $5.75@6.85; lambs $7.00@10.15.

Rice.

New Orleans, July 3.—Clean rice continued quiet.

Receipts: Rough, 300.

Sales: 1,257 pockets clean Honduras at 3.20@4¾; 50 pockets Japan at 4 7-16.

GRAIN MAKES DIP; PROVISIONS MIXED

Substantial Hedging Swings Wheat Downward—New Crop News and Enlarged Planting Depress Corn.

Chicago, July 3.—Hedging on a somewhat broad scale to anticipate liberal new crop arrivals expected by Tuesday gave a downward swing today to the wheat market here. Prices closed heavy at 1 to 2¾ under last night. Corn suffered a loss of ½ to ¾@⅞ net, and oats of ½@⅝ to ¾. The finish in provisions ranged from 2½ decline to a rise of 2½.

Favorable weather and crop reports tended to ease off the corn market. Some notice was taken also of the chance of a surplus this season in the southern states.

Oats followed the action of other grain.

Provisions averaged lower with hogs and grain.

Chicago Quotations.

Range board of trade Saturday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
WHEAT—					
July	1.11¼	1.12¼	1.08⅞	1.10	1.11⅝
Sept.	1.03⅝	1.04½	1.02¼	1.02⅜-1.04	1.04
Dec.	1.06½	1.07⅛	1.05⅜	1.06	1.07
CORN—					
July	.74⅝	.74⅝	.74	.74¼	.74⅞
Sept.	.73	.73¾	.72⅝	.72⅝	.73⅝
Dec.	.64	.64⅛	.63½	.63⅝	.63⅝
OATS—					
July	.47⅝	.47⅝	.46⅝	.46⅞	.47½
Sept.	.38⅛	.38⅛	.37⅝	.37⅝	.38⅝
Dec.	.39⅝	.37⅞	.39¼	.39¼	.39⅝
PORK—					
July	16.75	16.75	16.75	16.75	16.72
Sept.	17.15	17.17	17.02	17.05	17.17
Oct.	17.17	17.25	17.15	17.15	17.17
LARD—					
July	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.25	9.32
Sept.	9.47	9.50	9.45	9.45	9.55
RIBS—					
July	10.30	10.32	10.30	10.30	10.32
Sept.	10.60	10.60	10.57	10.60	10.62

Receipts in Chicago.

Articles	Saturday.
Wheat, cars	5
Corn, cars	159
Oats, cars	115
Hogs, head	12,000

Primary Movement Saturday.

Receipts of wheat, 395,000, against 250,000 last week; holiday last year.
Receipts of corn, 511,000, against 516,000 last week; holiday last year.
Receipts of oats, 377,000, against 402,000 last week; holiday last year.
Shipments of wheat, 253,000, against 443,000 last week; holiday last year.
Shipments of corn, 732,000, against 296,000 last week; holiday last year.
Shipments of oats, 499,000, against 392,000 last week; holiday last year.

Grain.

Chicago, July 3.—Wheat, No. 2 red, nominal; No. 3 red, $1.18½; No. 2 hard, $1.31½.
Corn, No. 2 yellow, 76@76½.
Rye, No. 2, $1.16.
Barley, 69@73.
Timothy, $5.50@6.50.
Clover, $8.50@13.25.

St. Louis, July 3.—Wheat, No. 2 red, $1.19@1.22; No. 2 hard, nominal; July, $1.04⅝; September, $1.00¼.
Corn, No. 2, 75½; No. 2 white, 77½@79; July, 74½; September, 71⅛@71¼.
Oats, No. 2, 49½; No. 2 white, 51@52; July, 43¾; September, 35⅝.

Kansas City, July 3.—Wheat, No. 2 hard, $1.29@1.33; No. 2 red, $1.21@1.22.
Corn, No. 2 mixed, 74; No. 2 white, 75; No. 2 yellow, 75½.
Oats, No. 2 white, 48; No. 2 mixed, 44½@45½.

Country Produce.

New York, July 3.—Butter, steady; receipts, 7,955; creamery, extras (93 score), 28; higher scoring, 28½@29; firsts, 26½@27½; seconds, 24@25½.

Eggs, steady; receipts, 14,566; fresh gathered extras, 22@23; extra firsts, 20@21; firsts, 18@19½; seconds, 16½@18.

Cheese, weak; receipts, 6,608; state, whole milk, flats and twins, fresh colored specials, 15½@15¾; do. white, 15½; do. average fancy, 15¼.

Dressed poultry, irregular; western roasting chickens, frozen, 20@22; fowls, fresh, iced, 13½@16½; turkeys, 15@17.

Chicago, July 3.—Butter, unchanged.
Eggs, lower; receipts, 20,382; at mark, cases included, 14@16½; ordinary firsts, 15@15½; firsts, 16@16½.
Potatoes, lower; new, 40; Virginia cobblers, $1.55@1.60; Arkansas and Oklahoma sacked Triumphs, 50@55; old, 17@20. No receipts.

St. Louis, July 3.—Poultry, unchanged except springs, 16@18.
Butter and eggs, unchanged.

Kansas City, July 3.—Butter, eggs and poultry, unchanged.

Elgin, Ill., July 3.—Butter, 27.

London Financial.

London, July 3.—Bar silver, 22 15-16d per ounce. Money 1¾ per cent. Discount rates, short bills, 4¼ per cent; three months, 4¼ per cent.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., July 3.—Turpentine firm at 39¾; sales, none; receipts, 688; shipments, 183; stocks, 25,056.

Rosin, firm; sales, none; receipts, 1,710; shipments, 535; stocks, 58,773.

Quote: A. B. $3.10; C. D. $3.20; E. $3.25; F. $3.35; G. H. $3.45; I. $3.50; K. $3.80; M. $4.30; N. $5.30; window glass, $6.30; water white, $6.50.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 3.—Turpentine firm at 39½; sales, none; receipts, 335; shipments, 299; stock, 16,698.

Rosin, firm; sales, 463; receipts, 1,186; shipments, none; stock, 6,340.

Quote: A. B. $2.95; C. D. $3.00; E. $3.15; F. $3.25; G. $3.30; H. $3.35; I. $3.40; K. $3.75; M. $4.35; N. $3.25; window glass, $6.15; water white, $6.30.

Provisions.

Chicago, July 3.—Cash:
Pork, $16.75.
Lard, $9.12@9.22.
Ribs, $9.75@10.25.

HE LOOPED THE LOOP 4,000 FEET IN THE AIR

San Diego, Cal., July 3.—Lieutenant Byron St. Johns, the young army aviator who recently established a record for sustained flight with a passenger, was receiving congratulations today on his achievement yesterday when he looped the loop four times at an altitude of 4,000 feet. He used a standard army biplane, the first time, it is said, such a machine had been employed in such a performance.

The motor of the aeroplane stopped while the aviator was on his back in the fourth loop, but he succeeded in completing the circuit and then volplaned down.

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Married Here Saturday, Will Spend Honeymoon At Shrine Convention

H. G. Cook, of Knoxville, Tenn., and Miss Elizabeth Brown, of Pulaski, Tenn., were married in Atlanta yesterday. They left yesterday afternoon upon their honeymoon, which will include a visit to the Shrine convention in Seattle.

Mr. Cook is an officer of the Alhambra patrol, of Knoxville. He and his bride will join the southern Shriners in St. Paul and go from there with them to Seattle. Mr. Cook is also a delegate to the opticians' convention which will meet in San Francisco this month.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook stopped at the Piedmont hotel while in Atlanta.

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WAYCROSS MAYOR PUTS BAN ON SCARLET WOMEN

Orders Police Chief to Close All Questionable Houses and Banish Inmates.

Waycross, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Women of questionable character and houses frequented by them will not be tolerated in Waycross hereafter in consequence of action taken today. Mayor Beaton sent a communication this afternoon to Chief John W. Colley, of the police department, requesting that the police department institute immediately a searching investigation regarding the existence of questionable women in Waycross.

"I want you to make an extraordinary effort to locate every woman of questionable character, whether she be in a house in the city or in a hotel, and notify her that she must leave the city limits within ten days. If you find any houses of a questionable nature in the city I would thank you to see that they are broken up at once."

Mayor Beaton's communication created quite a stir in Waycross. When he was elected mayor after one of the bitterest campaigns Waycross has ever known, his opponents charged that he was going to make Waycross a "wide-open" city.

HARDWICK SPEAKS ON "AMERICANISM" AT SUMMER SCHOOL

Athens, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—On the principle of "representative government," nearly all of Georgia celebrated the Glorious Fourth on the campus of the university today about noon, more than 125 of the counties of the state being represented by one to twenty teachers from rural and city schools attending the state summer school in the audience, which overflowed the historic chapel.

From Peabody hall to the campus the long line of nearly 1,000 teacher-students, headed by the orator of the day, Junior Senator Thomas W. Hardwick, the faculty and the trustees and directors of the summer school wound over the campus, color-bearers in advance with the United States flag and the Georgia flag floating side by side. The processional, a motion picture of which was made, made a remarkable scene. In the chapel, after prayer by Rev. Dr. C. C. Jarrell, Judge Hamilton McWhorter introduced the speaker, who talked on "Americanism." He recounted the fact that while in the Spanish-American war the south and Georgia responded to the call of the United States more generally and promptly than other sections, in proportion to population, that the south can be "made to stand on tiptoe more easily at the mention of Lee and Jackson and the lines of gray than at the allusions to the earlier days of the republic, and the fathers who founded the nation." He said that in other distant states he had found all sectionalism practically wiped out and hatred of the south forgotten. His address was a call to positive, aggressive Americanism in Dixie.

These Children Want Homes; Will You Hear Their Appeal?

From left to right: Standing, Florence Bragg, 8 years; John Barrow, 8 years; Christiana Bragg, 5 years; Fannie Yawn, 9 years. Seated, Archie Bate, 2 years; Eugene ("Buster") Howard, aged 2 years.

Posing before the camera man, waiting for "the little bird to fly out of the camera's eye," the kiddies pictured above felt as proud and happy as though they had been the poor little rich guests at Reginald Astorfeller's birthday party.

These are some of the boys and girls without mothers, or with mothers worse than none, who have been snatched by the Georgia Children's Home society from parents of immorality or of despair, and are waiting now for someone, somewhere, to become interested in their uncertain careers. Every one of these sons and daughters is looking for a home.

"Mother" McManus in Charge.

Out on Dodd avenue, "Mother" McManus, with whom these little ones are boarding temporarily, is acting mother to them all. She bathes, nurses, tucks in bed and feeds them. Most of them like her better than they do their real mothers, and it may be, perhaps, as hard getting the kids away from Mother McManus as Mother MaManus and Superintendent McCord had in getting them away from their former "homes." But they can't stay here forever. They are eating, and sleeping, and growing, and before long they will be too big for Mother McManus. That is why the Georgia Children's Home society is trying to find hmes for the babies.

"A larger number of parents in Georgia are yielding to the corrupting influences about them and becoming totally unfit to rear their children," says State Superintendent Robert B. McCord, "or else a stronger public sentiment has grown up to demand that children shall not be reared in vicious surroundings, for the Georgia Children's Home society has had more calls in the last two weeks than in any similar length of time before for the society's assistance in removing families of children from the worst kind of moral conditions. In nearly every case the father has gone to some place unknown, and the mother has given herself to vice. The children are left suffering for food and parental care.

Mother Ostracised.

"In one case five white children are living with their mother in a little two-room shanty in the midst of negro quarters. Nobody is willing for the mother, on account of her immorality, to live near them. A number of other cases are more or less like this one.

"The children in the picture came to the society's headquarters in Atlanta within the last week to be put in proper condition to go into permanent homes. Every one is an attractive child, and to my way of thinking will make most excellent men and women if only given a chance. They did not choose these conditions in which we found them, and they are as innocent and pure as God ever made children. You cannot touch them or look into their eyes, that reach out for love and companionship, without being touched with pity for these little ones who want homes—good homes—somewhere in Georgia. And they must have them right soon, for the faster they go out, the quicker can needy ones come in. There are at least forty such as these reported to us in the last week or two that we would gladly receive if those who cannot themselves take a child would help us financially to care for them."

JOHN T. DORSEY GIVEN SPLENDID APPOINTMENT

Cobb Representative Is Chairman of Important Penitentiary Committee.

One of the highest compliments paid by Speaker Burwell, of the house of representatives, in the assignments of his committees was conveyed by the appointment of Hon. John T. Dorsey,

HON. JOHN T. DORSEY,
Of Cobb County.

of Cobb county, as chairman of the penitentiary committee of the house.

The committee over which Mr. Dorsey will preside is one of the most important committees of the general assembly, and from time immemorial the chairmanship has been filled by selection from the big timber of the legislature.

The new chairman is a lawyer by profession, and removed to Marietta from Hall county in 1908, Marietta being the home of his wife, who is the granddaughter of General James W. Robertson.

Mr. Dorsey is skilled in his profession, and no amateur in politics, being one of the leading factors in the professional, civic and commercial development of his home county.

His friends have showered Mr. Dorsey with congratulations upon his appointment to the chairmanship of this important committee, whose membership has also expressed their gratification upon the assignment.

SCOTTISH ASSOCIATION ENJOYS PICNIC MONDAY

The Atlanta Scottish association, which is composed of native born Scots or sons of the same, have made elaborate preparations for their annual Fourth of July picnic, which will be held Monday at the Burns cottage, on the Soldiers' home car line.

This is always a popular occasion, but the association plans to make it more so this year than it has ever been in the past. There will be all sorts of Scotch games and contests, to the winners of which prizes will be awarded.

SAYS HER FATHER TRIED TO DEFRAUD CREDITOR

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—In the superior court today, in an action for a receivership for a stock of drugs at Fort Valley, Mrs. J. P. Patton charged that her father, now deceased, turned the stock over to her brother, F. G. Hobbs, to defeat a creditor, with the understanding it should revert to the original owners when the purpose was accomplished. Arguments will be resumed Monday.

DEKALB SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING AT CLARKSTON

Decatur, Ga., July 7.—(Special.)—President W. T. Smith, of the DeKalb County Sunday School association, announces that the DeKalb County Sunday school convention will be held at Clarkston July 15 and 16. Every white Sunday school in the county will be represented in the convention.

The Grand Trunk Pacific has received so many inquiries respecting the accommodation to be obtained at Jasper Park, through which the trains are now running, that it has created a tent city in the heart of the park, which is 5,000 square miles in extent and comprises the heart of the Rockies; lakes, rivers, water falls and scenic wonders to delight the eye.

The ultimate thought is to build a great modern hotel in the park; but in the meantime there are summer tents for sleeping, marquees, in which meals will be served; while the Federal Government has provided shelter houses. All this is temporary. It is believed that the park (situated at the southwest corner of Alberta, close to Mount Robson) will attract hundreds of tourists this year, while it will be the playground for thousands in the near future.—(adv.)

HIGHWAY CELEBRATION AT AMERICUS TOMORROW

8,000 Visitors Are Expected. Parade and Street Ball to Be Features.

Americus, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Americus is ready for the big Dixie highway celebration that will occur here Monday. It is estimated that 8,000 people will visit the city for the event.

The streets of the city and the business houses have been decorated. The program includes a floral parade, public speaking, maneuvers by the Second Georgia regiment, two ball games between Montezuma and Dawson and an electric street ball. Music for the occasion will be furnished by three brass bands.

CHURCHES IN DECATUR PLAN UNION SERVICES

Decatur, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The churches of Decatur have adopted a plan for meetings during the summer months. Union services are to be held at the Sunday evening hour during July and August in the local churches. The services will go from church to church. The first of these services will be held tomorrow night at 8 o'clock, and Dr. J. G. Patton, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will preach.

SHIPMENTS OF MELONS VERY HEAVY THIS WEEK

Valdosta, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Cantaloupe and watermelon shipments from the Valdosta territory, which have been very heavy for a week, are expected to reach the maximum by next Monday or Tuesday. Immense yields are reported by the growers in this section, but they have been disappointed in the prices for their products. The market is still weak, but many of the best informed growers look for some improvement next week. A few of the first cars to eastern markets brought $2 per crate, netting the grower between $500 and $600 per car. This is considered a fair return, and with good yields growers can make money on the crop. Some of the shipments have fallen considerably under the figures above, while in the case of smaller express shipments a few growers have realized even better returns. The cantaloupe men are faring much better than the watermelon growers, numbers of whom have sold their melons in the fields or on cars here for

GRADY COOK RELEASED FROM JAIL UNDER BOND

Macon, Ga., June 3.—(Special.)—Grady Cook, a young man from Butts county, indicted by the grand jury at the recent session of the United States district court on a charge of swindling a Chicago mail order house, was released from the Bibb county jail today under bond. He will be tried at the next term of court.

GREENE COUNTY FAILS TO PASS BRIDGE BONDS

Greensboro, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—A proposed bond issue for the construction of bridges in Greene county failed to carry today on account of the light vote cast.

FOURTH OF JULY

Special rates via W. & A. R. R. Tickets on sale July 3, 4 and 5. Return limit July 8, 1915. Apply ticket agents. C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent.

$1.00 WARM SPRINGS and return July 5th. Southern Railway.

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Lithia Springs, Ga.

1888 — A Wonderful Record — 1915

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRING WATER was introduced to the Atlanta public 27 years ago, and its fame has grown with each succeeding year, until now it is the most universally popular water upon this or any other market.

Purity is the one quality that has challenged and won the admiration of mankind since the beginning of time, and it is this quality that has given to BOWDEN a reputation never before attained by any other NATURAL LITHIA SPRING WATER.

And, the test of time is the proof of quality—BOWDEN LITHIA was the first water ever sold in Atlanta for table use and general drinking purposes, and for nearly three decades has been the standard of excellence in hundreds of the most particular homes, and the favorite among many thousands in the offices, banks and commercial enterprises. It triumphantly survives more than 50 waters launched in Atlanta since it was placed upon the market almost 30 years ago; a praiseworthy record—a deserved acknowledgement of its splendid quality and superior merit.

It was the "daddy" of that most delightful of all fountain beverages, "Lemon-Lime and Lithia"—a drink that has become famous for its rich taste and goodness—a drink that refreshes 10,000 palates in Atlanta alone every day.

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRING WATER is bottled only at the great spring, in glass that has been sterilized by the most approved process, is then sealed over a new, sterilized cork, and reaches you in all of its original purity, and about as fresh as if gathered from a spring in your own yard. There is never a disappointment in Bowden Lithia—there are families in Atlanta who began its use more than a quarter of a century ago, who still drink it every day. It is the one NATURAL production that should be in every home and every counting room everywhere.

Let Us Impress This Upon You

DISTILLED CHATTAHOOCHEE, and ARTIFICIAL, CHEMICALLY MADE LITHIA, is neither an imitation nor a substitute for the genuine NATURAL PRODUCT, and all such deceptive nostrums should be spurned.

The natural—the original—the old reliable, Lemon-Lime and BOWDEN LITHIA may be had at all founts, and should be called for by its full name to avoid any possible disappointment.

ATLANTA MINERAL WATERS CO.
Atlanta Distributors for BOWDEN LITHIA SPRING WATER
Bell Ivy 130 — Atlanta 130

TRUE VALUES — ATLANTA RETAIL MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION

YES—

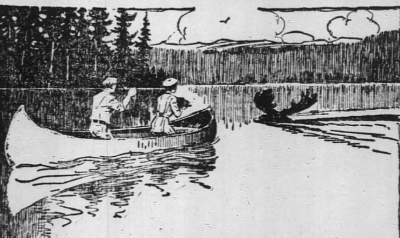
Every good legitimate retail merchant or commercial house in Atlanta, whose methods meet the requirements of the high standard adopted by this Association for the protection of the buying public, is eligible to membership in the Atlanta Retail Merchants' Association.

Are you dealing with an X-Ray House? If not—ask them why they are not members.

You will find it to your interest to be guided by Atlanta's Business X-Ray!

Atlanta Retail Merchants Association

A GUARANTEE OF TRUTH
LOOK FOR IT IN THE ADS IN THIS PAPER



Low Round Trip Fares
NORTH AND WEST

ROUND TRIP tickets over the Louisville & Nashville Railroad are sold daily at greatly reduced fares to all the principal lake, mountain, and sea shore resorts and to many of the larger cities in the North and West. These tickets are good returning until October 31st, and bear liberal stop-over privileges.

Attention is called to the superior train service of this line with through drawing room and observation sleepers equipped with individual electric berth lights and electric fans, and modern coaches to Cincinnati and Louisville, connecting in Union Stations with trains of other lines beyond. Unsurpassed dining car service. Meals a la carte.

Trains Leave Atlanta daily 7.12 a. m. and 4.45 p. m

LET US ARRANGE YOUR VACATION TRIP

For further particulars, rates, literature, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon

L&N CITY TICKET OFFICE
½ Peachtree Street ATLANTA, GA.

If You Are Interested in a Trip to the Great Expositions

WE INVITE YOU

To write us for our California Tour Booklets and descriptive literature of the Western Country, describing in details these Great Tours.

Our third big train will pass through Atlanta next Wednesday morning, July 7th.

Our Tours Nos. 1 and 2, which left the Carolinas June 8th and June 24th, respectively, are now touring the West.

The third of these Great Trips leaves July 6th; the fourth July 12th; the fifth July 24th; the sixth August 2nd.

The Route

The Tours consume from 30 to 40 days, visiting all of the great attractions through the West, including the Grand Canyon of Arizona, the Yellowstone National Park, the American Rockies in Colorado, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, the Royal Gorge, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, the Two Great Expositions at San Diego and San Francisco, Portland, Seattle, Vancouver, the Canadian Rockies, St. Paul and Chicago.

The Train

All of the parties will travel in trains of the very finest Pullman equipment, offering every facility for comfort and pleasure. The very best dining car service will be provided, and only the best hotels are used.

Each and every party is personally conducted by experienced men and satisfactorily chaperoned.

Make your arrangements to take one of the magnificent trips. Write us at once for booklet.

GATTIS TOURIST AGENCY
Tourist Agents Seaboard Air Line Railway :: Raleigh, North Carolina

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COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 6c a line
7 Insertions 5c a line

1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If you can't bring or send your Want Ad. phone Main 5000 or Atlanta 5001.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And, if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

EVERY HOME HAS USE FOR CONSTITUTION WANT ADS.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST articles sometimes are never found; often they are stolen with no chance of recovery, but when picked up by honest persons they will get back to the owner if advertised in this column.

LOST or stolen, setter, black, white and tan; medium size; with long hair on tail and legs. Call Atlanta Phone 2303, or Bell Phone Main 1945. Reward. Dr. S. R. Underwood, office 106 Whitehall st.

MRS. H. L. FLYNT, 803 Ponce de Leon.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bunch of notes, at postoffice, Wednesday about 12:30 o'clock. Return to R. H. Verner, Engine House, No. 8; reward. Phone Atlanta 1003.

LOST—Friday morning, gold watch pin, pearl in center. Ivy 7012-J; reward.

PERSONAL

FLY SCREENS
VENETIAN BLINDS
Made to Order

THE ideal blind and screen for sun parlors. Estimates furnished free. Your credit good. Don't delay. Bostwick-Goodell Co., W. R. Callaway, Sales Manager. Phone Main 5310, or write 1403 Fourth National Bank building, Atlanta, Ga.

WHITE HAT SALE
White, Hemp, Chip, Peanut.
and Panamas, good styles, 50c to 98c, Leghorns and Malines, midsummer styles, satins and taffetas, $2.49 to $5.00; sport hats, 50c to $1.00. Tams in kid and corduroy, chic and charming, $1.00 to $5.00.
MRS. C. H. SMITH.
Open the Fourth. Charge accounts solicited. 115 Peachtree. Old hats made new.

CACHOO—The Makes-Em-Sneeze Powder, a little blown into the air starts everybody sneezing; barrels of fun; bottle containing 20 doses 10c, three for 25c; latest catalogues of jokers' novelties, tricks, puzzles and books to suit everybody, sent with order. Fulton Novelty House, South New Market, N. J.

DID YOU ever hear that joke about the Irishman who was passing the Salvation Army tent? It's a good one. Read the want ads. Phone your want ads to Main 5000; ask for Classified Adv. Dept., Atlanta 5001.

THE MARINELLO PARLOR
IS AN absolutely sanitary beauty parlor, equipped with the most modern electrical appliances, scientifically used by a Marinello graduate. Main 4262.

"OF KORSE"
CAN'T QUIT! BACK AGAIN AT OLD HOME, 4½ SOUTH BROAD. PHONE 83. ED. L. GRANT SIGN WORKS. SIGN ANYTHING, "OF KORSE."

I HAVE $51 English course scholarship in International Correspondence School which I have paid $20 on. Will transfer same to party assuming balance. Call Ivy 7480 before 12 a. m.

WANTED—Information regarding my son, John Alsey Johnson, 6 feet tall; last heard of him was in Atlanta in January. Any information will be highly appreciated and rewarded. C. T. Johnson, Benson, N. C.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street.

MORPHINE AND other drug addictions cured quickly and without suffering by the new twilight sleep method. P. O. Box 778.

MODISTE I can save you money. My work speaks for itself. We make plain and fancy dresses. Phone West 1433-J. 3 Ashby st. Mrs. Buffington.

FREEDOM From rheumatism and neuralgia assured by a former sufferer. Write P. O. Box 339, Atlanta.

WE MAKE switches from combings, $1 each. Mrs. Allie Gallaher, 70½ Peachtree street. Phone Ivy 1966-J.

$2.50 WE want rooms to tint, $2.50 a room; white labor. Main 4807-J.

COLUMBIAN OPTICAL CO., 81 WHITEHALL STREET.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr.,
Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone, 3023, 3024 and 2025, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. WM. DURHAM
DR. JOHN H. GOSS, JR.
DR. J. L. HOWELL,
CHRONIC DISEASES.
OFFICE 208-9 GOULD BLDG.

EDUCATIONAL

TUTORING at night in any subject by university graduate; experienced teacher. 61 E. Cain st., apt. 4. Ivy 6275-J.

DRESSMAKING—SEWING

PLAIN or fancy dressmaking at 202 Rawson st., or will come to your home; satisfaction guaranteed.

HELP WANTED—Male

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

WANTED—MEN, YOUNG AND OLD, from out of city to learn the barber trade and accept positions in small towns. Impossible to get city barbers for these positions, although the wages are good. Call or write today. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 38 Luckie street.

SPECIAL SUMMER PRICES—We teach you the barber trade in a few weeks and give you good paying position in our shops. Tools free. We pay you wages while you learn. Write us today. Jacksonville Barber College, 822 West Bay street, Jacksonville, Fla.

YES—If you have two hands, Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade for $30, and give wages while learning; paying position in our chain of shops. Atlanta Barber College. 10 East Mitchell st.

CUTTERS, TAILORS. Be successful; learn the A. D. Rude system garment cutting. The most complete accurate system known. Write for booklet. N. Y. Cutting School, A. D. Rude & Son, 1133-1135 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—First-class white barber at once. Phone West 116.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

A-A-A—WANTED—Resident representative to sell to consumers and jobbers "PUBLIC SERVICE" Individual Paper Towels, cut, folded, and interleaved by patented process, dispensed from white, enamelled, locked cabinets. A high-grade specialty man acquainted with hotel, restaurant, saloon, disinfectant and janitor supply trade, and with purchasing agents of large Corporations, municipalities, etc., preferred. Surety Bond required. Apply in writing, giving full data of age, past experience and references. NATIONAL PAPER PRODUCTS CO., Carthage, New York.

WANTED—Three salesmen for specialty work on proposition that is favorably known among retail merchants throughout United States and Canada. Work confined to towns of from three good stores up to cities of 100,000. Want energetic, intelligent men. Wide experience in retail lines desirable but not essential. We require unquestioned references and small bond. Opportunity is offered for a permanent connection, with earnings from three to five times the average salary. Address H-1729 Republic Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMEN—Good, live, who have the ability to stand prosperity and stick to the job, to demonstrate our gas stove accessory; self-selling; cuts gas bills in half; simply show and collect; 25c sale; absolutely new; big profits and exclusive territory to workers. Sample 25c. Particulars free. Write quick. Maple City Burnall Co., Adrian, Mich.

SALESMAN—Experienced specialty salesman of good character, capable of earning $5,000 a year, to qualify for district manager in Atlanta. To the right man here is a rare opportunity to establish a permanent, pleasant and profitable business. The Vita Corporation, Cleveland, Ohio.

SALESMAN WANTED to represent New York house, manufacturing ladies' neckwear, on straight commission basis. Applicant must have following among the trade. State territory you cover and references in first letter. Neckwear, P. O. Box 206, Madison Square, New York.

SALESMAN for advertising service to all classes of business men; Chicago corporation wants clean-cut man with good sales record and ability to intelligently discuss customers' selling and advertising problems; commission contract with weekly advances. Adv. Mgr., 2460 Jackson Blvd., Chicago.

CAPABLE salesman or sales manager by manufacturing corporation. Retail knowledge desired. Must prove sales ability, then organize sales force. Worth from $300 to $500 monthly to the right man. E. H. Ingle, Dayton, Ohio.

MRS. G. H. PURVIS, East Point.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN make $300 to $400 monthly selling merchants our cash certificates, payable at local bank; beat all coupon, trading stamp or contest schemes. Sell everywhere. For terms and territory address United Merchants, Spartanburg, S. C.

SALESMEN WANTED—Experience unnecessary; easy work; big pay. Write now for large list of openings offering opportunities to earn from $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address nearest office. Dept. 150, National Salesmen's Training Association, Chicago, New York, San Francisco.

SALESMEN—Are you thinking of changing? Will $200 to $800 monthly and expenses on commission basis, with liberal advance against shipped orders, interest you? Our proposition newest, sells anywhere to nearly all classes retail trade. You will lose if you don't investigate. Milton-Edwards Mercantile Company, 9 South Clinton St., Chicago.

SALESMAN—Capable specialty man for Georgia, staple line, on new and exceptional terms; vacancy now; attractive commission contract, $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., 35-27 Carlin Bldg, Cleveland, Ohio.

SALESMEN WANTED—All retailers, absolutely new; all territory vacant; convincing talkers, experienced or otherwise, make from $15 to $50 daily. Address quick, giving age, experience, present occupation, territory wanted. E. L. Weidner, Iowa City, Iowa.

SALESMEN experienced in any line to sell general trade in southern states; unexcelled specialty proposition; commission contract, $35 weekly for expenses. Continental Jewelry Co., 12-27 Continental Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—A high-class salesman, one that knows Atlanta and can furnish good references. A good contract to a man of this class. Do not apply unless you are A-1. Apply at 529 Candler bldg.

SELLS in every town. Small samples. Strong selling points. Patented specialty. Old established concern, rated $100,000; big commission, payable weekly. E. L. Cannon, Cleveland, Ohio.

TWO high-grade salesmen for Georgia; general store and drug trade; staple heavily advertised line; real salesmen for permanent position with responsible house at good wages. Address Box F-430, care Constitution.

SALESMEN WANTED with advertising experience, to sell our big line of metal and paraffined signs. We meet competitive prices; big commission for energetic workers. Over fifty years in business. The Winters Company, Springfield, Ohio.

COTTON yarn house desires services of party well acquainted with southern cotton spinners. None but party having influence need apply. Box F-432, care Constitution.

SALESMAN—High-class premium trading stamp or coupon salesman can connect with live organization; must come well recommended. Sherman Russell, 1 Liberty street, New York.

GOOD opening for salesman, one who has had retail and road drug experience preferred. Submit references and give full particulars as to sales record. Box F-419, care Constitution.

WANTED—Cigar salesman; experience absolutely necessary; references required; A-1 side line; good money-maker. The Garcia Cigar Co., 219 Franklin St., Tampa, Florida.

SALESMEN—Make big commissions selling our new advertising premium proposition to merchants; sells everywhere; demand unlimited; samples free. Universal Mileage Company, 1234 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—Now traveling small towns for excellent side line for general store, drug and jewelry trade. Samples small. Nassau Jewelry Co., 50 Church St., New York.

TRAVELING salesmen for fast selling specialties. With a few hours work daily you can double your income. Mount Vernon Paint and Oil Co., Richmond, Va.

SALESMAN traveling to sell our fall line to retailers; blankets, flannels, dress goods; attractive side line; liberal commission. South Philadelphia Woolen Company, Box 1341, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN—Make $375 monthly demonstrating 8-foot outdoor electric sign. $45; worth $150; exclusive territory; free sample. Flashtric Sign Works, Chicago.

$80 MONTHLY AND EXPENSES to travel, distribute samples and take orders or appoint agents. Permanent. Jap-American Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Commission salesmen to sell linseed oil and a big paying specialty; liberal commission. Address "Oils," 1436 East Cary street, Richmond, Va.

FOUR experienced insurance men that can sell A-1 monthly contract. See Patterson & Mensinger, 826 Empire bldg.

WANTED—10 men at once; money advanced. Inquire for Geo. Telford, 66 E. Cain st., between 3 and 5 p. m. Sunday.

ENERGETIC salesman to visit schools, $100 salary and liberal commission. R. O. Evans & Co., 1104 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

SALESMEN—Three new specialties. Earn $75 weekly; commissions daily. Kahn Mfg. Co., 208 Hall bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

MFG. WANTS traveling salesmen on commission. Box 1028, Litchfield, Ill.

AGENTS.

$1,000 PER MAN PER COUNTY—Strange invention, startles world; agents amazed; ten inexperienced men divide $40,000. Korstad, a farmer, did $2,200 in 14 days. Schleicher, a minister, $195 first 12 hours; $1,200 cold cash made, paid, banked by Stoneman in 30 days; $15,000 to date. A hot or cold running water bath equipment for any home at only $6.50; self-heating; no plumbing or waterworks required. Investigate. Exclusive sale. Credit given. Send no money. Write letter or postal today. Allen Mfg. Co., 4173 Allen Bldg., Toledo, Ohio.

GARTSIDE'S IRON RUST SOAP CO., 4054 Lancaster ave., Philadelphia, Pa. Gartside's Iron Rust Soap (Trade Mark. Print and Copyright registered in the U. S. Patent office) removes iron rust, ink and all unwashable stains from clothing, marble, etc. Good seller, big margins, agents wanted. The original, 25c a tube. Beware of infringements and the penalty for making, selling and using an infringed article.

AGENTS, we have the proposition that will make you sit up and take notice. The money is all yours. Write quick. Luella Supply Co., 3025 Wentworth Ave., Chicago, Illinois.

THE EXCEPTIONAL OFFERINGS IN TODAY'S WANT ADS ARE ENTITLED TO A CAREFUL READING—BY EVERYBODY. THEY SHOULD BE READ THE SAME AS THE "NEWS" IN THE PAPER. THEY REPRESENT A MINE OF OPPORTUNITIES, JUST WAITING FOR YOU TO DIG THEM OUT.

HELP WANTED—Male

AGENTS.

"WHERE ARE THE DEAD!" by Rev. Len G. Broughton, D. D. Agents wanted. Outfit sent on receipt of 20c. Best terms. Credit given. Express paid. Complete book 427 pages postpaid to anyone on receipt of price, $1.50. Indorsed by ministers of all denominations. R. L. Phillips Publishing Company, Atlanta, Ga. Department 2.

AGENTS—Sell guaranteed raincoats; easy sales; cash commissions; new sales plan is winner. All you do is show sample coat and take the orders. Everybody buys. We pay biggest commissions, give exclusive territory and superior garments. Write quick for samples. Rainproof Co., Dept. 1, Findlay, Ohio.

SALESMAN wanted for Georgia. We manufacture exclusive calendars, novelties, leather, cloth goods for advertising, twelve-months line. Our customers are the best merchants, bankers, manufacturers in every town; commissions most liberal. Fall trade begins now. Address Sales Mgr. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati.

WE start you in business, furnishing everything; men and women, $30 to $200 weekly operating our "New System Specialty Candy Factories," home or small room anywhere; no canvassing. Opportunity lifetime; booklet free. Ragsdale Co., Box U, East Orange, New Jersey.

PORTRAITS, high-grade and reasonable. FRAMES, low priced and seasonable. MOULDINGS, of variety and quality best. MEDALLIONS also, quotations on request. GEORGIA ART SUPPLY CO. 113½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

AGENTS—A 1-cent post card will put you in touch with an $80-a-week proposition, selling aluminum utensils and specialties, direct to the consumer. Don't let one cent stand between you and prosperity. Div. 4051 American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Lemont, Illinois.

KENTUCKY DISTILLERY wants experienced local representatives on commission to handle their brand of straight Kentucky whiskey. Adopted by United States government; big money. Write at once for territory. Woodland Company, Warehouse No. 3, Covington, Ky.

REPRESENTATIVE wanted; exclusive territory; new invention guaranteed by reputable corporation, saving 25 per cent to gasoline users or money refunded. Automobile, motorboat, stationary engine owners buy at first offering. Territory going quickly. Gas Saver Sales Company, 1790 Broadway, N. Y.

AGENTS—Free outfit to workers; make $5 to $10 a day; everybody buys; quick repeat sales; 100 per cent profit; territory protected by responsible factory. Send postal today for full particulars. Address I. J. Price, Sales Director, 2845 Sheffield avenue, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED to sell Concentrated Bay Rum Extract, for making Bay Rum and Bay Rum Toilet Water at home, in one mintue. A ready seller. Write for liberal terms. Grayson H. Brown, P. O. Box 339, New Orleans, La.

MRS. H. L. BAGLEY, 123 Payne.

GENERAL AGENTS easily clear $75 weekly placing our sales boards in stores. Every merchant interested. Great repeater. Exclusive territory to live wires. Superba Co., S-26, Baltimore, Md.

RELIABLE live agents wanted everywhere; big profit; no competition. If you want to make big money, $10 a day or more, write Harrison Specialty Co., 519 W. Wilkins street, Jackson, Mich., Dept. 20.

EXPERIENCED hosiery-underwear salesman with $20 (cost of samples), can do unlimited business and undersell jobbers; direct mill shipments. For further particulars address J. L. Frankel, 95 Fifth avenue, New York.

MAIL DEALERS—Get your money in the mail order mint. Your lack of knowledge will be your ruin. Information free. Address Peter Hansen Publishing Co., 2226 Bowditch street, Davenport, Iowa.

FOR 25 years agents have made big money selling our memorials; several different designs; particulars free. Brown Publishing Co., Warren, Ohio.

CO-OPERATE with me in big money-making proposition. We will show you how to make the money. Write J. W. Parks Supply Company, 1429 S. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

WANTED—Sells like hot cakes, new ironing wax holder in asbestos. Perfumes clothes; nothing like it; working outfit 5 cents. M. B. R. Mfg. Co., 13 Water street, New York.

AGENTS—$100 weekly, at home during leisure moments; absolutely no canvassing; no experience necessary; furnish everything. Don't worry about capital. Address Boyd H. Brown, Dept. C-15, Omaha, Neb.

START a business at home—I did. Free particulars tell how. I'll start you. No canvassing. It's interesting and profitable. Turney A. Brown Co., Dept B, 819 Myrtle ave., Albany, N. Y.

AGENTS, CANVASSERS for a sure enough permanent business; sell "Cosco" brand coffee and tea; also "Cosco" Triplets. Small capital needed. Consolidated Sales Co., 133 Meserole st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

BE your own boss. Start a cleaning and pressing shop. Send 10c for 5 formulas, removes spots and stains. Shelby Dry Cleaners, Shelby, Miss.

BE independent and earn a good income. We will show you how to increase your income. Write at once. W. M. Holt, Albertson, N. C.

CHEWING GUM—Sell to dealers, clean profitable business built up quickly with our novel packages; popular flavors. Write today. Helmet Gum Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WE HAVE IT AT LAST! Agents wanted, either sex; sold wherever shown; 100 per cent profit; sample free. Hoare & Co., Lauraville, Md.

WE have the proposition for which you have been waiting. New article. Household necessity; big profits. Home Supply Co., 928 Second avenue, Rockford, Ill.

$30 WEEKLY, everything furnished; no experience necessary. Don't worry about capital. Write Tickner Specialty Company, Friendship, Wis.

RELIABLE live agents wanted everywhere; no competition. If you want to make big money, $10 a day or more, write United Supply Co., Brunswick, Md.

MAKE money in your spare time. We will show you how to be successful. Write at once to us. Kinsella Supply Co., 833 Kinsella street, Van Nest, N. Y.

GET in on some of the profits. We will show you how to be independent. Write at once for all particulars. Bayou City Supply Company, 418 Rusk avenue, Houston, Tex.

MAKE $8 a day conducting big money-making business. We will put you on your feet. Write E. & E. Leeds, 55 Locust St., Lancaster, Pa.

AGENTS—Take orders for social and business cards; no capital required; good commission; lady or gentleman. Elite Card Co., Dept. A-3, Asheville, N. C.

WANTED—Agents. If you are interested in selling a money-making line, write to us; we have a proposition worth investigating. Middlesex Sales Co., Essex, Conn.

MONTON'S Iron Rust, Mildew and Ink Remover; vanishes stains like magic; retails 25c, profit 18c; particulars free. Minton Chemical Co., 702 Dallas Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

AGENTS make $6 to $10 daily easily handling our new household article; sells on sight; big seller. Florimond Specialty Co., Dept. 5, 230 Florimond st., Chicago.

WHY handle a slow-selling proposition when you can make big profits with this live wire repeater. Write Ray-Hart Co., 300 S. 17th street, New Castle, Ind.

AGENTS—500 per cent profit; free samples. Gold sign letters for stores and office windows. Anyone can put on. Metallic Letter Co., 437 N. Clark, Chicago.

AGENTS—Make $15-$50 weekly. Sell Back-O-Nec Collar Buttons. Best for quickness, comfort; big profits. Send dime for samples today. G. Gray, Endicott, N. Y.

EARN $10 to $25 weekly spare time; no canvassing. Chris. Rice Company, 401 Courier-Journal bldg., Louisville, Ky.

AGENTS WANTED—Own your own business; sell Fritch's Vegetable Soap. Write for free sample. J. A. Fritch, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—We want you to get in touch with us at once; big profit-making proposition. Write Smith Supply Co., Moline, Kan.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TWELVE years ago I started a small mail order business at home in spare time with a few dollars capital. I wanted to make $30 or $40 a month, evenings. The net profits the first year averaged $200 a week. Five years' work netted me $50,000. I will show you how to start a small mail order business. Send today for my proposition. It's interesting. No canvassing. Heacock, 872, Lockport, N. Y.

HELP WANTED—Male

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A FEW MORE MEN AMBITIOUS TO BECOME MOVIE ACTORS. SEE OR WRITE US AT ONCE. THIS IS A BUSINESS PROPOSITION AND TRIFLERS NEED NOT APPLY. THE STUDENTS' PHOTOPLAYERS' ASSOCIATION, 201 WALTON BLDG.

WANTED AT ONCE—Planer superintendent and foreman (top salary); veneer cutter, $3.50; mill foreman, $125; millwright, $100; circular filer and sawyer, $100; band filer, $6; engineer, $70; shipping clerk, $100; loaderman, $75; lumber inspector, cabinet makers, machine men, hoop foreman, $100. If you are a saw mill man of any skilled occupation, write Mack's, Little Rock, Ark.

WANTED BY LARGE CORPORATION, honest man for special advertising work. Liberal salary to start. Position permanent with good chance for advancement. No experience necessary. McLean, Black & Co., Inc., 59 S. Beverly st., Boston, Mass.

DRAUGHON'S Business College, Atlanta, Ga.; no vacation; enter any time. Catalogue FREE. SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

AT ONCE—Men to qualify for motormen and conductors. Interurban roads in Georgia, $70 to $90 monthly; experience unnecessary; state age, details free. Write Manager, Electric Railways Bureau, 861 Syndicate Trust, St. Louis, Mo.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS; thorough instruction $5. Returned if not appointed. Particulars free. American Civil Service School, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—Railway mail clerks, $75 month. Atlanta examinations coming. Sample questions free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 53, E. Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—An idea! Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas, they may bring you wealth. Write for "Needed Inventions" and "How to Get Your Patent." Randolph & Co., Dept. 345, Washington, D. C.

$5,000—Manager wanted with character, integrity, organization and salesmanship ability; qualify and your future in comfort and luxury positively assured. John Perrine, Hartford Bldg., Chicago.

MEN—Become chauffeurs, $18 week. Earn while learning. Sample lessons free. Write immediately. Franklin Institute, Dept. 835, E. Rochester, N. Y.

MRS. C. A. LESTER, 628 Chestnut.

WANTED—Man with horse and rig to carry newspaper route. A hustler can make good money. Apply City Circulation Department Constitution.

$5 TO $10 A DAY easily made. Co-operate with us. No capital or experience necessary. Write at once. National Mail Order House, 2032 Kensington St., Harrisburg, Pa.

$8 A DAY easily made. We have a proposition that will interest you; big profits; positive necessity. Write The Hajol Company, 2929 Farnklin St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ARE you looking for position? Let us find it for you. Commercial Employment Agency, 511 Forsyth building.

I WILL PAY any honest man up to $50 monthly for part of spare time; no canvassing; no capital. Write today. Voorhies, Desk 25, Omaha, Neb.

WANTED—Names of men wanting to be railway mail clerks, $75 month. Box F-402, care Constitution.

WANTED—Live man to teach agriculture and superintend school farm. Good position for right man. Principal, Granite Hill, Georgia.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet, Y-102, tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

TWO farm hands who can milk, with families. Write J. E. Gilbert, Raymond, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Female

STORES AND OFFICES.

LOVEMAN, JOSEPH & LOEB, Birmingham, Ala., requires the services of several saleswomen in their woman's ready-made garment department. In first application please state age, salary expected; name reference and give full detail of experience. Unless you are now employed in or have had experience in first-class ready-to-wear department, do not apply.

AN excellent opportunity for a stenographer with $100 to engage in a lucrative business. Address, with full particulars, H-540, Constitution.

SALESWOMEN—SOLICITORS.

WOMEN—Make big profits, spare or whole time selling distinctive line, toilet preparations; representative wanted in Atlanta. Write for particulars. Didion, 130 Manhattan street, New York.

LADIES to sell hair shampoo, 100 per cent profit, $3 to $5 made daily; 50c brings sample and particulars; experience unnecessary. Saltrox Company, Calumet, Mich.

LADIES earn big money. Sell Cameo face powder, the finest made, exquisitely perfumed. Send 10 cents for sample and particulars. Cameo, 505 Fifth avenue, New York.

AGENTS.

LADY AGENTS—Our brand-new pure aluminum sink strainer is causing a commotion among our agents. Three agents sold 350 in one day. Low price sells them. Every woman will buy. Outlasts twenty tin ones; $10 a day easy. Be first in your territory. Write quick for sample and large catalogue. American Aluminum Mfg. Co., Div. L-113, Lemont, Ill.

DOMESTIC.

WANTED—All round, first-class cook with best of reference in first letter; no other need not apply. Address Beckwith Heights Inn, Murphy, N. C.

WANTED—A competent white woman to nurse a child 3½ years old; must furnish good references. Telephone Ivy 8686.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHAT CAN YOU DO?

ARE YOU proficient in any profession—any of the arts or sciences? Do you know that there are fortunes to be made in modern dressmaking and ladies' tailoring? That good positions and business opportunities are open in this country to you—if you are expert in designing, cutting, fitting, finishing? In this private school you may furnish your own material and make your own clothes while learning; a rare combination. If interested, call; terms upon application.

ATLANTA SEWING SCHOOL.
502 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Cor. North Pryor St. and Auburn Ave.

A FEW MORE LADIES OF GOOD CHARACTER DESIROUS OF BECOMING MOVIE ACTRESSES SEE US AT ONCE. THIS IS A BUSINESS PROPOSITION AND ANY DESIRED INFORMATION WILL BE GLADLY GIVEN. THE STUDENTS' PHOTOPLAYERS' ASSOCIATION, 201 WALTON BLDG.

NOTICE—To whom it may concern: I want a nice, respectable lady to stay with us as one of our family, just to help with the housework. Will furnish such a lady a good home. H. M. McNabb, Nashville, Ga., R. F. D. 3.

GUARANTEED salary to trustworthy woman or man this locality to distribute hosiery direct mill to wearer. Position permanent. No experience. All or spare time. For complete outfit and particulars apply International Mills, Inc., Dept. A, Norristown, Pa.

GIRLS LEARN MILLINERY—Best trade for women; pays $60 to $100 a month; prepare now for fall season. Ideal Millinery School, 94½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

LADIES—A fascinating home business; tinting post cards, pictures, etc., spare time; make $12 weekly, no canvassing; sample 10c; particulars free. Artint, 652-F, 130 Manhattan St., New York.

MRS. S. H. RANSBOTHAM, 85 Neal.

LADIES, $25 weekly easy, simple work, no canvassing, evenings at home, fascinating; everything furnished; no experience. Don't worry about capital. Boyd C. Brown, Dept. B-66, Omaha, Neb.

GIRLS, learn millinery; best trade for women; pays $60 to $100 a month. Prepare now for fall season. Ideal Millinery School, 94½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—One colored woman and two white ladies to distribute samples; cash paid. Call 581 Marietta street.

HELP WANTED—Female

MISCELLANEOUS.

WOMEN WANTED as government clerks, $70 month. Atlanta examinations coming. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 600-E, Rochester, N. Y.

WRITE motion picture plays; $50 each; experience unnecessary. Details sent free to beginners. Producers League, 132 Wainwright, St. Louis.

GIRLS, take course in Miss Sparkman's improved millinery school, 40¼ Whitehall. Free scholarship offer. Millinery work free.

WANTED—Settled colored woman for nurse, room on lot. Address H-519, care Constitution.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

WANTED—A live representative in each locality to handle our fast-selling specialty; every home and auto owner buys; big money earned in spare time; get full particulars by sending 10c in stamps or coin to cover postage on liberal sample. Universal Products Co., 114 Garnett st., Atlanta, Ga.

SONG poems wanted for publication. Experience unnecessary. Send us your verses or melodies today or write for instructive booklet—it's free. Marks-Goldsmith Co., Dept. 207, Washington, D. C.

MRS. J. POSS, 405 Elm.

WANTED—Four first-class solicitors, those acquainted with the business and professional men preferred. Call or address Mercantile, room 616 Third Nat. Bank bldg.

EARN $10-$15 weekly addressing, mailing circulars, spare time; circular instructions 10c. Goodner Supply Co., Frederick, Md.

FOR positions as stenographer or bookkeeping register with Miss Hitt, 618 Grant building. Ivy 8883.

WANTED—Teachers

WANTED—A high school teacher, salary $45. Many calls for grade teachers. Officials served promptly. Georgia-Carolina Teachers' Bureau, Lake City, S. C.

TEACHERS—Do you want a first grade license? Let me tell you how to get it. B. S. Holden, Ellijay, Ga.

WANTED—Teachers to enroll with us. No charge until placed. Business Men's Clearing House, Albany, Ga.

ACME Teachers' Agency. Best service, most liberal terms; free to school boards. 1233 Healey bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Ivy 7098.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD OR several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of all Situation Wanted advertisers. So, if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position, hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

SPECIAL rates for Situation Wanted ads.: Three lines one time, 10 cents; three times, 15 cents. To get these rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution Office.

CORRESPONDENT, credit, collection and general office stenographer; efficient and executive. Age 32, married, good address. I'll fit anywhere. Will appreciate interview. "Originality," H-532, Constitution.

A-1 BOOKKEEPER and office man of 10 years' experience wants position with reliable firm; best of references as to character and ability. Address H-467, Constitution.

WANTED—By a reliable salesman for middle and north Georgia a line of ladies', misses' and child's garments of all kinds; also small line of boys' suits and knee pants. Address W. D., Box H-545, Constitution, giving particulars.

WANTED—Young man with six years' experience in bookkeeping, stenographic and general office work, desires position in or out of town; best of references. Address H-522, care Constitution.

REFRACTIONIST and optician with 7 years' experience; best reference. Will go anywhere. Show, "Thomas," 197 S. Pryor street.

WANTED—Position as city salesman, working retail grocery trade; also understands stenography; references. Address Salesman, Box H-525, care Constitution.

ENERGETIC, worthy middle-aged man of good address, wants work; salesman, collector, night clerk or any honorable employment. Address "M. M.," H-524, care Constitution.

MRS. A. M. WEISENER, 62 Jett.

WANTED—A position by an honest boy where there is a good future. Willing to start on small salary. A-1 reference. H. T. Truitt, Hogansville, Ga.

WANTED—Position with reliable cotton firm by a classer; knows staples; references galore; experience given on request. Cotton, P. O. Box 394, Anderson, S. C.

WANTED—Position by young man 19, as stenographer or office help; three years' experience; best references. Address H-520, care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in mercantile credits and collection, desires opening with high-class concern; versatile accountant and correspondent. Address H-536, care Constitution.

YOUNG MAN wants job as stockroom keeper, shipping or receiving clerk; will work for small salary. Address H-523, care Constitution.

BY experienced registered graduate drug clerk; go anywhere; need work; small salary to start; references. Address Asafetida, care Constitution.

WANTED—A place; understand business; fair bookkeeper and all-round man. Would like to talk it over with you. Address P. O. Box 689.

HIGH-CLASS, experienced bookkeeper and shorthand man desires to change; rapid and accurate in both lines; good record. Address H-528, care Constitution.

PAINTER and paperhanger must have work; first-class man. Private work done. Address "Painter," No. 12 Howell Place.

EXPERIENCED office man bookkeeper wants work; anything honorable considered. Address A-1, H-466, care Constitution.

GRADUATE electrical engineer of experience desires a position. Address P. O. Box 839, Atlanta, Ga.

FOUNDRY FOREMAN will need position by August 1, 1915; references. W. J. Campbell, 90 Greensferry avenue, City.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE, 1914, age 17, steno-bookkeeper, desires position. Address S. Box 769.

WANTED—Position as night or day watchman; middle-aged man. Best references. Address H-481, Constitution.

EXPERIENCED stenographer desires work at night. Phone Ivy 8983.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for Situation Wanted ads.: Three lines one time, 10 cents; three times, 15 cents. To get these rates, ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution Office.

A BRIGHT white girl of 16 years of age, foreign born, but living in Atlanta since infancy, will accept a position as assistant in housework in a good family. Common school education, hard worker, willing and with the very best recommendations as to former service. Apply to Mrs. I. Springer, Main 1930-L, or write to her at 95 Whitehall street.

COMPETENT young lady stenographer, with ten years' experience, desires position with good, reliable firm; capable of handling correspondence and any kind of office work; A-1 references. Address Miss M. A. J., care Constitution.

WANTED—By young girl, refined, educated, adoption by responsible person, or place as governess or companion. Box F-436, care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED stenographer and office assistant, desires position at once or by July 15; moderate salary; can furnish best references. Address H-537, care Constitution.

MRS. J. F. HAMM, 44 Emmett.

AUCTION SALES

AT AUCTION—MONDAY (TOMORROW), AT 86 SOUTH PRYOR, THE ENTIRE FURNISHINGS OF A FINELY FURNISHED 10-ROOM JUNIPER ST. HOME, CONSISTING OF MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO, MAHOGNAY DINING ROOM SUIT, CIRCASSIAN WALNUT AND MAHOGANY BEDROOM SUITS, BRASS AND STEEL BEDS, CHIFFOROBE, BEDDING, LINEN, RUGS, ART SQUARES, CHINA, GLASSWARE, PICTURES, SEWING MACHINE, REFRIGERATOR, ELECTRIC FAN, PARLOR, LIBRARY, HALL AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, PORCH CHAIRS AND ROCKERS, TYPEWRITER, ETC. ALL OF THE ABOVE IN EXCELLENT CONDITION, AND WILL BE DISPOSED OF, RAIN OR SHINE, ABSOLUTELY TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, MONDAY, JULY 5, AT 10:30 A. M., AT 86 S. PRYOR ST.

B. BERNARD, Auctioneer.

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 2306.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

TWO girls, working through college, will accept positions as waitresses or any honest occupation. References. Box F-436, care Constitution.

RELIABLE, settled colored nurse desires permanent place with nice family, city or country; references; no incumbrances. 32 N. Lee st.

BRIGHT and efficient young lady stenographer will accept position at moderate salary. Call Main 1420-L.

NEAT colored woman wants work as maid or light housework. Address S. Hamilton, 157½ W. Mitchell street, city.

EXPERIENCED housekeeper desires position in first-class hotel in or out of city. Address Box B-159, care Constitution.

WANTED—By experienced stenographer, position, either half day, all day or temporary. Call East Point 251-L.

A GOOD competent white woman wants a place as maid; references furnished. Address A. W., care Constitution.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

OPPORTUNITY

MILLIONS of dollars were made by a company through a plan which quickly developed a business whose influence extends throughout the country.

A NATIONAL organization has been formed to be under the direction of men formerly identified with the old company. The business of this company is of even greater popularity than the one which made millions.

STRONG banking arrangements have been made and a national advertising campaign will be inaugurated at an early date.

THE nature of the business is such that branches may be established in all cities having a population of 20,000 or more.

WE want energetic, capable business men to take charge of these branches. Territory will be allotted only to men who can make an investment.

AMOUNTS required will range from two thousand ($2,000) to fifty thousand ($50,000), according to population. Sixty-six and two-thirds per cent (66 2-3 per cent) of the investment will be guaranteed in negotiable securities, immediately redeemable.

CONDITIONS will be the same as if you embarked in business for yourself, but in addition you will have the support of a national organization, the general success of which assures you profits besides the profits from the territory allotted to you.

THIS opportunity is without parallel. The chance to earn big money and establish a permanent income would quickly result in the disposition of all territory. If you can qualify, write at once. Address Box F-431, care Constitution.

MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVES

RESPONSIBLE and aggressive selling company is prepared to represent reliable manufacturers for export only. Any profitable line. State full particulars in first letter. Write Export Box 50, 1364 Broadway, New York.

RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

FOR A WOMAN who has executive ability. On account of health will sell interest in a high-class established business, with control of southern states. This calls for cash investment with services. Address H-530, Constitution.

BIG OPPORTUNITY for man in north Georgia, middle Georgia and south Georgia, who can handle salesmen and get results from his territory, handling an adding machine that does the work of a $200 machine and sells for less than one-tenth this price. Calculator Sales Company, 409 Silvey Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

LEARN TO SPEAK SPANISH

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS ANXIOUS FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN SOUTH AMERICA. COMPETENT TO TEACH YOU. ADDRESS BOX H-474, CONSTITUTION.

WHEN YOU WANT to buy a business of any kind, call to see us. We know what is for sale and can save you time and money on your purchase. YOUNG-ROSSER-GOODROE CO., Business Brokers, 516 Peters Bldg.

FREE CALL OR WRITE for our "Sales Bulletin," giving description of the many business propositions we have for sale, large and small, located in and out of Atlanta. It gives valuable information. YOUNG-ROSSER-GOODROE CO., Business Brokers, 515-516 Peters building.

WE solicit your slow and doubtful accounts, including your loss and gain, outlawed and judgment proof accounts, regardless of their age or character. Our system succeeds when others fail. Agents wanted in every city and town in the south. Call or address Mercantile Reporting Company, 616 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED IDEAS WRITE for List of Inventions Wanted by Manufacturers and prizes offered for inventions. Our four books sent free. Patents secured or fee returned. VICTOR J. EVANS & CO., 102 Ninth, Washington, D. C.

RESPONSIBLE representative wanted for one of the most popular sales propositions in this country; large territory assigned to clever organizer; established trade with stationery and school supply stores desirable. Postaco, 87 Frankfort St., New York.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, soda water and cigar stand, in heart of town, good surroundings and an extra good place to make money; unable to look after the business. Address H-526, care Constitution.

CONSUMPTION!—Manager of large New York corporation wishes to hear from consumptives. Knows of something to benefit them. No interest except desire to help. Opportunity, 405 W. 118th St., New York.

FOR SALE—Lease, location and good will with Am. soda fount and complete drug store fixtures; now doing business. Apply E. M. Bowman, 810 Whiteside st., Chattanooga, Tenn.

EXCELLENT merchandise brokerage proposition for salesman or lady in office; necessary to invest few hundred dollars. If interested, investigate immediately. Address "Joseph," H-533, Constitution.

CAPITAL enlisted for industrial, mining and legitimate enterprises through sale of stocks and bonds, on commission; established 1894. Wiers & Co., 115 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Drug store, in city of 30,000, for $7,000, part cash, the rest on time. Dandy proposition. Address "Drugs," Box F-403, care Constitution.

WILL sell half interest in good business to acceptable party, who can take charge of office. If you have $800 and wish to investigate, address H-518, care Constitution.

AUCTION SALES

AT AUCTION.

SEVERAL CONSIGNMENTS, INCLUDING A FINE LOT FROM STORAGE, FORMERLY OF A PEACHTREE ROAD HOME, CONSISTING OF QUARTERED-OAK DINING SUIT, BRASS BEDS, MAHOGANY, CIRCASSIAN WALNUT AND QUARTERED-OAK BEDROOM FURNITURE, CHIFFOROBE, KITCHEN CABINET, GAS STOVE, MAHOGANY PARLOR SUIT, FUMED CRAFTSMAN LIBRARY SUIT, WILLOW PORCH ROCKERS, ART SQUARES, TABLE AND BED LINEN, LINOLEUM, SHADES, ETC., TUESDAY, JULY 6, AT 12 E. MITCHELL ST.

COMMENCING AT 10 A. M., TUESDAY, we will offer to the highest bidder a very fine consignment of household furniture from storage, formerly of a Peachtree road home. This includes a quartered oak buffet, china cabinet, table and set of chairs, mahogany dressers and chiffoniers, brass beds, four-piece fumed oak craftsman library set, upholstered in genuine leather; mahogany chifforobe, gas stove, very fine lot of sample bed room, library and living room chairs and rockers, three-piece mahogany parlor suit, refrigerators, mahogany buffet table and set of genuine leather-seat chairs, antique mirror, cost $100; mahogany and quartered oak center tables, large dining table, iron beds, National springs, Blue Ribbon felt mattresses, feather pillows, bed spreads, sheets, napkins, table cloths, pillow cases, rugs, shades, linoleum, Axminister and Brussels art squares, oil stove, roller-top desk, dressing table. We will sell at this sale also a horse, buggy and set of harness. Sale 10 a. m. Tuesday, July 6. These goods must be disposed of, as owner is leaving the city. If you are in the market for housefurnishings of any kind it will pay you to attend this sale.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO.,
12 E. MITCHELL ST.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR RENT—Schmid home bakery, 148 Williams st., with 6-room house; all conveniences; large stable and lot. Atlanta phone East 321.

FOR SALE—Furniture and lease on leading hotel in one of Georgia's best towns of 7,000; good terms to right party. Address T. E. M., Box F-435, care Constitution.

ON ACCOUNT of sickness, the nicest little bakery in the city is for sale, central location, doing good business. For particulars, address "G. B.," care Constitution.

ZINC—Fifty feet. Ore shown by drill holes. Property in city limits, in heart of Joplin district. Will sell fee simple or lease. Write 605 Ridge bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

AMERICAN BROKERAGE AND REALTY COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio. We sell your business or we can sell you a business. We invite correspondence. Learn our methods.

MR. BUSINESSMAN, the 3-C system equips you to collect bad debts anywhere. Write Continental Collection Company, Kiser Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

SMALL COTTON SEED OIL MILL FOR LEASE. P. O. BOX 1443, ATLANTA.

WARE & HARPER
BUSINESS BROKERS,
ROOMS 724 AND 725
ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
Phones: Bell Main 1705, Atlanta 1868.

$1,750 CASH—THIRTY-ROOM HOTEL, with thirty to thirty-five regular boarders at $25 to $30 each monthly and about twenty-five summer school boarders, two in each bed, at $1 per day each, besides nice transient patronage, rates of which are $2 to $2.50 per day. House completely renovated and equipped. Original cost of furniture and furnishings about $4,900; very cheap rent. Now clearing $300 to $450 per month. Located in one of north Georgia's best cities of 18,000 to 20,000 population. Owner is a non-resident and can't give personal attention only reason for selling.

$33.33 PER MONTH in advance, to an acceptable party. OPERA HOUSE, completely equipped, in one of Tennessee's best cities of 3,500 population, seating capacity 350. Biggest opportunity in the south without investment.

$1,800 WELL equipped, splendidly located, well-established, reputable and profitable BEER SALOON, equipment alone cost $3,750. Will give terms on part of the purchase price to the right man.

$2,000 COMPLETELY equipped ELECTRIC THEATER, in one of Alabama's best cities of 10,000 population, only one other in this good city, very best equipment, seating capacity 300.

$450 CASH. Completely equipped BARBER SHOP, close to heart of city, fine location.

$400 WELL established DRY CLEANING AND PRESSING CLUB, price includes entire equipment, consisting of mule, wagon, harness, etc.

WANTED—Energetic man with $500 to $1,000 cash to act as sales agent in Atlanta for well advertised drug article; good income assured; investment secured.

ABOVE FOR SALE BY WARE & HARPER

TAXICABS

JUNE WEDDINGS
GIVE US your order for automobiles and relieve yourself of the detail work, as our force is complete.
BELLE ISLE
4 LUCKIE STREET

NORCROSS AND BROOKHAVEN AUTOMOBILE SERVICE

SCHEDULE—Brookhaven cars leave postoffice at 6:30 a. m., 9:30 a. m., 1:10 p. m., 5:10 p. m. and 7:10 p. m. Round trip from Brookhaven to Norcross 75 cents.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
ATL. 3660—S. LUCKIE—I. 322

SUMMER RESORTS

COME to Chestnut Grove Farm, situated 8 miles from railroad; beautiful mountain scenery; cold spring water; good country fare; table supplied from farm; everything new; no tuberculosis taken. Rates $5 per week. Apply to John E. Cox, Fletcher, N. C.

COME to healthful Ellijay; splendid view of the Blue Ridge; best of board; prices reasonable; one vacation spent here means you will come again. Marble Terrace Hotel, Ellijay, Ga.

EDGEWOOD HOUSE, LAKE TOXAWAY, WITHIN five minutes' walk of station. Best table, comfortable beds, beautiful view. Rates $1.50 per day, $8 per week. Address Mrs. D. T. Gillespie, Lake Toxaway, N. C.

DUNHAM HOUSE, Waynesville, N. C., right in the high mountains; modern and homelike; table unexcelled. Rates, $9 to $15 weekly. Write for booklet.

FOR RENT—Cheap, furnished family hotel, in all year resort town. Address A. B. C., Box F-433, care Constitution.

MEDICAL

MEN'S DISEASES cured. American-European Specialist; finest equipment. Dr. Holbrook, 205-6-7 McKenzie Bldg.

DISEASES of men cured. Dr. Bowen, Specialists, 205 McKenzie building. Bell phone Ivy 8423-J. Atlanta phone 6161-B.

MRS. J. S. HARRIS, 26 Strong.

CATARRH of head, stomach, bladder or other organs entirely cured. Write one who had it. P. O. Box 339, Atlanta.

MRS DR. E. W. SMITH, 238 W. Peachtree. Ivy 469. Diseases of Women and Children. Electric treatment in chronic diseases.

Read The Constitution Want Ads

GAINESVILLE SCOUTS PLAN "BOOSTER TOUR"

Auto Party Comes to Atlanta to Prepare for Big Trip, Beginning July 15.

The scout car of the Booster tour, under the auspices of the Gainesville Chamber of Commerce, containing E. R. Barrett, J. F. Carter and A. S. Hardy, of Gainesville, reached Atlanta last night for a short stay.

The Booster tour will be made July 15, 16 and 17, and with a view to advertising north Georgia, bringing the citizens of the various towns and cities into closer relationship, promoting co-operation between the inhabitants and observing the roads, as well as stimulating an interest in good roads.

More than 300 miles will be traversed on the proposed route. Fifty automobiles are included in the list, and 200 boosters will make the trip. The line of cars will be headed by a brass band.

Leaving Gainesville at 7 o'clock Thursday, July 15, the following towns will be reached that day: Clermont, Cleveland, Helen, Nacoochee Valley, Clarkesville, Demorest, Cornelia, Mount Airy, Toccoa, Martin, Lavonia, Bowersville, Canon, Royston, Franklin Springs and Carnesville for the night.

Friday, Homer, Maysville, Commerce, Jefferson, Winder, Buford, Suwanee, Duluth, Norcross, Buckhead, Atlanta and intermediate points will be visited. Friday night will be spent in Atlanta. Saturday morning the tourists proceed to Roswell, Alpharetta, Oconee, Big Creek, Cumming, Silver City, Dawsonville, Auraria, Dahlonega, Murrayville, Price and return to Gainesville.

Rousing receptions are being planned in many of the proposed stops. Headquarters in Atlanta will be at the Piedmont hotel.

COMPLETE SIGNAL SYSTEM PLEASES COUNTY OFFICIALS

County Police Chief George Mathieson and Chairman Oscar Mills, of the police committee of the Fulton county board, are both very much pleased with the operation of the complete signal system and telephone call box system which have been installed for the county police by the Atlanta Telephone and Telegraph company, and which have been in service since the middle of June.

This is the first complete system of its kind ever established for a county police department in the United States, and Fulton county's action in taking the lead has already attracted widespread attention nationally.

It covers the whole of Fulton county with a network of wires putting even the most remote sections in instantaneous communication with headquarters at the courthouse. The system centers in a private branch exchange in the office of the county chief of police, and is connected by two trunk lines with the telephone company's regular switchboards thus giving access to all the regular wires of the company. The private branch is connected by direct wires with twenty-four police signal boxes stationed at picked points in the county, the most remote being at Sandy Springs, near Roswell. The members of the county police force, patrolling regular beats on horseback or motorcycle, report at stated hours over these call boxes. Each box is supplied with an extra large bell gong, which can be rung from headquarters, so that if it is desired to locate a man on a certain beat, the gong can be rung, and if he is anywhere in the neighborhood he will hear it or be told by some one that it is ringing. In addition a key to the call box is left at the home nearest each station so that citizens may summon aid in case of need.

FIFTH REGIMENT BAND GIVES CONCERTS TODAY

The Fifth Regiment band will give concerts this afternoon at Grant Park and Piedmont Park, respectively. Both concerts begin at 3:30 o'clock. The one at Piedmont Park will be conducted by C. E. Barber.

The program for Piedmont Park is:

March, "By Power of Right," Esberger.
Overture, "Trumpeter of the Fort," Gruenwald.
Rag, "Hungarian Rag," Lenzberg.
Polish dance No. 1, Scharwenka.
Selection, "Faust," Gounod.

PART II.

Intermezzo, "The Wedding of the Rose," Jessel.
Waltz, "Beautiful Danube," Strauss.
Fox trot, "Kentucky Home," Platzman.
Selection, "The Only Girl," Victor Herbert.
March, "Gippsland," Lithgow.

The selections for Grant park are:

March, "Loyal Comrades," Blankenberg.
Overture, "Light Cavalry," Suppe.
Two-step, "Ragtime Regiment Band," Morris.
Patrol, "American Patrol," Meacham.
Medley overture, "Superba," Dalby.
One-step, "Wrap Me in a Bundle," Alstyne.
Waltz, "Wedding of the Winds," Hall.
Concert number, "Ostende," Goldman.
Selection, "The Sunny South," Lampe.
Two-step, "My Indian Queen," Stein.

ALEXANDER KENEALY HAD ATLANTA COUSIN

Mrs. Genevieve Meeker, formerly of Chicago but now a resident of Atlanta, at the Ansley hotel, is a cousin of the late Alexander Kenealy, editor of The London Daily Mirror, who died June 26.

In discussing her distinguished kinsman, Mrs. Meeker explained: "He, with Lord Northcliffe, was a pioneer in the field of the half-penny illustrated newspaper.

"Kenealy was a son of Dr. Edward Kenealy, celebrated counsel in the Tichborne case. He joined the New York Herald in 1882 and went with Admiral Peary on his first Arctic expedition. He joined The New York World staff in 1895, and was its correspondent with the American fleet in the Spanish war. He was a valued member of The New York American staff.

"My grandfather and Alexander's father were brothers," stated Mrs. Meeker. "My mother was Katherine Kenealy. She died very young, but had distinguished herself as a writer."

PYTHIANS TO ENTERTAIN FOR GRAND CHANCELLOR

Rev. Troy Beatty, of Athens, grand chancellor of the grand lodge of Georgia, Knights of Pythias, will be entertained Friday night, July 5, by Georgia lodge No. 153 at a public reception in the Knight of Pythias hall in the Kiser building. All Knights are invited to be present. This will be the first official visit of the grand chancellor since his recent election in Savannah.

The Georgia lodge, last week, held its semi-annual installation of officers. The following officers were installed:

Chancellor commander, J. T. Smith; vice chancellor, H. A. Bishop; prelate, A. H. Wimberly; master-at-arms, Jack Diamond; of work, George Clayton; outer guard, J. T. Owens, and inner guard, W. Wallace.

A handsome jewel was presented to George Clayton, retiring chancellor commander.

The installing officers were Jesse W. Wood, deputy grand chancellor, assisted by Past Chancellors Newman Laser, W. C. Thompson, and J. T. Craig.

PICTURES AT VICTORIA FOR VETERANS' BENEFIT

The Atlanta Confederate council will show moving pictures at the Victoria theater, No. 4 Peachtree street, from 2 o'clock this afternoon until 11 tonight for the benefit of destitute confederate veterans.

Although no admission will be charged, on account of the state law prohibiting it, a contribution will be taken.

Chipley Will Debate With R. B. Blackburn On Suffrage for Women

R. B. Blackburn, well-known Atlanta lawyer and member of the Georgia house of representatives from Fulton county, and Hunt Chipley, general counsel for the Southern Bell Telephone company, will engage in a debate on woman suffrage Monday night at the quarterly meeting of the Fulton and DeKalb branch of the Equal Suffrage Party of Georgia, to be held in the headquarters of the branch on Peachtree street, near Cain.

Mr. Blackburn will argue that women should be content to direct the affairs of heart and home and motherhood without venturing into politics, while Mr. Chipley will set forth the right of women to participate as voters in the affairs of the government to which they are subject as citizens, and under which already they have practically every prerogative of citizenship save the ballot.

In addition to the debate, which will be informal, there will be several three-minute talks by prominent leaders in the suffrage movement, among these being Mrs. Frank Fitten, Mrs. Emily McDougald, Mrs. N. A. Wason, Mrs. R. A. Cason, Mrs. N. C. Wing and Mrs. Mary Millis.

A full attendance is urged, and the public is cordially invited to attend.

Secretary W. T. Morris, Of Police Department, Presented With Ring

W. T. Morris, secretary to Chief of Police Beavers, was presented with a handsome diamond Shriners' ring by Recorder George E. Johnson yesterday afternoon in behalf of the members of the police department.

The presentation took place in the police court room just before court convened and after Mr. Morris had been "arrested and brought before the recorder for contempt of court."

The recorder told Mr. Morris that the present came from the members of the police department because he was the most popular member of the department and highly esteemed and honored by the police commission and all the police officers.

The presentation was made on the eve of Mr. Morris leaving the city for the Shriners' convention at Seattle, Washington.

Because some London streets are too narrow for motor omnibuses to be turned around vehicles are being tried with controlling apparatus at each end.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

ATLANTIC CITY.

OSTEND

Occupying an entire block of ocean front and connected with the famous Boardwalk; in the popular Chelsea section; capacity 500; unusually large, cool rooms, with unobstructed view of ocean from all; every appointment and comfort; sea and fresh water in all baths; running water in rooms; 4,000 feet of porches surround the hotel; the new dining room overlooks the sea; finest cuisine and white service; orchestra of soloists; dancing twice daily, social diversions; magnificent new Palm Lounge; special $17.50 up weekly; illustrated booklet mailed; auto meets trains; management by owners.
JOHN C. GOSSLER, Mgr.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

ATLANTIC CITY.

GALEN HALL ATLANTIC CITY N.J. HOTEL AND SANATORIUM
Ideal in it's appointments, comforts, table and service—with Baths for pleasure or health.
ALWAYS OPEN. CAPACITY 350
F. L. YOUNG, General Manager

ALAMAC HOTEL
Ocean Front, in the heart of Atlantic City.
Absolutely Fireproof. Open Always.
American and European plan; hot and cold sea water baths; capacity 400; "Latzkeller;" grill; orchestra; dancing; garage. MACK-LATZ & CO.

KENTON HALL
occuping ½ square on Ocean Front, rooms single or in suite. Private baths, elevator, running hot and cold water in all bed chambers. Dining hall overlooks the ocean. Rates upon application. Thos. Kent.

NEW HOTEL MERION FIRE-PROOF
Vermont Ave. and Beach. Capacity 300.
Very moderate rates for the comforts, appointments and table of the largest hotels—$3 up daily, special weekly. Large, cool, ocean-view rooms, etc. Booklet.
C. B. PRETTYMAN.

Speaking of the concrete construction of the Blenheim, Thomas A. Edison said, "It is the coming construction for all great buildings. It won't bend, it won't break, and you couldn't burn it if you tried."

Marlborough-Blenheim,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
Capacity 1100 — American and European Plans

The great essential of a resort hotel, as distinguished from a city hotel, is ample public space devoted to the use of its guests, in the form of bright and airy Exchanges, Lobbies, Parlors, Galleries and Solariums, affording pleasing vistas and beautiful promenades, the whole combining into a harmonious vision of grandeur and beauty, while replete with the cozy group seclusions of home, and yet affording full view of the pleasing panorama of the resort life. In this essential the Marlborough-Blenheim stands without an equal in Atlantic City or elsewhere.

Its "Ownership Management," while accounting for its unique reputation, is a guaranty of the high character of its patronage and the unexcelled quality of its service and cuisine. It employs only white service in both its American and a la carte dining rooms.

It makes a specialty of its high-class music every evening throughout the year, with special Sunday night solo features. Romani, the world's highest Tenor, of Venice, is engaged to sing at frequent intervals during July, August and September.

Atlantic City, with its only real competitor (Europe) this year impossible, is offering unusual attractions and entertainments. Two flying boats are daily sources of interest. Two golf courses, the Yacht Club, the fishing fleet and the wonderful bathing beach attract their respective devotees, while the pier amusements, the Boardwalk, the fine motor roads and the splendid hotels and restaurants, afford enjoyment to all. There is only one Atlantic City, and this summer it is particularly attractive. **Write for illustrated booklet and rates.**
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

The Weather's Nice and Cool at
ASHEVILLE
NORTH CAROLINA
America's Beauty Spot
"LAND OF THE SKY"

2250 feet above sea level, 38 miles paved streets, 69 miles paved sidewalks. Network of fine roads out of Asheville throughout this beautiful mountain region. Also mountain trails for riding and tramping.

Best water in the world—from slopes of Mount Mitchell, 6711 ft., highest peak east of Rockies. Healthiest city in country. Not a single case of typhoid originated in Asheville past year.

Healthfulness of the place where you wish to spend your vacation or send your family should be considered. Healthfulness, Comforts, Amusements and Sports, Accommodations—if these are considered Asheville will have the pleasure of entertaining you this summer.

Sleep Under a Blanket at Night.

Four fine motor roads lead into Asheville from the National Highway, at Greenville, Spartanburg, Charlotte and Salisbury. Fine motor road to Mount Pisgah in National Appalachian Park. Railroad carrying passengers now operating to within a mile and a half of summit of Mount Mitchell.

Unsurpassed hotel and boarding house accommodations. Ask railroads for special and summer rates on sale now.

Illustrated Asheville booklet and hotel and boarding house list free.

BOARD OF TRADE, N. BUCKNER, Secretary **ASHEVILLE, N. C.**

HOTELS AND RESORTS

GEORGIANS
Are Making Their Home at the
HOTEL PLAZA
San Francisco's Newest Hotel.
Opposite the Plaza of Union Square, in the heart of the city's theater and shopping district, while visiting the Panama-Pacific Exposition, within eight minutes' ride of the Hotel Plaza, by car passing the door.
CONVENIENT TO Docks, Depots, Exposition.
Location, Service, Cuisine UNEXCELLED
European Plan—$1.50 up, detached bath. $2.00 up, private bath.
American Plan—$3.00 up.
JOHN G. BARKER, Managing Proprietor.

ALDINE HOTEL
Chestnut and Nineteenth Streets
PHILADELPHIA
300 outside rooms with baths.
Best residential section.
Within easy walk of the leading shops and all railroads.
Highest-class American plan from $4.00
European plan from $1.50
Otto E. Hansen

The Highest Class Hotel in the Catskills. New GRAND HOTEL CATSKILL MOUNTAINS. Altitude 2,500 ft. Now Open. Scenery Unequaled. 15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Perfect sanitary conditions. Cuisine and service highest standard. Pure spring water. Superior grill. Reasonable prices. Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; instructors; prizes. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool bowling tournaments. Oscar Hauter's superior saddle horses. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up. Special attractions and inducements for the younger set.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Proprietor, Highmount, P. O.

Spend Your Vacation at Hotel Mont Clair,
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.
This hotel—formerly known as the Wheeler—now under new ownership, has been thoroughly renovated and improved, and is now open for the reception of guests. One hundred and twenty-five rooms, large, well shaded oak lawn, broad verandas, ballroom and tennis court, easily reached from everywhere. It is an an ideal place to send your family. For booklet and rates write
J. R. STEWART, Manager.

RHEA SPRINGS
Where No Better Water Flows
GOLF, TENNIS, DANCING, BOATING, SWIMMING, GARAGE
RATES SENSIBLE
Write for Free Illustrated Booklet
RHEA SPRINGS CO.
Rhea Springs, Tennessee

Spend Your Summers at the
Hotel Gordon, Waynesville, N. C.
Very Low Rates Until July 15th. 28 miles from Asheville, nearly 1,000 feet higher. Elegant Orchestra, Dancing, Fishing, Bathing, Tennis, etc. Best table in the Mountains. Write for booklet, rates and particulars.
F. O. DUNHAM, Prop.

CROCKETT ARSENIC LITHIA SPRINGS AND BATHS
Opens June 1. Elevation 2,150 feet. Cures nervous prostration, dyspepsia, kidney diseases, malaria, rheumatic and skin troubles and female irregularities. Clears and beautifies the complexion. Write for booklet.
M. C. Thomas, Crockett Springs, Va.

Buena Vista Spring Hotel
IN THE BEAUTIFUL BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS near Maryland line on W. M. R. R., 2000 feet above sea. Modern equipment, splendid table and service. Ideal for health or recreation. Pure spring water, golf, fine roads and garage. For rates and booklet, address A. J. FORD, Manager.
Buena Vista Spring, Franklin Co., Pa.

HOTELS AND RESORTS HOTELS AND RESORTS

"Where Ocean Breezes Blow"

The most famous bathing beach in the South. Four miles long and gently sloping, it is ideal for surf bathing, boating and fishing. Free from flies and mosquitoes. Always a cool breeze.

Hotel Tybee

The most modern and absolutely the only fireproof seaside hotel in the South! Lighted by electricity, passenger elevators, local and long distance phones in each room.

Cuisine par excellent. Fresh fruits, vegetables and seafood daily. One hundred and fifty bed rooms and baths. Tennis courts, bowling, etc. Orchestra. Dancing each evening.

For rates and reservation, address:

HOTEL TYBEE TYBEE ISLAND GEORGIA

Borden-Wheeler Springs
"The Spa of America"
Borden Springs, Ala.

Midway between Birmingham and Atlanta on S. A. L. Railway.

Sunday rate, Atlanta to Borden Springs and return, $1.25.

Week-end rates, Atlanta to Borden Springs and return, $2.25.

Summer tourist, season round trip ticket, $3.40.

IT IS COOL
AT
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.
TOXAWAY INN OPENS JUNE 25th 1915
Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Mountain Climbing, Automobiling, Livery, First-class Orchestra, Fine Cuisine.
Through Pullman from Atlanta.
For reservations address
C. A. WOOD, TOXAWAY INN, Lake Toxaway, N. C.

The Saint John HENDERSONVILLE North Carolina
A MAGNIFICENT HOTEL
In the Beautiful "LAND OF THE SKY"
The Saint John is located in the heart of the Blue Ridge, with the unequaled climate and scenery for which it is nationally famous. Every form of amusement, Splendid auto roads. Professional dance instructor. All modern appointments. Excellent cuisine. For full information, address the managers.
Now under management of Green & Ramsay, *An assurance of proper service.*
Rates $12 to $28 Per Week.

THE WIGWAM HOTEL Indian Springs, Ga.
An ideal place for Recreation and Pleasure. A modern appointed hotel, particularly suited for ladies and children. The waters of this famous Indian Spring are very pronounced in effect, especially so for Liver, Kidney and Bladder Troubles. The Best Water in the Country to eliminate Uric Acid from your system. Sulphur Baths at Wigwam only. Rooms with Bath. Well Equipped Garage. Good Roads. On Southern Railroad between Atlanta and Macon. Owned and operated by Scoville Bros., Morris Hotel, Birmingham, Ala. SHERWOOD THAXTON, Mgr.

MOUNTAIN CITY HOTEL *Open June 1*
Charmingly Situated in the Old Blue Ridge Mountains of Georgia
Affords the most delightful outing for summer vacations and pleasure seekers. Its altitude of 2400 feet (highest point on the Tallulah Falls railroad) makes it delightfully cool and restful, and guests are assured every comfort and pleasure. Southern cooking a specialty. Absolutely best table to be found anywhere, chicken every day. Excellent service, private bath, telephone and acetylene lights. Orchestra, dancing, tennis and riding. Rates reasonable. For information address: PAUL E. JACKSON, Mgr., Mountain City, Ga.

FIRST EXCURSION
$6 ROUND TRIP TYBEE
ATLANTIC BEACH—JACKSONVILLE
TICKETS GOOD SIX DAYS
$8 ROUND TRIP TAMPA
TICKETS GOOD EIGHT DAYS.
TUESDAY, JULY 6, 1915
Tickets on sale to Tybee for day and night trains from Atlanta and for day and night trains to all destinations from all points on Chattanooga division.
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY
THE RIGHT WAY SERVICE
Ticket Office: Fourth National Bank Building, Corner Peachtree and Marietta Streets, and Terminal. Phone Main 490, Atlanta 157.

HOTELS AND RESORTS

Hotel Lenox
Boylston and Exeter Streets
BOSTON, MASS.

One Block from Copley Square and Public Library
Luxury and Economy
All Outside Rooms Excellent Cuisine
Single Rooms, $2.00; with Bath, $2.50 and up.
Double Rooms, $2.50; with Bath, $3.50 and up.
Two minutes walk from Back Bay station, N.Y.,N.H. & H.R.R. and B. & A.R.R.
Convenient to Shopping and Theatre District
L. C. PRIOR, Manager

Mountain Meadows Inn
ASHEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA
Way Up in the Mountains, Nearly 1,500 Feet Above Asheville.
On beautiful mountain road; magnificent mountain scenery; mountain trails. Inn recently enlarged and refurnished. Private baths, phone, etc. An attractive mountain home, free from contention and restraint, where you can live close to Nature's heart. Phone Rural 7701.

CEDARVALE RANCH
A refined home in the Big Horn Mountains, 4,000 feet elevation. No mosquitoes. Bountiful table. Electric lights. Spring water. Good saddle horses. Trout fishing, big game hunting in season. Bathing, motor boating through wild, deep canyons. Outfits furnished for the Yellowstone Park and Custer's battlefield—80 miles distant. An ideal resting place accommodating forty guests. Rates from $15 per week up, including horse. Special season rates to families. Prospectus on request.
G. WILLIAMS BARRY, M. D.
Hillsboro, Montana

"ARE YOU GOING NORTH?"
Be Sure and Visit
TORONTO
and Stop at the
WESTMINSTER HOTEL
Centrally located, fireproof, moderate. Special rates to guests stopping by the week. Write for booklet.
WESTMINSTER HOTEL
240 Jarvis St. TORONTO, CANADA.

THREE SPRINGS—Open June 1
Excellent mineral waters cures nervous prostration, dyspepsia, liver and kidney diseases, skin troubles; modern conveniences; amusements. Write for booklet.
A. M. BISHOP & SON, Three Springs, Via Russellville, Tenn.

When planning your vacation in the north, send for a booklet of the
SHIRLEY HILL HOUSE
at Shirley Hill, N. H.
P. O., Manchester.
A modern resort hotel, with rates from $10 to $15 per week. Accommodates 200.

Georgia's Famous Watering Resort
WARM SPRINGS HOTEL
Warm Springs, Ga.
BEST of service and cuisine, excellent ballroom and orchestra, dancing and swimming are features at this resort. Best mineral water in Georgia, with 90 degrees temperature. For rates and information address L. J. Bush.

Sweet Chalybeate Springs
VIRGINIA
Up in the Allegheny Mountains, 2,300 feet above the sea level. Elegant Swimming Pools. Cool Nights. Beautiful Mountain Scenery. Water supply, iron and carbonated, of superior medicinal quality. Write for booklet. B. F. EAKLE, Manager, Sweet Chalybeate, Va.

CHICK SPRINGS
The South's Premier Summer Resort, opens May 15th, closes Nov. 1st. Write for booklet.
CHICK SPRINGS, S. C.

MAMMOTH CAVE HOTEL
MAMMOTH CAVE, KY.
Has engaged for the present season, for the entertainment of Cave visitors, one of the finest dancing teams ever seen on any stage.

DAVIS WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
HIDDENITE, NORTH CAROLINA.
Modern Hotel—100 rooms. Homelike surroundings. Noted mineral water. Varied amusements. Best fare and service. On Southern railroad in Western North Carolina, two through trains from Charlotte. Rates $18 to $30 per month June and September, $22 to $36 per month July and August. Lower rates for parties, ministers and long stay. Write for booklet.

HOTEL SIPPICAN
(On Buzzards Bay)
MARION, MASS.
Postoffice, Marion, Mass.
ONE of New England's exclusive summer resorts. Season: June to September. Capacity 150. Orchestra. Tennis, golf, bathing, fishing, sailing. Electric lights. Send for booklet. HARRY T. MILLER, Ownership Management. Until June 7, address Mr. Miller, at Woodland Park Hotel, Auburndale, Mass. (Open year round.)

Connelly Mineral Springs
Connelly Springs, N. C.
In Western North Carolina, right on main line S. R. R., midway between Salisbury and Asheville, N. C., mean elevation. Fine mineral water. Good fare. Modern conveniences. Low rate May, June, September and October, $6 to $8 per week. July and August $7 to $12 per week. Lower by month. Write for booklet to William Jeff Davis, Owner and prop.

Pocahontas Cottage
Virginia Beach, Va.
Thoroughly modern, Ocean front, all outside rooms, broad verandas, bathing right from house; noted for table. Special rates for parties. Address Mrs. A. B. Williams.

THE HOME GARDEN

Conducted by Prof. R. J. H. DeLoach,
Director Experiment Station, Experiment, Ga.

We have recently had a good deal to say in these columns about the great importance of planting trees, on public highways, in parks and reservations, on all public grounds and idle lands. I recently heard a man say in public that he would like to see a law passed requiring all owners of land to plant trees on any and all unsued portions of his land, and set aside certain parts of all lands for the planting of tree. He thought it would be a blessing to the individual land owners and to the state and nation.

This is undoubtedly a good idea and will be done some day. We all are entirely too careless about the putting out of trees about our premises, and especially on the lands that have no special value otherwise. The next generation and all succeeding generations will need trees, and unless we begin some time to think about the needs of future generations they will not have any kind of trees at all. At the present rate of destruction, it will not be a great while before there will hardly be enough trees to grow seeds for replanting the earth.

Trees for Various Sections.

The United States department of agriculture has made several valuable suggestions as to the kinds of trees to put in different sections of the country. In the second district, according to the divisions given in "Weekly News Letter" under date of April 1, 1915, are the following states: Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas. In this section the following trees are especially recommended, and surely everyone will be able to select something good from the list:

Deciduous Trees—Tulip, sycamore, pin oak, white oak, black oak, live oak, red oak, white ash, bald cypress, Norway maple, red elm, American white elm, Kentucky coffee, American linden, catalpa, liquidambar, hackberry, sour gum and in the southern section, willow oak and laurel oak.

Evergreen Trees—Long leaf pine, live oak, cedar of Lebanon.

Shrubs—Golden bell, hydrangeas, lilac, Elaeagnus, loniceras, hibiscus, roses, Japan quince, calycanthus, smoke tree, viburnums, Philadelphuses, cornuses, Jasminums, spiraeas, weigelas, coralberry, snowberry, Thunberg's barberry, crape myrtle, privets, hollies, evergreen barberries, elders, rose of Sharon, and south of Charleston, S. C., Camellia japonica and oleander.

Large Trees Are Best.

Whose premises would not be improved by a selection from these? Certainly none that the writer happens to know in his limited experience. Among these can be found trees and shrubs for the most fastidious. They all live in the open and will entail no special effort on the part of the owner of the land except to purchase and put them out. They can be bought at any standard nursery, and can be had in large or small size.

The small plants have the one advantage that they will generally live, while the older ones are not to be relied on so surely. They may live, but often die. The large trees are better when they do live because they will make large trees so much quicker than the small ones.

There is no possible way of bringing the attention of the public to the importance of planting trees and shrubs like the schools. Teachers ought to take much pride in this kind of work, it makes people feel so much better after they have done a little planting of this kind. They afford beauty for the community and comfort for those who are to come after.

"WEAK" WANT ADS ARE POOR ECONOMY

You're doing yourself justice when you try to save a few words on your want ad.

Oftentimes people leave out one feature, to save a few cents, that might be just the thing that would clinch the reader—and probably close a deal for you.

Make your **Want Ad Complete.**

Tell the reader all the good points.

PHONE YOUR WANT ADS TO MAIN 5000. ASK FOR CLASSIFIED AD DEPT.; ATLANTA 5001.

POULTRY, SEED AND PET STOCK

MISCELLANEOUS.
WANTED.

WANTED—Horse and mule hides. Express to Athens Hide Company, Athens, Ga.; $3 each.

WHITE LEGHORNS.

FOR SALE—White Leghorn yearling hens, "Young strain;" bargain. Call Main 4468-J.

DOGS.

FOR SALE—Six well-marked Collie puppies. Sire and dam registered; sire imported. Males, $15; females, $8. Wm. H. George, Jr., Smyrna, Ga., R. F. D. No. 1.

MONTVIEW COLLIE KENNELS own an Ornskirk-Artist son. Stud fee $10. Registered puppies for sale. Phone 27-J, Decatur, Georgia.

FOX HOUND, trained, good strike, extra fast; a stayer; will sell reasonable. 3 years old. J. C. Spearman, Calhoun Falls, S. C.

HOGS.

BERKSHIRE HOGS

BERKSHIRES of quality, breeding and general excellence. Big bred sows, bred gilts, open gilts, big boars, young boars and pigs of all ages, perfect types, registered and with extended pedigrees, we register more Berkshires than any other breeder in the state. Fair View Farm, Palmetto, Ga.

SEEDS AND PLANTS.

SUDAN—Plant your stubble land, get two cuttings finest hay on earth. Seed, 100 pounds, $6; your check is good. Weaver Brothers, Lubbock, Texas.

LIVE STOCK

FOR SALE

REGISTERED HEREFORD CATTLE—The beef breed for the south. Bulls and heifers for sale. Also registered Berkshire hogs. L. W. Jarman, Box C, Porterdale, Ga., near Covington.

THIRTY Jersey heifers, 6 to 12 months old, 200 to 400 pounds each; 3 good milk cows. Robert Davis, National Stock Yards.

FOR SALE—3 fine Jersey cows, fresh in milk. Shippey Bros. & White, 968 Marietta st. Mr. Booker.

FOR SALE—One 7-months Holstein Jersey heifer; a beauty. Main 4468-J.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—The finest saddle and driving horse in the city; also extra fine buggy and harness, perfectly gentle; a bargain to quick buyer; also two new screen doors, one oak sideboard, hall rack and kitchen safe, cheap. Call 25 St. Charles avenue.

LET US BOARD YOUR HORSE; BEST VENTILATED BARN IN TOWN, GROUND FLOOR, BEST OF CARE. MORGAN & BULLARD BROS., 224 DECATUR ST. MAIN 676.

BROKE burros at $5 per head in car load lots, f. o. b., Marfa; just the thing for children, summer resorts and many other purposes. C. O. Thomas, Marfa, Texas.

BLACK bay horse, 3 years old, very speedy, for sale, $250; can be seen at 84 Thirkiel avenue.

BUSINESS CARDS

CONTRACTING.

R. J. FAULK, 1018 Century Bldg., contracting, building, repairing; fly screens a specialty. Main 3702.

HAT CLEANING.

OLD HATS MADE NEW — Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

MACHINERY REPAIRING.

Cylinders Rebored and Ground.
Atlanta Gear and Machine Works
262 W. North Avenue. Phone Main 2829.

MATRESS RENOVATING.

MATTRESS RENOVATING
WE buy feathers. Shirley Mattress Company, 807 Marietta St. Main 993, Atl. 1727.

NICKEL-PLATING.

BAND instruments, brass beds, repaired, refinished; gold, silver and nickel-plating. Atlanta Plating Repair Works, 66½ Ivy St.

NEW RUBBER TIRES.

PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and re-covered. Robert Mitchell, 227-29 Edgewood avenue. Ivy 3076.

PAINTING AND WALL TINTING.

T. M. CANNON, 164 Walton street, painting, wall tinting; satisfaction guaranteed. Main 1932.

ROOF REPAIRING.

IF YOUR Roof leaks, call the Roof Doctor, Barnett. Ivy 7238.

MOONEY REPAIRS all kinds. Roofing a specialty; 12 months' guarantee; reasonable rates. Call Ivy 905.

SHEET METAL WORK.

SHEET METAL WORK, all kinds; refrigerators repaired. Phone Main 2967-3462. 51 and 37 South Forsyth street.

STOVE REPAIRING.

Stoves and Ranges Repaired
SECOND HAND stoves bought, sold and exchanged.
STANDARD STOVE AND REPAIR CO.
41 Luckie, Ivy 283, Atlanta 892.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES RE-TAILORED AND REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta 1654.

TRANSFER.

IVY 482-J. 23 AUBURN. ATLANTA 5892-A.
A. & C. TRANSFER CO.
WE MOVE THE PEOPLE.
All kinds grading and heavy hauling.
T. L. AKINS.
Teams for Hire.

UPHOLSTERY.

MATTRESSES renovated. Telephone Bell Main 4440, Atl. 1476. Meadows & Rogers.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANING.

NATIONAL WINDOW CLG. CO. 47 E. Hunter. M. 1175. M. 4579-J.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

AUTOMOBILE TRIP TO CHICAGO.
I WANT to make trip some time in July or August. I want someone to join me in shipping our cars from Chattanooga to either Louisville or Cincinnati, as freight will cost no more on two cars than one. Address H-535, Constitution.

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell St. Main 2424.

WANTED—To buy a second-hand 80-saw cotton gin. W. A. Bond, Lithonia, Ga., R. F. D. 1.

DROP a card. Best prices paid for old clothes and shoes. L. Pfeffer, 146 Decatur.

WANTED SECOND-HAND furniture. Atlanta Trading Co. M. 778.

DROP a card; we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestiare. 166 Decatur St.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

FOR SALE—New piano taken for debt; never used and have no use for it. Will sell far below regular price to get rid of it. Genuine bargain. Address G. D. J., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

R. P. BECHT CO.
129 Auburn Ave. Bell Phone 2139.
Wholesale Pianos and Player-Pianos
We sell good pianos $5 month up.
We rent good pianos $3 month up.
ARTISTIC PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

WANTED—Every one who is interested in the purchase of a nice select case of Georgia peaches, shipped by express, to drop a card for prices to J. O. Booton, Marshallville, Ga.

FOR SALE—Tent; front and back porch, screen doors, windows; large enough for small family; city water, near Lakewood. Take Federal Prison car, get off at Sawtell avenue.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One Liquid Carbonic Co.'s Iceless Soda Fount. Has 10 feet marble top counter. Used but little, and can be put in first-class shape. The City Drug Company, Leesburg, Ga.

TOBACCO—1,500 pounds, 18c per pound by the 10-lb. box. Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for sample plug, postpaid. James Sawyer, Lawrenceville, Ga., R. F. D. 3.

FOR SALE—One complete set office furniture—desk, metal and wood files, metal locker, safe, typewriter and table, etc. Call 307 Walton Bldg. between 10 and 12 o'clock.

FOR SALE—$75 automatic stop Victrola and $60 worth of records; everything perfect condition; account sickness, bargain for quick cash sale. Jack, Ivy 3381.

BREAKING-UP housekeeping, everything for the home, furniture and household goods, for sale cheap. 33 Irwin St., corner Hillyer.

COMPLETE 84-inch Morse cotton compress outfit at a bargain. Lucien Voorhies, Denegre building, New Orleans.

ONE mahogany dresser, chiffonier, chairs, rug, brass bed, linen, etc.; perfect condition, $85 cash or terms. I. 8503 Sunday.

TUBERCULOSIS and consumption can be cured. Write one who knows. Will tell you how. P. O. Box 339, Atlanta.

FOR SALE—$60 Old Town canoe, in excellent condition, equipped with oars and rowing seat extra, $25. Main 9845.

MRS. GEO. ITTNER, 94 Elizabeth.

SECOND-HAND SAFES, all sizes. Hall's fire and burglar-proof safes, vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg.

TWO bedroom suits; also dresser, wardrobe, hat rack, refrigerator, kitchen safe, gas stove. Address H-534, Constitution.

FOR SALE—One dining room set and one gas range. Jacob Eiseman, 30 E. Merritts avenue.

"NOT superstitious, but I believe in signs."
—KENT SIGNS—
35½ Auburn. Ivy 1938.

WATCH cleaning $1, main spring 50c. John A. Humphries, Watchmaker, 19½ Peachtree, upstairs.

SURRY Two seats, rubber tires, side curtains and lights. Apply Mr. Fincher, 610 Peters bldg. Phone Main 148.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Large, portable wooden garage, in Ansley Park. Address H-51, Constitution.

FIXTURES of every description. Jacobs Auction Co., 51 Decatur street. Bell Main 1434. Atlanta 2285.

SECOND-HAND army tents, all sizes. Springer, 295 S. Pryor st. Main 2543-L.

BEAUTIFUL hand-carved English oak dining room set, complete. Bargain. I. 1283.

DRESSERS, in good condition, $3.50 to $5.00; bargains. 76 Houston st.

DETROIT gas range, almost new, good condition, cheap. 76 Houston st.

SEWING machine, good running order; all attachments. $7. Bargain. 80 W. Pe'tree.

MAGAZINES

YOUR FAVORITE
Magazine at prices which you can afford, and which will mean a big saving to you.

American Magazine and Woman's Home Companion
(Both one year, $2.00.)
Everybody's Magazine and Delineator
(Both one year, $2.00.)
Barker-Bevil Agency
Safety First. Established 1885.
19-21 Peters St. Phone M. 4623-J
—or—
MILLER'S BOOK STORE,
39 Marietta Street.
Lester Book & Stationery Co.
70 North Broad Street.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

FOR SALE TYPEWRITERS

SPECIAL summer prices now on. Factory rebuilt typewriters, all standard makes and guaranteed, at from $20 to $60. Write for special price list No. 70. Typewriters rented 4 months for $5 and up. First payment applied in case of purchase. Typewriter supplies and repairs a specialty.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
48 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

MUSIC AND DANCING

HURST DANCING SCHOOL, 44½ E. Hunter St. Phone Main 969. We guarantee you to dance, teaching every afternoon and evening by Professor and Mrs. E. S. Hurst.

MOTORCYCLES — BICYCLES

MAKE your bike a motorcycle at a small cost by using our attachable motor outfit; fits any bicycle; no special tools required; cost very reasonable. Send for our free books and price list of new and second-hand motorcycles. Shaw Mfg. Co., Dept. 106, Galesburg, Kan.

MRS. J. H. PORTER, 78 Elizabeth.

ONE twin-cylinder Indian motorcycle, perfect condition, for sale or will exchange as part payment on runabout, preferably Ford, in good condition; immediate action. Address Lowery Fruit and Produce Co., 57 E. Alabama.

ONE 1914 Harley-Davidson, in good condition, with all equipments, for sale cheap. Henderson Motorcycle Sales Co., 50 Auburn avenue.

FOR SALE—Henderson motorcycle, practically new; a bargain; also a Merkel Twin, 1914 model, excellent condition. Henderson Motorcycle Sales Co., 50 Auburn ave.

USED motorcycles, all makes, $35 and up. Retail department, Harley-Davidson Motor Co., Atlanta, Ga. 224 Peachtree St.

POPE motorcycle, in good condition, model 14. Apply 50 Auburn ave.

Read The Constitution Want Ads.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE

$150 buys a Regal Touring car.
$150 buys an Overland Touring car.
$200 buys a Hudson Touring car.
$200 buys an E-M-F Touring car.
$200 buys a 1913 Mitchell Chassis.
$200 buys a No. 19 Buick Touring car.
$250 buys a "17" Buick Touring car.
$250 buys a Flanders Roadster.
$250 buys a Hupmobile Touring car.
$350 buys an Everett "30" Touring car.
$250 buys a Stevens-Duryea Roadster.
$450 buys a Stevens-Duryea Touring car.
$450 buys a Stoddard-Dayton Touring car.

We also have some splendid bargains in Marions, Marmons, Studebakers and a splendid Rauch-Lang Electric Coupe, which we will sell at prices that will interest you.

Yours very truly,
THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION OF AMERICA
ATLANTA BRANCH

THE following cars, which have been rebuilt in our own shop, are offered at very attractive prices:
1912 Cadillac, 5-passenger.
Premier Six, 7-passenger.
Haynes, 5-passenger.
Paige-Detroit Coupe.
All electric lighted and self-started.
Selden, 5-passenger.
Electric Coupe, 4-passenger.
THE ATLANTA CADILLAC COMPANY
228-230 Peachtree Street
Phone Ivy 2233

1913 OVERLAND ROADSTER.
1913 OVERLAND TOURING CAR.
OVERLAND DELIVERY.
E-M-F CHASSIS.
FORD ROADSTER.
OVERLAND SOUTHERN AUTOMOBILE CO.
230 PEACHTREE ST.

1914 MODEL "37," 5-passenger Buick, $500 cash. This car was stolen and not recovered until original owner was paid amount of his policy. Selling car for less than cost to recover and overhaul. Nord-Deutsche Insurance Company, Rhett & O'Beirne, General Agents, 426 Hurt Bldg. Ivy 8043.

ONE 1,500-pound truck, thoroughly overhauled, with new solid tires, $325.

1912 CADILLAC coupe, $450. W. M. Hull, 12 Porter Place.

FOR SALE—Five-passenger touring car, good as new, run 1,200 miles; price new $1,095. Owner going north; must be sold; low price spot cash, no trade. Demonstrations from Folsom's Garage, corner Cone and James streets.

USED CAR BROKER
IF YOU would sell or buy used automobiles, see Mr. Murphy. Ivy 482-J. 23 Auburn Ave.

LYONS KNIGHT touring car, in perfect condition at a great sacrifice. Atlanta Auto Exchange, 380 Peachtree street.

STODDARD-DAYTON roadster, fully equipped, fine shape, at bargain. Owner leaving city. 261 Peachtree.

FOR SALE—1915 Ford touring car, in good condition. Address H-539, care Constitution.

BUICK ROADSTER; must sell quick; can be demonstrated at 16 Houston st.

FOR SALE—1914 Ford roadster; perfect condition; must sell Monday. 35 S. Broad St.

FOR SALE—One Overland roadster, "14" model. Call Atlanta phone 1490.

WANTED.

WANTED—Must have 150 slightly used touring cars at once to fill our orders this week. We want light, four-cylinder machines, in good condition; also a few good fixtures.
THE ATLANTA AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE,
380 Peachtree St.
Phone Ivy 2772.

A BEAUTIFUL LOT, 100x300, opposite Brookhaven Club, for $2,500 gasoline car in fine condition. Address E-167, care Constitution.

ROADSTER or light touring car; Hudson, Overland, Buick, Chevrolet or Ford, 1914 or 1915 model. P. O. Box 637.

GOOD, clean equity in West End Park bungalow to exchange for good 5-passenger automobile. Address H-531, care Constitution.

WILL exchange $325 equity in north side lot for automobile. Address H-527, care Constitution.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops recovered and repaired, wheels, springs and axles repaired.
Bodies built to order or repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

AUTOMOBILES

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

Radiators, Fenders, Tanks
Lamps, Windshields made and repaired.
Warlick Sheet Metal Mfg. Co.
248 EDGEWOOD AVE.

LET US PAINT YOUR CAR.
ATLANTA AUTO FINISHING CO.,
761 WHITEHALL ST. WEST 162.
E. H. HENDERSON. W. B. FOSTER.

MRS. J. W. POOLE, 335 Cherokee.

RADIATORS REPAIRED
OUT-OF-TOWN orders returned same day received. 287 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 5372.
ATLANTA AUTO REP. CO.

ODOM BROS. CO.
OPEN all night. Now in our more spacious quarters. Garage and repair work a specialty. 41-43 Ivy St. Main 1622. Atl. 909.

BERG safety steering device for Ford cars. No. 38 Auburn Ave.

CENTRAL GARAGE
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
34-38 AUBURN AVE. IVY 7905.

LEO SHERARD
AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Ivy 2850. 70 Ivy Street.

AUTO TANKS, HOODS and all kinds of sheet metal work. 51 and 87 South Forsyth street. Main 2967 or Main 3467.

MONEY TO LOAN

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY is now accepting loans on high-class improved Atlanta property at 6 per cent. Prompt and courteous attention.
CHAS. H. BLACK,
Real Estate Loan Agent,
210-211 Empire Building.
Phone Ivy 111.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PLENTY of money to lend on Atlanta and near-by improved property, 5½ to 8 per cent, straight; also monthly plan, at 6 per cent on 5 years' time, payable $21.66 per month on the thousand, which includes interest; will also lend smaller amounts. Purchase money notes wanted. FOSTER & ROBSON, 11 Edgewood avenue.

LOANS made promptly on Atlanta real estate through The United States Mortgage & Trust Co., of New York. W. B. Smith, representative, 708 Fourth Nat. Bank Bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LEND on Atlanta homes or business property, at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Building,
Broad and Marietta Streets

WE CAN ACCEPT
SOME good downtown, central, improved loans at a low rate of interest. Also application on high-class property will have immediate attention.
TURMAN & CALHOUN
Second Floor Empire Bldg.

DESIRABLE city and farm loans made promptly.
W. B. SMITH,
708 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg.

LOANS on central business property and first-class residences for an insurance company desired.
W. CARROLL LATIMER
Attorney-at-Law. 1509-15 4th Nat. Bk. Bldg.

LOAN AGENTS TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY. Real estate loans, current rate. Purchase money notes bought. See Rex B. Mooney, Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency, 221 Grant bldg. Both phones.

MONEY TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate, $500, $1,000, $1,500, $2,500 and $3,000. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable. Ivy 5678.

MRS. J. A. MANNING, 21 Boulevard Ter.

I HAVE $50,000 PRIVATE MONEY TO LEND ON IMPROVED OR SEMI-CENTRAL VACANT PROPERTY; NO DELAY. MR. DODD, 32 E. ALA. ST. MAIN 1287.

WE LOAN on Atlanta real estate and buy purchase money notes. 209 Grant Bldg. The Merchants & Mechanics' Banking & Loan Co.

HAVE $20,000 to loan at 7 per cent on central business property; or want this in one or two amounts. See me quick. J. C. Branan, 1315-16 Empire bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

$20,000 TO LEND on central business property. A. P. Herrington & Son, 205 Peters building.

MONEY TO LOAN on improved Atlanta real estate. Fitzhugh Knox, 1613 Candler building.

MONEY TO LEND on Atlanta real estate. Otis & Holliday, 309 Peters Bldg.

MONEY TO LEND on Atlanta real estate. W. B. Smith, 708 4th Nat'l Bank Bldg.

MONEY to lend on Atlanta real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire bldg.

MONEY TO LEND on city property. W. O. Alston, 1216 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

WANTED—Money

WANT $1,500 at 8 per cent interest on 2 nice 4-room houses, College Park; insurance $2,000. They carried loans last year of $1,000 each. Carl Fischer, Main 4876, Fourth National Bldg.

SMALL loan on good unimproved lot worth three times amount desired. H., 308 Trust Company of Georgia bldg.

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WANTED—To buy good second mortgage money notes at reasonable discount. H. Zurline & Co., 601-2 Silvey bldg. Phone Main 624.

I WILL make small loan on good property. Address H-845, care Constitution.

WANTED—Board and Room

LADY and two children want board for six weeks on a farm about one hour's ride from Atlanta. Must be clean, no flies, good water, milk, etc. Write particulars to Box 103, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED by couple with 6-year-old child 2 fur. rooms suitable for light housekeeping; give price and location. Address Near, Box 49, care Constitution.

WANTED—Room and board in private family by young gentleman; good location; state rates. Address H-613, care Constitution.

Read The Constitution Want Ads.

BOARD AND ROOMS

NEW YORK.

SOUTHERNERS visiting New York can secure delightful rooms and board at summer prices; homelike surroundings, choice location; elevated subway and surface cars to all points. Take subway to 72d street. Mrs. Wilkinson, 159 W. 72d street.

BOARDERS WANTED—174 West 86th St., New York; cool rooms, near park and river; all car lines; excellent table; reasonable; references.

NORTH SIDE.

ADAIR HOTEL DINING ROOM.
205 PEACHTREE ST. MRS. E. R. LOWE, PROP. HOME COOKING A SPECIALTY. TWENTY MEALS FOR $5.00. ONLY REFINED PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

21 E. LINDEN ST.
COMFORTABLY fur. rooms, with meals; summer rates; between the Peachtrees. Ivy 152.

57 EAST ELLIS ST.
NICELY fur. rooms, with excellent meals; new management. Call to see.

647 PEACHTREE ST., cool summer home, excellent table, hot and cold water, shady lawn; reduced rates. Phone Ivy 6684.

ONE or two connecting front rooms, with or without private bath, private family; delightful summer location; best board. 7 East Eighth street. Ivy 4258-L.

LARGE rooms, single or en suite, with or without board, at 70 East Merritts avenue; best location; two blocks from Peachtree.

FOR RENT—One or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board, couple or young ladies; all conveniences. 333 E. Eighth street. Forrest avenue and 10th street car.

IN NORTH SIDE PRIVATE HOME COUPLE OR TWO REFINED YOUNG LADIES WHO WISH AND WILL APPRECIATE HOME. IVY 967-L.

188 COURTLAND STREET
NICELY fur. rooms; all conveniences; walking distance; meals optional.

67 LUCKIE STREET
EXCELLENT meals served. Call Main 4055.

72 SPRING STREET
NICELY fur. rooms; table board a specialty; all conveniences; close in.

ROOM and board in private West Peachtree home; connecting rooms, with private bath. Phone Ivy 3694-J.

549 PEACHTREE, lovely front room to refined couple or young men; summer rates. Ivy 3484.

220 Peachtree—The Wilton
HOME cooking; meal tickets. Miss Kirtley.

107 PIEDMONT AVENUE
NICELY furnished rooms; board optional.

MRS. J. H. EVERETT, 251 Angier.

TWO nice, cool front rooms, with or without board, to gentlemen. Private home. Phone Ivy 2322-L.

FOR RENT—Large front room, private bath, connecting room; every convenience; meals the best. Ivy 1953-L.

TWO gentlemen can secure board in private home, pretty room, private bath, modern bungalow. Phone Ivy 4198.

652 PEACHTREE, the beautiful "Peters Place;" large, attractive room; excellent table. Ivy 1502-J.

ATTRACTIVE room, with private bath; best resident section north side; meals optional. Ivy 2535-L.

LARGE ROOM, private bath, superior table; spacious verandas. 494 Spring, corner Third. Ivy 1522.

BOARDERS WANTED for nice, large front room, splendid table fare, electric lights. 4 West Peachtree street. Ivy 6576-J.

NICELY furnished front room, with board; all modern conveniences. Ivy 1564. 14 West Baker street.

EXCELLENT board and rooms, block of postoffice. Ivy 5606-J. 72 Walton street.

513 PEACHTREE ST., choice second floor rooms, with excellent meals. I. 6133-J.

20 Ponce de Leon, beautiful front room, running water, with board. Ivy 719-J.

ROOMS, all conveniences; also meals; summer rates. 55 E. Harris, Apt. 2. I. 4057-L.

500 Peachtree, excellent rooms and meals; summer rates. Ivy 7582-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, with board, two minutes' walk to town. 16 Williams st.

21 E. CAIN ST., excellent room and board. Call Ivy 2120-L.

PONCE DE LEON HOME, ideal location, excellent board and room. Ivy 8341.

NICELY furnished room, with board. 35 W. North avenue. Phone Ivy 5774-L.

PRETTY front room, with board. 911 Peachtree, near Piedmont park. Ivy 1503.

COOL ROOM, with board; Ponce de Leon home. Sleeping porch. Ivy 7845-J.

ROOMS with connecting bath, excellent meals; roommate for young lady. Ivy 5786.

NICELY fur. rooms, with board; close in; meals optional. 61 E. Ellis.

PRIVATE board, every convenience; very homelike; two young men. Ivy 6257.

SOUTH SIDE.

REST AND COMFORT
COOL rooms, splendid meals, opposite Capitol. 121 Capitol Square. Main 4839-L.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND EXCELLENT MEALS. 136 WASHINGTON PHONE MAIN 1099-X2; ALSO GARAGE FOR RENT.

LARGE rooms, nice board, all conveniences, clean and reasonable, good location. 203 Whitehall street.

NICE room, with or without board, near town; reasonable. 10 East Mitchell.

ROOM and board for couple or young men, private home. Phone Main 1358-L.

NICE front room with board; couple or gentlemen. Main 5178-L. 184 Capitol ave.

NICELY fur. room and board, $15 month. 133 Richardson st. Main 3614.

INMAN PARK.

A FEW select boarders wanted, private family; all conveniences. Ivy 1214-L.

LARGE, COOL, PLEASANT ROOMS AND MEALS. PRIVATE HOME. IVY 5444.

WEST END.

NICE front furnished upstairs room for rent, with or without board. Mrs. Burk, West 1480.

PRIVATE home in West End will take couple or two young men to board; references. Phone West 1520-J. 263 Lee St.

EXCELLENT board and room, private home. 52 Gordon st. Phone West 213-J.

SUBURBAN.

WANTED—Couple of gentlemen in refined home in beautiful Sutherland Terrace, exclusive neighborhood; home cooking, cool rooms, all modern conveniences; summer rates; references. Call Decatur 520.

LOVELY room and 2 meals a day in my private home in Adair Park; young men or business women. Ivy 6173-L.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THE PICKWICK
TEN STORY AND FIREPROOF.
WELL furnished rooms with or without connecting bath. Convenient shower bath on each floor. 77 Fairlie St., near Carnegie Library.

DELIGHTFULLY FUR. ROOMS PRIVATE HOME, EVERY CONVENIENCE, IN BEST RESIDENTIAL SECTION, ON MYRTLE ST. ALSO A FEW TABLE BOARDERS WANTED. REFERENCES. PHONE IVY 7074.

230 IVY STREET
LARGE, nicely fur. or unfur. rooms, housekeeping privileges; all conveniences. Ivy 2855.

129 N. JACKSON ST.
LARGE, nicely furnished front room, with private entrance, connecting bath; good car service, and all conveniences.

THE MARTINIQUE
FUR. rooms, with bath; coolest house in Atlanta, corner Ellis and Ivy streets.

72 SPRING STREET
Nicely Furnished Rooms

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

TWO ideally comfortable rooms in close-in apartment, connecting bath; gentlemen only. Phone Ivy 8817. Apply 52 E. Cain, Cambridge Apt. No. 10.

THE ADOLPH 10½ E. HARRIS ST. Bachelor rooms de luxe; every modern convenience. Ivy 2071.

NICEST, cleanest fur. room; all conveniences; private, attractive; reasonable. 20-A Carnegie way.

TO young business men, newly furnished bedrooms; hot water; all conveniences. 265 Ivy street. Ivy 8384-L.

200 W. PEACHTREE, nice, cool, fur. rooms; splendid location; all conveniences; men or business women preferred. Ivy 3281.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished, cool front room, kitchenette, if desired. 43 W. Peachtree. Ivy 6067-J.

NICELY fur. single or connecting rooms.

44 EAST HARRIS STREET
FOR RENT—TO GENTLEMEN, QUIET HOME, ELECTRIC LIGHTS. PHONE. IVY 2840-J.

ATTRACTIVE room, with private bath; best resident section north side; meals optional. Ivy 2535-L.

87 WEST PEACHTREE
ROOMS to men; steam heat and bath.

46½ AUBURN AVENUE
SINGLE or connecting rooms, private bath.

BEDROOM with dressing room; also roommate for young man; separate beds. 140 W. Peachtree st. Ivy 8689-J.

NICELY fur. small front room, modern conveniences. 20-C Carnegie way. Ivy 8799-J.

LARGE, nicely furnished rooms, next to Y. M. C. A. 69 Luckie street. M. 4055.

LARGE nicely fur. rooms, next to Y. M. C. A., 69 Luckie street. M. 4055.

LARGE, nicely furnished rooms, close in; conveniences. 56 Williams st.

FOR RENT—Two single rooms, gentlemen preferred. 293 N. Boulevard. Ivy 2064.

EXCEPTIONALLY nice fur. rooms for young men; all conveniences. Ivy 5699-L.

NICELY FURNISHED, LARGE, COOL FRONT ROOM. 64 FORREST AVE.

TWO first floor fur. rooms, adjoining bath; conveniences. 34 E. Alexander.

THREE large, nicely fur. rooms, very cool; summer rates. 61 Houston st.

MRS. T. C. DAVISON, 333 Cherokee.

NICELY fur. rooms; close in; every convenience. 41 West Harris street.

LARGE, nicely fur. rooms with all conveniences; good car service. Ivy 3894-L.

NICELY furnished front room, close in; all conveniences. 311 Courtland st.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

NICE, COOL, FUR. ROOMS, COLQUITT AVE., BUNGALOW; REASONABLE. APPLY OWNER, AMERICAN CAFE. 17 E. MITCHELL.

NEATLY, comfortably furnished room, adjoining bath, for one or two men. Apply janitor, Tallulah Apartments.

TWO nice front rooms, all conveniences, near town; reasonable. Main 4408-L. 174 Central avenue.

FOUR connecting rooms, reasonable and convenient. 664 Washington.

TWO front, connecting rooms, cheap and close in. 157 South Pryor.

NICE, furnished rooms, good location; all conveniences. 252 S. Pryor.

NICE furnished rooms, all conveniences, good location. 34 Garnett street.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

THREE rooms, private entrance. 24 Royston St., Ivy 6434-J.

FOR RENT—One large downstairs front room, with hall. Price $6. Ivy 5558-L.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

TWO fur. or unf. rooms and kitchenette, light housekeeping, clean and reasonable. 403 E. Georgia avenue.

WITH owner, two rooms and kitchenette, all conveniences. 124 Logan street. M. 1213.

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms, with sink, to couple without children. M. 149-J.

TWO desirable rooms, reasonable. 235 Oakland avenue. Atlanta phone 3508.

FOR RENT—Four large rooms and hall, upstairs, south side. Main 394-J.

THREE or 4 first floor rooms, lights, hot water, telephone. 220 Capitol ave.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

2 OR 3 rooms and kitchenette; conveniences. 115 Forrest ave. Ivy 5749-L.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

TWO large rooms and kitchenette, fur. or unfur., for light housekeeping, electricity. 70 E. Merritts ave. Ivy 3894-L.

4 FIRST floor unfur. rooms, with private bath and all convenience, 2-minute walk to town. 164 Courtland St. Call M. 4347-J. $18 per month.

THREE rooms and kitchenette, completely furnished for housekeeping. 56 W. Peachtree. Ivy 5554-L.

FUR. rooms, housekeeping, with cooking utensils; new management. 239 Courtland. Ivy 6430-L.

$12 MONTH, room and kitchenette, completely fur., two large closets; all conveniences; close in. 11 W. Pine. I. 4574-X2.

FOR RENT—Bright, light housekeeping room, with kitchenette, running water and refrigerator. 534 Peachtree St.

BETWEEN the Peachtrees, walking distance; private home; connecting rooms, kitchenette. Ivy 3707-J.

TWO front, fur. housekeeping rooms, $3.50; single bedroom, $1.50; double, $2.50. 37 Carnegie Way.

NICELY fur. room and kitchenette; all conveniences. 61 Houston st.

TWO nicely furnished rooms, all conveniences; close in. 16 Williams street.

TWO rooms and kitchenette nicely furnished; private home. 56 Currier st.

TWO nicely fur. rooms for housekeeping. 41 W. Cain. Atlanta 1181.

MRS. A. H. BENNING, 50 Whiteford.

5 OR 3 first floor, unf. rooms, close in; reasonable. 55 Mills street.

SOUTH SIDE.

FOR RENT—Two or three nice, clean rooms, furnished for housekeeping, in private family; 10 minutes' walk; phone, hot bath, lovely porch; no children. 17 Pulliam.

SPECIAL rate for summer for three connecting, attractive rooms, completely furnished; instantaneous water heater, sink, etc. 504 Washington.

FOR RENT—3 nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; no children; use of telephone and bath. 87 Washington st. Telephone Main 2356-X1.

VERY attractive suite of three furnished rooms; conveniences; good location; reasonable; references. M. 2840-J. 277 S. Pryor.

THREE unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, clean and reasonable. 64 Augusta avenue.

WEST END.

THREE housekeeping rooms, best part Gordon st., July and August. Phone W. 636-J.

FOR RENT—Three connecting, unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. West 872.

TWO rooms, furnished complete, all conveniences. 40 Gordon place. West 702-J.

INMAN PARK.

NICE unfurnished housekeeping rooms, all conveniences; north side; owner's home. No children. 34 Haralson avenue, Inman Pk.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

ARE you going to spend summer in New York? Splendid accommodations offered at The Hampton, 22 East 31st street. Elegantly furnished apartments, 2, 3, 4 rooms and bath; moderate rentals; ideal central location, convenient to Fifth avenue retail shopping district, theaters, clubs.

44 EAST HARRIS ST., steam-heated, hot and cold water, neatly furnished and good service; will rent either single, suites or for housekeeping. Call on premises. Mrs. Pickard. Ivy 7029-L.

TO sublet until September 1 4-room fur apt., 793 Piedmont ave.; all modern conveniences, $30 per month. Phone Ivy 5919 or Ivy 3875.

PEACHTREE PLACE, complete 4-room fur. apt., private bath, gas range. Ivy 5863-J.

TWO rooms, bath and kitchenette, private entrance. 46 Columbia avenue. Ivy 6024-J.

ALL or part 6-room fur. apartment, cheap. Quick. 61 E. Cain st. Apt. 3.

THREE or 4-room fur. apt.; good location; two bedrooms. 318 S. Pryor st.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
AT 31½ LUCKIE we have several very nice bachelor rooms, either separate or en suite, on which we can make very attractive rates. They are absolutely the best apartments in the city of Atlanta for bachelors, possessing every convenience, and located right in the center of town.
SHARP, BOYLSTON & DAY

152 N. WHITEFORD AVE., second floor flat of six rooms; has usual city conveniences; ideal section. Let us show you. Rent $15.60. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

224 CENTRAL AVE., a splendid 6-room flat. Has all city conveniences; 10 minutes' walk from Five Points. Rent reduced to $18.60. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

LARGE ROOMS, two baths, three porches, one a sleeping porch, located corner Peachtree place and Cypress street. Apply to owner. 40 Peachtree place. Phone Ivy 307-L.

A NEW 6-room upper apartment, steam heat, hot water, screened, individual appearance. 237 St. Charles avenue. Phone Ivy 5292-L.

4-ROOM APT., with sleeping porch, $25.60, all conveniences. 61 Currier street. Ivy 1516.

FOR RENT—Six-room apartment, occupying entire floor, large porches, excellent location. 46 Columbia avenue. Ivy 6024-J.

MRS. A. A. CRAIG, 223 Ashby st.

IDEAL 3-room apartment, with front porch, steam heat, all outside rooms, sacrifice price. Ivy 829.

TWO large rooms, kitchenette and private bath, in private home for right couple. Ivy 2661-L.

FOR RENT—By owner, 6-room apt. on car line; electric and gas lights; hot water; screened. Phone West 701; 100 Lucile Ave.

THREE to 6-room, steam-heated apartments at reduced rates. Apply Mr. Kelly. Ivy 3390.

NEAR-IN, clean, modern 5-room apartment. 11 Simpson, cor. West Peachtree; vacant July 15. Apply 34 W. Peachtree.

FOR RENT—Three-room apartment, all modern conveniences, near Druid Hills. Call Ivy 6877-J.

5-ROOM apt., 294 Glenwood ave., just off Park avenue; rent reasonable. M. 4206-J.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

BEAUTIFUL nicely furnished 7-room bungalow, one-half block from the Peachtree street car line on north side; every convenience, including instantaneous Ruud heater. Reasonable rent. Address H-543, Constitution.

66 FORREST AVE., between Courtland and Piedmont avenue, 15-room house, partly furnished, if desired.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT
SMALL APARTMENTS

188 RAWSON—A neat 4-room apartment near the state capitol. Newly papered throughout. Excellent residential section. Special rate of $14.50.

72 PULLIAM—A very neat 5-room apartment in strictly first-class condition. Modern conveniences; best residential section on south side. Special rate of $21.

12-A E. NORTH AVENUE—Located between the Peachtrees, 5-room, modern, steam-heated apartment with janitor service. Will rent for $25 per month July and August, $30 per month after September 1.

148 FORREST AVENUE—Elegant modern 6-room steam-heated apartment. Can make a very attractive rate for July and August, and will lease from September 1 at reduced rate of rental.

233 CENTRAL—A neat lower 5-room apartment. In splendid condition; newly painted. Only $25.00.

57 CREW—Absolutely the biggest bargain in Atlanta. Five nice rooms in good residential section on south side; close in. Only $15.

SHARP, BOYLSTON & DAY.

WARE & HARPER
724-25 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.
Phones—Main 1706; Atlanta 1868.

BEAUTIFUL new apartment, second floor, large piazza, north side; most splendidly screened; window shades made to order; very best neighborhood. The other three apartments occupied by most charming people; very suitable for married couple, without children; tenant must be permanent; rent only $25.60, with water.

STRICTLY modern 6-room bungalow, newly and beautifully tinted and renovated throughout; gas and electricity; hot and cold water, double car line, cars stop in front of house, one block from Park Street Methodist church; large lot, nice lawn, fine elevation, good neighbors.

13-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, newly tinted, completely renovated, walking distance north side, very best furnace, gas and electricity; hot and cold water; tip-top condition throughout. This is a place for a nice, refined and select home, where you can secure finest class of boarders or roomers at tip-top prices.

NICE storeroom, 20x70, pressed brick front, plate glass window, one of the very best locations in the city for a spot cash grocery business or 5 and 10-cent store. Business of $2,500 to $3,500 per month cash in grocery business with a stock of $800 to $1,000 has been done and more can be done.

$15—Five-room house, reception hall, gas, water, bath, sewer, sidewalk and curbing, large lot, plenty of pasturage, plenty of room for cow and chickens, near double car line.

$10—Four-room house, bath and toilet, half block Marietta street car line.

FOR RENT
WEST END COTTAGES
WE HAVE two very pretty 5 and 6-room cottages at No. 60 and 64 West End avenue; large lawns in front, with big back yards. Recently renovated throughout. Special rates of $21.
SHARP, BOYLSTON & DAY

BEASLEY & HARDWICK
605 Empire Bldg. Phone Ivy 8168.

12 rooms, 449 N. Boulevard	$70.00
10 rooms, 24 W. Fair St.	25.00
9 rooms, 192 Juniper St.	55.00
9 rooms, 250 Ivy St.	30.00
8 rooms, 9 Orange St.	22.50
8 rooms, 327 Euclid Ave.	40.00
7 rooms, 147 Griffin St.	15.60
7 rooms, 55 Elmira St.	25.00
6 rooms, 66 Currier St.	37.50
6 rooms, 804 Grant St.	14.00
6 rooms, 172 Cameron St.	20.00
5 rooms, 226 Pulliam St.	16.60
5 rooms, 212 Capitol Ave.	18.00
4 rooms, 105 Luckie St.	16.60

BEASLEY & HARDWICK.

FOR RENT
ANSLEY PARK HOME
WE HAVE the swellest home now for rent in this beautiful residential park. Two-story brick with every modern convenience. Will rent from August 4th. Special rate on application.
SHARP, BOYLSTON & DAY

HOUSES, stores, offices and business space for rent. A phone message will bring our rent bulletin by mail, or a polite, intelligent representative to help you find what you want. George P. Moore, 10 Auburn avenue, second floor. Phones: Ivy 3326 and 3327. Atlanta phone 5408.

Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs

State Editor: MRS. HARVIE JORDAN, Monticello, Ga.

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Presidents of Districts.

First District—Miss Eugenia Johnson, Savannah, Ga.
Second District—Mrs. W. C. Holt, Albany.
Third District—Mrs. Jere Moore, Montezuma.
Fourth District—Mrs. Neal Kitchens, Bullochville.
Fifth District—Mrs. W. H. S. Hamilton, Decatur.
Sixth District—Mrs. Bruce Jones, Macon.
Seventh District—Mrs. S. S. Evans, Cedartown.
Eighth District—Mrs. S. B. Yow, Lavonia.
Ninth District—Mrs. J. H. Downey, Gainesville.
Tenth District—Mrs. A. H. Brenner, Augusta.
Eleventh District—Mrs. Jeff Davis, Quitman.
Twelfth District—Mrs. F. N. Watkins, Dublin.

Third Quarterly Meeting Of Federation Board Held

The third quarterly meeting of the Georgia Federation of Woman's Clubs was held in the assembly room of the Piedmont hotel, Atlanta, June 24, Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick presiding. In her introductory remarks, Mrs. Fitzpatrick expressed very great satisfaction in the progress being made in club work, stating that during the three-quarters of the year's work since October more new clubs have been federated than in any preceding year. Two hundred and seventy-two clubs in good standing now compose the federation. Minutes of the called meeting of the board, May 7, told of the indorsement of the Ellen Wilson Memorial Association for the education of mountain children. Heartily approved was the honor conferred upon our beloved board member, Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, in her appointment to the presidency of the Southern Conference of Education and Industry.

After the treasurer's report, a motion was made and adopted that the board recommends that all clubs be requested to pay their yearly dues before the first of June, in order that a full report may be given at the annual meeting.

The following recommendations were submitted to the program committee for the annual meeting: That there be a district president's evening. Each of the twelve presidents to be given five minutes in which to bring out the salient features of their district work. Any president who cannot attend is asked to send substitute. That thirty minutes be given at the beginning of each morning session for the presentation of miscellaneous business. That the chairman of the program give her report at the opening meeting, and that the full program be read and adopted. That one hour be set apart for a conference of the chairmen of departments of work.

At the request of the Savannah City Federation the date of the annual meeting will be November 2 to 5, one day longer than former meetings. The legislative work was discussed and the following bills endorsed:

The permissive kindergarten bill to be presented by Mr. Blackburn, of Fulton county, compulsory education, Smith-Lever appropriation, additional appropriation for Georgia Training School for Girls, preservation of holly, the adoption of the Cherokee rose as the state flower and beautifying the Dixie highway.

The board expressed the opinion that the best influence could be exerted by women outside the legislative halls, and recommended that there be no lobbying.

Smith-Lever Appropriation.

The following petition was indorsed by the board and referred to the chairman of legislation: The Woman's Club of Macon respectfully petitions the Sixth District Federation in turn to petition the State Federation of Georgia to consider fully and present to the general assembly of Georgia, through the appropriations committee, the act of congress commonly called the Smith-Lever bill, with the request that that body, by suitable action, assent to the provisions of this bill and enact the necessary legislation to secure the appropriations and reap the benefits provided for in the bill. This bill presents itself to the Woman's Club of Macon as the key, biggest and broadest in itself, to unlock fully the door of opportunity for education and higher life to an element in Georgia hitherto practically unaided.

Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, chairman of the program committee, asked for suggestions from the board for program for the Savannah meeting.

Mrs. Logan Pitts, civic chairman, told of her plan for evening devoted to her department of work. With the co-operation of the board she will present a most attractive program.

Parliamentarian's Report.

The parliamentarian, Miss Woodberry, stated that clubs were doing fine work along parliamentary lines. She has prepared outlines of study and is ready and willing to send these or go in person to the clubs needing assistance.

Mrs. Wey, chairman of the students' aid, stated that she was in the midst of raising the last $500 of the $10,000 endowment fund for the education of girls.

The newly elected president of the ninth district, Mrs. J. H. Downey, of Gainesville, was introduced and welcomed as a member of the board.

Representatives from the various districts told of their district meetings and their plans for future work. Miss Edwina Wood spoke of her work of investigation and comparison in regard to Georgia highway improvement, and urged the interest of the club women in beautifying the roads.

The Tallulah Falls Industrial School was represented by Mrs. Hugh Willet, director, introducing Miss Lucy Lester, one of the federation family who has untiringly and unselfishly conducted the work of the school for the past two months. Miss Lester graphically told of the needs of the school and of its hopes and fears. Her remarks were so impressive and what she has done so much appreciated she was asked to repeat just what she said to the board at the Savannah meeting.

Those present were Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. Harvie Jordan, Mrs. Nellie Peters Black, Mrs. Bolling Jones, Mrs. Howard McCall, Mrs. H. B. Wey, Mrs. Lyman Amsden, Miss Lucy Lester, Mrs. A. P. Coles, Miss Isma Dooly, Mrs. William C. Spiker, Mrs. Trox Bankston, Mrs. S. B. Yow, Mrs. J. H. Downey, Mrs. E. W. Lazarus, Miss Edwina Wood, Mrs. W. H. S. Hamilton, Miss Rosa Woodberry, Mrs. Logan Pitts.

NEW OFFICERS CHOSEN BY WEST POINT CLUB

The last meeting of the West Point Woman's club for 1914-15 was held at the country home of Mrs. Humphrey on Friday afternoon.

The hostess had chairs arranged on the porch, where she served fruit punch as the guests arrived.

The retiring president, Mrs. Arch Avary, presided. The treasurer made a grand report of the year's work. The club has done much charity work and local work in other ways and still has a sum in the treasury.

The program for 1915-16 was read by the chairman, Mrs. A. D. Fergueson. A few topics on each of the following subjects will be studied: Music, art, literature, domestic science and child welfare. The club voted for a varied program and it promises to be very interesting and instructive.

The club will start the new year in their room in the beautiful new auditorium. There will be a library in addition to the spacious room in which the meetings will be held.

The following officers were elected for the year 1915-16:

President, Mrs. C. E. Wright; vice president, Mrs. N. C. Poer; treasurer, Mrs. Ernest Jacobs; secretary, Mrs. Rause O'Neal; corresponding secretary, Mrs. C. O. Williams; auditor, Mrs. J. C. McKemie.

Federation Is Doing Work On State Highway Movement

The state highway movement through the creation of a highway commission, will be carried on under efficient supervision.

Honorable Walter P. Andrews, of Fulton county, introduced the bill for this commission in the legislature and the measure has been considered and commended by the club women of the Federation.

In the initial number of "The Dixie Highway," Chattanooga, Tenn., which appeared this month, Mrs. Fitzpatrick, upon request, has the following article:

Work for Dixie Highway.

"The beautifying of the Dixie highway has had the interest of the club women of the Georgia Federation from the very beginning of the movement. So at a meeting of their executive board in April the movement for the highway was indorsed and the club women in the counties through which it would pass were requested to take up the work of planting native trees and shrubs along the roadside and to do whatever was necessary to make the way attractive.

"This suggestion met a hearty response and much preliminary work has already been done. Committees from clubs in many of the counties are asking the co-operation of mayors of the towns through which the highway passes, of county officials, road builders and landscape gardeners in carrying on the work.

"It is our purpose that the 'trees so ruthlessly cut down in their native strength and glory may revive in growth until their branches reach arms and mark the highway' with such a richness of native forest growth as will make her part of the great way a glory to Georgia.

"A few suggestions sent out are: Plant large shade trees proper distance apart, flowering and berry bearing trees between, high growing shrubs in rear next to farm fences with wild flowers skirting the highway on either side.

"Clubs are asked to co-operate with teachers to secure the participation of school children in this patriotic work which is of such great social, educational and economic value to the people.

"In addition to beautifying the main line of the highway our women will carry on this work of planting trees along the hundreds of miles of roads that connect with the highway from all parts of the state, and we hope the influence will spread until every road in Georgia is made beautiful with shade trees, berry bushes and masses of wild flowers, and each will offer an irresistible invitation to the traveler.

"MRS. Z. I. FITZPATRICK,
"President Georgia Federation of Womens Clubs."

Compulsory School Attendance Our Most Important Problem

Shall the state of Georgia continue to accord to parents the right to prevent their children from being taught to read? The present legislature will be called on to decide this, our most important, educational question. Only three other states in the union recognize such a right. The remainder of the American people recognize the right of the child. And they recognize the right of the state to require that its children shall be prepared for citizenship—that those who are to rule at the ballot box shall be fitted to govern. They do not believe, as so many people in Georgia do, that a part of the sacred birthright of the free American father is the right to do as he pleases with his child. From generation to generation the heritage of ignorance has descended in our state. The ignorant father keeps his children in ignorance, and the lawmaker has not dared to interfere.

The result is that about a twelfth of the white people of Georgia above ten years of age can not read and write. There is a larger percentage of white illiterates in the Empire State of the South than in any of the northern or western states. Only three other states have as large a percentage of illiterates as we have. Governor Harris, in his inaugural address, said that unless our state adopts compulsory education, "we will soon find our people leading the nation in the matter of illiteracy."

Child Labor Law.

There was a time when the law of Georgia recognized the right of a father to put his children at work in factories as soon as they emerged from babyhood, and to keep them there until they were grown. Finally, the law used compulsion in behalf of the child by preventing a parent from putting his children to work in such places until they were in their teens. This was done not only for the sake of their bodies, but that they might be sent to school. When the new child labor law was adopted in the closing hours of the last legislature, it was generally realized that a compulsory school attendance law should promptly follow, that the children taken from the mills should be put in the schools; and it is probable that if the school attendance bill, which passed the senate and was indorsed by the educational committee of the house of representatives, had reached a vote in the house, it would have been adopted.

The same compulsory school attendance measure has been introduced in the present senate by Senator Stovall. Its provisions are very mild, far milder than those of any of the laws of other states on the subject. They are in accord with the recommendations of State School Superintendent Brittain, who believes that the time for a more strict and satisfactory measure is not yet ripe in Georgia. This is a bill simply to require that children shall be taught reading, writing and the elements of arithmetic. It requires only twelve weeks' school attendance in a year; and the time can be so arranged as not to interfere with farm work or the needs of parents. It does not require the attendance of children who have completed the fourth grade of school work—a grade completed by many children under ten years of age. Other exemptions are provided for, and the local board of education can exempt for any cause they may consider reasonable. The enforcement of the law is left in their hands, and it is not likely that such boards would administer it without due regard to school facilities, or with undue harshness, or in a way that would be unsatisfactory to the people of their communities.

South Carolina Takes Law.

Nor is it likely that the school boards would deal with the problem of negro education in a way that would cause dissatisfaction to the white people. South Carolina, which has a much larger percentage of negroes than Georgia, has recently adopted a compulsory school attendance law. Those who favor the sending of missionaries to Africa and other lands to teach the reading of the Bible should be willing to have it taught to all classes of people at home. The negroes who commit the worst crimes are not as a rule the more intelligent. The fact that a school attendance law would cause more negroes to learn to read will not cause right-minded people to lose sight of the welfare of our white children for whom such a law is demanded.

On this question the women of the state are entitled to have their wishes considered, and they should be heard from. Most of them are mothers. The largest petitions and the largest number of petitions ever presented to the legislature in Georgia were in favor of a compulsory education bill several years ago. The Federation of Women's Clubs may well be proud of the splendid work done at that time. It fell little short of success, and it did succeed in increasing and strengthening public sentiment in favor of such a measure. The prospects of success are better now than they have ever been. Several bills on the subject have already been introduced at this session of the legislature.

Write to your representatives and let them know your wishes. Individuals, as well as local organizations, should communicate with the local representatives. This seems to be better than petitions addressed to the legislature. Let us do all we can to hasten the day when every Georgian can sign his name and read his ballot, and when every Georgia mother can at least teach a child its letters.

AUGUSTA STRONG GRAHAM,
Chairman of General Education.
Marietta, Ga.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD BY NINTH DISTRICT CLUBS

The annual convention of the Ninth District Federated clubs, held in Gainesville, June 9, was the most successful in its history.

The Gainesville Civic League was hostess, entertaining many visitors and delegates from every club in the district. At noon the hostess club served luncheon in the upper hall of the Princeton hotel. Pretty young ladies served. The color scheme, green and white, the colors of the federation, was uniquely carried out in every detail. Mrs. Hugh Willet, of Atlanta, toasted the much esteemed president of the ninth district during the luncheon.

The morning session was opened by a prayer by Dr. Hampton, pastor of First Baptist church, of Gainesville. Mrs. McConnell, president of Gainesville Civic league, expressed a cordial greeting of the club ladies of Gainesville, to which Miss Lola Key, of Norcross, responded. Mrs. F. E. Shippen, of Ellijay, the district president, was introduced and took the chair. Her annual report showed a thorough knowledge of much work already accomplished, and of work yet to be done.

Miss Fay Simmons, of Gainesville, rendered a sweet violin solo.

Mrs. Hugh Willet gave an interesting address about "Our Tallulah Falls Schools."

Mrs. Shippen read a loving greeting from the state president, Mrs. Z. I. Fitzpatrick.

The message concerning the "Ellen Wilson Memorial Endowment," brought by Mrs. Charles Hayden, was replete with love and honor for the wife of our president.

The district chairman made splendid reports. Mrs. J. C. McElroy, of Norcross, reported over $1,000 spent on education and much profitable work being done in this department by all clubs. Mrs. F. M. Bailey, of Jefferson had a splendid "library" report. This department's work has been very good.

The department of "legislation," with Mrs. H. J. Reynolds, of Norcross, chairman, has done good work and is still working for the important bills that mean so much to Georgia.

The chairman of conservation, Mrs. J. I. Allman, of Toccoa, had very little to report, as the clubs have just begun to grasp this much-needed department. She told of the effectual work that could be done by protecting our birds, also in preserving and planting trees and most of all the conservation of agricultural extension work, much of which can be done through the Girls' Canning clubs. At the close of Mrs. Allman's address a motion was made that the ninth district, as club and individuals, discard the use of any but Georgia-grown products, apples, tomatoes and flour especially and our slogan be: "The 4-H brand, made in Georgia." A motion was made that this resolution be spread upon the club page of The Constitution and put before the annual convention, which meets in Savannah.

The afternoon session was devoted to club reports and business. The club reports showed excellent work done in the ninth district.

The following delegates had unusually good reports: Mrs. Gallard, Dahlonega; Mrs. Shippen, Ellijay; Mrs. McConnell, Gainesville; Miss Key, Norcross; Mrs. Allman, Toccoa; Mrs. Randolph, Jefferson.

Splendid civic work has been done by all clubs.

Informal talks on "Ways and Means" were given by many, and a 10 minutes' discussion of this important matter followed. A rising vote of thanks was given the ladies of Gainesville for their hospitality and to Mrs. Shippen, the retiring president, who has done so much to make the ninth district club a success.

All the sessions were held in the Masonic hall, and everything possible was done by the people of Gainesville for the pleasure and comfort of its guests.

The following officers for the ninth district were elected:

President, Mrs. J. H. Downey, Gainesville.

Vice President, Mrs. F. H. Randolph, Jefferson.

Secretary, Mrs. W. L. Logan, Gainesville.

Milk Report for June

The report of the city bacteriologist for June on tuberculin-tested dairies retailing milk, was announced Saturday.

The law requires that the milk contain as much as 3.6 per cent butter fats. Rich, clean milk will contain as high as 5 and 6 per cent.

Fresh, clean milk will contain less than 10,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter. The law allows as many as 100,000 per cubic centimeter. If it contains more than 100,000 there has been some carelessness somewhere in handling the milk.

Milk should be kept below a temperature of 50 degrees, or it may become dangerous. The consumer should test his milk with a thermometer. The law requires that all milk be delivered at a temperature below 55 degrees.

The accompanying list gives you the section of the city in which each dairyman delivers, and the consumer can easily tell which dairyman is producing the best milk in their section of the city.

Milk with a high bacterial count should be especially avoided.

The report is as follows:

TUBERCULIN-TESTED DAIRIES RETAILING MILK.
June, 1915.

Name of Dairy.	Butter Fats.	Bacterial Count.	Temp.	Dairy Score.	Outline of Delivery Route.
*R. O. Walters. Ivy 5814-J	4.8	2,000	48	57	Ansley Park, Fourth, Myrtle, Peachtree.
Garret Porter. Porter Dairy Farm	4.7	3,000	40	..	West End section, Washington, Capitol Ave.
G. W. Butler. Ivy 7038	4.0	3,000	45	42	Ansley Park, Piedmont, Myrtle, Peachtree.
W. L. Tuggle, Highland Park Dairy. Ivy 1551	5.5	6,000	49	..	Inman Park section, Ponce de Leon.
*Captain E. S. Gay, Gaymont Farm. Ivy 7986	5.1	6,000	49	76	Peachtree, W. Peachtree, Ponce de Leon.
*R. E. Eubanks, Oaklawn Dairy. Atlanta 6118	4.8	6,000	43	41	West End section.
P. R. Cowan. Juniper 1105	4.3	6,000	48	36	Capitol avenue, Washington and cross Sts.
G. M. Key. Ivy 2857	4.5	7,000	50	40	Ansley Park, Piedmont, Peachtree.
M. P. Scott. Decatur 185	4.3	7,000	51	..	Moreland, North Jackson, Washington, Pryor.
J. W. Key. Ivy 7423-J.	5.2	9,000	55	..	Ansley Park, Myrtle, Peachtree.
L. Clay, East Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.1	9,000	40	..	Inman Park section.
W. L. Donahoo, Atlanta, Ga., R. 6	4.5	15,000	45	..	W. Hunter, Simpson, Davis, Jones avenue.
*W. F. Cox. Silver Leaf Dairy. Ivy 5987.	3.9	16,000	45	41	Ponce de Leon, Peachtree, Ansley Park.
A. P. Cross & Son, Atlanta, Ga., R. 7.	4.4	19,000	46	30	West End section.
J. W. Clark, Conley, Ga.	5.1	20,000	40	..	Grant Park section.
W. T. Key. Ivy 7521-J	4.4	20,000	46	56	Ansley Park, 14th, 15th, Peachtree.
D. Saul, 383 Central avenue	6.1	25,000	46	30	Capitol, Bass, Clark, Washington, Pryor.
C. E. Cobb, Atlanta, Ga., R. 6	4.7	25,000	44	..	Peachtree, W. Peachtree, Spring, Linden.
*C. H. Beuchler, Beuchler's Dairy Farm. Ivy 225	4.4	25,000	84	..	North side, Washington, Georgia Ave.
G. W. Hill, Atlanta 4472	4.3	25,000	43	33	Capitol avenue, Washington, Pryor.
C. G. Hewatt. Mellwood Dairy. Ivy 5118	4.0	35,000	53	36	Highland, Forrest, Boulevard.
Chas. O. Smith, Decatur, Ga., R. 1	4.6	45,000	38	..	W. Peachtree, Ponce de Leon.
W. N. Howell, S. Moreland avenue	4.1	45,000	49	..	Colquitt, Lake avenue, Euclid, Boulevard.
E. F. Allen, Atlanta, Ga., R. 1	4.3	50,000	42	41	Oakland City, West End section.
W. W. Anglin, Atlanta 5957-B	4.5	55,000	44	32	Grant Park section.
J. L. Sprayberry, East Atlanta, Ga., Route 3	4.0	60,000	44	..	Inman Park section.
A. A. French, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.7	65,000	41	53	Peachtree, Boulevard, Forrest avenue.
J. C. Clay, E. Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.6	65,000	46	..	
A. L. White, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.0	65,000	41	59	Fair, Washington, Pulliam.
E. A. Harbin. Atlanta 3100-M	4.9	75,000	51	..	Oakland City, West End section.
H. G. White, Decatur, Ga., R. 3	4.9	75,000	47	..	Lake avenue, Highland, Angier, Pine.
H. G. Green, Atlanta, Ga., R. 2	4.3	75,000	43	32	Grant Park section, Capitol avenue.
D. S. Simmons, E. Atlanta, Ga., R. 3.	4.5	80,000	44	39	Grant Park section.
L. P. Gibson. Main 5088-L	3.9	90,000	49	..	Fair, Washington, Pulliam, Pryor.
J. W. White, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.2	110,000	43	37	Woodward, Park, Fair, Hunter.
Louis Bender, 279 Hardee street	4.0	130,000	52	..	DeKalb, Wadley, Krogg, Boulevard.
W. K. Ballard, Atlanta Ga., R. 2	4.2	156,000	42	36	Georgia avenue, Pulliam, Central avenue.
J. F. Collier, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.8	210,000	44	36	Ormewood, Boulevard, Woodward, Park.
Jos. M. Huey, Woodlawn Dairy, Decatur, Ga., R. 3	4.7	300,000	40	28	Cherokee, Capitol, Washington, Ga. Ave.
R. C. Turner, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.3	300,000	40	29	Grant Park section.
*Andy Cook, Rose Hill Dairy. Main 3677-J	3.7	590,000	46	57	Grant Park section, Washington, Pryor.
G. C. & E. D. Haines. Blossom Hill Dairy, Atlanta, Ga., R. 3	4.2	660,000	42	26	Grant Park section.

*The attention of the public is especially called to the dairymen who have a small star opposite the name. These dairymen have provided steam sterilizers for the purpose of sterilizing all bottles and vessels, and where these are properly used it protects the customer from the spread of contagious diseases, and other things being equal these dairymen are to be preferred over others.

Daughters of the American Revolution

State Editor—MISS RUBY FELDER RAY, 84 West 14th St., Atlanta, Ga.

Genealogical Editor—MRS. WALTER S. WILSON, 221 E. Jones St., Savannah, Ga.

State Regent—MRS. T. C. PARKER, Macon, Ga. First State Vice Regent—MRS. A. O. HARPER, Athens, Ga. Second State Vice Regent—MRS. W. A. WINBURN, Savannah, Ga. State Recording Secretary—MRS. HOWARD M'CALL, Atlanta, Ga. State Corresponding Secretary—MRS. CHARLES C. HOLT, Macon, Ga. State Treasurer—MRS. W. C. VEREEN, Moultrie, Ga. State Historian—MRS. J. S. LOWERY, Dawson, Ga.

MONUMENT UNVEILED TO MEMORY OF BOONE

Work Undertaken by D. A. R. of Four States Is Completed.

On June 30 at Cumberland Gap a monument was unveiled commemorating the completing of the marking of the Boone trail, a work that was undertaken by the Daughters of the American Revolution in the four states through which the trail passes, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and Kentucky.

The idea of marking the trail originated with Mrs. Linsday Patterson, of North Carolina, who put it before the continental congress at Washington in April, 1912, securing the co-operation of the D. A. R. in the other three states who have taken this as their special work during the past three years. The interstate celebration on June 30 marked the completion of this patriotic undertaking, a characteristic work and thoroughly in keeping with the spirit of the Daughters of the Revolution, who desire to teach the youth a love and reverence for their country and to preserve its history and historical sites.

The exercises began at 11 a. m., June 30, at Cumberland Gap, and was in charge of the regents of the four states, Mrs. George White Baxter, state regent of Tennessee, was assisted by Miss Rodman, North Carolina; Mrs. Maupin, Virginia, and Mrs. Walter S. Gore, of Kentucky, Mrs. Linsday Patterson, interstate chairman; Miss Mary Temple, chairman for Tennessee, and the other state chairman were present. The principal speakers were the governors of the four states, Locke Craig, of North Carolina; James B. McCreary, of Kentucky; H. C. Stuart, of Virginia, and Thomas C. Rye, of Tennessee.

The monument unveiled in Cumberland Gap is a joint marker for the four states, with four faces, one for each state.

GENEALOGICAL

Conducted by Mrs. Walter S. Wilson, No. 221 E. Jones Street, Savannah, Ga.

Correspondents will please: 1. Write plainly, especially names. 2. Give dates of approximate dates, localities or clew to the state in which ancestors lived. 3. Write queries on separate slip from letter, or one side of paper, and inclose stamp for each query. 4. Give full name and address, which will not be published unless so desired.

Corprew.

Who was Churchwell Corprew's father and grandfather? Churchwell Corprew was born near Plymouth, N. C., 1818.

Pinckard-Clark.

Who was Sara Pinckard's father and grandfather? She was born about 1810. Was married to Thomas Scott Clark in Edgefield, S. C., 1827.

Smith-Swanson.

Andrew Swanson married Caty Smith in Oglethorpe county, Georgia, 1798; wanted, their parentage and the names of their children.

Was Caty Smith the daughter of Larkin Smith, a revolutionary soldier who served from Cumberland county, Virginia, and died in Oglethorpe county, Georgia, 1834, aged 82 years?

Wanted, the name of Larkin Smith's wife, supposed to have married in Cumberland county, Virginia. Correspondence desired with anyone that can assist me in tracing the Jennings, Weaver, Swanson, Smith, Varner, Graves and Henley families of Oglethorpe county, Georgia.—A. L. P., Box 243, Sylacauga, Ala.

CHAPTER REPORTS

Peter Early Chapter.

The members of the Peter Early chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of Blakely, were the guests of their regent, Mrs. Walter Thomas, recently at her home on College street, for the last meeting of the year. Almost the entire membership of the chapter were present, and an enthusiastic meeting was enjoyed.

No special program feature was arranged, as this was for the annual election of officers and report of the National Congress in Washington, D. C., which was given in full by Mrs. Thomas, who attended the congress.

After the business session the guests enjoyed several piano solos by Miss Vivian Alexander, and a charming recitation by Miss Evelyn James.

A handsome solid gold historical D. A. R. spoon was given to Miss Mildred Abernathy, who made a fine record in American history in school last season.

A letter of appreciation to the chapter regent from Mr. Lane Coachman, who was the fortunate winner of the gold medal given by the chapter for American history, was also read.

The eight dollars collected on Flag day by the girls for the "Ellen Wilson Memorial Houses," will be forwarded for that worthy purpose.

No changes were made in the official list, except that of the registrar, Mrs. T. F. Jones, and the second vice regent, Mrs. S. E. Kelley, who stated their inability to serve another year. Mrs. J. H. Hand was elected registrar and Mrs. C. M. Baggs second vice regent.

The chapter regent, Mrs. Walter Thomas, urgently requested that the chapter nominate another regent to pilot them next year, stating reasons she thought others could serve them better, and asked to be allowed to retire. This, however, was not accepted, nor considered, and she was unanimously re-elected regent for the coming year.

Mrs. Grady Smith arose to the motion that Mrs. Thomas be given a rising vote of thanks for her splendid year's work, to which the chapter arose again in a body. The regent responded in a few appreciative words.

Sherbet and cake were served by Misses Vivian Alexander, Rossie Smith and Evelyn James.

Officers of the Peter Early chapter, D. A. R., for the next year are as follows:

Regent—Mrs. Walter Thomas.
First Vice Regent—Mrs. W. G. Park.
Second Vice Regent—Mrs. C. M. Baggs.
Recording Secretary—Miss Mattie Butler.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. W. E. Bostwick.
Registrar—Mrs. J. H. Hand.
Historian—Mrs. Elwood Martin.
Treasurer—Miss Ethel Jones.
Editor—Mrs. Grady Smith.

Fort Early Chapter.

Mrs. Max Land, regent of Fort Early chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of Cordele, entertained the chapted Thursday afternoon. The house was appropriately decorated with American flags and bunting of the national colors. Miss Beulah Bivins served punch.

A Flag day program was carried out by the members and each one at roll call responded to her name with a toast to the Stars and Stripes. Mrs. Land opened the program by giving a short talk telling of the significance of Flag day.

"The Star Spangled Banner" was then sung and the chapter remained standing while giving the salute to the flag: "We, the Daughters of the American Revolution, who find rest under thy folds, do pledge our lives, our hearts, and our sacred honor to love and protect thee and the liberty of the American people forever."

Mrs. J. W. Bivins gave a very interesting paper on the history of the flag, after which a piano solo was given by Mrs. Monroe Hunt. The program was closed by a reading, "Yes, Tomorrow's Flag Day," by Miss Frances Carswell, the meting being then turned over to the hostess, Mrs. Land. Delightful refreshments were served during which all enjoyed several piano selections by Miss Beulah Bivins.

At this meeting plans were made for the observance of Independence day.

United Daughters Of the Confederacy

President, MRS. W. D. LAMAR, Macon, Ga.; first vice president, MRS. H. M. FRANKLIN, Tennille, Ga.; second vice president, MRS. ZEBULON WALKER, Canton, Ga.; third vice president, MRS. W. C. VEREEN, Moultrie, Ga.; recording secretary, MRS. J. M. HAYES, Montezuma, Ga.; corresponding secretary, MRS. DUNCAN BROWN, Arlington Place, Macon, Ga.; treasurer, MISS MATTIE SHIBLEY, Rome, Ga.; registrar, MRS. HOWARD M'CALL, 301 Ponce de Leon avenue, Atlanta, Ga.; auditor, MRS. JAMES T. DIXON, Thomasville, Ga.; historian for life, MISS MILDRED RUTHERFORD, Athens, Ga.; state editor, MRS. J. W. REEVES, Barnesville, Ga.

Send contributions to Georgia Room, Confederate Museum, Richmond, to Mrs. R. L. Nesbitt, 48 Waddell street, Atlanta.

Send contributions for the Georgia Division, Helen Plane Educational Fund, to Mrs. Trox Bankston, West Point, Ga.

Send to Mrs. F. R. Williams, Newton, N. C., for certificates of membership, at 15 cents each.

LIST OF SCHOLARSHIPS OWNED BY THE U. D. C.

Chairman of Committee Gives Out Names and Rules Governing Awards.

For the benefit of many inquiries concerning scholarships owned by the Georgia division, United Daughters of the Confederacy, and rules governing awarding of same, the list of those available for the scholastic term, beginning next fall, is given below:

Miss Dixon's School of Music, Norfolk, Va., value $75.

Ewell Conservatory of Music, Norfolk, Va., value $200.

Miss Foster's School of Music, Jacksonville, Fla., value $75.

Miss Jacobs' School of Music, Jacksonville, Fla., value $100.

Miss Baker's high school, Mobile, Ala., value $70.

Floroida Open-Air school, Tampa, Fla., value $500. (Tuition, board, laundry, etc., at above mentioned school are $625 per term; beneficiary pays $125).

Wentworth Military academy, Lexington, Mo., value $200. (Price of tuition, $400).

The Loudoun, Bluemont, Va. (three scholarships), value $50.

Eastern college, Manassas, Va., value $60.

Crescent College and Conservatory of Music, Eureka Springs, Ark., value $75.

Tennessee college, Murfreesboro, Tenn., value $80.

Louisiana State university, Baton Rouge, La., value $100.

Elon college, Elon, N. C., value $75.

Mt. Zion seminary, Mt. Zion, Ga., value $50.

Meridian college, Meridian, Miss., value $75.

Catawba college, Newton, N. C., value $50.

Piedmont college, Demorest, Va., value $75.

Aulander high school, Aulander, N. C., value $50.

Wake Forest college, Wake Forest, N. C., value $100.

Danville high school, Danville, Va., value $50.

Roanoke high school, Roanoke, Va., value $50.

Wheeler Business college, Birmingham, Ala., value $50.

Ellis Spencerian Business college, Birmingham, Ala., value $50.

Tampa Business college, Tampa, Fla., value $50.

Macfeat-Bowen Business college, Columbia, S. C., value $50.

Cox college, LaGrange, Ga. (two scholarships), value $120.

Beneficiaries of all scholarships given by the United Daughters of the Confederacy must furnish proof of confederate lineage.

Beneficiaries of scholarships at business colleges must have finished the eighth grade at least. Those taking high school or college scholarship enter class to which they may be assigned, and remain till graduation, except in those instances where a year's course only is given.

Scholarships in distant states that give tuition, and not board, will be filled by students of limited means: not necessarily indigents. Applicants from other states will be considered only when Georgia beneficiaries cannot be secured.

All beneficiaries must be well recommended; the division is seeking bright, ambitious boys and girls, who will reflect credit on all concerned.

For further particulars, address

MRS. ADA RAMP WALDEN,
Chairman Scholarship Committee, Georgia Division, United Daughters of the Confederacy.
Augusta, Ga.

PARTIAL REPORT 1915 HISTORICAL ESSAY CONTEST

The subject for the contest was "Causes That Led to the War Between the States," and more than 6,000 essays were written. The medal offered by the Georgia division for the best essay upon this subject was won by Nina E. Jones, of Statesboro, her average being 95½. Ten essays were submitted to the state committee for final consideration and grading, which were as follows:

Nina Jones, Statesboro	95½
Harry Lee, Cordele	95 1-5
Nanalyne Brown, Americus	94 2-5
Myrtle Johnson, Madison	92 3-10
Edna Hardy, Sycamore	91 7-10
Willard Thompson, Maysville	91 3-5
No Name, Elberton	91
Charles Sydnor, Rome	90 4-5
Sara Katherine Britt, Sylvania	90 1-4
Paul Tyner, Macon	90 1-10

The essays were excellent, showing a careful study of the subject. To the teachers and pupils who entered the contest we wish to return sincere and heartfelt thanks for the interest manifested in the work, and for the enthusiastic manner in which they responded to our appeal.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. JOHN ARMISTEAD SELDEN,
Chairman Historical Essay Contest Committee, Ga. Div., U. D. C.

MRS. PARKER ADDRESSES CONFEDERACY CHILDREN

The state regent, Mrs. T. C. Parker, made one of the most inspiring speeches delivered before the state conference of the Children of the Confederacy at their recent meeting in Macon. Mrs. Parker also spoke at the colonial tea given by the Pulaski chapter, D. A. R., of Griffin, on July 3, where she was the guest of honor.

DEPARTMENT OF HOME GARDENS

Edited by BEAUFORT MATHEWS.

HOME GARDEN CALENDAR FOR THE YOUNG FOLKS

July 4.—Are you interested in "The Children's Market?" If so, you should be selling your vegetables and flowers on Whitehall street every morning, early.

July 5.—Look out for tomato worms. Spray your plants with arsenate of lead.

Formula for spray—arsenate of lead:

Arsenate of lead	1 lb.
Stone lime	1½ lbs.
Water	25 gals.

Make the arsenate of lead into a thin paste with water.

Slake the lime. Get none on hands. Mix the two together and make up with 25 gallons of water.

This is used successfully at Experiment by Professor De Loach.

It has been found one of the best sprays for peach trees in middle Georgia by successful fruit growers.

Tuesday, July 6.—Look out for wormy tomatoes. Pick them off and destroy them.

Thin out your lettuce and use or sell.

Wednesday, July 7.—Weed your garden.

Thin out your beets and use largest ones.

Thursday, July 8.—Cultivate between the rows. Transplant in vacant spaces if you have not already done so.

Friday, July 9.—Dust your cabbage with Paris green and lime. Note formula.

Paris green dust:

Paris green	½ lb.
Air-slaked lime	12 lbs.

Saturday, July 10.—Sell your onions, lettuce and beets. Take them down on Whitehall early in the morning every Saturday and see what will happen.

LETTER BOX

Fort Valley, Ga., June 26.—Dear Miss Mathews: Your Atlanta boys and girls may know how to garden, but I'll bet they can't beat me packing peaches and nailing crates.

I have a dandy job and I am going to stick to it until the Elberta season is over.

All the fruit growers are doing well. They say they are going to make a lot of money, but the crop is slow and light. Peaches always bring a big price when there are not many on the trees, and my papa says it is better for the fruit and the tree that we are having a light crop this year.

We harrow three ways across our orchard and cut out the coffee weeds that are taking creation. It is good to harrow the land because you can turn the weeds up and hold the rain, too.

Do your boys and girls hoe their garden often?

Every one around here lives in town and rides out in automobiles to their orchards early every morning.

We sure do make money on peaches. I am going to have an orchard when I get grown. I am learning how now, but I'm going to be an eye doctor, too.

The best peach I've eaten this year is the Early Rose. It is like the Red Indian and it is a clingstone. Grandma says it is fine for peach pickle and beats the Elberta.

What do you think about our peaches? Please publish my letter.

CLAUD SMITH.

Editor's Note—The culture of peaches has made Houston county famous, and a good job like you have this summer makes a man out of a boy.

I think that a Houston county peach is far above any fruit I've ever tasted, and the orchards around Fort Valley, Perry, Marshallville, Macon and Zeuth are certainly beautifully cultivated.

When a man has fifteen thousand trees and calmly tells me he is sure to clear ten thousand dollars, I know he is a good grandfather to imitate in business.

I am glad you mentioned the Early Rose peach. It is as good as the Red Indian, and Mr. Hale should make a fortune just selling the trees from his nursery. To see one hundred thousand trees in one great orchard is an interesting sight, and, of course, there should be several varieties so they will not all ripen the same week. Thank you for a charming ride over the orchards of Houston and a very nice letter from a boy I am sure will hold his job until the Elberta season closes.

You should be in Atlanta to sell peaches on Whitehall.

Atlanta, Ga.—My Dear Miss Mathews: My garden is doing well. I weed it carefully every week, and I also hoe between the rows like you told us to do.

I am so glad my name is on The Constitution loving cup.

You should see my vegetables. They are doing fine. I am going to have plenty of everything to supply our table, and I wish you could come out and see my garden.

Are Meredeth Mason and Louis Ingram ahead of me?

I see Sam Pasko has his name on the cup, too. It is hard to get ahead of Sam.

When are you coming to see my garden?

THE JULY GARDEN

Work in the garden, which is a joy in May and a pleasure in June, is likely to be drudgery in July.

The anticipation of planting in April always leads to more zest than we put into our work during the warm weather.

The maturity of our vegetables is often disappointing, but partial or total failure of the various crops, or even some of the flowers, is in many cases due to negligence in careful watching for the first sign of trouble, whether it be caused by insects, diseases, drought, weeds or general neglect in the way of cultivation, keeping fruits or flowers picked when ripe, etc.

Successive Planting.

Many gardeners do practically no planting after the 1st of July, yet there are still many plants which may be put out.

In your vacant spaces here are some excellent things which if planted without delay will be certain to mature if you use a hose or water carefully by hand every dry afternoon after the sun has gone down and the heat of the day is spent.

July Plants.

1. Golden Bantam sweet corn.
2. Blue Bantam beans (all seasons).
3. White egg or amber globe turnips.
4. Deacon or cos lettuce.
5. Bountiful and brittle wax beans.
6. Davis perfect cucumbers.
7. Early potatoes.
8. Spinach.
9. Radishes.

Remember, however, that success with any of these from late sowings depends largely upon the possibility of getting a quick, strong germination, and unless the soil is very moist much attention and care will necessarily have to be given to watering the plants.

In transplanting, the roots must be firmly packed in the soil and well covered.

Late cabbage and cauliflower can be transplanted in July if attention is given to making the plants firm when setting them out.

If water has to be used put it in the hole before planting.

EDITOR'S NOTE.

Get up a club of ten girls and boys and go down on Whitehall early every Saturday morning and sell your vegetables and flowers like some other boys and girls are doing.

In one city in Connecticut thousands of children are seen on the street at an early hour and they sell all they take to the children's market.

If you can't get ten, get five to join you and go early.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

257 E. NORTH AVE., near North avenue public school, I have a 6-room cottage on elevated lot, with all modern conveniences, that I will rent for $25 per month. Call Ivy 4446, ask for Mr. Beem.

TECHNOLOGICAL SCHOOL DISTRICT. COTTAGE, 5 rooms and hall $18.50
TWO-STORY, 6 rooms, for two families 16.50
Places have gas, hot and cold water. Apply 610-11 Peters bldg. Phone Main 148.

45 WEST CAIN ST., 9 rooms, newly papered and in splendid condition. This place is close in on the north side and is very desirable for a rooming and boarding house. Price, $35. Fitzhugh Knox, Candler Bldg.

MRS. R. W. CHAMPION, 105 Forrest.

227 N. BOULEVARD, 10 rooms; has electric lights, two baths, gas, hot and cold water, two instantaneous heaters, suitable for two families; rent cheap at $40. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton St.

423 PIEDMONT AVE., splendid two-story, 9-room house, all conveniences, near in. Price, $25. Call Ivy 1511. Smith, Ewing & Rankin.

419 GORDON ST., two-story residence, consisting of 14 rooms, two baths, furnace heat, eight grates, beautiful electric showers. Call Ivy 296.

5-ROOM HOUSE and bath, all conveniences, 10 Rosedale avenue, one block of South Boulevard, Grant Park, $16 month. Decatur 430.

101 WINDSOR ST., 5-room and hall, newly overhauled, usual city conveniences; rent cut to $15.60. Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

FOR RENT—Nice 8-room cottage; all conveniences; nice garden, corner lot, large garage, $30. Main 4371-J.

102 IVY ST., 24 rooms, right in the heart of the city; special inducement to responsible party. Fitzhugh Knox, Candler Bldg.

80 SIMPSON, 6 rooms, newly fur.; all conveniences; walking distance; perfect condition.

INMAN PARK, 61 Ashland ave., 6-room house, nicely painted and tinted; all conveniences. Ivy 3076.

139 SPRING ST., three stories, three baths, modern and right in town; low rental. Ivy 1511. Smith, Ewing & Rankin.

Decatur Homes for Rent.

PHONE Decatur 148. Jones & Ramspeck.

OUR weekly rent list gives full description of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

FOR RENT—By owner, modern 6-room bungalow, 735 Gordon st. West 1275-J.

FOUR first floor and two second floor rooms, at 80 Simpson street, unfurnished.

EIGHT-ROOM house, 90 Highland. Electric lights, $32.50. Dr. Holbrook. I. 7759-L.

FOR RENT—Nice 8-room cottage, corner lot, large garage, $30. Main 4371-J.

FIVE-ROOM cottage, all conveniences, close in. Apply 111 Simpson St.

ATTRACTIVE 5-room cottage, Gordon st., West End. Phone Owner. West 249-J.

WANTED—Houses

FURNISHED.

WANTED—Fur. house, not over 7 rooms, Grant park section, facing park preferred; best of references. Address H-544, care Constitution.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR quick results list your vacant houses with Beasley & Hardwick. 605 Empire building.

WANTED to lease 5 or 6-room house with sleeping porch. Adults only. Phone Ivy 7448-L.

MRS. ALDINE CHAMBERS, 62 E. Merritts.

J. GREGORY MURPHY, renting agent, 308 Peters bldg. Main 3026.

FOR results list your property with Sharp-Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Offices

FOR RENT—Offices in Constitution building; all modern conveniences. See John Knight.

DESIRABLE offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Candler building, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 5274. 222 Candler Bldg. See Mr. Wilkinson.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

FOR RENT WAREHOUSE WITH THE BEST SIDETRACK AND LOADING FACILITIES IN ATLANTA. PHONE MAIN 3841.

IF YOU want to rent apt. or business property, see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant Bldg.

FOR RENT—Typewriters

TYPEWRITERS RENTED

FOUR MONTHS for $5 and up. Initial payment applied in event of purchase. Factory rebuilt typewriters—fully guaranteed—$20 to $60. Write for SPECIAL SUMMER PRICE LIST NO. 70.
American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Real Estate

LIST your real estate with us. We have the customers. Geo. P. Moore, 10 Auburn ave., second floor. Salesmen: I. W. Harrell, Louis M. Johnson, T. M. Word. Come to see us.

BUNGALOW wanted in West Peachtree section. P. O. Box 344.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

THINK OF IT

227 ACRES on car line, near good town, 16 miles from Atlanta, worth $100 per acre. Fine for cultivation or stock farm. Will sell for $60 per acre. Exchange for city property or south Georgia farm. Address Owner, Box H-538, Constitution.

WILL exchange fine unencumbered plantation for good renting Atlanta property; apartment houses not considered; colored property, good locality, considered. Address Lady, Constitu'n, or phone Mrs. B., I. 1659-J.

WILL trade modern six apartment building, rental $3,180, for improved stock farm; might add cash. Daniel M. Rothschild, Owner, 29 East Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

ANSLEY PARK LOT, unencumbered, near Peachtree, to exchange for north side home. J. R. Nutting & Co. Phone Ivy 5.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

NORTH SIDE.

—U—

E. FIFTH ST. LOTS, 2 AT $1,250 EACH, AND 1 AT $1,350 AND 1 AT $1,200, COR., $1,400. BEAUTIES.

E. SIXTH ST.—8 LOTS FOR $1,000 EACH. BEAUTIES.

THESE lots are between N. JACKSON and BEDFORD STS., are 47-ft. front, not holes in the ground, but are nice lots. Houses all round. Water, sewer, gas, tile walks and paved street on Fifth. Lots on Sixth have tile walks and sewerage. Lots right by them been selling for $2,250 each for cash. OWNER said sell. Cash or ¼ cash, balance 1, 2, 3 years. They speak for themselves.

N. JACKSON ST., near LINDEN, lovely 8-R., 2-story home, with sleeping porch, and modern. East-front lot, 56x150; garage, etc. $5,500. Terms.

IN A SLENDID section north side, 6-room, modern cottage, on large lot, for $3,750. Terms.

9.7 ACRES, 8 minutes' walk Marietta car line; spring and branch. $650.

11.3 ACRES, Cobb county, on Mableton road—all in cultivation, some weeds. $400.

122 ACRES, Marietta CAR LINE at SMYRNA; 700-ft. frontage on car line; ½ mile street frontage. Fine land and cheap at $130 acre.

20 ACRES IN SMYRNA, 1,300-ft. street frontage; 3-room house, barn, spring and branch. $2,750.

370 ACRES, GREENE COUNTY, near VESIE, and finest farm in that section. $30 acre.

CLAIRMONT AVE., DECATUR—Old 7-room house, lot 65x170, near Courthouse, $2,250. Terms.

CARL H. FISCHER,
416 Fourth Nat'l Bank Bldg. M. 4876.

HAVE a very attractive bungalow with six rooms, hall and sleeping porch. Nu-tile roof, guaranteed ten years, furnace heated, quartersawed oak floors in three rooms, glass knobs, woodwork finished in mission, bookcases in plate glass, beautiful electric showers, bath room has tile floor; kitchen has linoleum floor, has nice pressed brick mantel. This is a very attractive bungalow and must be seen to be appreciated and is only half block from car line. Street cherted and has gas, electricity, water, sewer and every convenience; lot 50x151 to alley. Price, $4,850. Terms $850 cash, assume loan of $2,500 and balance monthly. Would accept vacant lot as cash payment. Call Owner, phone Ivy 296.

9-ROOM modern home on Piedmont ave., 4 large bedrooms, 2 baths and sleeping porch, vapor heat, vacuum cleaner, 50x200 foot lot, a beautiful home, close to Piedmont park, at a big sacrifice. Phone Main 2681. A. L. Anderson, 1020 Fourth National Bank building.

PEOPLE DO NOT WANT TO WALK : : : : : : : : :

any more than is necessary, or ride, either, except on pleasure bent.

That's why you should insert your phone number in your advertisement. Make it convenient for those who want to answer your ad, but who will not inconvenience themselves to call in person.

PHONE YOUR WANT ADS TO MAIN 5000. ASK FOR CLASSIFIED AD DEPT.; ATLANTA 5001.

GIVE YOUR PHONE NUMBER

You will receive more answers to your ad than if only the address is given.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

NORTH SIDE.

BENNETT, POWELL & MINHINNETT,
517 Third Nat'l Bank Bldg.

FIFTEEN ACRES, with 700 feet frontage on Pace's Ferry Road and about 1,000 feet on new graded road. Price, $300 per acre.

LOT 100x950 on Peachtree Road. Can be bought cheap and on REASONABLE TERMS.

JUST out of the city limits of Roswell we have 20 acres on Chattahoochee river. Splendid bottom land. Bargain.

LOT 105x240, on PEACHTREE ROAD, near Buckhead. Can give you all the time you want to pay for this and sell CHEAP.

WILL give you special bargain in place that cost $5,500. If taken at once will take $4,500. It's a 6-room bungalow, with beam ceilings, brick mantel, attractive electric fixtures, nice basement, with furnace, extra large front porch, with granite foundation, east front lot, inclosed by good hedge and in very best north side residence section. It's a golden opportunity for you and I will give you terms. Write at once. Address W. D., Box 541, care Constitution.

15 PER CENT FOURTH WARD INCOME PROPERTY.

COLORED apartment house in a block of the corner of Forrest avenue and Fort street; has water and sewer, and rents for $38.40 per month. This is in the heart of the Fourth ward, and cheap at $3,000, on reasonable terms. Cheshire, 204 Grant Bldg. Ivy 4385.

ON E. FIFTH ST.—A modern 6-room cottage, in splendid condition, on large lot, for $3,750. Terms. Carl H. Fischer. Main 4876.

SEVERAL choice homes in Ansley Park from $5,000 up. J. R. Nutting & Co., Empire Life Bldg. Phone Ivy 5.

FOR SALE—Attractive, modern home, furnace; lot 50x200; will sell for less than value. Phone Owner, Ivy 1325-L.

MODERN 9-room home on Myrtle st., between 4th and 5th. C. L. DeFoor, 212 Empire building.

E. FIFTH ST. LOT, 47 feet front; no hole in the ground, between N. Jackson and Bedford. Terms. Main 4876.

E. SIXTH ST. LOT, tile walks, sewerage, 47 feet front, $1,000. Terms. Main 4876.

FOR Ansley Park lots see Edwin P. Ansley, 605 Forsyth building.

SOUTH SIDE.

FOR SALE—Bungalow, seven rooms, lot 50x160, opposite Grant Park. Main 5548.

WEST END.

CLOSE in on Gordon street I have one of the prettiest homes in West End, on a corner lot 70x150 feet, has 8 rooms, cabinet mantels, bath, cement basement, screens, garage and every convenience, that I will sell for $7,500, on terms. Address T. M., care Constitution.

GORDON ST., 7-room cottage on large, level lot; will take as first payment, good north side vacant lot, worth $1,000 to $2,000. Address Owner, Box H-514, care Constitution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Lithia Springs, Ga., small house with beautiful, well-shaded lot, fine water, an excellent location; very convenient to trains. Address Owner, 207 Walton Bldg. Ivy 1496.

ANSLEY PARK LOTS at a bargain; also good 40-acre farm in Cobb county. Frank Weldon, Fourth National Bank building.

MRS. I. A. HIRSHBERG, 218 Washington.

$1,500—NICE 5-room house, close in; $100 cash, $15 month. Address H-542, Constitution.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24 East Hunter street.

READ my advertisement today's issue, bargains in lots, homes and acreage. Carl Fischer.

WE MAKE a specialty of Georgia lands. Thos. W. Jackson-Burwell Co., 1018-19 Fourth National Bank building.

SUBURBAN.

FOR SALE—Easy terms, Lakewood Heights, near fair grounds, newly painted (inside) 5-room bungalow, large lot, 60x179, 24 Adair, corner Parson street, two blocks west of car line; have own garden, chickens, etc. Ivy 5678. 409 Equitable.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE

WE have the following properties we offer for sale or trade for city property. These farms are well located, good land, well-improved and suitable for both stock raising and ordinary farming.

730 ACRES, 4 miles from town, good settlements, good residence; land lies level and pretty as you would want to see.

175 ACRES, 3 miles from town, 100 acres open; several good tenant houses; highway runs right through it.

375 ACRES, 3½ miles from town, 200 acres open; two good tenant houses, spring branch, creek and pasture.

These places are in southwest Georgia and on straight sale will make attractive terms and prices. If you want a farm be sure and see us.

CLARK & STEWART
629 Healey Bldg.

11 ACRES, on the car line and railroad, 2-story, 9-room bungalow, barn, garage, servant's house, chicken and hog houses, garden, orchard, 9 acres in truck; will include growing crop, hogs, Jersey cow, horse and two buggies, wagon, tools, harness and implements; give easy terms, or exchange for home in the city; give or take the difference. Investigate and make offer. Won't let a few hundred dollars stand in the way of a trade. Thos. W. Jackson, Fourth National Bank building.

WATER power, wheat and corn mill, saw mill and gin, all run at the same time or separate; 4 daily mails pass this place; fine stand for store. The war does not affect this proposition; it is running in full blast and making money. Owner coming to Atlanta, will make special price and terms or trade for city property; no incumbrance and titles good. Thos. W. Jackson, Fourth National Bank bldg.

60 ACRES; this is right in a section of $75 and $100 an acre land; red pebbly clay foundation; forks of two roads, 1½ miles of splendid little town, not more than 16½ miles from Atlanta. Take this for a few days, $2,000 cash. Thos. W. Jackson, Fourth National Bank bldg.

50 ACRES on the railroad, north of Atlanta; small new cottage, new barn, orchard, garden; just the place you are looking for. If you want to come to Atlanta often train stops in 200 yards of the place. Price for a few days $2,250. This is nothing short of a bargain. Thos. W. Jackson, Fourth National Bank bldg.

TWO-STORY, 6-room bungalow, rented for $17 a month; half block of car line and school; all improvements; in perfect condition. Owner wants to raise some cash and will sell at a sacrifice. This is an opportunity for some one to pick up a good paying investment. Phone Main 5214 or call 1018 Fourth National Bank bldg.

WE are largest farm-selling agency in America; 35 branch offices, connected with 3,000 offices in America and Canada; exceeding 14,000 buyers in our files. List your farm for our first Georgia-Alabama catalogue. Cornell Company, Columbus, Ga.

2,400 ACRES, fine red pebble farm land, estimated to cut 3,500 feet yellow pine timber per acre. Land and timber for $5 per acre. Located convenient to shipping point; 1-3 cash. "Gilbert," 417 Peters bldg. Main 1771.

100 ACRES, on pike road, 60 in cultivation, balance in pasture and timber; nice cottage, barn, servant's house, other outbuildings, $50 an acre; they want $65 for adjoining lands. Thos. W. Jackson, Fourth Nat'l Bank building.

GEORGIA FARMS, acreage tract, near Atlanta. If interested will mail bulletin. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone East Point 416.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

FARM LANDS.

HOMESEEKERS and land buyers, write for true facts about southwest Arkansas land. Reece Lamb, Immigration Agent, Memphis, Dallas and Gulf Railway, 627 Central Ave., Hot Springs, Ark.

MRS. C. F. ECHOLS, 11 Abbott.

Read The Constitution Want Ads.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

FARM LANDS.

PLANTATION for sale at a bargain; 675 acres, 400 acres cleared; eight tenant houses, 12 miles from Macon. $6,500; one-fourth cash, balance on time. Address Box 393, Macon, Ga.

TIMBER LANDS.

SIX MILLION FEET of hardwood timber for $2,500, 10 miles from Macon, on Southern railroad. Address Box 393, Macon, Ga.

FOR RENT—Houses

FOR RENT

NORTH SIDE HOMES

524 WEST PEACHTREE STREET, 8 ROOMS	$65.00
306 EAST FIFTH STREET, 8 ROOMS	45.00
582 EDGEWOOD AVENUE, 8 ROOMS	31.50
19 HUNNICUTT STREET, 8 ROOMS	27.50
138 FORREST AVENUE, 8 ROOMS	30.00
83 FORREST AVENUE, 8 ROOMS	35.00
37 BEDFORD PLACE, 7 ROOMS	30.00
145 EAST MERRITTS AVENUE, 6 ROOMS	30.00
16 COLUMBIA AVENUE, 6 ROOMS	27.50

WEST END HOMES

260 ASHBY STREET, 7 ROOMS	$20.00
530 GORDON STREET, 6 ROOMS	26.50
44 DUNN STREET, 6 ROOMS	25.00
42 EGLESTON STREET, 6 ROOMS	25.00
158 OAK STREET, 6 ROOMS	25.00

Call us and make an engagement to see some of the above places, or any place we have on our list.

FOSTER & ROBSON
11 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

To Prospective Tenants

WE ARE PREPARED to handle the July and August rush, and have every facility for showing property. Our rent list contains a large number of attractive apartments and residences. Will appreciate your call, and are sure our list contains the place that will suit you.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR

FOR RENT—Stores

Large Manufacturing Plant, Located on Railroad FOR RENT

BRICK BUILDINGS, mill construction, sprinkled risk, with two independent engines and boilers, 250 horsepower each. Can be used a whole or divided, with fire wall between. Has 10 acres ground space and sheds for storage, with ample trackage facilities, or if desired will erect buildings to suit either storage or manufacturing on long lease.

WOODWARD INVESTMENT CO.
Phone Main 59. Atlanta, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

FOR SALE BY

FOSTER & ROBSON
11 EDGEWOOD AVENUE

CORNER PONCE DE LEON AVE. and Kennesaw. Elevated lot, 35x150 feet. Good 8-room residence in first-class condition. Death of owner cause of sale. Price $9,000.

CLAIRMONT AVE.—Six-room cottage on elevated east-front lot, 200x350. Lovely shade, water, sewer, electric lights and gas. Paving, sidewalk and curb down and paid for. Located in a beautiful section of North Decatur. No loan to assume and the most reasonable terms.

907 EAST NORTH AVE.—A well-built 6-room bungalow; only one-half block of street car line. The owner now living out of town and writes us and says to sell it. Is a good little home in nice home section. Price $4,800.

ELEGANT east-front lot, elevated, near Ponce de Leon avenue. Now is the time to buy.

WE HAVE FOR SALE, in West End Park, a new 6-room bungalow. It can be bought on easy terms and cheap. See us.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE on South Pryor St., and a corner lot. Good store site and house to live in. Will sell at a great bargain. $2,650.

GOOD NEGRO rent investment; seven 3-room single and two 6-room double houses, renting now for $73 per month. Price $6,250. One-half cash.

634 CHESTNUT ST.—Western Heights. A good little 5-room house which has water, sewer and bath. Good home section. Price $1,500. Very easy terms.

TWELVE first-class building lots in Kirkwood. Near Boulevard DeKalb. Will trade equity for good little home. See us quick.

WEST PEACHTREE HOME

NEAR ELEVENTH ST.—We have this very attractive two-story, nine-room house, in perfect condition and one of the best built houses on the street; the owner has moved away and says sell; nice places like this are hard to find; interior beautifully arranged and finished in oak; has every modern convenience; fine lot; plenty of good fruit; east front, highest point on the street. For price and terms call at office or phone for engagement. Now is your chance.

$3,850—WASHINGTON STREET BARGAIN.
SEVEN-ROOM COTTAGE.
EVERY CONVENIENCE.
LOT 50x200.
TERMS EASY.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
203 EMPIRE BUILDING.

EDWIN L. HARLING
REAL ESTATE. 32 EAST ALABAMA STREET. BOTH PHONES 1287.

ANSLEY PARK HOME AT A SACRIFICE—On Peachtree Circle, near Peachtree, we have a lot 127x400 with a magnificent 10-room, 2-story residence, that we will sell for $18,000 on easy terms. This house has steam heat, three baths and oak floors. This lot is worth $18,000. The house could not be duplicated for much less than $18,000. If you want the best home on Peachtree Circle in Ansley Park see us at once.

NORTH SIDE BRICK RESIDENCE TO EXCHANGE—On Ponce de Leon avenue we have a new 10-room, 2-story brick residence, beautiful elevated lot with plenty of shade, that we will sell for $13,500 on easy terms, or we will take any income property [illegible] in exchange for a home. If you have [illegible] renting [illegible] an opportunity for you to get a good bargain. Come to see us at once.

Read The Constitution Want Ads. Read The Constitution Want Ads.

FOR RENT—Apartments

THREE AND FOUR ROOM APARTMENTS

ON CORNER PIEDMONT AVE. AND THIRD STREET AM COMPLETING THE NEWEST THING IN SMALL APARTMENTS, TO BE MOST MODERN AND ARTISTIC IN EVERY PARTICULAR. THE DESIGN IS GOTHIC AND EXTERIOR IS OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL VARIEGATED POTTERY ROUGH TEXTURE BRICK, GIVING A HARMONIZING TAPESTRY EFFECT. EACH APARTMENT HAS SUN PARLORS, REAR PORCHES WITH SEPARATE ENTRANCE. WALLS WILL BE DECORATED OR PAPERED TO SUIT. A VERY LARGE YARD, GIVING UNUSUAL AIR SPACE AND VENTILATION ON ALL SIDES OF EACH APARTMENT. PRICES FOR THREE ROOMS ARE $35.00 TO $37.50 AND FOR FOUR ROOMS $40.00 TO $45.00. THE NEIGHBORHOOD IS THE MOST SELECT IN THE CITY. NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG.

PEACHTREE APARTMENTS
1235 PEACHTREE

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL 7-ROOM APARTMENTS IN THE CITY. The best residential district. Hardwood floors, three big bedrooms, two tile baths, sleeping porch; beds fold into a closet; one tile and one stone fireplace, steam heat, vacuum cleaner, janitor service. Everything most modern and complete. Take a look at them or phone us. Brookwood or Buckhead cars. Price upon application. References.

TURMAN & CALHOUN
SECOND FLOOR EMPIRE.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE

FOR SALE

THE CORNER OF GLENWOOD AVENUE AND GRANT STREET; A SIX-ROOM BUNGALOW, ON LOT 62x132; HOUSE IS IN GOOD CONDITION AND EQUIPPED WITH THE USUAL CONVENIENCES. THIS HOUSE AND LOT WILL BE SOLD BEFORE THE COURTHOUSE DOOR TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, JULY 6, 1915. TERMS, ONE-THIRD CASH, BALANCE ONE AND TWO YEARS AT 7 PER CENT.

I WILL SELL BEFORE THE COURTHOUSE DOOR, ON JULY 6, 1915, WITHOUT RESERVATION TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, THE CORNER OF MANGUM AND HUNTER STREETS, LOT 50x106. IT IS IN THE HEART OF THE TERMINAL DISTRICT, BEING BETWEEN THE A., B. & A. FREIGHT DEPOT AND THE TERMINAL PASSENGER STATION. TERMS, ONE-THIRD CASH, BALANCE ONE AND TWO YEARS, AT 7 PER CENT.

M. L. THROWER
AUCTIONEER

HANDSOME BUNGALOW

IN THE BEST SECTION OF ANSLEY PARK; has six rooms, combination sun parlor and sleeping porch, tile bath, beautiful interior, handsome fixtures, hot-water heat; splendid elevated lot, 66x300 feet to an alley; garage; shrubbery and beautiful lawn; large garden plot. Must be sold at once in order to wind up an estate, and will go at a sacrifice. Written communications only considered. If interested in buying a real home, address

NORMAN I. MILLER
ATTORNEY FOR ESTATE. 803 GRANT BUILDING.

CHOICE HOMES

$12,000—HANDSOME Ponce de Leon avenue home. It is a brick veneer, 8-room, 2 tile baths, lovely hardwood floors, dandy lot. This is a beauty. See us at once if you want a dandy home.

$6,500 BUNGALOW, 6 rooms, hardwood floors, furnace, screened, beam ceiling, built-in bookcases, handsome combination fixtures, cement driveway, garage. This is close to Ponce de Leon avenue and North Boulevard. $1,000 cash, arrange balance.

MARTIN-OZBURN REALTY CO.
THIRD NATIONAL BANK BUILDING. IVY 1276.

GEO. P. MOORE
REAL ESTATE AND RENTING.
10 AUBURN AVENUE.

PEACHTREE EXCHANGE—Modern nine-room house; hardwood floors, furnace heat, and sleeping porch. Between Brookwood and Fourteenth street.

Take $8,000 to $10,000 in property as part payment.

$5,500—SIX-ROOM BUNGALOW, Juniper street, near Eleventh. Steam heat and every convenience; car line in front. $500 cash, balance monthly.

$1,500—50x170 TWELFTH STREET, between the Peachtrees. A big bargain. $500 cash, balance one and two years.

SALESMEN: I. W. HARRELL, L. M. JOHNSON AND T. M. WORD.

Exchange For Equities

WE HAVE PROPERTIES, of any size and class, that we offer you to exchange for equities. If you have an equity in vacant lot or improved property that you wish to dispose of, come in and we will suit you.

Harper Realty Company
717 THIRD NATIONAL BANK BLDG.
BELL PHONE IVY 4286. ATLANTA PHONE 672.

Burdett Realty Company
116 LOBBY CANDLER BUILDING. BOTH PHONES.

488 NORTH BOULEVARD—Two-story, slate-roof house, with two baths and all conveniences. Elevated, east-front lot, 70x140 feet; near North avenue. Rented $600 per annum. Bargain at $7,000.

79 SINCLAIR AVENUE—Modern two-story, eight-room home; all conveniences. Sacrifice at $4,500. Terms.

SOUTH GEORGIA—240 acres in Colquitt county, 4 miles of Moultrie, on graded road. Highly improved. Can exchange for Atlanta property.

To Public School Teachers of Atlanta

DURING YOUR VACATION, if you would like to earn $100 to $250 to pay expenses, and at the same time be of great benefit to one who needs your services and would be under lasting obligations to you for your help, I want you to confer with me and let me lay the matter before you. The proposition should attract you for several reasons: It will be lucrative, pleasant and a great boon to a cause that any woman ought to be proud to espouse. It will not require very much of your time, and you will be well paid for it. See me in person.

JAMES L. LOGAN
1301 HEALEY BUILDING. IVY 3300.

Read The Constitution Want Ads.

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

July building permits have been issued during the first three days to the approximate total of $60,000, an amount twice the aggregate permits issued during a corresponding period of last year.

Contractors and material men are greatly encouraged over the increasing business of this month.

Several residence permits were issued in Saturday's business, which reached a total of $12,735.

G. W. Mockel took a permit to erect a two-story, frame dwelling house, of seven rooms, at No. 137 Seventeenth street, near Inman Circle, in Ansley Park. The estimated cost of this residence is $4,500.

E. E. Lawrence took permits for four one-story, frame dwelling houses he will build at Nos. 36, 38, 42 and 46 Ferguson street, Iverson street. The aggregate investment is $8,000.

Farm Tracts Bought.

T. D. Martin, of Smyrna, Ga., has purchased through the Dill & Shannon agency a tract of land in Walker county, Ga., containing 1,154 acres. The consideration was $17,000.

F. M. Pittman, of Chattanooga, Tenn., has bought through the same agency property in West End at a consideration of $3,500.

A. C. Adams, of Cochran, Ga., has also bought through the Dill & Shannon agency a farm tract in Cobb county at a consideration of $10,000.

Adair Leaves Monday.

Colonel Forrest Adair, of Forrest & George Adair, whose chief occupation exclusive of being a real estate dealer is being a Shriner, as Potentate of Yaarab temple, Atlanta, will leave tomorrow morning with a special trainload of Atlanta Shriners for the Shrine imperial council at Seattle, Wash. Colonel Adair will be out of the city for several weeks. He will make the principal address of the "Atlanta day" celebration at Golden City, Cal., on July 19, when the Yaarab temple patrol and band will be the principal feature, giving an exhibition drill and concert.

Whitten Again on Job.

J. H. Whitten, manager of the rent department of M. L. Thrower & Co., who has been ill for several months, returned Saturday morning from Wrightsville Beach, N. C., where he has been spending a three weeks' vacation with his wife, who also returned to the city with him.

Contract Business $75,000.

The M. C. Kiser agency reports a large volume of business in the contract stage. Ward Wight, one of the live-wire agents of this firm, announces that the agency has $75,000 of contract business which will be closed up in the course of a short time.

All other agencies, with the exception of a few, report a steady increase in the volume of business being transacted.

Crawford Maddox in City.

J. Crawford Maddox, who has been east for several months on business, has returned to Atlanta, and will be connected with his father's firm, Maddox & Moore, Healey building. Mr. Maddox is well known in Atlanta.

The Shining Light of Reason.

(From Leslie's.)

Nothing has been more wholesome and inspiring to business men and workingmen since the crusade of the trust-busters began, a quarter of a century ago, than the recent unanimous decision of Judge Buffington and his associates in favor of the Steel corporation, now followed by the decision of the supreme court in the Cash Register case. Some of the strongest and truest friends of the administration are advising that no appeal be taken from the decision in the Steel corporation matter.

At this critical moment, it is of far greater importance to the welfare of the people that business, big and little, should have encouragement. We are reaching out for the trade of South America. The war has suddenly opened magnificent opportunities for "war orders" from all Europe. The American dollar has become the standard of value. It is the one dollar of the world that is worth one hundred cents in gold anywhere. This indicates that we must not only furnish munitions of war for the fighting nations, but that we may be called upon to subscribe to the heavy war loans impending abroad.

The greatest drawback to our prosperity has been the busting and smashing of business, of railroads, and capital by cheap, selfish demagogues appealing to the basest passions of a credulous people. President Wilson has declared that the warfare on business must cease. Let the mandate go forth from the white house to the office of attorney general and let the administration call off the dogs of war who have been barking and snapping at the heels of big business too long.

Capital has been driven into retirement and prosperity halted on every side. The basest accusations have been made with unjustified brutality against some of our greatest industrial corporations. They have been prosecuted in the bitterest spirit and with relentless hand. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been spent for services of spies and informers, many of whom proved to be unworthy of belief.

Every big business has been put under suspicion and every captain of industry threatened with jail. Not because the people complained, not because prices of commodities were increased, for they have been lessened wherever and whenever big business has ben given full opportunity to install methods of efficiency and economy. The attacks on business did not come from the people, but from politicians seeking to beguilte the voted. A more destructive policy was never pursued in any country.

While other nations were encouraging big business and honoring captains of industry, broadening out their trade and taking away our markets, we were seeking to break down enterprise and to exile our captains of industry. After twenty-five years of this kind of folly, the people who were promised a lower cost of living, higher wages and greater prosperity, have awakened to the deception the demagogues have practiced upon them and are turning their hands against their betrayers.

The Light of Reason which illumines the highest court of our land is the Light of American Prosperity.

The Land of Opportunity.

(From Leslie's.)

Opportunity! Those pessimists who assert that the day of great opportunity in this country has passed away should consider the career of the well-known acptain of industry whose company has just increased its capital stock from $2,000,000 to $100,000,000 and declared a stock dividend of $48,000,000. In 1891 there was a mechanic in Detroit with apparently no better prospects of advancement than any of his fellows in that calling. But he sought for opportunity and found it. He devised a gasoline engine, and later completed his first automobile, making nearly every part of it with his own hands. Now he and his partners are millionaires several times over, with the best of chances of increasing their riches indefinitely. There is no better proof than this incident affords of the fact that opportunity exists today in this country even more abundantly than in the past for every one who will seize it. For such the bread line and bundle day and pensions for the unemployed have no allurement.

Making Camping Junkets With a Motorcycle.

(From Popular Mechanics Magazine.)

An eastern sportsman who is fond of rowing and fishing, but who lives at some distance from the water has devised a convenient method of transporting a boat with him on his cross-country excursions with a motorcycle. Attached to the machine is a sidecar which enables him to carry a passenger, while a light two-wheeled trailer is used for carrying a boat. This is attached to the machine by means of a simple coupling which allows it to take the turns easily and also prevents it from ramming the motorcycle when the brakes are applied. All the provisions and equipment necessary for a short camping junket are carried in the boat, leaving the motorcycle unhampered by paraphernalia.

SPECIAL COLOR SECTION

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

SPECIAL COLOR SECTION

FIVE CENTS — ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1915. — FIVE CENTS

TWO WOMEN KILLED WHILE ON JOY RIDE

Their Bodies Charred When Auto Burned--Mendenhall, Who Was With Women, Held in Connection With Tragedy.

Tampa, Fla., July 3.—J. J. Mendenhall, prominent citizen of Clearwater, is held in the Pinellas county jail today on charges connected with the killing of two women, whose family name is said to have been Elliott, on the west coast road, near Moccasin Branch, last night. The burned bodies of the two women were at an undertaker's at Clearwater early today, they having been burned when the automobile in which they had been riding with Mendenhall was destroyed by fire.

Reports from Clearwater state that the chauffeur of the car walked from the scene of the killing to Clearwater after midnight and gave the authorities the first news of the tragedy.

Man and Women Quarrelled.

According to the chauffeur's story Mendenhall and the women got into trouble while in the automobile. The chauffeur said he heard a pistol shot in the car; that he then ran from the scene and that he heard three more shots as he fled.

The authorities believe the automobile became ignited or was set afire after the women had been killed. Mendenhall was arrested at his home near Clearwater early today.

The two women killed in the car were Mrs. Charles W. Elliott and her daughter, Miss Susie Elliott, of this city. Chauffeur Guy Stample came back from Clearwater this morning and told his story of the tragedy. He said Mendenhall engaged him last night to drive him and the two women to Clearwater.

The Man Fired.

He said they picked up Miss Elliott downtown, then went to the Elliott residence and got Mrs. Elliott. When they were about twelve miles out he heard the crashing of glass He turned and saw Mendenhall, he alleges, with a revolver in his hand. Mendenhall fired a shot and Stample leaped from the car and ran toward Clearwater. He went to Sheriff Whitehurst's home. The sheriff accompanied him back to the "murder car" and in it were found the charred remains of the two women. The car was practically burned up.

Fragments of bones were found in the road alongside the burned car today. One fragment, six inches long, was apparently part of a thigh bone.

3 KILLED AND 40 HURT IN A RAILROAD WRECK

St. Paul Passenger Train Goes Through Trestle and Falls on Freight Train.

Tacoma, Wash., July 3.—Three persons were killed and about forty injured when two coaches of a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul passenger train fell through a trestle near Rainier, Wash., 20 miles south of here, today. The passenger train fell upon a freight train passing under the trestle.

NEGRO METHODISTS PLAN TO CO-OPERATE

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 3.—A broad plan for co-operation among four churches of Methodism having a negro membership of 1,600,000, was announced in a deliverance to Methodists of the world, issued here today. The plan, if approved by the Methodist general conferences, is expected to pave the way for final organic union of all negro Methodists in America into one church.

It was agreed to by the commissioners of the Methodist Episcopal (white), African Methodist Episcopal, African Methodist Episcopal Zion and Colored Methodist Episcopal churches, on the Federation of Colored Methodists, at a meeting held here last Wednesday. Three white bishops—Thirkield, of New Orleans; Henderson of Chattanooga, and Neely, of Philadelphia—participated in the deliberations of the body. Nine bishops from the three other churches also were commissioners.

The deliverance urges adoption of a common ritual hymnal, ritual and catechism, the same standard in course of study for the ministry, standardizing of schools and colleges, holding of inter-Methodist preachers' institutes and Christian workers' assemblies, united action on evangelism, education, home and foreign missions and a division of mission territory to stop waste.

Fits

EPILEPSY

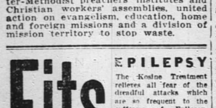
The Kosine Treatment relieves all fear of the dreadful attacks which are so frequent to the sufferers of Epilepsy. Kosine has been used with remarkable success for fifteen years. Buy a bottle of Kosine for $1.50. If, after using, you are not entirely satisfied, your money will be refunded. Ask us for booklet.

ELKIN DRUG COMPANY

MORPHINE

Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

VICTOR



Dr. Woolley's Sanitarium

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

MORPHINE

HEROIN, COCAINE, ALL other drug, or Whisky Habits or addictions; also home treatment given successfully. Forty years in this practice. Book on the subject FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY CO., 22 COOPER STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

SHE DID NOT SEEK CLEMENCY FOR SON, SAYS MRS. DYSON

Mrs. W. G. Dyson, of 88 Loomis avenue, mother of John H. Dyson, who was arrested recently in company with several young men who were trying to purchase morphine, denies that she begged clemency at the hands of Recorder Johnson on her son's behalf, when the latter was tried in police court.

Mrs. Dyson states that her son is 22 years old and has been afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism since he was nine years old.

It is on that account, she states, he has become a slave to morphine as the drug was used as a treatment, by physicians.

READING GROUP HELD LAWFUL COMBINATION

Federal Court Holds Against Government in Suit to Dissolve.

Philadelphia, July 3.—The federal court for Eastern Pennsylvania decided today that the Readng group of corporations, the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey and Lehigh Coal and Navigation company and subsidiary and allied companies, are not leagued together in an unlawful combination, and therefore do not unduly restrain commerce in the production, sale or transportation of anthracite coal.

The government, which brought the suit to dismember the alleged combination and to nullify certain agreements and leases, wins a point in that the court suggested that the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company be divorced from the Jersey Central railroad.

The Readdg ownership of the Jersey Central railroad is not disturbed.

The court decided there was no violation by the Reading companies of the commodities clause of the Hepburn act, which prohibits a railroad from transporting any commodity in which it has an interest.

Suit Very Important.

The suit is one of the most important the government has brought to break up what it declares to be an illegal combination in the anthracite coal business. Today's decision refused to declare that the Reading company, a holding concern; the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company were, either separately or individually a combination in violation of the anti-trust law.

The court also decided that the railway company and the coal and iron company were legally separate corporations and that the railway did not violate the commodities clause in transporting the anthracite of the coal and iron company.

As to its finding on the commodities clause, the court stated:

"That the law has been consciously and deliberately violated we do not believe, and decline to find. But as the commodities clause does not make the carrier's state of mind an essential element in the offense, the question is still open whether the Reading railway and the coal and iron company, whatever their intention may have been, have in fact so conducted their affairs as to violate the law."

Jersey Central Ownership.

On the ownership of the Jersey Central railroad by the Reading company the court said that so far as the carriage of coal is concerned the Jersey Central and the Reading railway are not competitors, but are in competition in marketing the coal.

The court goes into some of the detailed business transactions between Reading holding company and the coal company regarding a debt of the coal company carried on the books of the holding concern. On this the court said:

"Although it is denied that the debt is now the property of the holding company, and although there is some obscurity on this subject, we are inclined to believe that the denial is more formal than substantial."

The district court refused to take up charges that antedate the Reading's reorganization in 1896. "It was," the court said, "a time of unrestrained competition, of violent industrial warfare, and of legislation believed now by many persons to have been unwise. As a matter of common knowledge we may take note of the fact that during that period much was done that is condemned at present by general opinion, although the practices now reprobated were then the commonplaces of business in some of its most important branches."

SON OF LATE W. T. STEAD MURDERED IN RUMANIA

Chicago, July 3.—Alfred Stead, son of the late journalist, W. T. Stead, apparently has been assassinated in Rumania, according to a somewhat confusing cablegram received here today by his brother-in-law, Frank R. Hussey, of The Evening Post. The cablegram, sent from England, July 1, was signed by Mr. Hussey's sister, Mrs. Mary Elaine Stead. It reads:

"Alfred assassinated little hope I going Rumania."

Absence of punctuation marks in the cablegram made it impossible for Mr. Hussey to get its precise import.

"My brother-in-law was in the diplomatic service of Great Britain for many years," said Mr. Hussey. "He acted as Rumanian consul in London, but six months ago went to Rumania. He was interested in oil wells there, but I believe his mission was largely diplomatic. His wife remained in England."

WAR LOAN FOR BRITAIN FOR THE UNITED STATES

New York, July 3.—Negotiations were reported in progress today between British treasury officials and a group of New York bankers headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., for flotation in this country of a $100,000,000 British war loan.

Reports disagreed as to the nature of the loan. In some sources it was described as a part of the recently authorized British war loan of $5,000,000,000, while in other quarters it was said it would be a separate loan bearing interest at 5 per cent.

It was understood that the offering would be increased possibly to $300,000,000 if the bonds were well received. Proceeds, it is said, will be left in America to be drawn against by the British government in the purchase of war munitions and other supplies.

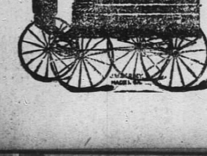
GRANT TO HANDLE MAILS FOR SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Washington, July 3.—Alexander Grant, general superintendent of the railway mail service, has resigned to become general superintendent of mail transportation of the Southern railway. Postmaster General Burleson in accepting the resignation expressed in a letter the government's recognition and appreciation of the faithful and efficient work of Mr. Grant during his thirty years' service.

MAKING WAGONS

Darsey is still making wagons—all styles of high-class grocers' and butchers' deliveries, with or without tops. Darsey feels so good when he is building a wagon that he just can't help putting his spirit into it, and the consequence is he makes so good a wagon as any man's money can buy. Asking Darsey for a catalogue is almost like sending him an order. Try it.

DARSEY'S AUTO SPRINGS—He makes auto springs in a hurry, because that is the way they usually get broken. Send him the old one and get a duplicate by first express.



J. W. DARSEY

MACON, GA.

BOSTON THINKS HOLT MAY BE ERIC MUENTER

Muenter Was a Harvard Instructor Who Fled After Wife Died of Poison.

Cambridge, Mass., July 3.—A discovery that Frank W. Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan, bears some resemblance to Eric Muenter, a former Harvard university instructor, who disappeared after the death of his wife by poisoning several years ago, was seriously considered by police officials tonight. Captain Patrick J. Hurley has sent records in the Muenter case to New York and prepared to summon witnesses who know Muenter to go to New York to view Holt.

In the spring of 1906, Mrs. Leone M. Muenter died of slow poisoning, which she had taken with beef tea during the confinement attending the birth of one of her two children. Her husband, who had been an instructor in German at Harvard for two years, fled before the authorities could question him. He was never apprehended.

Acquaintances of Muenter told the police at the time that he was born in Germany, that a sister, Bertha C. Muenter, was a public school teacher in Chicago, and that he had come to Harvard from the University of Kansas.

He was said to be about 35 years of age.

Chicago, July 3.—Miss Bertha C. Muenter, a teacher living here, said tonight she had never heard from her brother, Professor Eric Muenter, since his disappearance after the death of his wife in 1906. Miss Muenter said she did not believe it possible that Frank W. Holt, who shot J. P. Morgan today, could be her missing kinsman.

SINKING OF ARMENIAN DEFENDED BY GERMANY

Great Britain Responsible if American Citizens Lost Their Lives.

London, July 3.—According to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News Agency a semi-official statement was published today by the Wolff Bureau of Berlin concerning the sinking of the Leyland Line steamship Armenian by a German submarine, saying:

"If American citizens lost their lives the guilt lies solely with the British government. If the story told by the English captain be true, then the submarine commander acted in accordance with the declaration of London which specifies that a warship may use force when a vessel does not obey orders to stop."

NO PASSENGERS ON THE ARMENIAN.

Washington, July 3.—Ambassador Page at London cabled today that the British steamer Armenian, torpedoed and sunk last Monday by a German submarine, had been "requisitioned" by the British government, but that the requisition had been cancelled before she sailed from Newport News. The status of the ship, as heretofore understood, however, is unchanged, as the dispatch, not yet made public, does not clear up the question of charter.

The dispatch says the Leyland manager reported to the American consul at Liverpool that there were no passengers aboard the Armenian and that all who perished were employed as muleteers.

MORGAN BUYING AGENT FOR GREAT BRITAIN

Financier Has Been Handling Contracts for Munitions and Supplies.

New York, July 3.—When the news of the shooting of J. P. Morgan reached financial circles in New York the question was raised as to whether the financier's activities in connection with the European war had anything to do with the attack. The house of J. P. Morgan & Co. is the purchasing agent of the British government for munitions and supplies bought in this country.

It was only this morning that announcement was made permanently in New York newspapers of a plan of a group of bankers, headed by Mr. Morgan, for flotation in this country of a $100,000,000 British war loan.

In March last Mr. Morgan crossed the ocean on a mission which he himself did not disclose, but which generally was supposed to be the arranging of credits in this country for the powers at war with Germany.

The arrangement under which the Morgan firm was appointed commercial agent of the British government was widely criticised. It was not met with satisfaction among a large number of American contractors for supplies, who complained that in some cases they are rivals of the Morgan firm in special lines of commerce.

In England criticisms of the arrangement was carried into parliament, and only yesterday it was debated there. Lord Grinthorpe, a banker, urged that Canada should have preference in munitions orders. Earl Curzon, in reply, announced that the Morgan company was acting as British agent on a commission of only 1 per cent.

"Within the past forty-eight hours," said Earl Curzon, "I have seen testimony from the highest authority that the Morgan arrangement has assured us the highest efficiency and economy and been most beneficial to both the government and the country."

ARCHBISHOP QUIGLEY SLIGHTLY IMPROVED

Rochester, N. Y., July 3.—This bulletin was issued late tonight from the bedside of Archbishop Quigley, of Chicago:

"There has been practically no change in the archbishop's condition. The slight improvement noted yesterday has been maintained. The patient's temperature is now 101.8; pulse 68; respiration 26."

Physicians say now there is a slight chance for the archbishop's recovery.

Mrs. Grundy Drops Dead.

Richmond, Va., July 3.—Mrs. Barton H. Grundy, wife of Barton H. Grundy, agent of an oil company and chairman of the finance committee of the Richmond city council, dropped dead of heart disease tonight at 10:25 o'clock at her cottage at the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs. She was well known socially in Richmond and New York.

Syndicate Yacht Wins.

New York, July 3.—By a margin of only fifty-three seconds actual time, the New York Yacht club's syndicate yacht Resolute defeated Alexander Smith Cochran's Vanitie today in their first race for this season, sailed over a 19 1-4 mile course on Long Island sound. Many believe that the Vanitie showed marked improvement under the light weather conditions.

FORMER BANK CLERK HELD AS EMBEZZLER

Cincinnati, Ohio, July 3.—Augustus O. Johnson, former clerk of the Fifty-third National bank, of Cincinnati, wanted on the charge of embezzling $21,238 of the funds of that institution three years ago, is under arrest in New York city, according to word received at the office of Federal Attorney Bolin here today. The man under arrest is said to have admitted that he is Johnson.

Johnson left the Fifth-Third bank in July, 1912, without hat or coat, after he had been asked by Charles H. Hinsch, president of the institution, what he knew about the alleged misappropriation of funds of the bank. He left his desk to go to the washroom and never returned.

Johnson came to Cincinnati from Chattanooga, Tenn., and was employed in the Fifth-Third bank about eight years.

GERMANY TO BARGAIN WITH UNITED STATES

Predicted Safety Will Be Guaranteed American Travelers on Conditions.

London, July 3.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company, says he learns from the diplomatic source that Germany's reply to the American note, which is expected to reach Washington next week, will include the proposal that American citizens sail only on certain specified vessels, the departure and destination of which shall be announced to the German government.

A joint American and German inspection of these ships to see whether they are neutral and American or British will be suggested. If the proposal is accepted, the correspondent says, Germany will guarantee that such ships will not be molested.

WOMAN ROUTS ROBBER WHO DEMANDED MONEY

Sight of Armed Negro Fails to Frighten Mrs. Louis Cohen.

A negro, armed with a revolver, failed utterly in his effort Saturday night to frighten Mrs. Louis Cohen, proprietress of a grocery store at No. 64 Electric avenue, when he demanded her money.

Mrs. Cohen was keeping the store in the absence of her husband when the burly black walked into the establishment. Several customers were standing around while being waited on.

When he drew his gun Mrs. Cohen ran to the cash register and drew her husband's pistol. Before she could fire the negro dashed out of the door, and though pursued by both proprietress and customers, escaped.

Police headquarters was notified, but until an early hour Sunday morning the negro had not been captured.

MORTUARY

Horace Virgil Williamson.

Horace Virgil Williamson, aged 15, died at a private hospital Saturday afternoon. He is survived by his mother, Mrs. Mary Williamson; three sisters, Mrs. H. P. Maddox, Mrs. L. Branan and Miss Emma Williamson, and two brothers, Leon and Eugene Williamson. He was a nephew of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Rast, of Atlanta.

Mrs. Martha Williams.

Mrs. Martha Williams, aged 62, of Fair Oak, Ga., died Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at a private hospital here. She is survived by her husband, R. T. Williams, and seven children. The body was taken to Poole's chapel.

GERMAN-AMERICANS ASK EMBARGO ON MUNITIONS

Detroit, Mich., July 3.—Representatives of German-Americans from various parts of the United States met here tonight to initiate a country-wide movement against the sale of arms and munitions to any of the warring European nations.

President Wilson will be petitioned to call an extra session of congress to act upon the embargo question, resolutions to that effect having been adopted.

A similar meeting will soon be held in Chicago.

DRASTIC NEUTRALITY IMPOSED ON THE SWISS

Paris, July 3.—A Havas dispatch from Geneva, Switzerland, says:

"The federal council (of Switzerland) decrees six months in prison or a fine of $1,000, or both, for any one who publicly by speech, by writing or by illustration exposes to hatred or contempt a foreign nation, its ruler or its government. There are lesser but severe penalties for any one selling or circulating abusive publications.

"The federal council and local authorities are finding great difficulty in keeping down strong expressions of sympathy with one or another of the four belligerents hemming in this country."

LOTTERY IS DIRECTED BY QUEEN OF ITALY

Paris, July 3.—Queen Helena directed the auction in Rome today of tickets in the lottery for the benefit of the Red Cross society, which took place in the great court of the royal stables at the Quirinal, says the Havas correspondent at Rome. A vast crowd was present, including members of the royal family and a great number of tickets were sold, some at extraordinary prices, for the lottery which contains 40,000 prizes.

The young crown prince sold post cards and the little princesses passed among the people with baskets filled with bouquets, buyers emptying the baskets many times, says the dispatch.

ENGINEER IS KILLED BY BOLT OF LIGHTNING

New Orleans, July 3.—Walter Gernon, an Illinois Central railroad locomotive engineer, was killed by lightning at Harahan, 7 miles above here, today during a heavy electrical and wind storm. In New Orleans property damage was confined to the breaking of several plateglass windows in the business district, which were blown in by the wind. Telephone service in several sections of the city was temporarily interrupted because of minor damage to wires.

It was stated at the Morgan offices here this afternoon that, contrary to a report that gained wide currency, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, was not at the Morgan home at the time of the shooting. Earlier in the week Sir Cecil had been a guest of Mr. Morgan on the latter's yacht, the Corsair.

BECKER TO SQUEAL BEFORE HIS DEATH

He Will Tell Names of Men With Whom He Divided Graft—Governor Whitman Convinced Becker Is Guilty

New York, July 3.—On the authority of Charles Becker's counsel, Martin T. Manton, it was said today that if Becker fails in his appeal to the United States supreme court he will, before going to the electric chair for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, make a public disclosure of the names of the men with whom he is alleged to have divided $100,000 in graft money collected from gamblers and keepers of illegal resorts during his career as head of the famous strong-arm police squad.

Six men, some of them police department officials, are understood to be named in the statement Becker has prepared.

"Becker will make a clean breast of the grafting," said Mr. Manton. "He will issue a statement not for pay, but to divide the guilt of graft. He realizes his perilous position, and does not want to die, if he must, and leave a set of men to use others as he has been used. He wishes to have the truth off his mind as soon as possible."

It was reported Becker's statement would attempt to explain the death of "Big Tim" Sullivan, who was believed to have been killed by a New Haven railroad train.

Conflicting statements and denials by some of the "informers" against Becker, and by others, confused the situation today. One clear point was that the "informers" could not deny their testimony against Becker by the state's representatives. Under this agreement they were to enjoy immunity unless shown to be guilty of perjury.

WHITMAN CONVINCED OF BECKER'S GUILT.

Albany, N. Y., July 3.—Governor Whitman, in an issued statement today, gave Martin T. Manton permission to divulge any of the names which Manton mentioned to him in his appeal for executive clemency for former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker. In the statement the governor said he was "absolutely convinced" that Becker is guilty.

The governor's statement follows:

"I noticed in the papers today the following statement purporting to come from Mr. Manton:

"'I am convinced that Charles Becker will give to the public the information that he gave to Governor Whitman, through me, last Thursday. I wish I could publish the names myself. It ought to be done in the interest of justice—the governor ought to do it.'

"Mr. Manton gave me no information whatever relative to graft or to the murder of Rosenthal.

"He did state to me substantially that he believed Becker could involve in the infamous system of police blackmail, of which he was a part, three or four other persons, mentioning their names.

"I am willing and more than willing that Mr. Manton should publish these names. He is under no obligation of confidence to me, but I do not propose myself to bargain with a condemned murderer who simply offers to confess that he divided his plunder years ago with three or four other persons.

"Police blackmail is one offense, and a very serious one, of course, but murder is quite another. And while all that Becker would tell involving others in his years of graft collections is perhaps true, it is not even suggested that any of these persons were connected with him in the commission of the awful crime of which he was twice convicted, and of which I am absolutely convinced he is guilty."

According to recent "count," the total number of fur seals on the Pribilow islands (where slaughter is now prohibited) in 1913 was 268,305—a large increase in the matter of "pups" over the preceding year.

GRANT PARK

The desirability of modern homes conveniently situated to Grant Park is emphasized by the fact that you seldom hear of one being offered for sale. When one is offered for sale it does not stay on the market long, because buyers are quick to take advantage of the many opportunities offered by a home overlooking Grant Park.

On South Boulevard, just at the park, we offer a very attractive home of six rooms, on an elevated, nicely shaded lot. (Oak trees in front, lots of fruit trees in rear.)

House in best of condition. Located about half block from car line, and a convenient distance from city school.

Price, $3,900.

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HOME, in the vicinity of Peachtree Circle and the Prado, a new, well-built, 2-story, 8-room residence, up to date in every way; elevated lot, with splendid outlook. Special price and liberal terms.

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Beginning 96 feet south of Grant Place. The recent regrading and widening of West Peachtree street removes the only handicap under which this natural thoroughfare has suffered. You can feel assured of its steady growth and enhancement from now on. TITLE PERFECT. TERMS—One-fourth cash, balance in three equal payments, in 1, 2 and 3 years. Six per cent interest on deferred payments, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser.

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We solicit desirable residence, apartment or store loans in sums of $2,000 to $50,000, at 6 per cent. Loan agents for the Life Insurance Company of Virginia.

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409 TRUST COMPANY OF GEORGIA BUILDING.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

A beautiful 40-acre farm, dwelling and outbuildings, situated eight miles from the city, at Adamsville, and belonging to the estate of J. B. and M. L. Smith, will be sold at auction on Tuesday, July 6th, before the courthouse door.

FRAMPTON E. ELLIS, Administrator

PHONE IVY 3740. 627 HEALEY BUILDING.

IDEAL HOME IN DECATUR

Near Courthouse, between Agnes Scott College and new Emory University site, on most beautiful avenue in town, 100 yards from car line, 30 minutes by trolley from Atlanta; 12-room, 2-story house, large, airy rooms; 6 bedrooms, sleeping porch with awnings. Large front and back porches. House screened throughout. Gas, water and electric lights. Lot 93x200, with alley. Beautiful lawn with rose and vegetable garden. Chicken house and yard and garage. Price, $8,500, $1,500 cash, balance in seven equal annual payments at 7 per cent. Also elevated building lot 100x300 on same street, with shade trees, grass, fruit and vineyard. Price $3,000; $500 cash and terms to suit. Address HAPPY HOME, BOX 31, Care Constitution.

Mortgage Loans J. I. WESTERVELT CO. The Empire Bldg., 37 N. Broad St.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

M'KOWN—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. V. M. McKown, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McKown, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. H. Roberts, Omega, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Taylor, Moultrie, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Howell, Pensacola, Fla.; Misses Winona and Gerda McKown, Mr. and Mrs. V. H. McKown, Los Angeles, Cal.; Dr. S. C. McKown and C. C. McKown are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. V. M. McKown at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith today at 12 o'clock noon, 150 Dill avenue, Capitol View. Interment Fairburn, Ga., leaving Terminal station at 2 p. m. The following gentlemen will act as pallbearers: Mr. G. F. Taylor, Mr. V. M. McKown, Mr. C. C. McKown, Mr. J. A. Smith, Mr. G. T. Stephens and Mr. Sam Wilson.

CREMATION Adults, $25; Children, $15. Cincinnati Cremation Co., office 30 Wiggins Blk., Cincinnati, O. Booklet free.

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SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS
No increase in Price.

SUPREME COURT OF GA.

Judgments Affirmed.

Hindman v. Raper; from Floyd superior court—Judge Wright. Eubanks & Mebane, for plaintiff in error. Harris & Harris, contra.

Fletcher et al. v. Booth; from Tift—Judge Thomas. J. S. Ridgdill, Fulwood & Skeen, for plaintiffs in error. R. Eve, R. D. Smith, contra.

Hendricks & Christian v. Lott et al.; from Colquitt—Judge Thomas. James Humphreys, Hendricks & Hendricks, for plaintiffs in error. Shipp & Kline, contra.

Wood et al. v. Rice; from Laurens—Judge Hawkins. Feagin & Hancock, for plaintiffs in error. Williams & Bradley, M. H. Blackshear, J. S. Adams, contra.

Youmans et al. v. Morgan; from Jeff Davis—Judge Conyers. S. D. Dell, J. C. Bennett, J. M. Swain, Jr., for plaintiffs in error. Grant & Rogers, W. W. Bennett, contra.

Marbut v. Empire Life Insurance Company; from Fulton—Judge Bell. Hewlett, Dennis & Whitman, for plaintiff in error. Little, Powell, Smith & Goldstein, contra.

Rodgers v. McCune et al; from Fulton—Judge Pendleton. Robert L. Rodgers, for plaintiff in error.

Hayes v. Carrollton Bank; from Haralson superior court—Judge Edwards. I. N. Cheney, Griffith & Matthews, for plaintiff in error. James Beall, B. F. Boykin, contra.

Belcher v. Kelly; from Fayette—Judge Daniel. Lester C. Dickson, J. F. Golightly, for plaintiff in error. J. W. Culpepper, contra.

Weaver et al. v. Thompson; from Dooly—Judge George. Jule Felton, for plaintiffs in error. L. L. Woodward, Crum & Jones, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Mitchell Auto Co. et al. v. McDaniel; from Catoosa—Judge Fite. W. H. Payne, for plaintiffs in error. W. E. Mann, contra.

Carlton v. Seaboard Air-Line Railway; from Polk—Judge Edwards. I. F. Mundy, W. W. Mundy, for plaintiff in error. W. G. Loving, E. S. Ault, contra.

Marshall v. Carter et al.; from Appling—Judge Conyers. F. P. McIntire, Parker & Highsmith, for plaintiff in error. Alvin V. Sellers, contra.

Certified Questions Answered.

South Georgia Mercantile Company v. Lance; from Chatham (certified by Court of Appeals). John G. Kennedy, for plaintiff in error. Hitch & Denmark, contra.

Baxley v. State; from Baldwin (certified by court of appeals). Sibley & Sibley, John R. Cooper, for plaintiff in error. Joseph E. Pottle, solicitor general; John T. Allen, contra.

Rehearing Denied.

Cochran v. Weaver; from Gilmer.

COURT OF APPEALS OF GA.

Judgments Affirmed.

Perry v. Kennon; from city court of Dublin—Judge Hicks. Davis & Sturgis, for plaintiff in error. Burch & Burch, contra.

Branson v. Piedmont Fertilizer Company; from city court of Cartersville—Judge Foute. J. R. Whitaker, for plaintiff in error. W. T. Townsend, contra.

Bowman, sheriff, for use, etc., v. Winn; from city court of Houston county—Judge Riley. R. N. Holtzclaw, for plaintiff in error. C. L. Shepard, contra.

Parr & Wood Furniture Company et al. v. Barnett; from Laurens superior court—Judge Hawkins. Williams & Flynt, for plaintiffs in error. M. H. Blackshear, contra.

Southern Railway Company v. Puckett; from city court of Atlanta—Judge Reid. McDaniel & Black, for plaintiff in error. Atkinson & Born, contra.

Parker v. State; from DeKalb superior court—Judge Bell. J. S. McClelland, W. M. Smith, for plaintiff in error. George M. Napier, solicitor general; L. J. Steele, contra.

Dickey v. Sweeney et al.; from city court of Richmond county—Judge Hammond. C. H. & R. S. Cohen, Cumming & Hull, for plaintiff in error. William H. Fleming, contra.

Ware v. Lamar et al.; from city court of Atlanta—Judge Reid. Moore & Pomeroy, for plaintiff in error. Walter A. Sims, Daley, Chambers & Daley, contra.

Mattox v. City of Glennville; from Tattnall superior court—Judge Sheppard. H. H. Elders, for plaintiff in error. C. L. Cowart, contra.

Nutting & Co. v. Kennedy; from municipal court of Atlanta. Simmons & Simmons, for plaintiff in error. John W. Crenshaw, contra.

Lester v. Cone; from Bulloch superior court—Judge Rawlings. H. B. Strange, for plaintiff in error. Fred T. Lanier, contra.

Beatty v. State; from city court of Jefferson—Judge Johns. Ray & Ray, for plaintiff in error. P. Cooley, solicitor, contra.

Wright v. State; from Berrien superior court—Judge Thomas. J. C. Smith, William Story, for plaintiff in error. J. A. Wilkes, solicitor general; J. M. Johnson, contra.

Vaughn v. State; from city court of Griffin—Judge Flynt. W. H. Connor, for plaintiff in error. W. H. Beck, solicitor, contra.

Morgan v. State; from Pike superior court—Judge Daniel. T. E. Patterson, for plaintiff in error. E. M. Owen, solicitor general, contra.

Inter-Southern Life Insurance Company v. Smith; from municipal court of Atlanta. Napier, Wright & Wood, J. N. Johnson, Jr., for plaintiff in error. A. W. White, Moore & Branch, contra.

Judgments Reversed.

Western and Atlantic Railroad Company v. Peacock; from city court of Atlanta—Judge Reid. Tye, Peeples & Jordan, for plaintiff in error. Atkinson & Born, contra.

Continental Aid Association v. Lee; from municipal court of Macon—Judge Daly. Arthur L. Dasher, Jr., for plaintiff in error. Feagin & Hancock, contra.

Rehearing Denied.

Hill Planing Mill Company v. Hardwood Lumber Company; from Fulton.

The mother who spanks her young hopeful with a slipper puts her whole sole into it.

THE BROKEN COIN

By EMERSON HOUGH (From the Scenario by GRACE CUNARD)

AUTHOR of "THE LADY and the PIRATE," "JOHN RAWN," ETC.

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FIRST INSTALLMENT

CHAPTER I.

The Cryptic Coin.

Kitty Gray, crack reporter on the Evening Star, pulled out of her typewriter the last sheet of paper and piled it on the little heap of finished copy which lay at her right. Then she closed her desk, stepped to the wardrobe, and took out her coat and hat.

Taking her little collection of copy paper from the desk, with the privilege of long tenure in office she walked to the desk of the city editor, who, although himself a married man, had all this time without success tried to look at the work before him and not at the trim figure of Kitty Gray making ready for her luncheon journey.

"When will you deign to return?" asked he, with a certain lapse in journalistic dignity.

"When I have a better story than this guff—in the vernacular."

Kitty's favorite lunching place was in one of the great department stores, where women were made welcome and comfortable, and she bent thither her steps; but midway in her journey she paused, as often she did, to gaze into the window of the little antique shop which ocupied space in one of the unimportant side streets.

Kitty Gray's eyes were arrested by something that she saw—an object which she did not recall ever before to have noted in the window. It lay close to the glass, just tilted back so that it might be the better seen. It apparently was an old coin or part of one, curiously done in some dark metal, probably silver badly oxidized.

As Kitty bent down to examine it more closely, she saw that the coin bore an inscription, or what appeared to be such—an inscription broken across by the fracture which had divided the coin itself.

Her curiosity excited, Kitty Gray stepped into the little shop, whose proprietor she knew very well.

"Good morning, Mr. Mainz," she said with the customary newspaper inversion of the order of the day, "how's business? Any new fans, idols, coins—?"

"Coins? Vot? Sure, I got somet'ing new dot is olt. I choost t'ink of him. He iss only a part of himselluf. Should I show him to you?"

"Oh, maybe I saw it in the window," said Kitty smiling. "You mean the broken coin?"

"Sure. Vait till I got him."

Kitty took up the coin now from the case, and some strange sort of thrill came over her as she did so, she could not tell why. What was its message, halting, broken, incomplete? Did it hold a story? What was the story?

"It's odd, isn't it?" said she, and laid it down again carelessly—with a carelessness well feigned; for Kitty Gray had bought antiques before now, and knew well enough when to suppress interest.

"Odt? I should say it vas odt," rejoined the old dealer. Kitty had picked up an inlaid mother of pearl fan and was studiously examining that now.

"How much?" asked she, holding up the fan.

"For the broken coin?"

"No, the fan."

"I vant twelf tollar for him."

"For the coin?"

"No, for the fan. For the coin—vat you gif me?"

"Why, what earthly use would I have for a broken piece of metal like that, Mr. Mainz?"

"Gif me for the fan eleven dollar, und I make you a present of the broken coin anyway."

Kitty Gray's heart gave a sudden little jump. She would have given twice eleven dollars for the coin itself, but she made a good pretense.

"Eleven dollars is a good deal of money," said she. "I would have to go without lunch for quite a while."

"You are a goot sport, Miss Cray," said the old dealer. "I dank you very mooch. I should wrap them up?"

"The fan—yes. Let me see the coin again." She pushed across the counter almost the last of the tightly folded bills in her purse.

"Read the inscription for me, and I knock off two tollars from the fan!" said Mainz. "Vot is it? It is not Cherman, it is not Franzoesisch, it is not English. I am all those. But I could not read him."

Kitty held before her the curious object, a slight frown puckering her brows.

"Well, you see," said she, "it is broken right across on the right hand side—almost a third of the writing is gone.

"Und vot next?"

"It says something about looking for something under the floor, under the pavement of some place of torture or torment."

"'Thesaur'—that word's broken across, but it must mean 'thesaurus'—that means 'a collection'—a 'collection of value,' don't you know?"

"The next line is one word; it's all there—'Regis,'" she went on. "That's plain. 'Rex'—'regis'—it means 'king's' or 'of the king.' 'The king's treasures'—what? I'm down to the last words now. It is curious—a proper name, it is only the Latin name of the kingdom of Gretzhoffen! That's a little bankrupt kingdom over in southern Europe, near the Mediterranean. I know about it—I did a story about it once, the time the kingdom was trying to float a loan in this country. I had to read up a whole lot."

"I bet you could did it, Miss Cray," said Mainz, admiringly. Well, goot-by. Come again und tell me vot you find out, like a goot girl."

"Sure," said Kitty, and turned to leave, her coin clutched tightly in her hand. So intent was she on her purchase that she did not notice she had dropped the package containing the shell-ribbed fan. Vaguely missing something as she emerged into the open air, she turned back, and almost ran into a man who had passed her as she came out. He was a foreign-looking individual, dark of hair and eyes and skin, strongly built, a figure such as one would note. He bowed now courteously enough as he handed her the package she had let fall. Kitty thanked him and hurried on her way. This stranger entered the shop and spoke in some foreign tongue to the old dealer, who shook his head.

"No," said he, answering in English. "I choost sold it—to dot young lady who vent out."

"Who is she?" demanded the foreigner in the same tongue he had first employed.

"Who is she? I know her very well. She is on der papers. Better you look out or she put you in der paper sure. Miss Kitty Gray vos an oldt frent of mine. She read like a book vot vos on the coin. Vy didn't you telephone—maybe she sell it back to you—I don't know. She wouldn't sell it back to me, I know dot. Vot! you are going?"

CHAPTER II.

The Big Assignment.

Kitty Gray did not go to her usual place for luncheon that day. Instead she hurried into a nearby delicatessen shop and bought a sandwich, which she put in her handbag. After this she hurried on back to the office. Arrived there, without ceremony she went again to the desk of the city editor, and silently laid down before him her empty purse, her antique fan, her sandwich and her broken coin.

Cutler looked up with professional calm.

"Yes, Miss Gray? Why all this orderly array of fresh and interesting objects?"

"That is my story," said she.

"What makes you think so? Are you seeing things, Miss Gray?"

"Look here."

Kitty picked up the coin and showed it to him. "See, it is broken quite across—more than a

1—"It's Odd, Isn't It?" She Said.

third of it gone. The inscription is Latin. It is not so much what is on the coin—it is what is off of it. Perhaps it commemorates something."

"Commemorates what, Miss Gray?"

"Precisely—what? That's the story!"

"By Jove!" Cutler was studying at the inscription. "'Sub' means 'under'—what does it say?—'under the bamboo tree?'"

"No, 'under the sidewalk' or the 'flagstone,' or 'floor.'"

"'Underneath the flagstone' or 'pavement' or 'floor'—'in the angle' or 'corner'—whatever that may be—'chamber of torture'—'room of torments'—whatever it is—'there will be found treasures'—'of the king'—'of'—"

"—'Of Gretzhoffen!'" concluded Kitty Gray. "You have not forgotten all your Latin, have you, Mr. Cutler? There is a story for you—if we can only dig it out. There'd be an assignment, wouldn't there? I'd rather do that than society in the summertime."

Billy Cutler, time-tried news man, grown thin and grim and gray in the business, sat for just one moment in thought. "Wait a minute, please," said he at length, and rose to leave the room.

Kitty did wait anxiously enough, for what reason she could not tell. She sat at her own desk, the mysterious broken coin tight clutched in her hand. It seemed an hour before she saw the slender form of the city editor returning from the door which led to the office of the manager and publisher of the Evening Star. He looked at her thoughtfully as he approached.

Cutler held out a check.

"Three thousand dollars!" Kitty Gray's eyes grew larger.

"Expense money. Three months' vacation. Full powers as missionary plenipotentiary of the Evening Star to Gretzhoffen, ambassadress to any old place you happen to think of, Miss Gray. I never knew the old man to go off his head before, but he has this time."

* * * * * * * * * *

Tugging at her heart the swift feeling that she was leaving her usual modest and safe line of life to adventure upon something perhaps fateful—perhaps indeed fatal—Kitty Gray, sober-faced, turned from the door of the Evening Star and walked slowly toward the corner where customarily she took her car for home.

When she entered her apartment she cast one glance about the first little room, and then paused.

The rug in the hall was turned over at one corner—was it by accident? The pictures all hung on the walls, yet several were askew, and—the little wall-safe back of one of the pictures—which had held some small objects of little value, an old daguerreotype or two, some silver spoons, a few gold pieces which she had cherished—had been broken open. Its contents now lay upon the floor. Amazed, Kitty stooped and picked them up, one by one. Nothing was missing—even the gold coins were there. Nothing had been harmed. But who had done this, and why?"

CHAPTER III.

En Voyage.

The great liner Anne of Austria lay in her slip at the dock, her giant pulses just throbbing now and then. Everywhere men and women were hurrying to and fro in the customary orderly confusion of the last few moments before the departure of an ocean steamer.

Calmly, Kitty Gray passed on her way to the boat's office and asked for her mail and her keys.

As she turned, she almost stumbled against a man who had just hurried aboard—a dark man, thickset, foreign in appearance. She had the strange conviction that she had seen him before,

Then she turned to settle herself down in her quarters. So far as she knew, she had not an acquaintance on the boat.

Now, oddly enough, she recalled the face of the stranger, the dark-visaged foreigner whom she had met at the ship's office. Surely it must have been the same man who had handed her her package when she dropped it in the little antique shop! Why should he be on board this boat? Why should he recognize her, remember her—for he had! Trust a woman to know that—he had—he did. Yes, he had known her. Again a cold feeling of apprehension clutched at Kitty Gray's stout little heart.

She rose and tried to fling off her depression by means of a visit to the dining saloon. But for some reason she felt she would be more comfortable—or more safe—in her own room. Here she lay down upon the single berth, which was directly beneath the porthole.

She woke—she knew not when nor why—woke with her eyes staring, passing in the instant from sleep to waking.

A face was looking in upon her! A man had been looking at her, or trying to look at her, as she lay asleep.

Kitty Gray's instinct spoke to her some message—she could not tell what. Swiftly she caught the chamois bag from her bosom, and, emptying its main treasures into her hand, placed them in that

2—"I Choost Sold It to Dot Young Lady Who Went Out."

other treasure house of women—her stocking.

Again feeling the drowsiness invoked by the fresh salt air, at length she lay down once more upon the little couch and resigned herself more comfortably to slumber.

But again she woke—this time it was with a scream of terror! She had felt the touch of a hand. Something had tugged at her neck.

She raised her hand. The chamois bag was gone—it was the jerk of the broken silk cord that had awakened her! And there was the hand that had done it, a strong, dark hand, full-veined, hairy. It still clutched the bag—it still was visible at the porthole. A ribbon end had entangled itself for just an instant in the porthole fastening—an instant long enough for Kitty to see what had been the hand that had committed this robbery.

But who was the robber himself? Quick as thought Kitty sprang to the door, ran down the deck, out the next deck door.

She turned to the captain now and made report of what had happened not once but twice; but even as she went she smiled grimly to herself. The chamois bag was worthless—it had held only a kerchief, a bit of powder puff, perhaps a little silver—nothing more. Her real treasures—she knew where they were now.

The captain was outraged at what he learned when at length she gained admittance to his cabin. With marine precision, he acted at once. From that time on all through the voyage, a boat detective stood at each end of the passageway which led to Kitty's stateroom.

But no trace of any other robbery could be found, nor any clue by which the intruder could be identified.

CHAPTER IV.

The Consul's Story.

The business of any true American consul is to have known the father, or at least some relation, of any caller who comes from his own nation. Consul Jethro Thompson of Ohio, cast away in the melancholy enterprise of representing the dignity of this republic in this small and none-too-well-known principality of Gretzhoffen, was glad—really glad—to see Miss Kitty Gray. And he knew—really knew—her father, or had done so at the time when he was still living.

"It's a grand little place, isn't it—Gretzhoffen?" said Kitty smiling. "I've read about it—and written about it—before now. But this isn't a vacation, really. I am on a big assignment, Mr. Consul. I may want your help—the only trouble is, I don't know what I want to do—I am after a story, and I don't know where it is or what it is!"

"What do you know of Gretzhoffen, anyhow?" he asked suddenly. "You said you had written about it. I suppose—"

"Well, you see," replied Kitty, "when the big news story about the proposed Gretzhoffen loan—its hawking about the street and its rejection—when that came out I was put on the assignment of looking into Gretzhoffen in general. I remember that the old king's name was Michael, wasn't it?"

"The one that died? Yes, Michael the First. He was a good sort. His death was the unluckiest thing that ever happened for this poor little people. He was a good man, King Michael, and a strong one, and a just. So much cannot be said, I am thinking, of the new incumbent of the throne, Michael the Second."

"You see, this Michael the Second is only a king in name, when it comes to facts. He is only a little lieutenant. He has been put on the job by a bigger and stronger man—Count Frederick is the real power behind the throne in Gretzhoffen—a strong and handsome man—be sure you don't fall in love with him. What Count Frederick plans no one knows. Perhaps he has his own eye on the throne—we can't tell what may happen. I say it is a tense sort of a place, Gretzhoffen. But Gretzhoffen is broke. Michael, the king, is broke. Count Frederick, the Warwick of Gretzhoffen, also is broke. That is why they tried to make a loan in our own country.

"When Michael the First died, his treasury disappeared. He was rich, the old king was—rich in the name of Gretzhoffen. But the crown jewels, the imperial securities, the crown treasures of all sorts, the imperial mintage of every description—they disappeared.

"There was rumor that the old king hid his treasures somewhere, but that he left some sort of a mysterious record by which they might be traced. No one knows just what was left for that record. It is known, however, or supposed, at

3—"You Shall Die for This!"

least, that it was put into the possession of an old servant—one of the few men the old king trusted. But this man finally gave up some part of what he knew—part of the proof, whatever it was—to the new king, when he himself was about to die.

"Between them, Count Frederick and Michael the Second bankrupted this kingdom, or at least Michael did. It was their oyster, and they opened it and scraped the shell.

"Now, in case the Count Frederick, the big plunger, or his man Graham, or the little King Michael the Second, should ever get hold of the remaining clue to the whereabouts of old King Michael's treasury—pouf!—you know what would happen then. There would, Miss Kitty, to quote a certain American ballad, 'be a hot time in the old town' in that case."

"It's a story!" said Kitty Gray, drawing a long breath. But a troubled light came to her eyes at the same time. "How will a fellow dig it out?" she asked whimsically.

"Come to me at any time," said Consul Thompson. "I'll see that you have good protection in this city. If within my proper official relations I may do so, I'll help you in your own work as I may. But, I need not say, mum's the word."

"The same to you, Mr. Consul," said Kitty Gray. She held out her hand, with a straight gaze of her wide, gray eyes which both gave and invited confidence.

Consul Thompson stood, his hands in his pockets, looking out of the window as Kitty crossed the pavement to her waiting taxicab. She made a comely figure in her trim traveling dress and jaunty French chapeau—a figure such as one may see on the avenue of a sunny Sunday afternoon, or in some time of festival.

"Kings and queens!" murmured Consul Thompson, hands in pockets. "Now, about queens!"

CHAPTER V.

The Encounter.

Meanwhile, during the interview Kitty Gray had with the Amerian consul, a scene of other import was enacting elsewhere in the Gretzhoffen capital. In the interior of a white marble fronted palace, perhaps a mile or so distant from the humble quarters of the American consulate, a tall, dark, imperious man was pacing up and down restlessly, his eyes now and again turned upon the door of the great apartment, as though he expected some one to enter. At length the door did open. A soft-footed servant appeared.

"Monsieur Roleau, excellency," he announced.

"What, Roleau!" exclaimed the tall man impetuously, as the visitor entered. "What has kept you? The ship docked hours ago. And have you got it? Come, come, man!"

The individual addressed as Roleau bowed deeply. "Excellency," he said, "I came as soon as I could be sure I would not be watched."

He was a man of dark complexion, of strong and sturdy build, of broad shoulders and deep chest—a man half a giant, one would have said—but his eyes dropped as they met the stern gaze of him he addressed, as though he might have been his master.

"You found it—you succeeded, then—tell me!"

"Excellency—sire—yes."

The newcomer extended a hand which trembled slightly. "I swear it was in this bag"—he was offering a little chamois bag tied with a ribbon at the top—a bag which apparently had been once suspended by this broken silken cord.

"You say it was in this bag—then why not now?"

The tall man caught the little receptacle from the other's hands—ripped it wide—shook out the contents. There fell into his hand upon the table near which he stood, only a few trinkets of a woman's toilet—a little, dainty handkerchief, a piece of powdered chamois—a coin—yes, a coin.

The tall man held this up in his hand, his face distorted with rage.

"What! a half-dollar of their cursed money! Curse you!" He half shrieked, and as he did so flung the piece full in the other's face, with such violence that the skin broke under its impact.

"The coin!" went on the enraged speaker—"what do you mean? Do you mock me, Frederick, your real monarch? You shall die for this. You have failed—you have not found it—you have lost it!"

His own eyes half starting from his head in his anger, he strode forward and caught the throat of Roleau in his two mighty hands, shaking him as he would have shaken a child. At length he flung him from him, silent, bleeding, his face a mass of blood.

"Go!" he said, and flung him toward the door.

It was as Kitty Gray, after leaving the American consulate, was speeding toward her hotel in her hired vehicle that she caught sight of a man staggering from the side entrance of a great mansion house of white marble front. He seemed to have escaped from some calamity—from an attempted robbery or murder. Without pausing to ponder upon propriety, she halted her vehicle and sprang out, hastening over to the sufferer, who stood at the edge of the curb.

"What is wrong?" said she. "You are in trouble—you are hurt! Shall I take you home—to some hospital—to the hotel? Come in, you are welcome."

The man looked at her mutely, hesitating.

"Come, I will carry you where you like." She had him by the arm now, and unsightly as he seemed, hurried him into the door of her own vehicle and followed him.

"The Ritz, driver," she directed. And so, in the role of Samaritan, Kitty Gray made her second arrival that day at the stately hotel which she had selected as her own abode.

All through the ride the man at her side remained silent, suffering acutely. He turned his face away. Again there came to Kitty Gray the strange feeling that she felt something which she ought to recognize, she could not tell what. In truth, sympathy had the better of curiosity for the time. She did not examine her strange companion closely, only speaking to him an occasional word of sympathy and assurance. Suddenly remembering that she did not know who he was, and remembering also that her own conduct might be held as singular, she turned her companion over to the head porter of the hotel, and hurried away to her own rooms.

Apparently the disfigured stranger remained at the hotel that night, for when, at eleven of the following morning, Kitty Gray emerged, properly arrayed for a morning ride, she saw the stranger in the hotel lobby, his face swathed in bandages. He seemed to be waiting for her approach, spoke to her some words in a tongue which she did not understand—then changed to French—and then to English.

"If mademoiselle would permit me," he said, "I might be of use, even as I am. I know the city. Might I act as courier for the time? I would show my gratitude, if mademoiselle regards it as proper for me thus to do so."

Kitty Gray, actuated by no definite purpose, but governed by the impulse which she trusted in her trade, turned suddenly toward the curb where stood her hired motor car, and motioned to the man to enter.

They passed on down the wide avenue of the capital, a strange couple enough. Kitty looked curiously about her, studiously examining everything she saw. Yes, the old city was beautiful, with its long lines of green trees, its stately edifices built by hands long stilled in death. Soon she began to find the need of a guide, and unobtrusively the muffled figure at her side quietly suggested the information he thought might be of service. He pointed out some of the other large hotels—mansion houses of this or that court official, the hall of justice, the city hall, the great cathedrals, the royal palace, the palace of the Count Frederick.

"Yes," exclaimed Kitty Gray, "it was here that I found you yesterday. The hotel of the Count Frederick. I know, yes, but why—how did you—"

Her companion suddenly raised a hand, touched her arm gently, requesting silence.

A great car, splendidly equipped and driven at rushing speed, came out of the very side street on which Kitty Gray had found her companion on the previous day. In the car, his gloved hands resting on his stick, sat a tall man, erect, strikingly handsome in his own way, imperious of air and bold of gaze.

Kitty Gray did not notice that her companion had shrunk back low into the seat. Her own eyes met those of the occupant of the advancing car.

Kitty Gray was young and more than a little handsome. She had taken pains to turn herself out well as she might in view of the possible surroundings she might meet on her strange quest. To the bold eyes of the tall stranger she must have seemed fair enough to look upon, for suddenly, as he passed, he stared at her directly, bowed, raised his hat—yes, even smiled.

"Who was that man?" demanded Kitty Gray fiercely of her companion. "He doesn't know me. And yet how like he looked to pictures I have seen. There was a man—an international spy, they said in our country—some strange foreigner—at the time of the Gretzhoffer loan fiasco. Yes, the two faces are strangely alike. Who is he?"

"Of the other I know nothing," rejoined her companion; "but this—he is the Count Frederick."

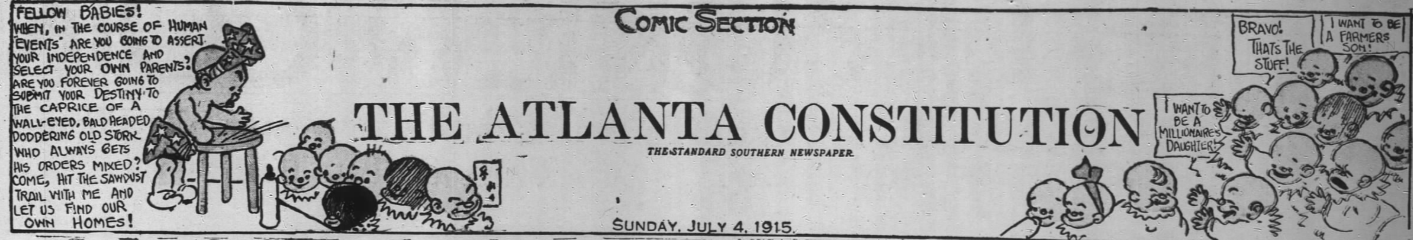
"Count Frederick—the pretender!"

"Hush, mademoiselle, for God's sake hush! We do not dare—you must not dare."

"Follow!" said Kitty Gray, sharply. "Now, tell me more."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

COMIC SECTION
THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER
SUNDAY, JULY 4, 1915.



HOME WANTED BY A BABY

BY CLARE VICTOR DWIGGINS

SCIENCE AND NEAR-SCIENCE UP-TO-DATE

Some Facts You May Not Know

FOR illuminated road signs in Germany an acetylene generator has been developed that does not require attention oftener than once a month.

✦ ✦ ✦

A NEW electric sealing wax melter keeps the wax at the right temperature and applies any amount desired to the object that is to be sealed.

✦ ✦ ✦

A GERMAN inventor has patented a method for using carbonic acid gas in a machine to spray mortar or plaster on a wall to hasten its setting.

✦ ✦ ✦

PORTIONS of store windows can be converted into blackboards for sign writing by sandblasting the outside of the glass and painting the inside.

Uncle Sam's Newest Gun Throws Lead Like Water From Garden Hose

UNCLE SAM today possesses one of the deadliest rapid-fire guns in the world. No advancing army could face the terrific hail of death that it pours forth at the rate of 400 shots a minute.

The new weapon was invented by Berny Mercier, a Frenchman, and purchased outright by the United States. It is being manufactured for general army use and is looked upon as one of the most effective weapons for field use ever designed.

The new rapid-fire weapon is small enough to be handled by one man, can be moved rapidly from place to place, and, as a consequence, is available for almost any use.

The method of using the gun is not unlike that of the common garden hose. Firing 400 shots a minute means that an almost continuous stream of lead pours from its barrel. As it is moved about at the will of the gunner, an advancing column of soldiers would be mowed down like grain before a sickle.

New and Queer Bits of News

TO PREVENT waste an Englishman has invented a mustard pot in which pressure on a piston on top forces a small amount of the contents out a spout.

✦ ✦ ✦

IN A Pennsylvania railroad town trainmen are called to duty by flashing their names and other information on the screens of motion picture theaters.

✦ ✦ ✦

KING GEORGE of England is the inventor of a stove that will serve as an open grate in one room of a house and cook meals in the usual way in another.

✦ ✦ ✦

FOR protecting propellers of small boats from injury there has been invented a guard consisting of a parallel rods to be fastened to the stern of a boat.

Panama Canal Now Illuminated by Lamps That Light Themselves

THE Panama Canal from end to end is illuminated by a string of brilliant lamps, which light themselves at sunset and put themselves out when the sun rises again. This marvelous fairy tale of modern science is due to the efforts of Swedish engineers to find some economical means of lighting their long, sparsely populated coast. The reefs and narrow inlets are a menace to skippers and fishermen, but the expense of engaging lighthouse-keepers and providing them with the means of livelihood was so great that many dangerous points must necessarily be left unguarded, according to the American-Scandinavian Review.

The discovery that acetone dissolves great quantities of acetylene formed the basis of the invention by which Gustaf Dalen created his boon to mariners, the self-tending lamp. It afforded a practical and economical means of transporting large amounts of this highly illuminant gas: the Aga gas accumulator, which was finally evolved, contains 100 times its own volume of gas and is at the same time safe and nonexplosive. Instead of needing constant attention, it can be fixed to burn for a year or even a longer time without being touched. The Aga flashlight apparatus makes it possible to give the marine lights a distinctive character by producing flashes of any desired duration or combination. As the flash character now generally adopted requires the flame to burn for only one-tenth of the time, this means great economy. Most marvelous of all to the layman is the sun valve, which extinguishes the light during the day, thus further diminishing gas consumption.

The lighthouse of Gasfeten on a little reef at the entrance to Ronneby in Sweden was the first in which the Aga light was installed. This was in 1904, and the experiment proved so satisfactory that it has since been adopted practically all over the world.

Ideas That May Be Converted Into Cash

ALL about you are inventions or simple household devices that tend to make life easier, happier or healthier. Perhaps you have discovered or invented something of the sort. If not you see articles of this kind that have been originated by others. Perhaps you have seen a new safeguard to cope with umbrella thieves, a means of keeping baby from falling from the high chair, or a holder for hot implements on the cook stove. This newspaper desires to help in distributing these time and labor saving ideas broadcast. It will make your help profitable by buying your two best ideas on these subjects each week. Five dollars will be paid for the best description of such a device and $3 for the second idea selected. If possible a photograph, a drawing or a rough pencil sketch should accompany your contribution. The subjects may involve anything that could be classified as science or near-science. Address Science Editor, care of this newspaper.

Are the Birds More Scientific Aviators Than Men?

HAVE birds mastered secrets of aviation that still puzzle their human competitors?

The question whether large birds transport smaller ones through the air is one that has led to much observation on the part of students of nature, and some important facts on the subject have recently been brought to light.

Birds do not merely convey their young to the ground. Large birds frequently transport smaller ones in their yearly migrations. The woodcock, when it wishes to convey a young one from a place of danger, presses the tiny bird between her own feet and against her breast and flies with it through the air.

It is a common opinion among the Eskimos that a small bird of the sparrow family is aided in its migratory flights by the wild goose.

The opinion has long been held that cranes are utilized for the same purpose by small birds in crossing the Mediterranear. Several ornithologists have confirmed this popular opinion by their own observation. In the autumn flocks of cranes are seen coming from the north. As they circle over the cultivated plains of Palestine little birds fly up to them, and the twittering of those already settled upon their backs can be plainly heard.

Another observer saw smaller birds rise from the backs of cranes at which a gun had been fired. A Swedish traveler, while staying at Rhodes, saw flocks of storks fly over the sea with numerous small birds perched on their backs.

In England recently a short-eared owl was seen to come "flopping" across the sea. As it alighted on the shore a little bird dropped off its back and flew along the sand. On the broad back of the owl this tiny creature had ridden in safety across the wild North Sea.

Origin of Cat and Bag Joke

THOUGH many people frequently use the expression, "Let the cat out of the bag," its origin is not generally known.

It is said to have once been a favorite trick among country folk in England to substitute a cat for one of the young pigs when the latter were taken in bags to market. These bags, in old phraseology, were known as pokes.

If any greenhorn was foolish enough to buy "a pig in a poke"—that is, to purchase the animal without looking at it—the trick was successful, but if he opened the sack to satisfy himself concerning the value of his desired purchase pussy would be sure to jump out.

The "cat was let out of the bag" and the trick was disclosed.

Villages That Grow About Trades

A PECULIAR form of Russian life is the occurrence of villages devoted to a particular branch of trade. Each village, each district, each province has some special occupation. Thus one province is noted for the manufacture of axes, in another the inhabitants are all engaged in cutting wood for fuel, in another they are all market gardeners and fruit growers.

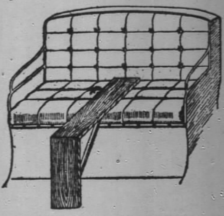
In some parts of the empire the people all live in villages or towns, there being no solitary dwellings. Among the people of wealth and the nobility there is, of course, much leisure time and much of it is spent in card playing, attending balls and banquets. Card playing seems to be the most fashionable amusement.

As in many of the countries of Europe, much of the trading is done at fairs, where the people from miles around assemble.

✦ ✦ ✦

TO PROMOTE the industrial and technical utilization of alcohol the Russian ministry of finance has offered prizes totaling about $136,000 for the best inventions in this respect.

Third Seat Easily Constructed



HERE is a simple solution of the "third seat" dilemma in an ordinary two-seated buggy or automobile. Two small boards, constructed to form an "L"-shaped device, as shown in the picture, is all that is necessary. The end of this extra seat may be slipped upon the buggy or auto seat between the two passengers. A cushion is placed upon this board and the extra passenger is as comfortable as if provided with a regular, all-to-himself seat.

✦ ✦ ✦

AUSTRALIA has modified its absolute prohibition of the importation of opium to permit the entry of the drug for medicinal purposes.

Needles Old as Civilization

NEEDLES were no doubt contemporaneous with the very beginning of civilization, as they were necessary for the fashioning of even the rudest skin garments. In their earliest form they were probably only strong thorns or splinters of wood, bone or stone, for puncturing holes through which to draw the thread. The next step was to make an eye in the splinter, that it might carry the thread at the same time that it pierced the skin, and some very finely finished and polished needles have been found in prehistoric remains.

Bronze needles have been found in Egyptian tombs that must have been made several thousand years before the Christian era, and similar implements are known to have been in use by the Chinese, Hindus, Chaldeans, Assyrians and other ancient nations at very early periods in their history. The steel needle is believed to have been first made in Spain. It is known that these needles were manufactured at several places in Europe as early as the fourteenth century.

Pins are also of very ancient manufacture. They were made at first of ivory, bone or wood splints, but bronze pins are found in Egyptian tombs, and also those of silver and gold. The ancient Romans had metal pins, also, and so had other nations. They were made with ornamented heads, and from one to eight inches long. The small pin as we know it was a more modern invention.

Here's the Greatest Cake Ever Built

HOUSEWIVES, how would you like to bake a cake of the following dimensions and ingredients:

Eighteen yards long, eight yards broad and more than one-half yard thick, containing thirty-six bushels of flour, 200 gallons of milk, one ton of butter, a huge quantity of yeast and 5,000 eggs?

Such a cake, probably the largest ever made, was served in June, 1730, by Frederick William I., King of Prussia, to his army following a huge repast. The 30,000 soldiers, already glutted, could not eat the entire cake, and remnants of it were distributed among the inhabitants of neighboring towns and villages.

Why Cost of Living Is Higher

PEOPLE who imagine that food is getting dearer might well ponder a recent editorial in the British Medical Journal, in which it is pointed out that what most people are paying higher prices for is absolutely unnecessary.

This being true of England, "what would he say if he were familiar with conditions in the United States?" asks the Literary Digest.

"The very cheapest foods, wisely chosen, have all the physiological value of the dearest," says the editorial. "The cheapest American cheese is as nutritive as Stilton or Roquefort, the herring is as nourishing as salmon, the flank or shin of beef as sirloin, margarine as butter, starch as arrowroot, cabbage as asparagus. Moreover, by good cooking cheap food can be made as tasty and appetizing as the dearest, and no less good a stimulant of the digestive juices."

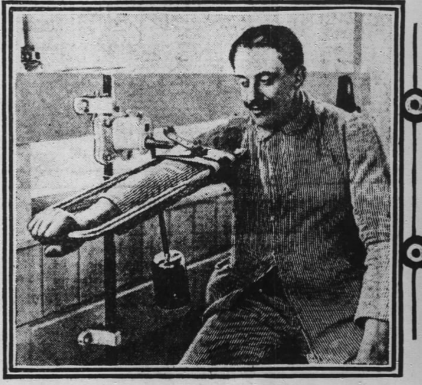
The British Medical Journal extols as a "magnificent basis of diet" the oatmeal and milk with green stuff from the kale yard that used to be the food of the Scots, and mentions as "a most tasty, nutritious and excellent meal" the old-fashioned Scotch "white pudding," which was made of oatmeal and dripping, flavored with herbs and onion, stuffed into a sausage skin.

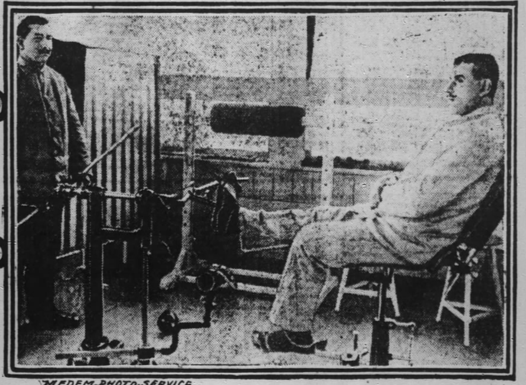
The editorial denounces white bread—that is, bread made from bleached flour. "'Flour," it says, "is bleached wholesale to make it white. The bleaching enables low grades of flour to be sold as white and enhances the profits of the miller. It is of no value; if anything, it tends to deteriorate the flour. Economically it is a wholly unsound proceeding."

As for canned foods it says: "In the canning of foodstuffs heating to 120 degrees destroys the vitamines.

"The pig," it continues, "flourishes and waxes fat on the contents of the waste pail. Children could flourish no less well on the discarded material."

Putting New Arms On Wounded German Soldiers





MEDEM-PHOTO-SERVICE

The Soldier Shown in the Right Hand Picture Was Wounded in Both Legs During the Fighting in the Champagne District. Convalescent, He Still Suffers From Anchylosis, or Partial Stiffness of the Limbs. The Hospital Attendant Is Seen Giving Him a "Mechanical Massage," Which, It Is Believed, Will Put Him in Condition for Active Service Again in the Near Future. A Dislocated Shoulder Is Treated in Similar Manner, as Shown to the Left. It Is Declared That the War Thus Has Caused Tremendous Advancement in Medical Science.

SCIENCE has again linked arms with the German spirit of thoroughness—this time in the interest of the wounded soldier.

Queer-looking mechanical appliances have been installed in the hospitals of Berlin to prevent anchylosis. This is a surgical term for a condition wherein tissues and ligaments become partly immovable because of inflammation, infection, or like causes.

For instance, when a German soldier is wounded in a limb, first attention is given to the wound itself. After it begins to heal the limb is placed in the newly invented apparatus and moved back and forth to prevent stiffness, and, in some cases, permanent lameness. Similar treatment is given to limbs that have become dislocated.

In other words, the same treatment might be termed "mechanical massage," for it embodies the same principles contained in the Swedish movement and other massage methods. One can readily see its advantage over the latter, which would require a great many nurses on account of the big list of wounded soldiers.

Turtle Slowest of All Living Creatures

OF ALL living creatures the turtle is among the slowest in its movement and exercise of brain power. Yet a well-known American naturalist has succeeded in training three of these creatures to do a number of little tricks.

He places them, one above the other, on spools. If a piece of cabbage or other green stuff is held out in front of them they will make a complete circuit, all moving in unison, keeping their balance and not tumbling off. The bigger turtle will also ring a bell. This it grasps in one of its forefeet, jerks off the ground and then gives a shake.

Here's a Perfect Electric Bell

AN ORIGINAL electric bell combination is in use in Paris which is designed to get rid of all trouble caused by the question of batteries, for these are now lodged within the apparatus itself. The usual box bell shape is retained, but the arrangement of the parts is different in this case. All the magnet parts are now lodged under the gong itself,

FISHING for SUBMARINES with BOMB BAIT

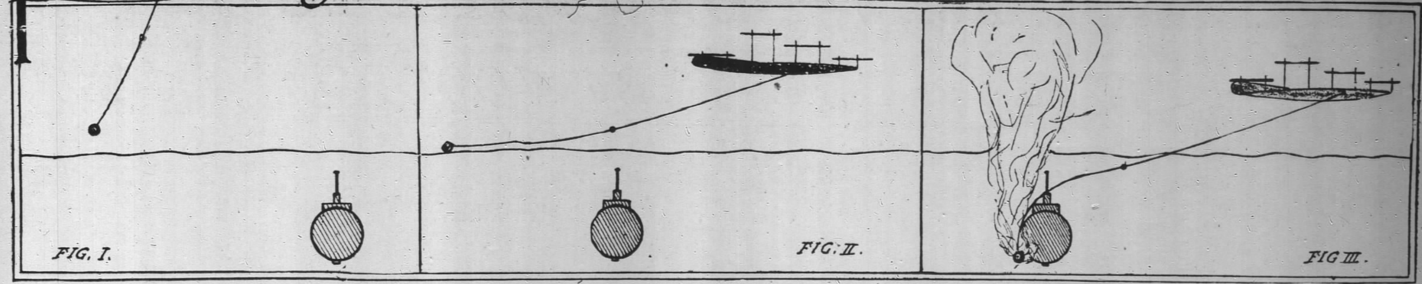
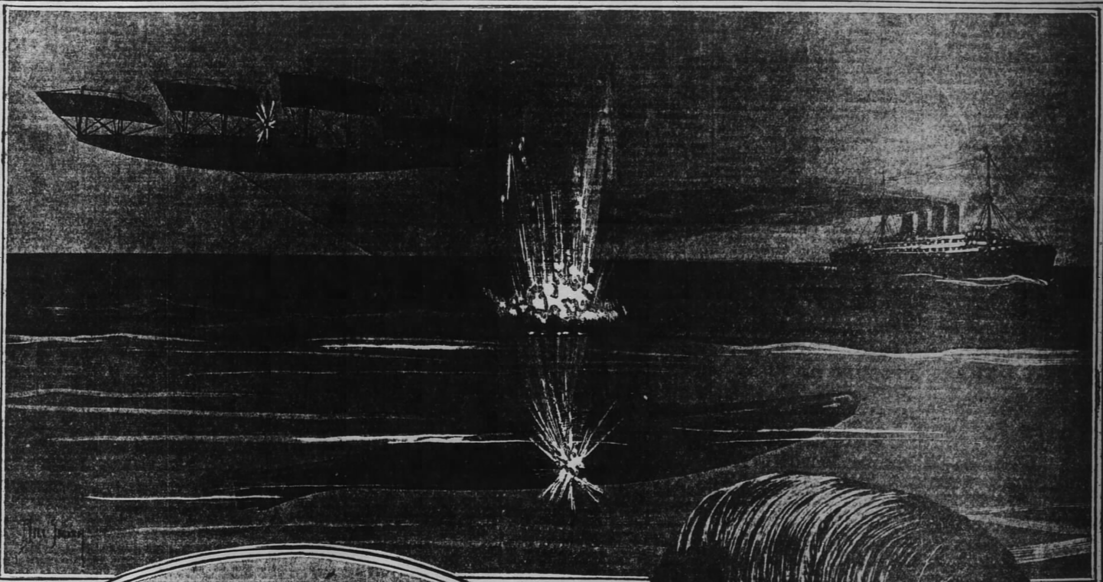
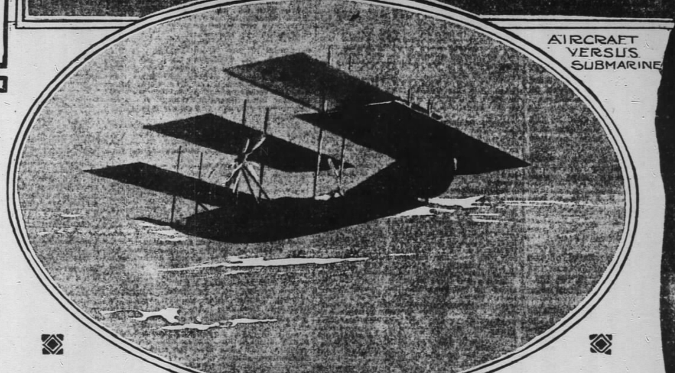


DIAGRAM SHOWING THREE PHASES OF ATTACK ON AND DESTRUCTION OF A SUBMARINE

THOMAS E. LAKE, With New Device, Says He Can Destroy Instantly the Deep Sea Terror of Modern Warfare



AIRCRAFT VERSUS SUBMARINE



THE LAKE "AEROMOBILE"

THOMAS E. LAKE

By Thomas E. Lake.

ONE man in an aeroplane can destroy a submarine in less time than it takes to hook and gaff a weakfish or a bluefish, and the method is much the same.

Instead of trawling from the deck of a sloop or schooner with a silk line and live bait, you use an aeroplane, a controlling device, the secret of which I am not prepared to divulge as yet, and instead of live bait a contact bomb of terrific explosive force.

As is shown in the diagram, the aeroplane skims over the sea with the bomb suspended from the controlling device, some distance above the water. Now, contrary to the belief of many persons, a submarine does not travel beneath the surface all the time. Consideration of the life of her storage batteries, air for breathing and speed make it desirable to travel at the surface whenever practicable without risk of discovery by the enemy.

A submarine generally travels at the surface, or in the "awash" condition, until in the vicinity of her intended attack. When within a reasonable distance of her victim she submerges so that only a few feet of water is above the periscope. In this condition she would lay in wait for or proceed toward her enemy, from time to time raising her periscope above the surface to direct her course and to aim her torpedo.

When thus submerged she would be invisible to a surface ship, but could be detected from above. The air scouts claim that even when a submarine dives very deep they can see a dark patch in the water and at least give warning to a surface ship that the undersea terror is near.

Assuming that a submarine had been located by the operator of an aeroplane, even though the craft were considerable distance below the surface of the water, he would lower the bomb to the position shown in Figure 1, allowing it to trail about fifteen or twenty feet above the water.

Then he would direct his course so that the aeroplane would cut across just ahead of the submarine, meanwhile reducing his speed as much as possible, for speed at this juncture would be a distinct disadvantage.

When about to cross the submarine's path the aviator would release the controlling mechanism, allowing the bomb to fall into the water and sink, as in Figure 2. This brings the wire in contact with the periscope or any other projection of the submarine, and the bomb would thus be drawn against the side of the craft and explode on contact, as in Figure 3, the wire being automatically released from the control mechanism.

It takes more time to explain this attack than it does to execute it. In practice it would occur so quickly as to give absolutely no warning to the submarine, destroying her and her crew. They would not have the slightest chance to escape or to know what had happened to them.

The hopelessness of trying to drop unattached bombs on a submarine, either submerged or at the surface, considering the velocity at which an aeroplane travels, will be apparent, but with the trawling device the thing is simpler. In dropping a free bomb it is necessary to strike the target with the missile itself. In trawling, once the wire fouls the submarine the bomb is certain to find its mark, and it will explode when it strikes it and not before.

I have recently patented a new type of flying machine, which is shown in the diagram and in a photograph on this page. It is particularly adaptable to the trawling attack on submarines because of the great speed of which it is capable and also the extremely low speed at which it can be driven and still maintain its buoyancy and stability.

Although this machine seems to be the best for attacks against submarines, it was not with this particular object in view that I experimented with it. The main idea was to develop a safe machine—an "even-keel" aeroplane.

As an aero expression the term "even-keel" designates a type of flying machine which maintains a horizontal position at all times, both fore and aft as well as lateral trim considered. In addition to the even-keel feature, the wings of this machine are flexible and may be adjusted to various curvatures to suit the thrust of the propellers and the weight to be carried at variable speeds.

Probably the most important and novel feature of this machine is the method of adjusting the wings so that the machine can make a vertical landing when so desired. No type of flying machine will ever be safe unless some means are provided to insure a safe landing when headway is lost. The engine of to-day is not so perfect as to be proof against sudden stopping through ignition or other trouble.

The submarine and the aeroplane seem to be the two weapons in this war against which there is so far no adequate defence. Aeroplanes have been used to detect the presence of submarines, but they have not attacked them effectively. With the trawling device perfected the aeroplane would become the conqueror of land and sea. In spite of their infancy they have been proved indispensable for both army and navy. They are of the greatest possible value as scouts, and although they have not as yet done as well as was expected from the offensive standpoint they will surely be developed along that line, so that an attack from the air will be more horrible than any artist has ever drawn it.

Musk Is Getting Scarce.

TACHIENLU, China, is one of the principal musk markets of the world. During the last few years a large firm with headquarters in Paris stationed a representative at Tachienlu for the sole purpose of buying musk. It is very difficult to obtain pure musk, and every pod has to be carefully examined. While musk is exported at several points along the Thibetan border, the best quality is obtained at Tachienlu. Three thousand pounds of musk on an average are shipped every year from Chungking, and it is estimated that fully half of this amount passes through Tachienlu.

Most of this musk is sent to France, where it is employed in the manufacture of perfumery. The musk is not only used for the perfume that bears this name but is a most essential ingredient in all of the better classes of perfumery. Musk has certain radioactive properties that cause the odor of the perfume to be carried through the air in a way that would otherwise be impossible. The radioactive property of the musk affects most peculiarly the natives who carry it. If it is held close to the body for any length of time it produces sores that are probably similar in character to those caused by pure radium.

The musk pod above referred to is a sort of gland or pouch of the male deer, and the musk itself is secreted only during certain seasons of the year. It is said that this highly odoriferous secretion is provided by nature to enable the musk deer to be followed by its mate. This species of animal is much smaller than is generally supposed.

Our Country--by Our President

A History of the American People By WOODROW WILSON

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WAR WITH THE FRENCH AND INDIANS

EVEN the little that had been gained in King William's war had now to be gained all over again.

Sir William Phips had taken Port Royal very handily at the outset of that war (1690), and Acadia with it, and there had been no difficulty in holding the conquered province until the war ended; but the treaty of Ryswick had handed back to the French everything the English had taken, the statesmen of England hardly heeding America at all in the terms they agreed to—and so a beginning was once more to be made.

The war began, as every one knew it must, with forays on the border; the Indians were the first afoot, and were more to be feared than the French.

The first movement of the English was made at the south, where, before the first year (1702) of the war was out, the Carolinas struck at the power of Spain in Florida. They sent a little force against St. Augustine, and easily swept the town itself, but stood daunted before the walls of the castle, lacking cannon to reduce it, and came hastily away at sight of two Spanish ships standing in the harbor, leaving their very stores and ammunition behind them in their panic.

They had saddled the colony with a debt of 6,000 pounds and gained nothing. But they at least kept their own borders safe against the Indians and their own little capital at Charleston safe against reprisals by the Spaniards.

The Apalachees, who served the Spaniards on the border, they swept from their forest country in 1706, and made their border quiet by fire and sword, driving hundreds of the tribesmen they did not kill to new seats beyond the Savannah.

Three years went by before they were in their turn attacked by a force out of Florida. Upon a day in August, 1706, while the little capital lay stricken with yellow fever, a fleet of five French vessels appeared off the bar at their harbor mouth, bringing Spanish troops from Havana and St. Augustine.

There was a quick rally to meet them. Colonial militia went to face their landing parties; gallant Colonel Rhett manned a little flotilla to check them on the water, and they were driven off, leaving 230 prisoners and a captured ship behind them. The southern coast could take care of itself.

Nothing had been done meanwhile in the north.

The first year of the war (1702) had seen Boston robbed of 300 of her inhabitants by the scourage of smallpox, and New York stricken with a fatal fever brought out of the West Indies from which no man could rally. That dismal year lingered for many a day in the memory of the men of the middle colonies as "the time of the great sickness."

The northernmost border had been harried from Wells to Casco by the French Indians (1703); Deerfield, far away in the wilderness by the Connecticut, had been fearfully dealt with at dead of night, in the midwinter of 1704, by a combined force of French and Indians; in 1705 the French in Acadia had brought temporary ruin upon the English trading posts in Newfoundland; and a French privateer had insolently come in open day into the bay at New York, as if to show the English there how defenseless their great harbor was, with all the coast about it (1705).

And yet there had ben no counterstroke by the English—except that Colonel Church, of Massachusetts, had spent the summer of 1704 in destroying, as he could, the smaller and less defended French and Indian villages upon the coasts which lay about the Penobscot and the Bay of Fundy.

In 1707 a serious attempt was made to take Port Royal. Colonel March took 1,000 men against the place, in twenty-three transports, convoyed by a man-of-war, and regularly laid siege to it; but lacked knowledge of the business he had undertaken and failed utterly.

ACADIA BECOMES NOVA SCOTIA.

ANOTHER three years went by before anything was accomplished; and the French filled them in, as before, with raids and massacres.

Again Haverhill was surprised, sacked and burned (1708). The English were driven from the Bahama Islands. An expedition elabroateely prepared in England to be sent against the French in America was countermanded. (1709), because a sudden need arose to use it at home.

Everything attempted seemed to miscarry as of course.

And then at last fortune turned a trifle kind. Colonel Francis Nicholson, governor of Virginia till 1705, had gone to England when he saw things stand hopelessly still in America, and, being a man steadfast and hard to put by, was at last able, in 1710, to obtain and bring assistance in person from over sea.

He had recommended, while yet he was governor of Virignia, it was recalled, that the colonies be united under a single viceroy and defended by a standing army for which they should themselves be made to pay.

The ministers at home had been too prudent to take that advice; but they listened now to his appeal for a force to be sent to America.

By the 24th of September, 1710, he lay off Port Royal with a fleet of thirty-five sail, besides hospital and store ships, with four regiments of New England militia aboard his transports and a detachment of marines.

On the 1st of October he opened the fire of three batteries within a hundred yards of the little fort that guarded the place, and within twenty-four hours he had brought it to its capitulation, as Sir Wliliam Phips had done twenty years before.

Acadia was once more a conquered province of England. Colonel Nicholson renamed its port Annapolis Royal, in honor of the queen whom he served. The name of the province itself the English changed to Nova Scotia.

Two years more, and the war was practically over; but no victories had been added to that lonely achievement at Fort Royal. Colonel Nicholson went from his triumph in Acadia back to England again, to solicit a yet stronger force to be taken against Quebec, and once more got what he wanted. In midsummer of 1711 Sir Hovenden Walker arrived at Boston with a great fleet of transports and men-of-war, bringing Colonel Hill and seven of Marlborough's veteran regiments to join the troops of New England in a decisive onset upon the stronghold of New France. Colonel Nicholson was to lead the colonial levies through the forests to Quebec; Sir Hovenden Walker was to ascend the St. Lawrence and strike from the river. But neither forcce reached Quebec. The admiral blundered in the fogs which beset him at the mouth of the great stream, lost eight ships and almost 1,000 men, and then put about in dismay and steered straightaway for England, to have his flagship blow up under him at Spithead. Colonel Nicholson heard very promptly of the admiral's ignoble failure, and did not make his march. The next year, 1712, the merchants of Quebec subscribed to a fund to complete the fortifications of their rock-built city, and even women volunteered to work upon them, that they might be finished ere the English came again. But the English did not come. That very summer brought a truce; and in March, 1713, the war ended with the peace of Utrecht. The treaty gave England Hudson's bay, Acadia, Newfoundland and the little island of St. Christopher alongside Nevis in the Lesser Antilles.

UPRISING OF SOUTHERN INDIANS.

"QUEEN ANNE'S WAR" was over; but there was not yet settled peace in the south.

While the war lasted North Carolina had had to master, in blood and terror, the fierce Iroquois tribe of the Tuscaroras, who mustered 1,200 warriors in the forests which lay nearest the settlements. And when the war was over South Carolina had to conquer a whole confederacy of tribes whom the Spaniards had stirred up to attack her.

The Tuscaroras had seemed friends through all the first years of the English settlement on their coast; but the steady, ominous advance of the English, encroaching mile by mile upon their hunting grounds, had at last maddened them to commit a sudden and awful treachery.

In September, 1711, they fell with all their natural fury upon the nearer settlements, and for three days swept them with an almost continuous carnage.

The next year the awful butchery was repeated. Both times the settlements found themselves too weak to make effective resistance; both times aid was sent from South Carolina, by forced marches through the long forests; and finally, in March, 1713, the month of the peace of Utrecht, an end was made.

The Tuscaroras were attacked and overcome in their last stronghold. The remnant that was left migrated northward to join their Iroquois kinsmen in New York—and Carolina was quit of them forever.

The strong tribes which held sway in the forests of South Carolina—the Yamassees, Creeks, Catawbas and Cherokees—were no kinsmen of these alien Iroquois out of the north, and had willingly lent their aid to the English to destroy them. But, the war over, the Spaniards busied themselves to win these tribes also to a conspiracy against the English settlements, and succeeded only too well.

They joined in a great confederacy, and put their 7,000 or 8,000 braves on the warpath, to destroy the English. For almost a whole year (April, 1715, to February, 1716,) they kept to their savage work unsubdued, until fully 400 whites had lost their lives at their hands.

Then the final reckoning came for them also, and the shattered remnants of their tribes sought new homes for themselves as they could. The savages had all but accomplished their design against the settlements. The awful work of destroying them left the Carolinas upon the verge of utter exhaustion, drained of blood and money, almost without means to bear the heavy charges of government in a time of war and sore disorder.

There were some among the disheartened settlers who thought of abandoning their homes there altogether and seeking a place where peace might be had at a less terrible cost. But there was peace at least, and the danger of absolute destruction had passed.

New York had her own fright while the war lasted. A house blazed in the night (1712), and certain negroes who had gathered about it killed some of those who came to extinguish the flames.

It was rumored that there had been a plot among the negroes to put the whole of the town to the torch; an investigation was made, amidst a general panic which rendered calm inquiry into such a matter impossible, and nineteen blacks were executed.

But in most of the colonies domestic affairs had gone quietly enough, the slow war disturbing them very little.

Connecticut found leisure of thought enough, in 1708, to collect a synod at Saybrook and formulate a carefully considered constitution for her churches, which her legislature the same year adopted.

In 1707 New York witnessed a notable trial which established the freedom of dissenting pulpits. Lord Cornbury, the profligate governor of the province, tried to silence the Rev. Francis Mackemie, a Presbyterian minister—pretending that the English laws of worship and doctrine were in force in New York; but a jury made short work of acquitting him.

Massachusetts endured Joseph Dudley as governor throughout the war (1702-15), checking him very pertinaciously at times when he needed the assistance of her general court, but no longer refusing to live with reasonable patience under governors not of her own choosing.

CAPABLE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA.

FORTUNATELY for the Carolinas, a very notable man had become governor of Virginia ere the Tuscaroras took the warpath.

There were tribes at the border—Nottoways, Meherrins and even a detached group of the Tuscaroras themselves—who would have joined in the savage conspiracy against the whites had not Colonel Spotswood been governor of Virginia and shown himself capable of holding them quiet with a steady hand of authority—a word of conciliation and a hint of force.

Alexander Spotswood was no ordinary man. He added to a gentle breeding a manly bearing, such as Virginians loved, and the administrative gifts which so many likable governors had lacked.

His government was conducted with clear-eyed enterprise and steady capacity.

It added to his consequence that he had borne the Queen's commission in the forces of the Great Marlborough on the field of Blenheim, and came to his duty in Virginia (1710) bearing a wound received on the famous field.

His blood he took from Scotland, where the distinguished annals of his family might be read in many a public record; and a Scottish energy entered with him into the government of Virginia—as well as a Scottish candor and directness in speech—to the great irritation presently of James Blair, as aggressive a Scotsman as he, and more astute and masterful.

It was Colonel Spotswood who, in 1716, gathered a company of gentlemen about him for a long ride of discovery into the Alleghenies.

They put tehir horses through the very heart of the long wilderness, and won their way despite all obstacles to a far summit of the Blue Ridge, whence, first among all their countrymen, they looked forth to the westward upon the vast slopes which fell away to the Ohio and the great basin of the Mississippi.

Colonel Spotswood, standing there the leader of the little group, knew that it was this way the English must come to make conquest of the continent.

He urged his government at home to stretch a chain of defensive posts beyond the mountains from the lakes to the Mississippi, to keep the French from those inner valleys which awaited the coming of the white man; but he did not pause in the work he could do himself because the advice went unheeded.

He kept the Indians still; he found excellent lands for a thrifty colony of Germans, and himself began the manufacture of iron in the colony, setting up the first iron furnace in America.

The debts of the colony were most of them discharged, and a good trade in corn, lumber, and salt provisions sprang up with the West Indies.

He rebuilt the college, recently destroyed by fire, and established a school for Indian children. He improved as he could the currency of the colony.

His works were the quiet works of peace and development—except for his vigorous suppression of the pirates of the coast—and his administration might have outrun the year 1722, which saw him removed, had he been a touch less haughty, overbearing unused to conciliating or pleasing those whose service he desired.

He made enemies, and was at last ousted by them.

WIPING OUT PIRACY.

SOME of the best qualities of the soldier and administrator came out in Colonel Spotswood in the long struggle to put the pirates down once and for all.

Queen Anne's war had turned pirates into privateers and given pause to the stern business for a little, but it began again in desperate earnest when the war was over and peace concluded at Utrecht.

It was officially reported by the secretary of Pennsylvania in 1717 that there were still 1,500 pirates on the coasts, making their headquarters at the Cape Fear and at New Providence in the Bahamas, and sweeping the sea as they dared from Brazil to Newfoundland.

But the day of their reckoning was near at hand.

South Carolina had cleared her own coasts for a little at the beginning of the century, but the robbers swarmed at her inlets again when the Indian massacres had weakened and distracted her, and the end of the war with France set many a roving privateersman free to return to piracy.

The crisis and turning point came in the year 1718. That year an English fleet crossed the sea, took New Providence, purged the Bahamas of piracy, and made henceforth a stronghold there for law and order.

That same year Stede Bonnet, of Barbadoes, a man who had but the other day held a major's commission in her majesty's service, honored and of easy fortune, but now turned pirate, as if for pastime, was caught at the mouth of the Cape Fear by armed ships under redoubtable Colonel Rhett, who had driven the French out of Charleston harbor thirteen years before, and was taken and hanged on Charleston dock, all his crew having gone before him to the ceremony.

"This humour of going a-pyrating," it was said, "proceeded from a disorder in his mind, which had been but too visible in him some time before this wicked undertaking; and which is said to have been occasioned by some discomforts he found in a married state," but the law saw nothing of that in what he had done.

While Bonnet awaited his condemnation, Edward Thatch, the famous "Blackbeard," whom all the coast dreaded, went a like way to death, trapped within Ocracoke inlet by two stout craft sent against him out of Virginia by Colonel Spotswood.

And so, step by step, the purging went on.

South Carolina had as capable a governor as Virginia in Robert Johnson; and the work done by these and like men upon the coasts, and by the English ships in the West Indies, presently wiped piracy out.

By 1730 there was no longer anything for ships to rear on these coasts save the navigation acts and stress of sea weather.

It was a long coast, and it took a long time to carry law and order into every bay and inlet. But every year brought increase of strength to the colonies, and with increase of strength power to rule their coasts as they chose.

Queen Anne's war over, quiet peace descended upon the colonies for almost an entire generation (1712-1740). Except for a flurry of Indian warfare now and again upon the borders, or here and there some party plot or sudden brawl, quiet reigned, and peaceful progress.

Anne, the queen, died the year after peace was signed (1714); and the next year Louis XIV. followed her, the great king who had so profoundly stirred the politics of Europe.

An old generation had passed away, and new men and new measures seemed now to change the whole face of affairs.

The first George took the throne, a German, not an English prince, his heart in Hanover; and presently the affairs of England fell into the hands of Sir Robert Walpole.

Sir Robert kept his power for twenty-oneyears (1721-1742), and conducted the government with the shrewd, hardheaded sense and administrative capacity of a steady country squire—as if governing were a sort of business, demanding, like other businesses, peace and an assured and equable order in affairs.

It was time of growth and regeneration, with much to do, but little to record.

A SLOW TRANSFORMATION.

THE colonies, while Sir Robert Walpole was in office, underwent in many things a slow transformation.

Their population grew in numbers not only, but also in variety. By the end of the war there were probably close upon half a million people within their borders, counting slave with free, and with the return of peace there came a quickened increase.

New England slowly lost its old ways of separate action as a self-constituted confederacy, and Massachusetts, with her new system of royal governors and a franchise broadened beyond the lines of her churches; by degrees lost her leadership.

She was losing her old temper of Puritan thought.

It was impossible to keep her population any longer of the single strain of which it had been made up at the first. New elements were steadily added and new elements brought new ways of life and new beliefs.

She was less and less governed by her pulpits; turned more and more to trade for sustenance; welcomed newcomers with less and less scrutiny of their ways of thinking; grew less suspicious of change, and more like her neighbors in her zest for progress.

Scots-Irish began to make their appearance in the colony, some of them going to New Hampshire, some remaining in Boston, and they were given a right willing welcome.

The war had brought sore burdens of expense and debt upon the people, and these Scots-Irish knew the profitable craft of linen-making which the Boston people were glad to learn, and use to clothe themselves, for poverty, they declared, "is coming upon us as an armed man."

These new immigrants brought with them also the potato, not before used in New England, and very acceptable as an addition to the colony's bill of fare.

Small vessels now began to venture out from Cape Cod and Nantucket, moreover, in pursuit of the whales that came to the northern coasts, and it was not long before that daring occupation began to give promise of wealth and of the building up of a great industry.

Population began slowly to spread from the coasts into the forests which lay at the west between the Connecticut and the Hudson.

In 1730 a Presbyterian church was opened in Boston—almost as unmistakable a sign of change as King's chapel itself had been with its service after the order of the Church of England.

The middle colonies and the far south saw greater changes than these.

South Carolina seemed likely to become as various in her make-up as were New York and Pennsylvania with their mixture of races and creeds. Scots-Irish early settled within her borders also; she had already her full share of Huguenot blood; and there followed, as the new country advanced through the lengthened years of peace, companies of Swiss immigrants, and Germans from the Palatinate.

Charleston, however, seemed English enough, and showed a color of aristocracy in her life which no one could fail to note who visited her.

Back from the point where the rivers met, where the fortifications stood, and the docks to which the ships came, there ran a fine road northward which Governor Archdale, that good Quaker, had twenty years ago declared more beautiful and pleasant than any prince in Europe could find to take the air upon when he drove abroad. From it on either side stretched noble avenues of live oaks, their strong lines softened by the long drapery of the gray moss—avenues which led to the broad verandas of country residences standing in cool and shadowy groves of other stately trees.

In summer the odor of jasmine filled the air, and even in winter the winds were soft.

It was here that the ruling men of the colony lived, the masters of the nearer plantations—men bred and cultured after the manner of the old world.

The simpler people, who made the colony various with their differing bloods, lived inland, in the remoter parishes, or near other harbors above or below Charleston's port. It was on the nearer plantations round about Charleston that negro slaves most abounded; and there were more negroes by several thousands in the colony than white folk.

Out of the 16,750 inhabitants of the colony in 1715, 10,500 were slaves.

But the whites were numerous enough to give their governors a taste of their quality.

COLONIAL POLITICS.

THERE were well-developed political parties in South Carolina, for all she was so small, and astute and able men to lead them, like Colonel Rhett, now soldier, now sailor, now statesman, and Mr. Nicholas Trott, now on one side and again on the other in the matter of self-government as against the authority of the proprietors or the crown, but always in a position to make his influence felt.

The province practically passed from the proprietors to the crown in 1719, because the people's party determined to be rid of their authority, and ousted their governor, exasperated that in their time of need, their homes burned about their ears by the savages, their coasts ravaged by freebooters, they should have been helped not a whit, but left to shift desperately for themselves.

In 1729 the proprietors formally surrendered their rights. Colonel Francis Nicholson acted as provisional governor while the change was being effected (1719-25), having been meantime governor of Acadia, which he had taken for the crown.

In 1720 he was knighted; and he seems to have acted as soberly in this post in Carolina as he had acted in Virginia. He was truculent and whimsical in the north; but in the south his temper seemed eased and his judgment steadied.

The change of government in South Carolina was really an earnest of the fact that the people's representatives had won a just and reasonable ascendency in the affairs of the colony; and Sir Francis did not seriously cross them, but served them rather, in the execution of their purposes.

Every colony had its own movements of party.

Everywhere the crown desired the colonial assemblies to provide a permanent establishment for the governor, the judges, and the other officers who held the king's commission—fixed salaries, and a recognized authority to carry out instructions, but everywhere the people's representatives persistently refused to grant either salaries or any additional authority which they could not control in the interest of their own rights from session to session.

They would vote salaries for only a short period, generally a year at a time; and they steadily denied the right of the crown to extend or vary the jurisdiction of the courts without their assent.

Sometimes a governor like Mr. Clarke, of New York, long a resident in his colony and acquainted with its temper and its ways of thought, got what he wanted by making generous concessions in matters under his own control; the judges, whatever their acknowledged jurisdiction, were likely to yield to the royal wishes with some servility; for they were appointed at the king's pleasure, and not for the term of their good behavior, as in England.

But power turned, after all, upon what the people's legislature did or consented to do, and the colonists commonly spoke their minds with fearless freedom.

In New York the right to speak their minds had been tested and established in a case which every colony promptly learned of.

In 1734 and 1735 one John Peter Ziegler, a printer, was brought to trial for the printing of various libellous attacks on the governor and his administration of the colony—attacks which were declared to be highly "derogatory to the character of his majesty's government," and to have a tendency "to raise seditions and tumults in the province;" but he was acquitted.

The libel was admitted, but the jury deemed it the right of everyone to say whatever he thought to be true of the colony's government.

And men everywhere noted the verdict.

A NEGRO UPRISING.

A SECOND negro plot startled New York in 1741, showing itself, as before, in sudden incendiary fires.

It was thought that the slaves had been incited to destroy the town; and there was an uneasy suspicion that these disturbing occurrences were in some way connected with the slave insurrections in the south.

Uprisings of the slaves had recently occurred in the West Indies. South Carolina had suffered such an outbreak a little more than two years before. In 1738 armed insurgent negroes had begun there, in a quiet parish, the execution of a terrible plot of murder and burning which it had taken very prompt and summary action to check and defeat.

Such risings were specially ominous where the slaves so outnumbered the whites; and it was known in South Carolina whence the uneasiness of the negroes came.

At the south of the province lay the Spanish colonies in Florida. Negroes who could manage to run away from their masters and cross the southern border were made very welcome there; they were set free, and encouraged in every hostile purpose that promised to rob the English settlements of their ease and peace.

Bands of Yamassees wandered there, too, eager to avenge themselves as they could for the woeful defeat and expulsion they had suffered at the hands of the Carolinians, and ready to make common cause with the negroes. When bands of negroes, hundreds strong, began their sudden work of burning, plunder, and murder where the quiet Stono runs to the sea no one doubted whence the impulse came.

And though a single rising was easily enough put down, who could be certain that that was the end of the ominous business?

No wonder governors at Charleston interested themselves to increase the number of white settlers and make their power of self-defense sure.

Such things, however, serious as they were, did not check the steady growth of the colonies.

It was not yet questions of self-government or of the preservation of their peace that dominated their affairs; and only those who observed how far-away frontiers were being advanced and two great nations being brought together for a reckoning face to face saw what was the next, the very near, crisis in store for the English in America.

Through all that time of peace a notable drama was in fact preparing.

Slowly, but very surely, English and French were drawing nearer and nearer within the continent—not only in the north, but throughout all the length of the great Mississippi. Step by step the French had descended the river from their posts on the lakes; and while peace reigned they had established posts at its mouth and begun to make their way northward from the gulf.

So long ago as 1699 they had built a stockade at Biloxi; in 1700 they had taken possession of Mobile bay; by 1716 they had established posts at Toulouse (Alabama) and at Natchez. In 1718 they began to build at New Orleans. In 1719 they captured and destroyed the Spanish post at Pensacola.

By 1722 there were 5,000 Frenchmen by the lower stretches of the great river; and their trading boats were learning all the shallows and currents of the mighty waterway from end to end.

Meantime, in the north, they advanced their power to Lake Champlain, and began the construction of a fort at Crown Point (1721).

That same year, 1721, French and English built ominously near each other on Lake Ontario, the English at Oswego, the French at Niagara among the Senecas.

A NEW COLONY.

IN 1716, the very year Governor Spotswood rode through the western forests of Virginia to a summit of the Blue Ridge, the French had found a short way to the Ohio by following the Miami and the Wabash down their widening streams.

It was while they thus edged their way towards the eastern mountains and drew their routes closer and closer to their rivals on the coast that that adventurous, indomitable people, the Scots-Irish, came pouring of a sudden into the English colonies, and very promptly made it their business to pass the mountains and take possession of the lands which lay beyond them, as if they would deliberately go to meet the French by the Ohio.

For several years after the first quarter of the new century had run out immigrants from the north of Ireland came crowding in, 12,000 strong by the year.

In 1729 quite 5,000 of them entered Pennsylvania alone, and they pressed without hesitation and as if by preference to the interior. From Pennsylvania they passed along the broad, inviting valleys southward into the eastern part of Virginia.

In 1730 a straggling movement of settlers had begun to show itself even upon the distant lands of Kentucky. Still farther south traders from the Carolinas went constantly back and forth between the Indian tribes of the country by the Mississippi and the English settlements at the coast.

Nine thousand redskin warriors lay there in the forests. Some traded with the French at the river, some with the English at the coast. They might become foes or allies, might turn to the one side or the other, as passion or interest led them.

In 1739 the French at the north put an armed sloop on Champlain.

The same year the English built a fortified post at Niagara.

Everywhere the two peoples were converging, and were becoming more and more conscious of what their approach to one another meant.

So long ago as 1720 orders had come from France bidding the French commanders on the St. Lawrence occupy the valley of the Ohio before the English should get a foothold there.

The places where the rivals were to meet it was now easy to see, and every frontiersman saw them very plainly.

The two races could not possess the continent together. They must first fight for the nearest waterways of the west, and after that for whatever lay next at hand.

It was no small matter, with threat of such things in the air, that the English chose that day of preparation for the planting of a new colony, and planted it in the south between Carolina and the Florida settlements—a barrier and a menace both to French and Spaniard.

It was James Oglethorpe, a soldier, who planned the new undertaking; and he planned it like a soldier—and yet like a man of heart and elevated purpose, too, for he was a philanthropist and a lover of every serviceable duty, as well as a soldier.

He came of that good stock of country gentlemen which has in every generation helped so sturdily to carry forward the work of England, in the field, in parliament, in administrative office.

He had gone with a commission into the English army in the late war a mere lad of 14 (1710); and, finding himself still unskilled in arms when England made peace at Utrecht, he had chosen to stay for six years longer, a volunteer, with the forces of Prince Eugene in the east.

OGLETHORPE'S PLANS.

AT 22 James Oglethorpe had come back to England (1718), to take upon himself the responsibilities which had fallen to him by reason of the death of his elder brothers; and in 1722 he had entered the house of commons, eager as ever to learn his duty and do it.

He kept always a sort of knightly quality, and the power to plan and hope and push forward that belongs to youth.

He way a Tory, and believed that the Stuarts should have the throne from which they had been thrust before he was born; but that did not make him disloyal. He was an ardent reformer; but that did not make him visionary, for he was also trained in affairs.

His clear-cut features, frank eyes, erect and slender figure bespoke him every inch the high-bred gentleman and the decisive man of action.

In parliament he had been made one of a committee to inspect prisons; and he had been keenly touched by the miserable plight of the many honest men who, through mere misfortune, were there languishing in hopeless imprisonment for debt.

He bethought himself of the possibility of giving such men a new chance of life and the recovery of fortune in America; and the thought grew into a plan for a new colony.

He knew how the southern coast lay vacant between Charleston and the Spaniards at St. Augustine. There were good lands there, no doubt; and his soldier's eye showed him, by a mere glance at a map, how fine a point of vantage it might be made if fortified against the alien power in Florida.

And so he made his plans.

It should be a military colony, a colony of fortified posts; and honest men who had fallen upon poverty or misfortune at home should have a chance, if they would work, to profit by the undertaking, though he should take them from debtors' prisons.

Both king and parliament listened very willingly to what he proposed. The king signed a charter, giving the undertaking into the hands of trustees, who were in effect to be proprietors (June, 1732); and parliament voted 10,000 pounds as its subscription to the enterprise; while men of as liberal a spirit as Oglethorpe's associated themselves with him to carry the humane plan out, giving money, counsel and service without so much as an expectation of gain to themselves, or any material return for their outlay.

Men had ceased by that time to dream that colonization would make those rich who fathered it and paid its first bills. By the end of October, 1732, the first shipload of settlers was off for America, Oglethorpe himself at their head; and by February, 1733, they were already busy building their first settlement on Yamacraw Bluff, within the broad stream of the Savannah.

The colony had in its charter been christened Georgia, in honor of the king, who had so cordially approved of its foundation; the settlement at Yamacraw, Oglethorpe called by the name of the river itself, Savannah.

His colonists were no mere company of released debtors and shiftless ne'er-do-wells. Men had long ago learned the folly of that mistake, and Oglethorpe was too much a man of the world to repeat the failures of others.

Every emigrant had been subjected to a thorough examination regarding his antecedents, his honesty, his character for energy and good behavior, and had been brought because he had been deemed fit.

Italians skilled in silk culture were introduced into the colony. Sober German Protestants came from Moravia and from Salzburg, by Tyrol, and were given their separate places of settlement—as quiet, frugal, industrious, pious folk as the first pilgrims at Plymouth.

Clansmen from the Scottish Highlands came, and were set at the extreme south, as an outpost to meet the Spaniard. Some of the Carolina settlers who would have liked themselves to have the Highlanders for neighbors tried to dissuade them from going to the spot selected for their settlement.

They told them that the Spaniards were so near at hand that they could shoot them from the windows of the houses that stood within the fort.

"Why, then, we shall beat them out of their fort, and shall have houses ready built to live in!" cried the men in kilts, very cheerily, and went on to their settlement.

THE GREAT AWAKENING.

FORTUNATELY it was seven years before the war with Spain came which every one had known from the first to be inevitable; and by that time the little colony was ready enough.

Georgia's territory stretched upon the coast from the Savananh to the Altamaha, and from the coast ran back, west and northwest, to the sources of those rivers; from their sources due westward "to the South seas."

Savannah was thus planted at the very borders of South Carolina. New settlers were placed, as they came, some in Savannah, many by the upper reaches of the river.

The Highlanders had their post of danger and honor upon the Altamaha; and before war came new settlers, additional arms and stores and serviceable fortifications had been placed at St. Simon's island at the mouth of the Altamaha.

Every settlement was in some sort a fortified military post.

The first settlers had been drilled in arms by sergeants of the Royal Guards in London every day between the time of their departure. Arms and ammunition were as abundant almost as agricultural tools and food stores in the cargoes carried out.

Negro slavery was forbidden in the colony, because it was no small part of Oglethorpe's purpose in founding it to thrust a solid wedge of free settlers between Carolina and the country to the south, and close the border to fugitive slaves.

Neither could any liquor be brought in. It was designed that the life of settlements should be touched with something of the rigor of military discipline; and so long as Oglethorpe himself was at hand laws were respected and obeyed, rigid and unacceptable though they were; for he was a born ruler of men.

He had not chosen very wisely, however, when he brought Charles and John Wesley out as his spiritual advisers and the pastors of his colony.

They were men as inapt at yielding and as strenuous at prosecuting their own way of action as he, and promoted diversity of opinion quite as successfully as piety. They stayel but three or four uneasy years in America, and then returned to do their great work of settling up a new dissenting church in England.

George Whitefield followed them (1738) in their missionary labors, and for a little while preached acceptably enough in the quiet colony; but he, too, was very soon back in England again.

The very year Oglethorpe brought Charles Wesley to Georgia (1734) a great wave of religious feeling swept over New England again—not sober, self-contained, deep-currented, like the steady fervor of the old days, but passionate, full of deep excitement, agitated, too, like a frenzy.

Enthusiasts who saw it rise and run its course were wont to speak of it afterwards as "the Great Awakening," but the graver sort were deeply disturbed by it. It did not spend its force till quite fifteen years had come and gone.

Mr. Whitefield returned to America in 1739, to add to it the impulse of his impassioned preaching, and went once more to Georgia also. Again and again he came upon the same errand, stirring many a colony with his singular eloquence; but Georgia was busy with other things, and heeded him less than the rest.

OGLETHORPE'S GREAT VICTORY.

WHEN the inevitable war came with Spain, in 1739—inevitable because of trade rivalries in the West Indies and in South America, and because of political rivalry at the borders of Florida—Oglethorpe was almost the first to strike.

Admiral Vernon had been dispatched in midsummer, 1739, before the declaration of war, to destroy the Spanish settlements and distress Spanish commerce in the West Indies; and had promptly taken Porto Bello in November, scarcely a month after war had been formally declared.

Oglethorpe struck next at St. Augustine.

It was this he had looked forward to in founding his colony.

In May, 1740, he moved to the attack with a mixed army of redskins and provincial militia numbering a little more than two thousand men—supported at sea by a little fleet of six vessels of war under Sir Yelverton Peyton.

But there had been too much delay in getting the motley force together. The Spaniards had procured re-inforcements from Havana; the English ships found it impracticable to get near enough to the Spanish works to use their guns with effect; Oglethorpe had no proper siege pieces; and the attack utterly failed.

It had its effect, nevertheless.

For two years the Spaniards held nervously off, carefully on the defensive; and when they did in their turn attack, Oglethorpe beat them handsomely off, and more than wiped out the disrepute of his miscarriage at St. Augustine.

In June, 1742, there came to St. Simon's Island a Spanish fleet of fifty-one sail, nearly five thousand troops aboard, and Oglethorpe beat them off with six hundred and fifty men—working his little forts like a master, and his single guard-schooner and few paltry armed sloups as if they were a navy.

Such a deliverance, cried Mr. Whitefield, could not be paralleled save out of Old Testament history.

Meanwhile Vernon and Wentworth had met with overwhelming disaster at Cartagena.

With a great fleet of ships of the line and a land force of nine thousand men, they had made their assault upon it in March, 1741, but because Wentworth bungled everything he did with his troops the attack miserably failed.

He was caught by the deadly wet season of the tropics; disease reduced his army to a wretched handful; and thousands of lives were thrown away in his dismal disgrace.

Both New England and Virginia had sent troops to take their part with that doomed army; and the colonies knew, in great bitterness, how few came home again.

The war had its issues for them, they knew, as well as for the governments across the water. It meant one more reckoning with the Spaniard and the Frenchman, their rivals for the mastery of America.

And in 1745 New England had a triumph of her own, more gratifying even than Oglethorpe's astonishing achievement at St. Simon's island.

Woodrow Wilson

Continued Next Sunday.

I.---FLAGG'S GREATEST DRAWINGS

Copyright by James Montgomery Flagg.

"Baronetcy! Baronetcy! Am I Offered a Dukedom?"

FRENCH IRON SUPPLY HELD BY THE GERMANS

Bulk of the Iron Ore Is Produced in the Occupied Territory.

Paris.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—More than 15,000,000 of the 16,500,000 tons of iron ore produced annually in France, worth about 67,000,000 francs, comes from the department of the Meurthe and Moselle, occupied by the Germans. Three and one-half millions of the 4,500,000 tons of pig iron produced in France annually also comes from those regions, and 2,250,000 of the 3,250,000 tons annual production of steel. Seventy-four per cent of the French iron industries, therefore, are immobilized.

A great deal of the information concerning the fate of French industries behind the German lines is anonymous. Privately, however, the report that every machine that can be utilized in Germany has been taken as well as all the money and products of the occupied regions, has been verified by reliable manufacturers who have means of communication that they are careful not to reveal. The usual German system was applied to the distribution of the machines. A stock company of German manufacturers managed this part of the economic war. This company sent engineers to Belgium and northern France to select such machines as might be worth taking. These were shipped to Cologne and a complete catalog was printed and sent to German manufacturers, offering them at prices ranging from 50 per cent of their value up. In this way German factories making shells for the army were able to increase their lathe equipment on good terms. The stock company took 15 per cent commission on the sale and the real owner received a requisition payable sometimes by the Reichsbank, more often by the Bank of France—six months after the conclusion of the war. The requisition prices is generally based on the cost price, less depreciation of 10 per cent a year, with a minimum value of 50 per cent.

Mexico and Germany.

(Mark Sullivan, in Collier's.)

Those political philosophers who claim that the president's Mexican policy will come home to plague him are even more emphatic. They point out that it is just because Mr. Wilson's German policy has been so different from his Mexican policy that the former is now so popular. They claim that if the German policy had not come in opportunely to cause the people to forget the Mexican policy, then President Wilson would at this moment have been unsatisfactory to the public to a degree that would make any hope of their retaining him in office impossible. Mexican policy or German policy, it is quite certain that our foreign affairs will be likely to dominate the presidential campaign of 1916. Even such important domestic issues as the tariff, the Sherman law, and the progressive party's idea of the control of corporations will slip into the background.

Book Reviews in Tabloid

Human Nature and Railroads, by Ivy Lee, a former Atlantan, who has been in the railroad business for a number of years, being at one time executive assistant of the Pennsylvania railroad, has sounded a new note—a human note—in the discusison of railroads. The author's introduction is well worth quoting as it covers all the points which he so plainly discusses in this volume. He says in part:

"American railroads are without a rudder. They know not whither they are going, and they are unable to determine their course. They only know they are in a storm and that their bearings are lost.

"Is it not possible that a better recognition by all sides of the human aspects of the situation might remove many of the doubts and fears which beset railroad pilots, as well as quell something of the storm which rages about their heads?

"The railroad problem is a very human problem; it is a problem that concerns us above all else as human beings. What is a railroad for? It is to take people and things from one place to another. Railroads are built by human beings; they are run by human beings and they serve human beings. Make a mistake in your treatment of the railroad question and you injure human beings. Handle it properly and you help human beings."

Mr. Lee says that the greatest problem of this century is to establish mutual relations between the president, the employee and the public, so that they will all understand each other's point of view. He continues:

"The public is reasonable—the man who works for wages is fair, but the public does not understand the railroad manager. It has come in contact with some railroad men it doesn't approve of, and it doesn't discriminate."

Mr. Lee makes a very strong plea for the railroads, impressing upon the public that the men who control railroads are just as human, just as honest and just as faithful to duty as the men in any other line of business. (Publishers, E. S. Nash & Co., Seventh and Sansom street, Philadelphia.)

When Blood Is Their Argument. An Analysis of Prussian Culture, by Ford Madox Hueffer. The author is a grandson of the famous painter, Ford Madox Brown; brother of the author, Oliver Madox Hueffer, also distinguished as a novelist, journalist, traveler and essayist, and is equally at home in England, Germany and America.

In the above book this well-known English author tells of the countless sidelights thrown on the German, especially the Prussian attitude today. He shows, with many examples from his own experience, that the Germans of today, especially the Prussians, are not only government-ridden, petty and narrow, but also so impoverished that perhaps war has been a relief. Few Englishmen have so extensive a knowledge of Germany as has Mr. Hueffer. On one side he is of German origin; he has lived in all parts of Germany among all classes; he is a good German scholar, and has lectured by request at many German universities.

In this book Mr. Hueffer tells in the most caustic style, yet carefully expressed, what the German ideal are today. He bases his idea of "German Kultur" on his study of German politics. (George H. Doran Company, New York.)

THE PARENT GUIDE—TWO VOLUMES.

The University Society of New York has just published a manual of Child Nature and Nurture. It was prepared by the editorial board of the University society with the assistance of many of our most prominent men and women—among them Cardinal Gibbons, Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus, of Harvard; Jane Addams, Kate Douglas Wiggin, etc.

IVY L. LEE

These volumes represent a handbook for parents in which will be found many interesting subjects written in a very plain and simple manner. The editors have aimed to make it practical, simple, authoritative and complete, and it should be in the hands of all parents. (Publishers the University Society of New York.)

TENNIS—AS I PLAY IT.

Maurice E. McLoughlin, the world's greatest tennis player, tells in a most interesting way how he learned and plays that most popular game—tennis. In the table of contents is to be found the following subjects: Climbing to the Expert Class; Your Racket, With Some Advice As to Proper Grip, Proper Dress for the Game, etc.; Courts and Conditions of Play Upon Them; The Service; Receiving, Or the Striker-Out; The Forehand; The Backhand; The Volley; Lobs, Shops and Spins; Overhead Work—"The Smash;" Doubles; Practice and Training; Ladies' Tennis; Tight Places in Tournaments and Tennis Travels, and illustrated with 72 reproductions of photographs in action. The preface by Richard Norris Williams, second national champion of the United States, 1914, is not only interesting, but tells of several little points which will prove instructive to the tennis player. (George H. Doran Company, New York.)

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS.

Japan to America. Edited by Professor Naoichi Masaoka, of Tokio. A symposium of papers by statesmen and other leaders of thought in Japan. This book, which was published some time ago, was issued under the auspices of the New York Japan society, and contains an introduction by Lindsay Russell, president of the society. It very plainly explains the conditions in Japan at the present time; the policies of the Japanese leaders, and gives expression to Japan maintaining continued peaceful relations with the United States.

America to Japan. A symposium of papers by representative citizens of the United States on the relations between Japan and the United States and on the interests that the two countries have in common. Edited by Lindsay Russell, president of the Japan society in New York. This society was organized in New York about ten years ago, the purpose of which is to promote friendly relations between the United States and Japan. The present membership of the society comprises about 900 Americans and 100 Japanese.

In the introduction by the author he says: "This series was inspired by a message of like spirit and purpose from Japan to the United States. The two books constitute an interchange of thought and information between leading minds of both countries, unique in international intercourse; they indicate the points on which the east and the west can meet. They should help to remove misunderstanding and to ensure the continuance and development of a mutual and friendly public sentiment."

Some of the contributions to be found in this volume are from prominent Americans, such as Roosevelt, Morgan, Shuster, Charles W. Eliot, Elbert H. Gary, etc.

Imperial Germany and the Industrial Revolution. The author, Thorstein Veblen, has written several instructive books, and is not unknown to the many readers of the "war books." In writing this book he makes the following explanation: "Its aim is to account for Germany's economic advance and high efficieney by natural causes, without drawing on the logic of manifest destiny, providential nepotism or national genius and the like, and it is believed to be the first attempt yet made at an explanation, as distinct from description or eulogy, of this episode in modern history." (The MacMillan company.)

The Indiscreet Letter. By Eleanor Hallowell Abbott, is a very attractive little book. Do you remember how much you enjoyed "Molly Make-Believe?" The author has written somewhat in the same style. The book has the same charm, the same merry whimsical style with delightful characters whose associations are very enjoyable from beginning to end.

The story is about the Traveling Salesman, the Young Electrician, the Youngish Girl and a Railroad Journey—also an Unknown Voice and Hand. The end of this little story is delightfully surprising. (The Century Company, New York.)

BLUE BOOK OF GAUTEMALA.

El "Libro Azul" de Gautemala, 1915. Narrative and history of the lives of the most prominent people of this country. There are special articles relative to commerce, agriculture and mineral wealth, based on official statistics. It is the latest, most complete and most authoritative work ever issued on this prosperous and important republic of Central America. It is dedicated "To His Excellency, Manuel Estrada Calebra, Constitutional President of the Republic of Gautemala," whose picture adorns the front page. It is attractively illustrated and will prove very valuable as a reference book in any library. Price $10. (Publishers, Latin American Publicity Bureau, New Orleans.)

HOUGHTON-MIFFLIN COMPANY.

Henry Snydor Harrison's latest novel, "Angela's Business," continues to receive a very cordial welcome from his readers.

Josephine Scribner Gates has written quite an interesting story for children. It is called "The Land of Delight." The story is located on a pony-farm in the middle west.

Mary Roberts Rinehart, who has returned from a tour of the war zone, is now at her Pittsburg home. Her new novel, "K," will be published this summer, and her many friends are looking forward with pleasure to the reading of this story which, no doubt, will be based on her many interesting experiences.

The announcement of another story by "Polly's" creator, Emma C. Dowd, is making the many friends of "Polly," that charming child of the hospital staff, very happy. One little girl wrote the author, "You may be sure that 'Doodles' will be in my book case as soon as it is published."

Kate Douglas Wiggin is spending some of her time these days in Augusta, Maine, where she appeared before the interior waterways committee to fight the Clark Power company bill, which is trying to dam the beautiful Saco river. The little town of Hollis, Maine, where she makes her summer home, is behind her in this movement, as well as the readers of her books.

"Wouldn't it be a shame to spoil our river and 'Cook's Brook bridge,'" said an old farmer when he heard of the proposed change. "That historic spot! Why, Rebecca, of Sunnybrook Farm, lost her hat off of that bridge." Saco river is well-known to the 650,000 readers of Mrs. Riggs' books, and "if these readers of 'Rebecca,'" says a Washington reader, "could have a voice in the matter the Saco river, which runs through the village where Rebecca lived, would never be touched. Every foot of the soil is sacred to this most charming child figure in American literature."

"The Audacious War," by C. W. Barron; "Are We Ready," by H. D. Wheeler, to which has been added the subtitle, "A Study of the Preparedness for War in the United States of America," and "The Road Toward Peace," by Dr. Charles W. Eliot, are three American war books which have been considered of sufficient interest to be taken over by English publishers and will be brought out in London by Constable & Co., Ltd.

Preparedness.

(Mark Sullivan, in Collier's.)

One critic of the president makes the point that since the first of August last year, when the European war broke out, no step has been taken by the Democratic administration to make our army and navy stronger by a single man or in any way more efficient. If this is true, it is, even as things stand now, a serious charge against those who are in control of national affairs. And if our foreign relations should become more complicated and trying, this failure to prepare during so long a period of warning could well turn out to be disastrous to the administration, to say nothing of the country.

Because from 3,000,000 0to 4,000,000 tons of potatoes rot every year in Germany, the government is fostering the erection of drying plants.

BIG CITIES OF HOLLAND SUFFERING FROM WAR

Staple Trades Brought Almost to a Standstill — Distress Among Unemployed.

Amsterdam.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The big cities of Holland, and above all, the capital, are suffering seriously from the effects of the war on their staple trades, which have been brought almost to a standstill since the beginning of hostilities. Local authorities everywhere are experiencing difficulties in finding funds to meet the distress among the unemployed, many of whom had made no provision for such a crisis. Trades unionists, during the first few months of the war, were able to draw on the out-of-work funds of their unions, but these have long since been exhausted, or almost so, and the government and the municipalities have had to come to the rescue.

During the month of March the unemployment funds of the various trade unions paid out in benefits to their members no less than $116,062. Now that the municipal authorities have stepped in to help them out, the city of Amsterdam alone pays out for this purpose $14,800 weekly. In the city there is a total of 27,234 workmen belonging to trades unions. Of this number at the end of May, 8,949 were totally unemployed; 2,088 others were only partially employed and 2,833 had been called to the colors. These figures show that 32.8 per cent are totally workless, 7.6 partially unemployed and 14.4 per cent in the army—altogether over 50 per cent.

In the whole of Holland there are 114,559 trades unionists, and of these 25,882 (or 26 per cent) are either unemployed or are working only one day a week.

The figures of the Central Union of Building Trades Workers show clearly how much this branch of industry has been affected by the war. Totally unemployed, partially employed and serving in the army were 40.8 per cent of the membership. The union of painters had 53.5 per cent in these categories, while the General Carpenters' Union of The Netherlands suffered in the same way to the extent of 33.2 per cent and the Plasterers' union 45.6 per cent.

The Diamond Polishers and Cutters, who form a trade entirely dependent on the demand for articles of luxury, are in even worse condition, since over 75 per cent of the skilled workmen in this branch of industry have been deprived of their means of livelihood.

Printers and the allied trades, too, are depressed, for among the 6,500 members of the largest trade union in these branches there are 1,200 wholly or partially unemployed, besides 825 serving with the army.

Not only have men been affected by bad trade conditions, but women also have difficulty in finding work. Queen Wilhelmina takes great interest in the welfare of the unemployed women and girls. Her majesty, since the beginning of the war, has purchased and sent to The Netherlands Union for Providing Employment a quantity of wool sufficient to make 10,000 pairs of gloves, 10,000 pairs of socks and 10,000 pairs of mittens. The queen, as a matter of fact, in order to be able to provide more money for this object, has exercised her inborn Dutch economy to such an extent that tradesmen of The Hague have begun to grumble. Every cent her majesty can spare is handed over to the various societies. She has almost entirely desisted from entertaining for the past ten months, and this has had the effect of causing the ladies of the Dutch aristocracy to follow her example—much to the loss of the storekeepers, for Holland possesses in proportion to its size a much larger leisure class than any other country in Europe.

MANY ANECDOTES TOLD OF "LUCK IN BATTLE"

Shells Are More Uncertain Than Bullets, According to the Soldiers.

Paris.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—"Luck in Battle" is the subject of an ever-increasing number of anecdotes.

The colonel of a regiment that was in the battle of Morhange, in the battle of the Marne and at the attack of Eparges, participating in more than a dozen battles and a score of charges, marching each time at the head of his troops and each time running 90 chances out of a 100 of being killed, never received a scratch, though his regiment was decimated both at Morhange and Eparges. The other day he retired with his staff to an isolated village behind the lines to rest. It was a spot the German heavy artillery had neglected, although it was in range. The chances were that he would pass his days of rest there in security. The evening of his arrival the Germans remembered there was a village there and began to bombard it. The last shell they fired fell in the very center of the messroom. The four officers around him escaped with insignificant bruises, but the colonel was killed outright.

Six artillery officers were at mess in a little house from which the fire of their battery had been directed. A shell struck it; five of them were killed and the sixth was untouched. His men pleaded with him to go to the cellar as long as the bombardment continued, but he insisted on remaining where he could better direct the fire of the battery. Scores of shells fell around the spot without touching him. Finally he was prevailed upon to go into the cellar, and he had no more than disappeared when a shell went straight through the cellar window and killed him.

Shells are more uncertain than bullets, the soldiers say. The latter are expected, as the soldier knows from where they are likely to come, while the former strike in spots and at moments least expected. Wind and weather enter into the elements of luck. The dampness of the map from which an artillery officer calculates distances may account for the chance that brings a shell to a soldier or sends it a hundred yards from him.

TONIC IN A TUNE

What Song Do You Like Best—Is It Strengthening and Stimulating or Depressing and Weakening? Science Classifies the Old Favorites as to Their Effect on Mind and Body—Indorses "Onward, Christian Soldiers" and Blacklists "Home, Sweet Home."

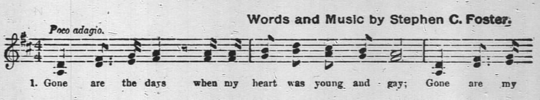
HOME, SWEET HOME.

Words by John Howard Payne. Music by Sir Henry Bishop.

"Home, Sweet Home," Universally Accepted as a Folk Song, Is Classified as Harmful in Its Effect on the Spirits. "Old Black Joe" Has a Similar Result.

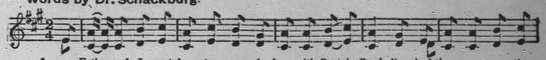
OLD BLACK JOE.

Words and Music by Stephen C. Foster.



YANKEE DOODLE.

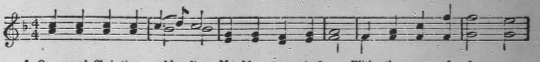
Words by Dr. Schackburg.



"Yankee Doodle" and "Onward, Christian Soldiers," Typical of the Songs That Are Inspiring and Beneficial in Their Action on the Mental Faculties.

ONWARD, CHRISTIAN SOLDIERS.

Words by S. Baring-Gould. Music by A. S. Sullivan.



These Songs Are Classified as—

Strengthening.	*Depressing.*
"Dixie."	"Ben Bolt."
"America."	"Old Black Joe."
"My Maryland."	"Old Cabin Home."
"Rock of Ages."	"Stand Up for Jesus."
"Yankee Doodle."	"Home, Sweet Home."
"The Old Oaken Bucket."	"John Brown's Body."
"The Old Folks at Home."	"My Jesus, I Love Thee."
"My Old Kentucky Home."	"Jesus, Savior, Pilot Me."
"Jesus, Lover of My Soul."	"I Would Not Live Alway."
"Nearer, My God, to Thee."	"We Are Tenting Tonight."
"Listen to the Mocking Bird."	"Depths of Mercy Can There Be."
"Onward, Christian Soldiers."	"Do They Think of Me at Home?"
"Blest Be the Tie That Binds."	"Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken."
"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name."	"Behold, a Stranger at the Door."

THE late Rev. H. R. Haweis, in his *Musical Memories*, predicted some years ago that music would become a powerful and acknowledged therapeutic. There were many who scoffed a little at the idea that music was, or ever would be, anything but a pleasant way of whiling away a little time and creating a pleasurable diversion. But the clergyman-author stood by his convictions.

Science has lately proved that the Rev. Mr. Haweis predicted rightly. Music stimulates the physical functions and heightens the mental activities. Interesting reference to this discovery is made in *The Physiology of Faith and Fear*, a book on health and disease from the pen of Dr. William S. Sadler. The physician tells what songs are strengthening and stimulating and what songs are weakening and depressing.

In view of the interest now shown in the prediction of the Rev. Mr. Haweis it might be well to reprint it here.

"There are certain moods of exhausted feeling in which certain kinds of music would act like poison," wrote the clergyman. "There are other kinds of music which soothe and—if I may use the word—lubricate the worn ways of the nervous centers.

"You will ask, What music is good for that? We reply, judgment and common sense; and, above all, sympathy, affectional and musical sympathy, will partly be your guide, but experience must decide. Let some friend well versed in the divine art sit at the piano, and let the tired one lie on a couch and prescribe for herself or for himself.

"This will happen:

"'Do not play that "Tannhauser" overture just now, it wears me out; I cannot bear it,' or 'Yes, sing that "Du Bist Die Ruh," and after that I must hear Mendelssohn's "Nocturne" out of "The Midsummer Night's Dream,"' and then—and then—what comes next must be left to the tact and quick sympathy of the musician.

"I have known cases where an hour of this treatment did more good than bottlefuls of bark and pailfuls of globules; but I do not wish to overstate the case. I merely plead for an unrecognized truth, and I point to a new vocation—the vocation of the musical healer."

Poets and essayists have long believed in the psychological and physiological effects of music. For instance:

To Musique, to Becalme His Fever.

Charm me asleep, and melt me so,
  With thy delicious numbers,
That being ravisht, hence I goe
  Away in easie slumbers.
Ease my sick head,
And make my bed,
  Thou power that canst sever
From me this ill,
And quickly still,
Though thou not kill,
  My fever.

Thou sweetly canst convert the same
  From a consuming fire,
Into a gentle-licking flame,
  And make it thus expire.
Then make me weep
My paines asleep,
  And give me such reposes,
That I, poor I,
May think thereby,
I live and die
  'Mongst roses. —[Herrick.

No less a believer in music as a stimulant was Emerson, who wrote: "I think sometimes could I only have music on my own terms, could I live in a great city, and know where I could go whenever I wished the ablution and inundation of musical waves, that were a bath and a medicine."

The following quotation from *St. Cecilia's Day*, by Pope, coincides with the views expressed above:

Music the fiercest grief can charm,
And fate's severest rage disarm.
Music can soften pain to ease,
And make despair and madness please;
Our joys below it can improve,
And antedate the bliss above.

Writing on *Music's Refining Tone*, J. Beveridge declared: "That which I have found the best recreation to my mind and body, whensoever either of them stands in need of it, is music, which exercises at once both mind and body, especially when I play myself; for then, methinks, the same motion that my hands make upon the instrument makes upon my heart."

And now, after an analytical survey by science, it has been decreed that the poets and essayists were right in their conclusions.

Dr. William S. Sadler, who has made a study of the subject, has this to say:

"The author has carried forward many experiments for the purpose of ascertaining the psychological and physiological effects of music. These are largely dependent on its associations, the general environment, the individual's appreciation of music, and also upon his personal associations with the particular piece of music under consideration.

"While the personal element is largely concerned in determining the physiological effects of music there are certain tunes and forms of rhythm which always stimulate the physical functions, increasing the blood pressure, the force of the heart beat and the depth of respiration, as well as heightening the mental activities.

"We find that a certain piece of music will produce stimulating and exciting effects in one patient, while it produces sedative and relaxing effects in another.

"Even in ancient times the psychotherapeutic value of music must have been recognized, for David was employed to play before Saul when the latter found himself in bad humor.

"From experiments made by myself and others who have worked in this field it has been found that the general effects of certain well-known musical selections upon the average listener are as follows:

"Music which is generally strengthening and stimulating: 'Dixie,' 'America,' 'My Maryland,' 'Rock of Ages,' 'Yankee Doodle,' 'The Old Oaken Bucket,' 'The Old Folks at Home,' 'My Old Kentucky Home,' 'Jesus, Lover of My Soul,' 'Nearer, My God, to Thee,' 'Listen to the Mocking Bird,' 'Onward, Christian Soldiers,' 'Blest Be the Tie That Binds,' 'All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name,' 'A Mighty Fortress Is Our God.'

"Music which is generally weakening and depressing: 'Ben Bolt,' 'Old Black Joe,' 'Old Cabin Home,' 'Stand Up for Jesus,' 'Home, Sweet Home,' 'John Brown's Body,' 'My Jesus, I Love Thee,' 'Jesus, Savior, Pilot Me,' 'I Would Not Live Alway,' 'We Are Tenting Tonight,' 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' 'Depths of Mercy Can There Be,' 'Do They Think of Me at Home?' 'Jesus, I My Cross Have Taken,' 'Behold, a Stranger at the Door.'"

English Sparrow Has Been Revealed to Be Possessor of Real Virtues

THE English sparrow, or the Anglo-American sparrow, has found a friend. A man has risen in his place to say that, although the sparrow may not be blessed, yet, in his opinion, denunciation of the bird has been carried too far.

The sparrow seems never to have much concerned himself or herself with the charges made against them. They have gone their way, fighting, quarreling, chirping and eating, as though perfectly conscious of the rectitude of their course. They seem never to have troubled themselves very much about conciliating public opinion. They may have heard that it gives offense to certain persons to build their nests in the roof gutters and the rain spouts, to hold mass meetings on the porch railings and to engage in riotous and tumultuous controversies at 4 a. m. just under or over the windows of late sleepers, but if they ever heard of such things they have treated the information with a good deal of indifference.

There was a time when much was expected of the sparrow. He was imported to clean up the insects in the parks and to make himself generally useful. He was acclaimed by press agents as a bird who would attack caterpillars without thought of the consequences to himself. He was fearless in the face of bugs. While he would prove himself a terror to the forces of the insects, he would be a brotherly and sisterly bird to his American cousin birds—if such a relationship could be. But, in the opinion of many Americans, he has not lived up to his advertisement.

Not many weeks ago a distinguished ornithologist, James Buckland, wrote an article on birds which was included in the annual reports of the Smithsonian Institution. In this report he said: "The remarkable instances of the service of birds to man include the introduction of the English sparrow into New Zealand with the resultant elimination of the thistle and caterpillar, which were ruining the land and crops."

Enemies of the English sparrow may insist that the bird has conducted himself with more propriety in New Zealand than in the United States, and that the Anglo-American sparrow should be sent to the antipodes for a course of training in the duties of birds toward men. However, up in Michigan a state game warden says that his deputies have examined the stomachs of sixty-two English sparrows and found in every stomach injurious seeds and insects. Some persons who claim to know the habits of the English sparrow may say that the reason that injurious seeds and insects were found in the stomachs of sixty-two English sparrows in Michigan was that in Michigan there were sixty-two English sparrows that could not find anything else to eat.

Where Reciprocity Wouldn't Do.

"You kick a good deal about the beds and the meals," said the old farmer.

"Well?"

"Suppose I wuz to do the kicking about your snores and your appetite?"

Mythical Tales of White Races Lead to Fruitless Expeditions Into Africa

THERE exists in the minds of many civilized peoples a curious fascination with respect to the idea that in remote parts of the tropics, amid the dark-skinned races, there flourish mysteriously isolated white tribes bearing a strong resemblance to the civilized branches of the Caucasian race.

Who they are and whence they came no one knows; native fables afford no explanation. Once it was thought that forgotten white explorers might have built up unknown kingdoms in the wild places of the earth, but upon examination these theories vanish as rapidly as do the white tribes themselves, and the ultimate explanation is almost prosaic.

Yet so strong a hold has the idea gained that even in the beginning of the twentieth century the possibility of the existence of genuine white races is not altogether scoffed at. Less than twelve years ago an American officer engaged in the operations against the Moros in the Philippines collected apparently substantial evidence relating to a mysterious white tribe in the Island of Mindanao. The mountainous district in the center of this island has never been explored and even the coast is not well known.

But along the seaboard many stories are told of the fierce white people who have their home in the forest-clad mountains of the interior. Eyewitnesses depose to having seen a strange fair-complexioned girl, who fled toward the hills as soon as she was addressed. Other men and women of a light-complexioned race are said to have been seen by more venturesome natives who were bold enough to approach the wild mountain district. The American officer was so impressed that he determined to conduct an exploring party across the center of the island. But apparently the mysterious white folk had vanished, for the world has as yet heard nothing of his search being crowned with success.

Arabia, however, can with more reason boast of a white tribe. For years stories of such a race have been told in the Persian Gulf, and an American missionary stationed at Muscat alluded some years ago to "coffee-house babble in eastern Oman concerning a mysterious race of light-complexioned people who live somewhere in the mountains, shun strangers and speak a language all their own."

Various theories have been propounded to explain the fable, but probably the explanation is to be found in the narrative of a journey made to Oman in 1876 by Colonel S. B. Miles, a British officer. Colonel Miles, in the course of his travels nearly forty years ago, came across a town named Sheraizi in the heart of the Green Mountains. This strange place was perched like an eagle's nest on the top of a great cliff, and was inhabited by people of lighter skin than the rest of the tribes in the interior. They rarely descended to the plains and refused to mix with or intermarry with the Arabs.

Joking with Death for a Cause

How the Nerves of French Recruits Are Steeled to the Horrors of the Battlefield Before They Approach the Firing Line by PseudoGuillotines

ONE would think that soldiers encamped only 250 meters from the trenches of a European battlefield would care to dismiss death from their minds so far as possible. But do they? Not the French veterans—at least those who not so long ago were in the village of Picardy, in northern France.

In this picturesque community, nestling on the edge of an area scythe-swept by the Grim Reaper, daily arrived recruits for the battalions to which the veterans belonged. They were young fellows, these recruits, and it was not to their discredit that a haunting fear gripped their hearts. Battle-steeled veterans will tell you that the newcomers only experienced what most every warrior experiences when he comes within earshot of rumbling cannon and the spiteful crack of small arms.

Where the Structure Stood.

On the side of a hill near Picardy, its outline half-hidden by the shadow of an old building, stood a queer looking structure, its two upright posts surmounted by a cross beam. Several hats, civilian hats, hung from wooden pegs driven into knotholes. To you the structure would have proved interesting as soon as you saw that it consisted in part of an oblique-edged knife; interesting, that's all. But to young recruits the upright posts, the hats, the knife blood-stained spelled something sinister and terrible.

It was a guillotine!

Why was it there? What the reason for punishment by decapitation? These and other questions flitted through the minds of the fresh troopers as they gazed terror-stricken at the deadly machine. Spies? Yes, it must be for spies, they reasoned dully.

One morning after they had gone through the routine of camp life and were prepared to take to the trenches the recruits were assembled about 150 feet from the guillotine. The veterans cautioned them not to approach nearer. Soon several of the veterans were seen to carry a struggling something, presumably a human being, toward the death-dealing machine. The head of the huddled figure was thrust in front of the oblique-edged knife, someone released the cord which held it aloft, and the sharp edge fell swiftly and with force.

A gory mass dropped into a bucket.

A Dozen Victims Fall.

Body after body, for such they seemed, were thrust beneath the blade—until a dozen or so felt its keen edge and ceased to struggle. The executioners gravely carried the still forms away, leaving only those things which looked like heads in the bucket.

Almost every person is made ill and faint on witnessing a first execution. The recruits at Picardy were no exception. Some of them broke down and cried hysterically. Others beat a hasty retreat. One actually swooned. And all the while the veteran soldiers seemed to perform their horrible duties as if they were nothing to act squeamish about.

A few hours after the ordeal to which the recruits had been subjected—a sufficient time for shaky nerves to steady themselves to a degree near normal—they were told the reason for the grewsome use of the guillotine.

And this was the explanation, as given by one who acted as spokesman for the veterans:

"A medical officer who has been making a study of the 'psychology of courage' at the front says that most recruits confess to a feeling of fear. This feeling only wears off after several days of fighting.

"We do not want you boys to quail before death even for one day. We want to fight alongside of men steeled from the start against the sickening sight of blood and mangled bodies—and we knew of no better way to steel you than to show you blood and death before you go into the trenches.

Only an Experiment After All.

"So we constructed a guillotine. The supposed bodies that you saw placed under the sharp blade of the knife were nothing more than suits of clothes stuffed with straw. The blood, or rather what looked to you like blood, was another bit of deception. Psychologically speaking, the effect of the sham executions today was as shocking as though they had been real, for the reason that at the time you really believed them to be real. You'll go into the trenches now hardened to sights of death. And you'll be better soldiers for it. To take the lives of others will be all in a day's work."

Whether the veteran's words proved true is not known. But, in any event, it was an interesting, though grewsome, experiment.

One must not believe, however, that the soldiers in this greatest of all wars are a bloodthirsty lot. They kill when they have no other choice.

Time and again it has been reported that the men in the trenches on both sides had to be withdrawn and others put in their places because they were becoming too friendly with each other by the exchange of notes. The short distance that lay between the trenches in most instances accounted for their being able to toss each other written messages.

On Jan. 7 last a general order issued by the German army authorities prohibited football games in the field between German and English soldiers. A dispatch from Berlin, via London, said:

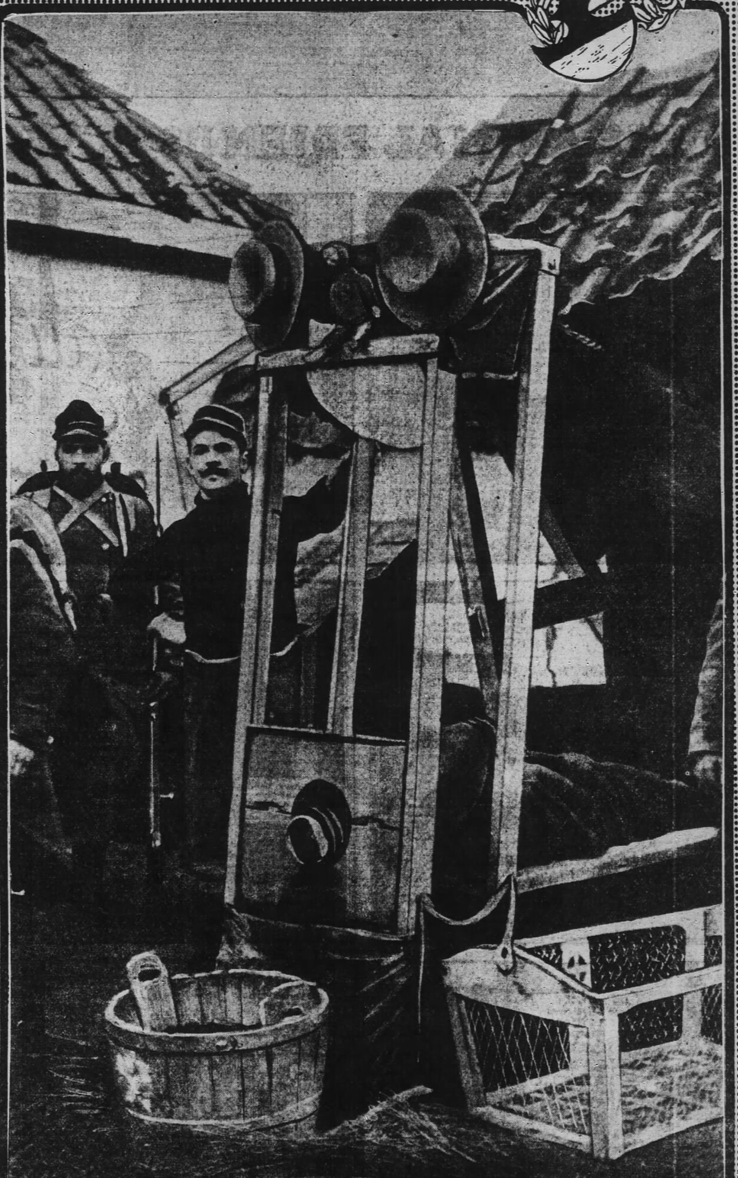
"At Christmas time men from both sides in the western theater of war fraternized and played hotly contested games of football. Officers and men laid aside their arms and watched the players and cheered them on.

"The rivalry became so intense that war was forgotten and the men who kicked the most goals received more applause than is usually given heroes on the fighting line. At one place where the Germans and British played the game was a draw and the players agreed to suspend fighting for two days more in order to decide the issue on two games out of three.

"News of this reached the military authorities and it was decided that football was interfering too much with the business of warfare, aside from the complications arising from too friendly contact between the advance guards. The order was issued forthwith and there will be no more athletic contests between the soldiers, who also are forbidden to fraternize or meet on any terms except those of bitter enmity."

So you see that soldiers are not such murderous individuals after all.

Most Remarkable Photograph That Has Come From the European War



A DUMMY (old clothes stuffed with straw) has just been "put to death" by the guillotine shown above. Recruits who witness these sham executions are thought to make better soldiers on the principle that they become acquainted with the sight of death before going into battle. Note that the head has been cut from the dummy just above the collar. Soldiers in the background are veterans who assist in carrying out the experiment.

Are Soldiers Normally Bloodthirsty?

No!

FOOTBALL games in the field between German and English soldiers are prohibited. Last Christmas men from both sides fraternized and played hotly contested games of football. Officers and men laid aside their arms and watched the players and cheered them on. News of this reached the military authorities and it was decided that football was interfering too much with the business of warfare, aside from the complications arising from too friendly contact between the advance guards. The order was issued forthwith. The men must meet only as enemies.

Yes!

RECRUITS of a battalion detailed for duty in the trenches of Picardy, France, were made to witness sham executions by a guillotine in order to steel their nerves against the sight of blood and death. As a veteran soldier said to them: "Psychologically speaking, the effect of the sham executions was as shocking as though they had been real, for the reason that at the time you really believed them to be real. You'll go into the trenches now hardened to sights of death. And you'll be better soldiers for it. To take the lives of others will be all in a day's work."

These and other incidents that could easily be drawn from the present war show that fear and anger are more psychological in origin than physical. That is, it only needs the minds to control the nerves and the nerve impulses when all thought of fear and anger are cast aside. The emotional feelings and nerve control are so intimately associated that it is extremely difficult to say how they affect each other.

Dr. W. B. Cannon, who has finished a thorough and searching investigation of this subject, says: "The moment you really set out to consider the effect upon the human body of various feelings and emotions you are surprised by the extent to which they have been embodied in our language.

"'I was so frightened my hair stood on end,' 'I was speechless with terror,' 'He turned pale with anger,' 'He trembled with emotion,' 'He broke into a cold sweat'—these and a score of similar expressions show that the external signs of violent mental states are well recognized, but all these manifestations are mainly superficial and therefore observable.

How Does the Body Respond?

"There are, however, organs hidden deep in the body which do not reveal so obviously as the structure near or in the skin the disturbances which attend states of intense feeling. How, then, does the internal mechanism of the body respond to the feelings and emotions?

"Let me begin by tracing the physiological connections of the common expression, 'It makes my mouth water.' We have a clear instance of the relation of cause and effect between the pleasurable anticipation of eating and the stimulation of those glands which secrete the fluid necessary for the digestion of food. Experiment has shown that not only the mouth 'waters' but the stomach, also, and that this 'watering' assists the secretion of the digestive fluids through the whole process."

Now, let us examine the effects of a disagreeable emotion—fear—upon the digestion. That fear or extreme anxiety checks the activity of the salivary glands will be testified to by many speakers who have suffered from stage fright. After opening their mouths to speak or sing their mouths were perfectly dry and their tongues were paralyzed with fear.

A curious but practical application of this strange phenomenon is found in the "ordeal of rice" as it is practiced in India. When several persons are suspected of a certain crime they are each given a mouthful of rice to chew. After chewing it a few minutes they are expected to spit it out. If anyone ejects it dry he is under suspicion. It is taken for granted that the fear of detection had stopped the natural flow of saliva and he is judged guilty.

On the same principle fear can give you a cold sweat or make beads of perspiration appear on your forehead. It excites the nerves and in turn stimulates and opens the glands which bring perspiration to the surface of the skin.

Under violent emotions, such as fear and anger, weak men have performed prodigies of strength, cowardly men prodigies of valor, slow men prodigies of speed.

Dr. Cannon holds this as one of the explanations of war.

Feelings Require Expression.

"The physiological provisions for fierce struggle are found not only in the bodies of the lower animals but also in human beings," he says. "It is only natural to assume that these belligerent feelings require occasional expression. In many respects strenuous athletic rivalries present better than does modern military service the very conditions for which the militarists argue.

"In competitive sports the elemental factors are retained. Man is pitted against man, and all the resources of the body are summoned in the eager struggle for victory. And because under such circumstances the same physiological alterations occur which occur in anticipation of mortal combat the belligerent emotions and instincts so far as their bodily manifestations are concerned are thereby given complete satisfaction.

"I can even go a step further and assert confidently that athletic competitions, and particularly those of an international character, are more efficient in calling into activity the healthful energizing mechanisms of which I have spoken than is the stupid routine of military drill or the machine-incumbered rivalry of warfare."

Take Heed—Fear Is No Longer Fashionable

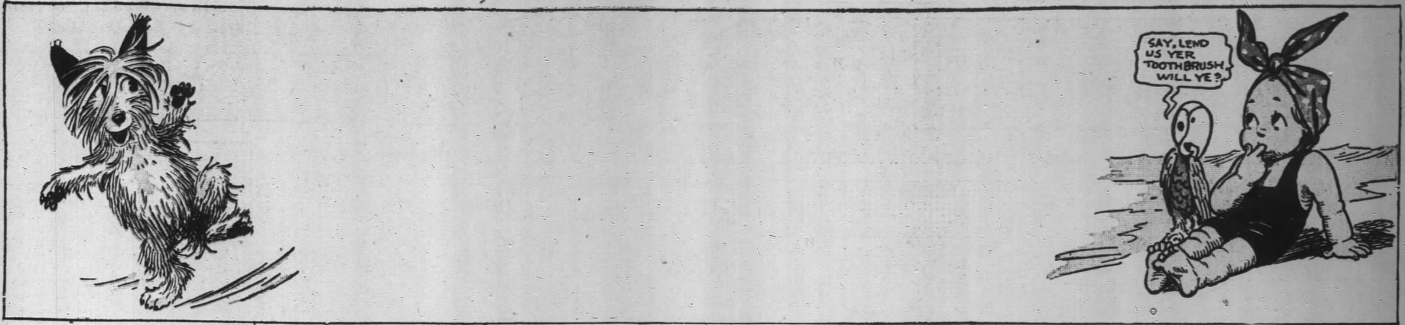
By DELIA AUSTRIAN.

WHATEVER else may be fashionable the man or woman who shows signs of fear or exhibits a lack of emotional control is certainly out of date.

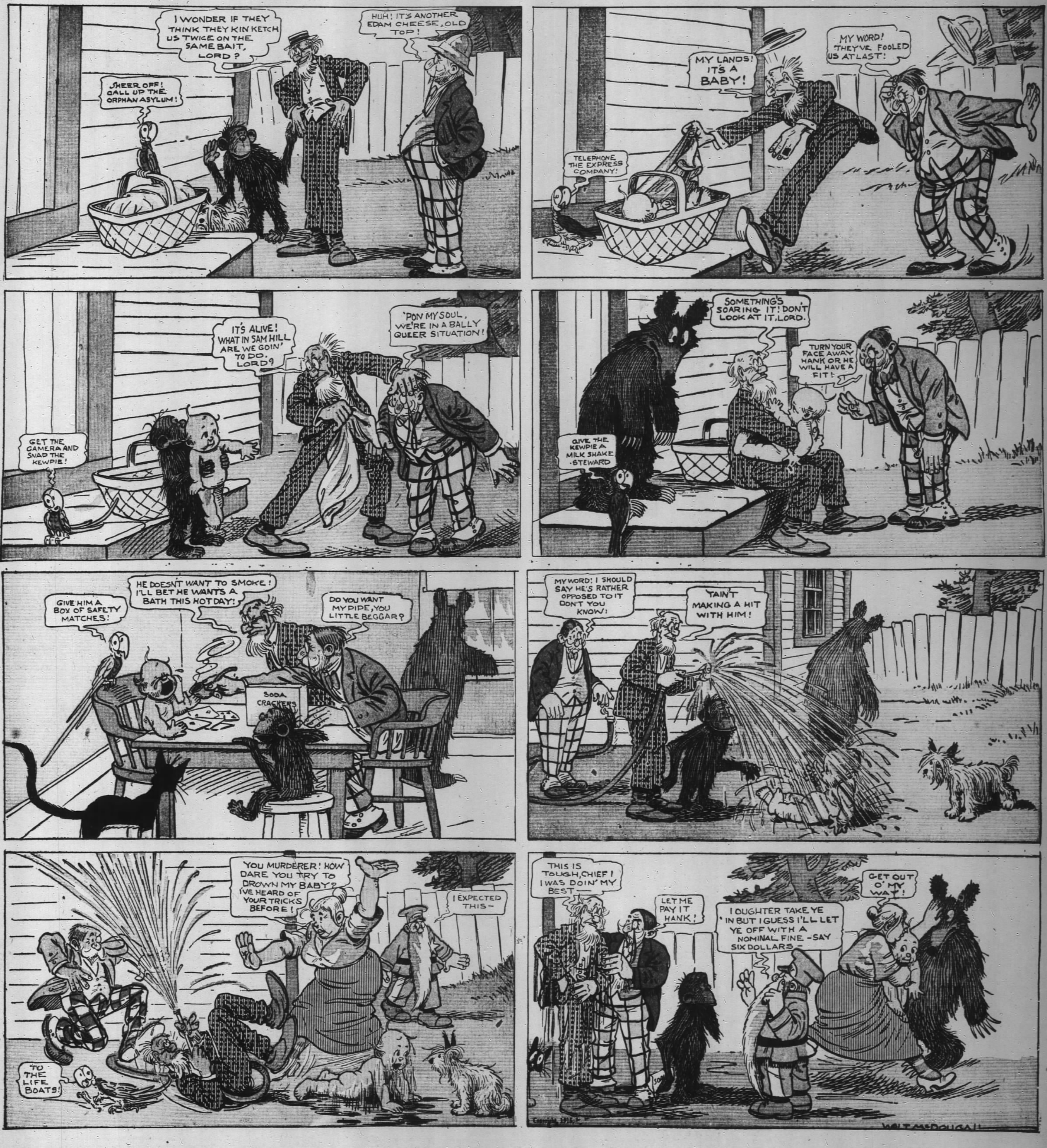
Psychologists and physicians have been giving much time and study to the diseases created by fear and lack of self-control, with the result that many of the supposedly organic diseases have been traced to fear or outbursts of anger.

These important psychological principles have been given greater publicity by the European war. Inspired by patriotism, men and women alike not only have been willing to sacrifice themselves for their countries but at times have even courted danger and have forgotten that there is such a thing as fear or lack of self-control in the world.

Fritz Kreisler explains in his "Four Weeks in the Trenches" that once on the march or in the charging lines exhausted and fearing men became strong and courageous. Most of them became so impervious to any thought of fear that they wrote and slept in the trenches, and even laughed and chatted with no thought of fear. They were no less unafraid when they heard the whizzing and crashing of guns about them on all sides.



HANK: AND HIS ANIMAL FRIENDS By Walt McDougall



The Housekeeper's Council Table

A Page of Practical Talks On the Home, Conducted by Dorothy Dolan

Here Is Your First Requirement, Mrs. Housewife, Make the Home Summery and 'Comfy' for Everybody

By DOROTHY DOLAN.

THE other day I visited a woman who has a charming home in one of the suburbs. She was elbow-deep in the kitchen baking loaves of bread and cake. She was hot and tired and cross, this in spite of the fact that she was doing her level best to make her children and husband happy. The children came in one by one, and the husband formed the last of the family procession.

In spite of the fact that mother was toiling and sweating to please them the children were decidedly unhappy because they found no lemonade and cookies awaiting them in the pantry, and the husband saw new-baked bread and cake instead of some refreshing iced tea.

Though there were plenty of verandas and porches on the house, there was not a serving table or a tea cart in sight. There was plenty of sun streaming into the open windows, but very little being done to make the home summery and happy.

In less than an hour's time I made my friend understand it was more important that she keep her family cool and happy during the hot weather than bake a great many loaves of bread and three or four good sized cakes. If this could not be managed in any other way, she should buy her bread or some of it, during the hot weather and make crackers and cookies a good substitute for cake. I next showed her that fruit juices and fruit cups, no less than cold bouillons, make excellent substitutes for hot soups and are easily prepared. Occasionally hot tea or chocolate may be used in the place of steaming soups. Even ice tea and cold lemonade can take the place of hot soups and drinks if used in moderation.

I next pointed out to her how she could save time from her cooking to be used in making the home cool and comfortable by using a great many fruits and vegetables alone or combined as salads in the place of roasts and hot puddings. I suggested that with very little expense one of the large summer verandas could be converted into the family dining-room. After we had moved the dining-room table and chairs into the new dining-room, we set the table. I finally got her to agree that a tablecloth was to be reserved for dinner. There was nothing to save the lovely polish of her dining-room table except a lace centerpiece and some doilies for the water tumblers. It took plenty of time and strong argument to show her that if she taught the children from the beginning to take care no great harm should come to the dining-room table. Suppose it was scratched a little it would be remedied more readily than worn out nerves jaded by heavy family washings. The dining-room was not complete until we had placed a large bouquet of flowers in the center of the table.

I got the promise of the children that they would take over the responsibility of seeing that the centerpiece and the side bowls on the tables and stands were watered and replaced by fresh flowers whenever needed.

The tea cart that had found lodging in the garret, because it had outworn its usefulness, with a small amount of cleaning and polishing, was the right thing for the new dining-room. It was a good substitute for the one housemaid at breakfast and luncheon. She could go on with the heavy work indoors.

My friend served breakfast and luncheon here every day with no aid except her pretty mahogany tea-cart. At 5 o'clock it was replenished with a pitcher of lemonade and ice-tea and the plates were piled high with bread and butter sandwiches and cookies. The children and my friend's husband enjoyed their afternoon tea so much that they never stopped to ask how many loaves of bread there were in the kitchen.

The outdoor dining-room was soon the popular room in the house. Because of this fact my friend used the money she was saving for new dining-room chairs for Japanese screens, a swinging lounge and hanging baskets in which to pile plenty of country flowers.

At the end of the week she said that this new outdoor dining-room kept them all in such good spirits that they not only ate three meals a day and had an afternoon tea out there, but she intended to do all of her summer's entertaining on this summer porch or on the lawn. How foolish she did not see that a stuffy dining-room was more than useless in summer time!

This summer dining-room naturally brought many changes in the daily menu she had been serving until this time. The hot weather breakfasts were limited to plenty of fruit, a cereal or a dainty piece of fish, all meat except small slices of bacon were tabooed for breakfast.

At noon there was plenty of bread and butter, with delicious jam, a simple salad and buttermilk or plain milk. The supper was no less refreshing because it had plenty of olives and celery. Occasionally there was a cold bouillon and more often a fruit cup or iced tea. The family got all the meat they needed, but more often it was cold meat, a meat salad or a splendid fish that tasted equally good and was no less nourishing. Instead of the rich puddings and cakes of value in winter time, fruit salads and ice cream sherbets were found on the summer dining-room table.

The best part about this dining-room was everybody was getting what they liked and needed. Mother's strength and nerves were being spared and the family expense was kept down considerably.

YOUR SUNDAY MENU

BREAKFAST.
Sliced Pineapple.
Fried White Fish. Baked Potatoes.
Buttered Toast. Strawberry Jam.
Coffee, Tea or Milk.

DINNER.
Oxtail Soup.
Roast Beef. Mashed Potatoes.
Browned Carrots. Celery Fritters.
Fruit Salad.
Toasted Crackers Cheese.
Iced Tea.

SUPPER.
Cold Bouillon.
Chicken Salad. French Fried Potatoes.
Lettuce Salad with Roquefort Dressing.
Maple Mousse.

Browned Carrots—Scrape four or five good sized carrots and cut into three-inch lengths. Cut each slice into strips. Drop into boiling water and simmer until tender. Put a tablespoonful of butter in the frying pan and when very hot add the drained carrots. Dredge lightly with salt and pepper and fry until lightly colored. Sprinkle with chopped parsley and serve.

Celery Fritters—Clean and soak a bunch or two of celery according to size. Cut the celery into four-inch lengths and stand in boiling water for about ten minutes. Wipe dry and dip in the batter. Make your batter by stirring together two eggs, a cupful milk, one cupful flour and one teaspoonful baking powder. Fry in a deep pot to a golden brown.

Mocha Torte—Beat five eggs and one cupful sugar to a cream. Add one cupful sugar, one cupful flour sifted three times, the beaten whites of eggs. Bake in a spring form. When cold remove from the pan and cut through the center. Fill and cover outside with two cupfuls of whipped cream. Flavor with one tablespoonful of coffee essence.

Mrs. S. S.

Maple Mousse—Mix one cupful maple sirup and the yolks of four eggs. Boil for a f[illegible] utes and stir constantly. Let [illegible] night. Next morning add [illegible] whipped cream beaten stiff, th[illegible] ites of four eggs beaten well. Freeze without dashing.

A Daisy Luncheon—Not Slang but a Timely Entertainment That Is Particularly Welcome at Present

By DAME CURTSEY.

NOW is the season for a daisy luncheon. These most satisfactory of flowers are blooming in quantities in the country and outskirts of town, and may be had for the plucking. Their lasting quality makes them especially adaptable for decorative purposes. Bank the mantels, fireplaces and corners of the room with them; brown earthenware crocks and jars are fine receptacles for this purpose. Facsimile daisies may be made from cardboard and water colors for place cards, or two or three natural ones may be thrust through a plain white card; the lettering done in gold is effective.

A charming centerpiece is made by filling a low glass dish or yellow jar with sand and then planting the daisies and make garlands of them to drop to the corners of the table from the chandelier. The candlesticks should be white, candles of yellow, with shades of yellow trimmed with artificial marguerites. This makes the prettiest table imaginable.

The menu can be kept nearly all white and yellow; if grapefruit is not procurable, oranges may be served in the same way, or white cherries dipped in powdered sugar; cream of celery soup with the yolk of hard-boiled egg grated over the top; sweetbreads with new potatoes, green peas in yellow ramekins or pastry shells with tiny carrot straws, hot biscuit, a fruit salad in banana skin boats, and orange ice with individual sunshine cake. Provide a knot of daisies for each guest, and in this day of the popular "all white" gown, it is most likely that the guests will complete the color scheme by appearing in white costumes.

Charming Flower Contest.

A SPRING TIME LOVE TALE.

—— was a bachelor and led a lonely life,
He thought he'd go a-courting and find himself a wife.
So he called on —— in her humble little cot
And whispered: "You're a ——." She cried "——."
He kissed her on her red ——, his heart beat fast and faster.
Said he: "I'll have her for my wife," and so he up and ——
"Now when shall we be married?" She blushed a rosy red!
"Will June, the month of ——do?" "Of course it will," he said.
'And gladly on that happy day my wedding dress I'll don.
And never in the future sew my —— on."

Their wedding day dawned bright and fair, the —— shone.
—— tied the knot—he had his —— on.
The bridesmaids in pink dresses, two beauties ——.
The maid-of-honor, all in white, — the lovely ——.
They all sat at a banquet at exactly ——.
The first course was a soup made from a ——.
Then out upon the evening air all sadness they dispel.
The sexton rings right joyously the ——.
They hurry to their carriage—the rice comes in a shower,
Away they go as the driver blows a blast on a ——.

"I'll —— by thy side," said he, "and never stray."
"We always will be happy and drive dull ——."

The blanks are to be filled in with these "flowers:"

Sweet William, Black-eyed Susan, Daisy, Forget-me-not, Tulips, Aster, Roses, Bachelor Buttons, Morning Glory, Jack-in-the-Pulpit, Foxgloves, Mignonette, Bouncing Bett, Four O'clock, Ten Weeks' Stock, Canterbury Bell, Trumpet Flower, Live Forever, Caraway.

Correct Addressing.

Please publish in your next Sunday issue the correct style of addressing wedding announcements. Is it proper to write on the inside envelope? If so, what should be put on it?

From a regular subscriber or one who couldn't do without your paper.

It is always impossible to reply in "next Sunday's paper," much as I would like to be obliging; so when haste is required just send me a self-addressed, stamped envelope in care of the HERALD. The inside envelope bears just the names like "Mr. and Mrs. John Henry Jones" and the outside envelope has the name and the address and is sealed, while the inside one is not. Glad you like the paper.

Reply to M. N.

It was impossible to reply to your letter before this date, and now it is too late for your sixteenth birthday party. I am always so sorry to disappoint our readers and must beg them once again to send me a self-addressed, stamped envelope in care of the HERALD when a speedy answer is desired.

Make the Room for a Young Girl Light, Airy and Daintily Inviting

By MME. MAISON.

WHAT a delight it is to be able to assist in planning a room to be occupied by a young girl and how I wish every girl who reads this could have just such a room as I am about to describe in outline. Space forbids giving minute details.

In the first place the woodwork is to be a rich ivory-white, very different from a staring blue-white which one often sees, and the last coat of enamel will be rubbed to a soft finish so it will not be shiny. With this any furniture or coloring will be harmonious. Let us hope that the walls are of hardwood, stained rather dark and so they will make a background for whatever rugs are chosen. Of course the ceiling will be creamy-white no matter whether the walls are plain or with figured paper.

Somehow one always thinks of pink or rose color as being the fitting scheme to be worked out in a girl's room, so let's have the walls in a wee wild rose pattern running right up to the white picture molding. The curtains to be of cream net or scrim or dotted Swiss muslin with overdrapes and valance of rosy pink sundour.

The furniture may be of mahogany, birch, walnut or any of the cream or pale gray enameled sets with or without cane insets. Have one or two single beds; with the latter a guest may be entertained, very few double beds are sold these days in comparison to those of the "twin" variety, for one may share the room, but who likes to share a bed even with one's best friend.

I hope there may be a small fireplace with a white enameled mantelpiece and a chaise lounge in wicker conveniently placed in the alcove window with a wee table near by. What is cozier than this cheering cup served in one's room from the daintiest of china and all you need have is slices of thin bread spread with good butter.

If there is no bookcase just have the village carpenter or the handy man in the household make a set of plain wooden shelves and paint them two coats of flat white and then two of enamel. Sand paper between the first and second coats and let each one dry thoroughly.

Half the joy of doing things, and there is many a young girl who may arrange a charming nook for herself on a very small expenditure of actual cash.

Reply to "Anxious."

You can make no mistake if you use a warm rose color in the north room that has French gray walls. Use a shade of the same rose in the electric light shades on the side walls and on the reading lamps. You will be delighted, I am sure. You will need all the light possible, so, as you are so far back from the street, I would not put up net curtains but just the side drapery of the rose sundour.

Vivian's Heart Chats

A DOZEN or more council members have asked the all-important question whether summertime is not the ideal moment to be wooed and won. I suppose any time two young hearts thrill with life and love is the right moment. Still there is a life and joy to be had in summer rarely found at any other season. This is especially true of the man and woman who are fond of natural pastimes and recreations.

If a young man and girl enjoy mundane pleasures such as theater, dances, formal luncheons and dinners wintertime may be preferable for courting. But if they have the desire to enjoy a courtship "just between themselves" with as much joy and as little show as possible then there is nothing equal to the good old summer days.

Think of how many charming pastimes "just you two can enjoy together," all for the asking and by exercising a little ingenuity. Much of the summer's courtship depends on the girl, because she must be prepared for simple recreations. This means she must realize the need of having simple blouses and linen skirts more than elaborate dinner and party gowns.

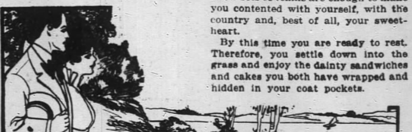
You are impatiently awaiting your young man and the pleasant time you are going to enjoy together. You are no longer worrying as you once did how to spend your half-holiday on Saturday. Your summer beau looks the part as he appears so neat and prim in his white linen suit and straw hat.

Your pleasure is heightened by the fact that he is the happy possessor of a motorcycle. It does not take him long to put the car in readiness and you, too, jump on behind and you speed along for a pleasant afternoon in the park or in the country.

If it is one of the parks for which you are bound you have not neglected to fasten your rackets or your golf sticks to the side of the car.

Just as your legs are beginning to get the cramps and your back is commencing to ache you find yourself at your destination. Nine holes of golf or a few sets of tennis are enough to make you contented with yourself, with the country and, best of all, your sweetheart.

By this time you are ready to rest. Therefore, you settle down into the grass and enjoy the dainty sandwiches and cakes you both have wrapped and hidden in your coat pockets.



To the Girl Who Works

IF YOU have ever gone over a road that is used constantly by autocars you have noticed that the many wheels passing over have ground deep ruts in the road. Other vehicles can travel in these ruts, but they find considerable difficulty when they try to slip in and out.

This picture is pertinent for the quality of a certain amount of work that is turned out every day. Most work is of such a nature as to call for the repetition of the same processes by the same person every day. If you are a stenographer, a telephone or a telegraph operator, after you once get accustomed to and acquire skill in your work you go on at the same even pace day after day.

Doing the same things day after day has its advantages for you no less than your employer. It saves labor for him and gives you skill and efficiency. Still, after you have been doing a certain work for a year or two much of it becomes almst reflex, or, in common language, mechanical. With an occasional variation you take down a certain number of letters in shorthand and copy them later in longhand, or you make and break a certain number of connections at the switchboard, enabling certain persons to talk.

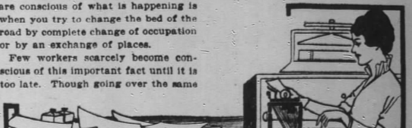
Though you do not realize what is taking place, going over the same ground day after day, you are making deep ruts like the wheels of a certain number of vehicles. The only time you are conscious of what is happening is when you try to change the bed of the road by complete change of occupation or by an exchange of places.

Few workers scarcely become conscious of this important fact until it is too late. Though going over the same ground day after day is bound to leave its marks, there are a number of simple helps for staying out of a rut.

One of these is an avocation or hobby. This should be something you like to do as a means of recreation, not for the earning of a livelihood. Let it be languages, art, dancing, singing or some special line of study. Whether it be languages or art, do not select it at random. Before you undertake your recreative work or hobby decide on a number of important points: Is it worth pursuing? Can you give time and money to pursue it thoroughly and intelligently?

You may be surprised to know that many young business women have taken up avocations for recreation. In a few years they found out that their talents were in the avocation instead of the work in which they were actually engaged. Dozens of these women have exchanged their lines of work for avocations and are now making princely incomes and splendid reputations.

Should you not change your work your avocation will certainly throw light and intelligence on your own work. If you are a stenographer you will find the study of one or more foreign languages worth while. It makes little difference which you select first, providing you pursue it thoroughly and intelligently. A knowledge of several languages besides giving you pleasure will open many new channels of thought.



CHARLEY CHAPLIN'S COMIC CAPERS
THE PRAIRIE CHICKEN IS VERY NICE SIR
THIS WAS CHICKEN WHEN BOSTON WAS A BEAN
GUESS I'LL HAVE TO PUT SOLE INTO MY WORK.
LOOK OUT! IT'S SKIDDING
IT'S COMING TO ME.
IT'S LUCKY I'M ON TO THIS SHOE SHINERS BEND.
HO! HUM!
MENU
NOW THEY'RE GETTING WATER ON THE BRAIN
MENU
THAT WAITER OUGHT TO CARRY A STRETCHER INSTEAD OF A TRAY.
TROT ALONG, BOOBS
THE WAR IS OVER
I LOVE A QUIET PLACE LIKE THIS.
HOW ARE THE POACHED HORSESHOES?
THE PRAIRIE CHICKEN IS VERY NICE SIR.
MENU